

An Oracle White Paper June 2011

# Oracle Virtual Directory 11g – Oracle Enterprise Gateway Integration Guide

# Disclaimer

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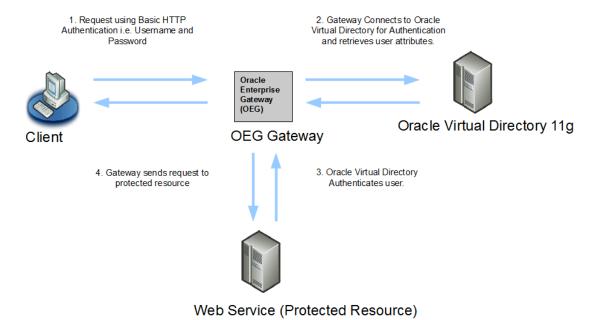
#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1. Purpose

This document describes how to configure the Gateway to authenticate via an Oracle OVD LDAP directory server and to extract attributes/roles from the LDAP repository. This will be demonstrated by the following:

- The Gateway will be configured to authenticate a user located in the Oracle OVD LDAP directory.
- Upon successful authentication the Gateway will be configured to extract attributes belonging to this user from the Oracle OVD LDAP directory.
- A SAML Authentication Assertion will also be added to demonstrate Single Sign On capability.

# Flow of request:



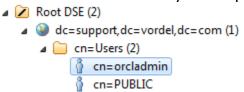
This guide applies to software products, from version 6.0 upwards. In this guide the LDAP Server used is **Oracle Virtual Directory 11g.** 

#### 1.2. LDAP Architecture

LDAP refers to *Lightweight Directory Access Protocol*. LDAP is based on a simplified version of X.500 directories. It is used to access a hierarchical directory of information on a directory server.

- 1.3. Setup Used for this Guide:
  - △ Gateway 11.1.1.x
  - △ Oracle OVD Server 11g
  - ▲ LDAP Browser
- 2. Directory Details
- 2.1. Directory Structure

The details of this directory are displayed here in a LDAP browser:



#### 2.2. Connection Details

The connection details for this Oracle OVD LDAP directory is:

▲ LDAP URL: ldap://oid11g.qa.vordel.com:6501

user: cn=orcladminpassword: vordel12

**NOTE:** The connection details referenced here are specific to the implementation used for this guide.

3. Authenticate User with HTTP Basic HTTP Filter

STEP 1: Create Policy to Authenticate User in LDAP directory

The first policy that will be created is to authenticate an existing user located in the Oracle OVD LDAP directory. Before creating this policy it will be necessary to create a LDAP Connection and a LDAP Repository. Create a policy to authenticate an existing user located in an LDAP directory:

- ▲ Start Policy Studio by running "policystudio.exe" (Windows) or "policystudio.sh" (Unix/Solaris) from the Policy Studio root directory.
- Click on the Gateway process listed to open the configuration window in a new tab.
- △ Click on the "External Connections" module.
  - Right Click on "LDAP Connections" and Click "Add a LDAP Connection"
  - ▲ Name: For this guide "Oracle OVD" is used
  - ♣ For the "Type" dropdown box select "Simple"
  - ▲ Enter the Connection details to connect to the LDAP directory
  - A Realm: Leave blank
- Click on "Test Connection" to verify that the connection to the LDAP database has been configured successfully

  - ▲ The new "LDAP Connection" should be visible in the "LDAP Connections" Tree
  - Within the "External Connections" Tree expand the "Authentication Repository" Profiles Tree
    - Right Click on "LDAP Repositories" and Click "Add a new Repository"
    - A Repository Name: For this guide "OVD11g" is used
- ▲ LDAP Store: For the "LDAP Directory" choose the previously created LDAP connection "Active Directory" from the drop down list
  - Now the "User Search Conditions" needs to be specified
  - ▲ For this guide the following details are used based on the Directory information above:
    - Base Criteria: cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com
    - 2. User Class: 'inetOrgPerson' LDAP Class (from the drop down list)
    - 3. User Search Attribute: cn
- ♣ For "Attributes for use in subsequent filters" enter the following values (see NOTE 2):
  - △ Login Authentication Attribute: This can be left blank

