

SAS - When Big Memory Applications Meet Big Memory Machines

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Potential
of One

Power
of All

Agenda

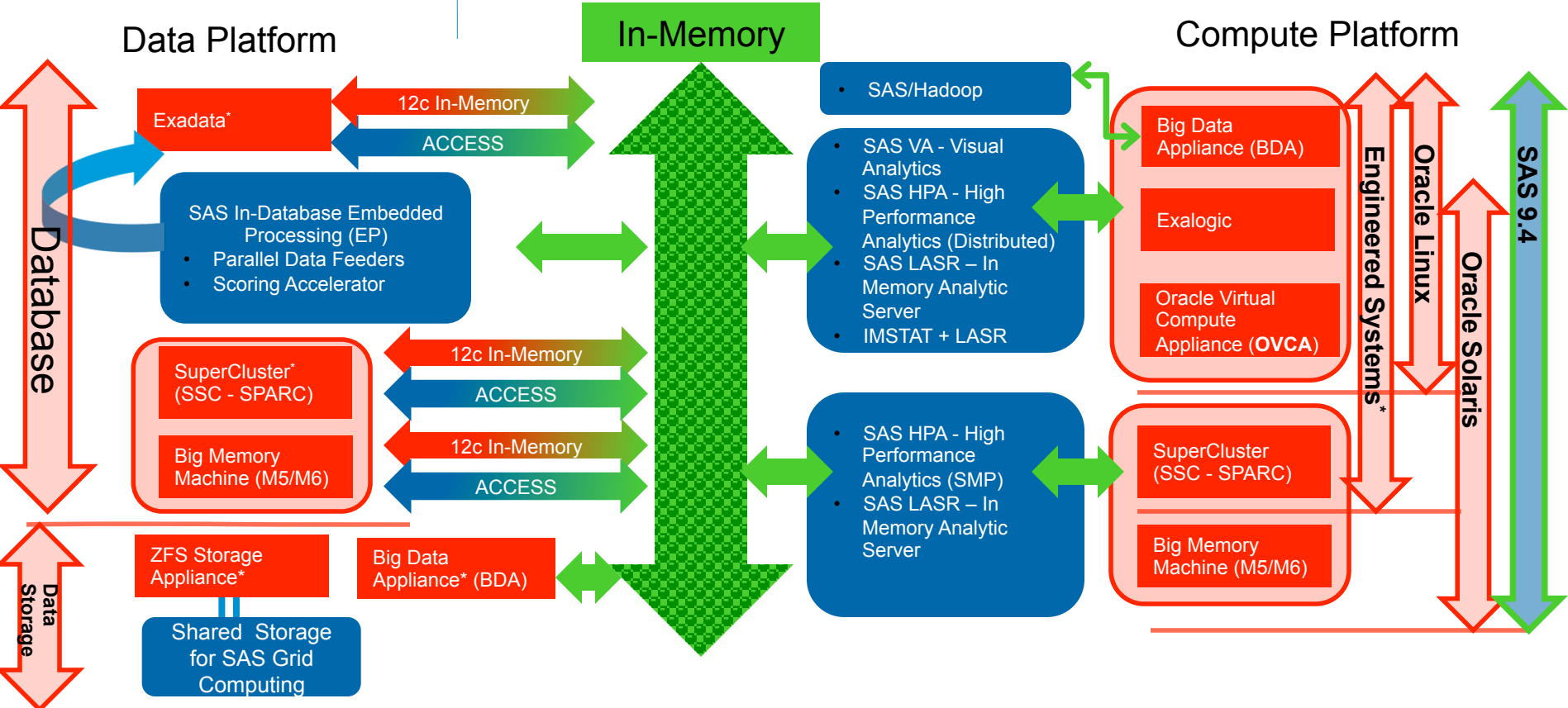
- Big Memory Utilization Opportunities for SAS
- Oracle Database 12c
- Conventional SAS Usage
 - Transparent Large Memory Utilization
 - Directed Large Memory Utilization
- SAS 9.4 High Performance Analytics

Big Memory Convergence with SAS

- Large product portfolio & diverse platform support
- Setting the Big Picture for Big Memory, Big Data
 - Separation of Data and Compute Platforms
 - Blurring of In-Memory and In-Database

COMPREHENSIVE **ORACLE ARCHITECTURES** FOR **SAS PLATFORMS**

FOCUS ON **IN-MEMORY**



Oracle Engineered Systems | **HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE**