- ▲ Authorization Attribute: cn
- Authorization Attribute Format: User Name
- ▲ The new LDAP Repository should now be visible in the "LDAP Repositories" Tree
- Click on "Policies" and then Right Click on the "Policies" Tree on the left hand side of Policy Studio
- △ Click "Add Policy" and name the Policy "Oracle OVD"
- △ Click on the Policy and drag a "HTTP Basic" filter located in the "Authentication" group of the filter palette located on the right pane of "Policy Studio"
- A Name of the filter can be left default or changed to any descriptive name.
- Credential Format: select User Name from the drop down list
- A Repository Name: For this guide "OVD11g" is used
- ▲ Click on "Finish"
- Add a reflect filter from the "Utilities" filter category and connect the HTTP Basic filter to it with a success path connector.

# **NOTE 1: Explanation of "User Search Conditions" values**

How the LDAP Authentication filter works:

The first step is to find the entry for the user in the Directory Server.

- o Base Criteria: cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com
- User Class: 'inetOrgPerson' LDAP Class (from the drop down list)
- o User Search Attribute: cn

The query that will be run looks like this: (&(objectclass=inetOrgPerson)(cn=\${authentication.subject.id}))

The query describes the following:

Look for the object in the hierarchy of type 'inetOrgPerson' where the attribute 'CN' can be used to identify the user in the hierarchy under 'cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com'

In summary, the two fields in the LDAP repository "User class" and "User search attribute" are both combined to create a search filter:

(&(objectclass=\*\*\*User class value goes here \*\*\*)(\*\*\*User search attribute goes here\*\*\*=\*\*\*Authentication username from HTTP Header goes here

\*\*\*))

If the user is found in the Directory Server then the Distinguished Name is returned, in this case:

cn=orcladmin, cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com

# NOTE 2: Explanation of "Attributes for use in subsequent filters" values

Once the user is found the second step is for the Gateway to attempt to "bind" to the Directory Server on behalf of the user, using the Distinguished Name returned from the search and the password provided by the user for authentication. If the Gateway can bind to the Directory Server on behalf of the client then the HTTP Basic authentication filter will pass otherwise it will fail.

In the "Login Authentication Attribute" user friendly strings map to the following:

- Distinguished name=distinguishedName
- Entry Domain Name=entrydn

If the "Login Authentication Attribute" is left blank it means that the Gateway will then automatically concatenate the specified Base Criteria: cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com with the contextualized DName returned from the directory server in the first lookup (i.e. "cn=orcladmin") to obtain the fully qualified DName (i.e. "cn=orcladmin, cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com").

The Repository configuration window also has a section titled "Attributes for use in subsequent filters"

For this guide this section has been configured as follows:

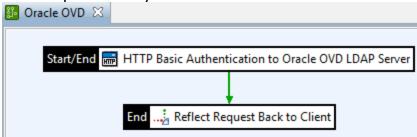
- 1. Login Authentication Attribute: Leave blank
- 2. Authorization Attribute: cn
- 3. Authorization Attribute Format: User Name

In "Attributes for use in subsequent filters" the first field "Login Authentication Attribute" is used in the second step (binding to LDAP). The "Login Authentication Attribute" is the attribute that is retrieved from the first step above which can be used to uniquely identify the user in the Directory Server (this is normally the Distinguished Name), this is then used in step two as to

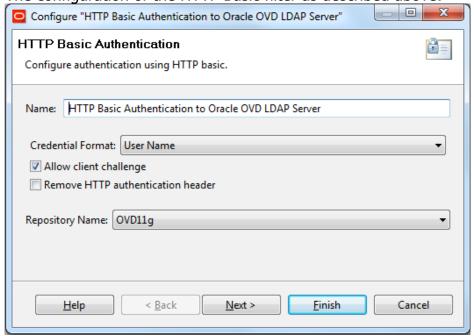
who the Gateway binds to the LDAP Directory Server as.

For subsequent transactions (i.e. authorization) it is possible to use an attribute/s retrieved from the original LDAP search to authorize the user, in the example above the "distinguishedName" attribute contained in the user object in the Directory Server has been selected and setting this to be the value used for authorization.

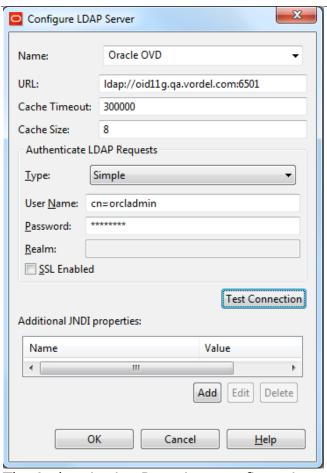
The completed Policy will look as follows:



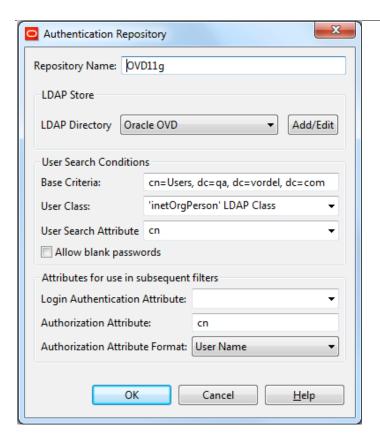
The configuration of the HTTP Basic filter as described above:



The Connection settings window:



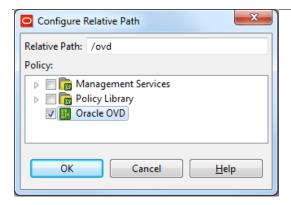
The Authentication Repository configuration:



STEP 2: Create a new relative path for the Policy

- 1. Click on the "Services" module in Policy Studio.
- 2. Expand "Processes", "Gateway" and right click on the "Default Services".
- 3. Select "Add Relative Path" and enter: /ovd
- 4. Map the path to the policy titled 'Oracle OVD'
- 5. Click 'OK'

The Add a relative path window:



STEP 3: Ensure policies are updated on the Gateway

- Refresh the Gateway by pressing the "F6" key or select "Settings" located in the top menu of Policy Studio and click on "Deploy F6"

#### STEP 4: Test the configuration in OEG Service Explorer

To test the policy OEG Service Explorer can be used to send through a message embedded with user credentials (Username/Password)

- ★ Start OEG Service Explorer by running "OEG Service Explorer.exe"
  (win32) or "OEG Service Explorer.sh" (UNIX) located in the OEG Service Explorer root directory.
- ▲ Load a message request
- △ Click on "Request Settings" on the drop down list on the green "Send Request" button
- A Make sure that the URL is set correctly. In this case it will be http://gateway\_ip:8080/ovd
- △ Click on the "Security" tab followed by the "HTTP Authentication" tab
- ▲ Select "HTTP Basic" and enter the Username and Password of the user that will be authenticated via the Oracle OVD server.
- - ▲ Password: vordel12
- ▲ Click on "Run"

Here is an extract from the Gateway trace showing the successful authentication via OVD:

-----

```
DEBUG
       13:49:20:909 [1420] run circuit "Oracle OVD"...
        13:49:20:909 [1420] run filter [HTTP Basic
DEBUG
Authentication to Oracle OVD LDAP Server] {
DEBUG 13:49:20:911 [1420]
LDAPRepository.checkCredentials: Check user via LDAP
        13:49:20:912 [1420]
LDAPRepository.getQueryResultsFromCache.
Key=orcladmin::cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel,
dc=com:inetOrgPerson:cn:cn
        13:49:20:914 [1420]
                              LDAP search to be run:
(&(objectClass=inetOrgPerson)(cn=orcladmin))
       13:49:20:915 [1420] adding the additional jndi
DEBUG
properties: {}
DEBUG
       13:49:20:920 [1420]
                                cache
com.vordel.common.ldap.LdapLookup$ContextCache@1a534e6
grows to 1
DEBUG
       13:49:20:972 [1420]
       13:49:20:972 [1420] }
13:49:20:973 [1420] loginUser - dname to be
DEBUG
used: cn=orcladmin,cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com
DEBUG 13:49:20:975 [1420] Attempting to authenticate
the user: cn=orcladmin,cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel,
dc=com
       13:49:20:981 [1420]
                                The authenticated the
DEBUG
user: cn=orcladmin,cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com
        13:49:20:982 [1420]
DEBUG
LDAPRepository.addQueryResultsFromCache.
Key=orcladmin::cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel,
dc=com:inetOrgPerson:cn:cn
DEBUG
        13:49:20:983 [1420]
                                UsernameAuthN.getResponse:
Mapped 'orcladmin' to 'orcladmin'. Format=Username
DEBUG
        13:49:20:984 [1420] } = 1, in 73 milliseconds
       13:49:20:985 [1420] run filter [Reflect Request
DEBUG
Back to Client
```