Exadata Database Machine	Exalogic Elastic Cloud	Oracle Virtualized Compute Appliance (OVCA)	Big Data Appliance	SPARC SuperCluster
RDBMS storage compression and database parallelization via “Exadata Storage Servers”	Extreme -performance I/O connecting large amount of compute power and memory	VM Server virtualization – runs Oracle Linux, Oracle Solaris, Windows. Software Defined Networking	Massive disk storage array with high-bandwidth I/O for loading ‘big’ data	SPARC servers, high-performance I/O and Exadata storage servers in one rack

SAS on Oracle Big Memory Machine

A 32 Socket / 32 TB High-End Datacenter Server



■ Compute

- Up to 32 x SPARC M5 6-core 3.6GHz CPUs
- Up to 1024x DDR3 DIMMs for max memory of up to 32TB

■ I/O and storage

- 32 x 2.5" SAS-2 internal drives
- 64x PCIe Gen3 low profile internal slots

■ Scalability and investment protection

- Upgradable with M6 processor

Oracle Database 12c – In-Memory

- Tony Baer, Ovum StraightTalk, Principal Analyst
[How Oracle Database 12c embraces in-memory architecture](#)
 - Operational and transactional data platforms – historically separated from analytical stores – Natural evolution to blend the two
 - In-memory allows for reduction / elimination of analytical indexes which geometrically increase storage requirements
 - Analytical indexes speed query performance, but multiple indexes create OLTP performance cost
 - Differentiator: pairing with disk and in-memory based row store that will instantly replicate data to columnar tables
- Oracle Big Memory Machine – a sweet spot for Oracle Database 12c In-Memory

Conventional SAS – Transparent Benefit of Large Memory

- On Concurrency & Scalability
 - Multi-User
 - Multi-Threaded
 - Multi-User, Multi-Threaded
- MEMSIZE / SORTSIZE
 - User directed (in general)
 - Choice made w/o due consideration to overall impact

Conventional SAS – Directed Use/Benefit of Large Memory

- SASFILE – Holding a File in Memory

- `sasfile mylibname.census open;`
`data test1;`
`set mydata.census; ← data now in memory`
`run;`
`sasfile mydata.census close;`

- SASWORK & TMPFS

- Performance increase can be dramatic
- Is this different than FLASH drives?
- Won't work with Checkpoint/Restart; requires SASWORK persistence

SAS on Oracle Big Memory Machine

SAS Scale Up, Scale Out – proc LOGISTIC

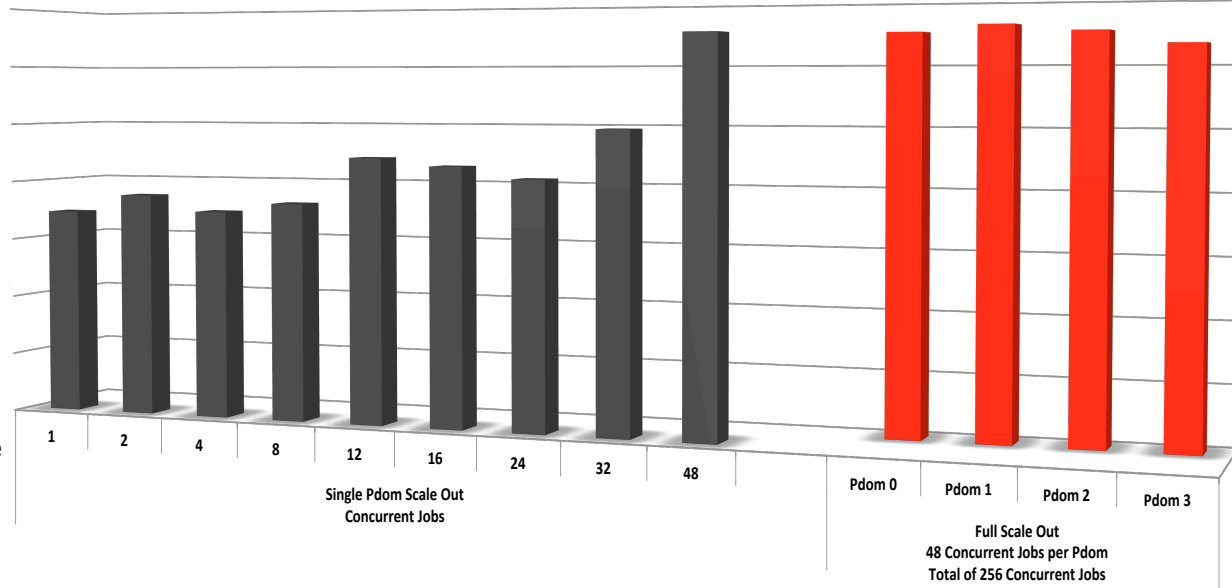


SAS Scalability Test

- Compute Intensive proc LOGISTIC
- Add identical SAS Jobs
 - » Observe Job Turnaround
- Scale Up: Single 48 core Physical Domain(PDOM)
- Scale Out: Single 48job workload, run concurrently on 4 PDOMs – 192 jobs