<sup>-</sup> The request will be sent to the Gateway which will connect to Oracle OVD to authenticate the user 'orcladmin'

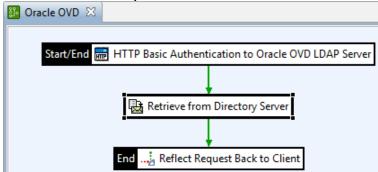
# 4. Adding a Retrieve from Directory Server filter

By having successfully authenticated a user from using an LDAP lookup, it is now possible to retrieve attributes from this user.

STEP 1: Modify the Policy to include an 'Retrieve from Directory Server' filter

- Click on the "Oracle OVD" policy
- From the "Attributes" filter category add a "Retrieve from Directory Server" filter to the circuit. For configuration see STEP 1 below
- The flow of the filters will be, HTTP Basic->Retrieve from Directory Server->Reflect all connected with success path connectors

The modified Policy:



STEP 2: Configuring the Retrieve from Directory Server Filter:

- ▲ LDAP Directory: (choose LDAP directory from the drop down list as configured in Step 1)
- A Retrieve Unique User Identity: Two options are available here to choose from
  - 1. From Message Attribute: select "authentication.subject.id" (as this attribute is provided by having authenticated using the Basic HTTP filter)

Select this option if the user ID is stored in a message attribute. A user's credentials are stored in the authentication.subject.id message attribute after authenticating to the Gateway and so this is the most likely attribute to enter in this field. Typically this will contain the Distinguished Name (DName) or username of the authenticated user. The name extracted from the selected message attribute will be used to query the directory server.

2. From LDAP Search: This option can be used to specify a search location in the directory for a required attribute.

Select this option to configure the Gateway to retrieve the user's identity from an LDAP search. Click the Configure Directory Search button to configure the search criteria to use to retrieve the user's identity. This option can be selected in cases where the authentication.subject.id attribute has not been pre-populated by an authentication filter. In this case the user's unique Distinguished Name must be retrieved from the LDAP repository.

#### **Retrieve Unique User Identity from Message Attribute:**

- △ Base Criteria: cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com
- Search Filter:
   (&(objectclass=inetOrgPerson)(cn=\${authentication.subject.id}))

#### **Retrieve Unique User Identity from LDAP Search:**

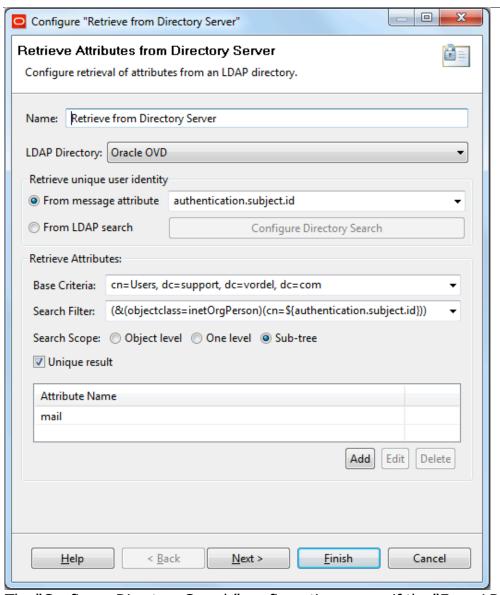
- Search Scope: Sub Tree is selected
- Query Search Filter: (&(objectclass=inetOrgPerson)(cn=\${authentication.subject.id}))
- A The Attribute Name table lists the attributes that the Gateway will retrieve from the user profile. If no attributes are explicitly listed here, the Gateway will extract all user attributes. In both cases, the retrieved attributes will be set to the attribute.lookup.list message attribute. For this quide an additional user attribute has been added:
  - ▲ Attribute name: mail