Testing Outcome

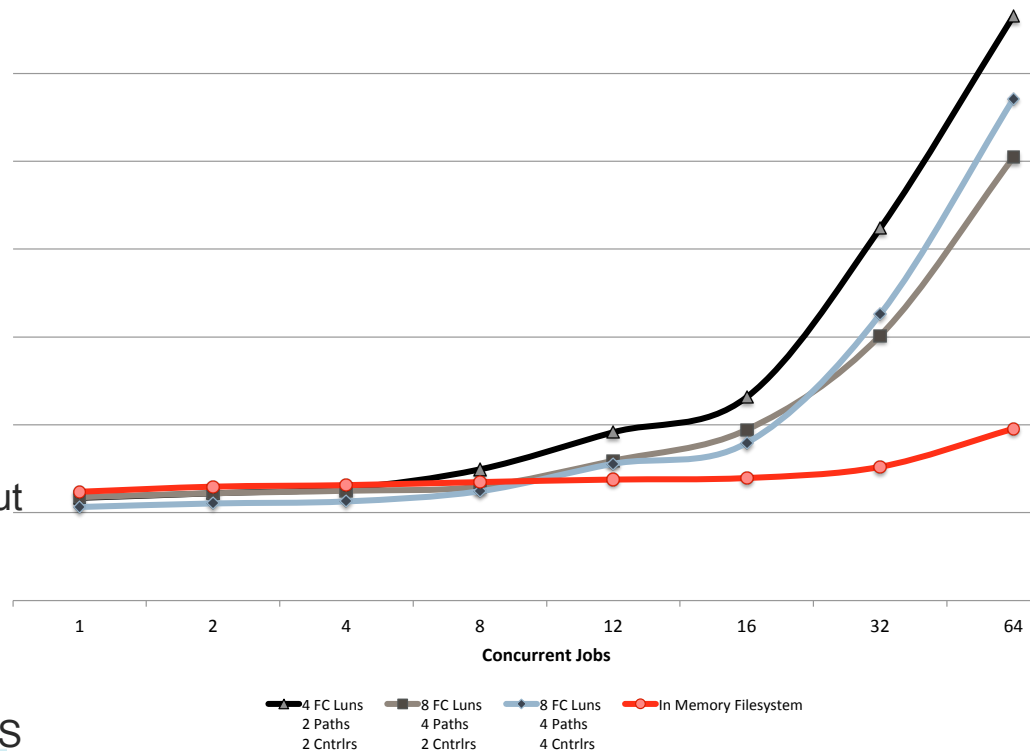
- Excellent Scalability Results
- Single PDOM: 48 Jobs run in ~2X the time of 1 job.
 - » 24X Work Accomplished – Scale Up
- Scaling to 4 PDOMs – 192 jobs in 2x the time of 1 job
 - » 96X Work Accomplished – Scale Out



SASWORK on TMPFS

SAS Scalability Testing with TMPFS

- Single 48 core Physical Domain (PDOM)
 - SASWORK SAN vs. TMPFS(In Memory File System) comparison
 - Scale Up Workload – run up to 64 concurrent jobs
 - System is oversubscribed at >48 jobs
- Testing Outcome
 - SAN performance is fine but throughput hits expected max
 - Avg step time remains nearly flat(red line) for TMPFS; exponential increase for SAN
 - Reducing SASWORK I/O using TMPFS enables excellent scalability

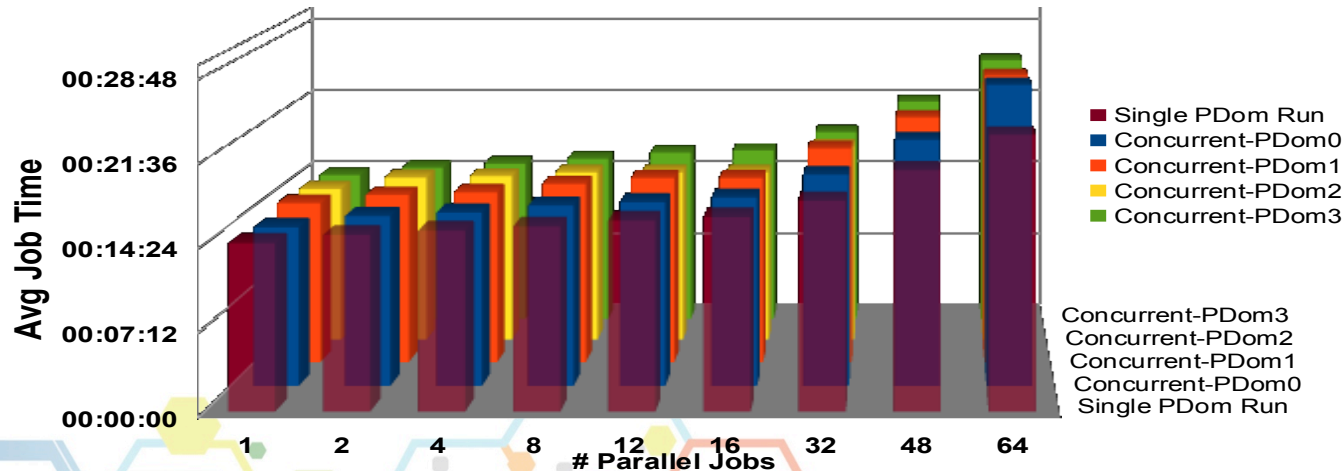


Full Scale Concurrency on Big Memory Machine

- SAS Global Trading Application – Scale Up & Scale Out
- Use TMPFS for SASWORK
- 256 CPU/memory intensive complex sas streams running concurrently. Each uses 750MB RAM + 80+GB I/O to TMPFS

4 Concurrent PDom test compared to Single Run

Even results at all levels of Concurrency



SAS High Performance Analytics

- SAS LASR Analytic Server
 - In-Memory Analytic platform that allows for concurrent access to data loaded into memory
- SAS High Performance Procedures
 - hpreg, hplogistic, hpreduce, hpsplit, etc
- Supports distributed (MPP) and non-distributed (SMP)

SAS on Oracle Big Memory Machine

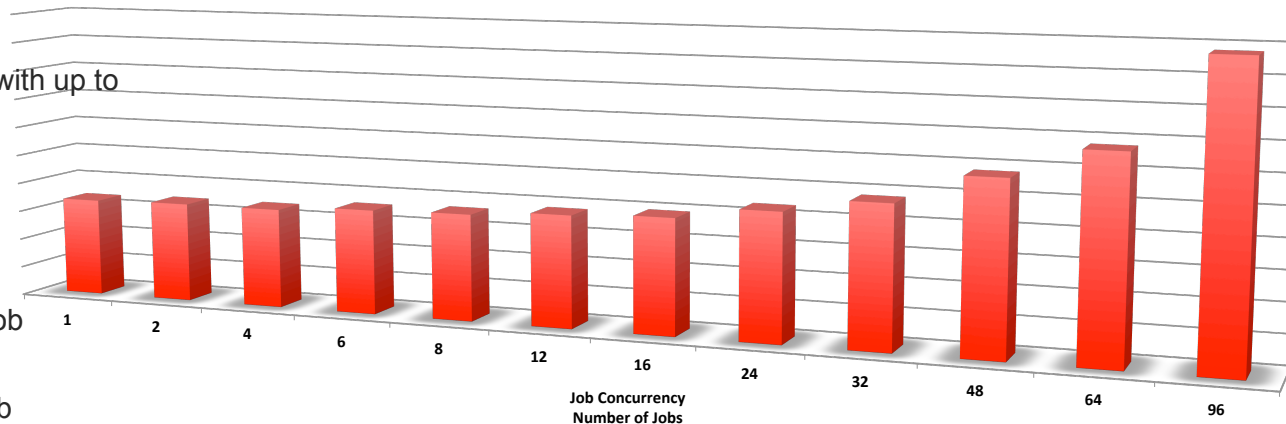
SAS High Performance Analytics (HPA) Scalability Results

■ SAS HPA Testing

- hpsplit scale up test
- THREADs/job=4
- Oversubscribe 48core/2TB PDOM with up to 96 concurrent jobs
 - » Observe Avg JobTime

■ Testing Outcome

- Excellent scalability results
- At 48 jobs, avg time is ~2x single job
 - » ~24X scalability
- At 96 jobs, avg time is ~3X single job
 - » ~32X workload scalability



Why SAS on Big Memory Machine - Large Memory

- Supports New & Existing Features
- Enables IT Agility
- Reduces Performance Risk
 - Masks resource consumption chaos
 - Application Memory
 - Kernel Memory
 - File system caching
- Provides the best performance “Insurance”

Thank You

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