The Attribute value is "mail". This should return the value "oracleadmin@vordel.com" when the message is processed by the Gateway. The search options above are using the base criteria of the directory structure as far down as the Common Name Object: Users

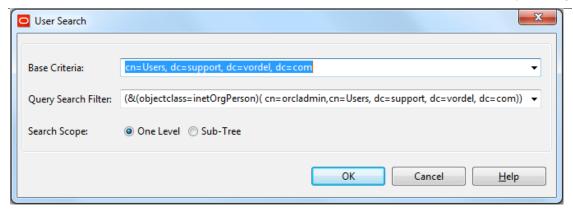
The Query syntax used can also be validated by performing a search in an LDAP browser using the same string:

(&(objectclass=inetOrgPerson)( cn=orcladmin,cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com))

The Retrieve from Directory Server configuration:



The "Configure Directory Search" configuration screen if the "From LDAP search" option is used instead of the 'From Message Attribute' section



STEP 3: Refresh Gateway Configuration

A Refresh the Gateway by pressing the "F6" key or select "Settings" located in the top menu of Policy Studio and click on "Deploy F6"

#### STEP 4: Test the configuration in OEG Service Explorer

- ▲ Start OEG Service Explorer by running "OEG Service Explorer.exe"
  (win32) or "OEG Service Explorer.sh" (UNIX) located in the OEG Service Explorer root directory.
- ▲ Load a message request
- Click on "Request Settings" on the drop down list on the green "Send Request" button
- Make sure that the URL is set correctly. In this case it will be http://localhost:8080/ovd
- △ Click on the "Security" tab followed by the "HTTP Authentication" tab
- ▲ Select "HTTP Basic" and enter the Username and Password of the user that will be authenticated via the Oracle OVD server.
- ▲ User Credentials used for this guide:

  - ▲ Password: vordel12

A snippet from the trace console showing the retrieved attribute:

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-----

DEBUG 16:59:59:971 [16d0] run circuit "Oracle OVD"...

```
16:59:59:972 [16d0] run filter [HTTP Basic
DEBUG
Authentication to Oracle OVD LDAP Server] {
       16:59:59:974 [16d0]
LDAPRepository.checkCredentials: Check user via LDAP
DEBUG
       16:59:59:975 [16d0]
LDAPRepository.getQueryResultsFromCache.
Key=orcladmin::cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel,
dc=com:inetOrgPerson:cn:cn
       16:59:59:977 [16d0]
LDAPRepository.getQueryResultsFromCache. Expired
       16:59:59:978 [16d0]
                             LDAP search to be run:
(& (objectClass=inetOrgPerson) (cn=orcladmin))
       16:59:59:983 [16d0]
DEBUG
       16:59:59:984 [16d0]
DEBUG
                               loginUser - dname to be
used: cn=orcladmin, cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com
DEBUG 16:59:59:985 [16d0] Attempting to authenticate
the user: cn=orcladmin,cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel,
dc=com
DEBUG
        16:59:59:992 [143c] parsing XML body from input
stream of type java.io.ByteArrayInputStream. ContentSource
is of type java input stream
DEBUG
       16:59:59:993 [16d0]
                              The authenticated the
user: cn=orcladmin,cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com
DEBUG
       16:59:59:993 [16d0]
LDAPRepository.addQueryResultsFromCache.
Key=orcladmin::cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel,
dc=com:inetOrgPerson:cn:cn
       16:59:59:995 [16d0]
                               UsernameAuthN.getResponse:
DEBUG
Mapped 'orcladmin' to 'orcladmin'. Format=Username
DEBUG 16:59:59:995 [16d0] } = 1, in 21 milliseconds
       16:59:59:996 [16d0] run filter [Retrieve from
DEBUG
Directory Server] {
DEBUG 16:59:59:996 [16d0]
                               LookupHandler.process:
userIdentity: orcladmin
DEBUG 16:59:59:996 [16d0]
                               Looking up user cache with
the key: orcladmin
DEBUG
       16:59:59:997 [16d0]
                               User's attribute from
cache: (null)
DEBUG 16:59:59:997 [16d0] No attributes for user in
cache so do lookup
DEBUG
       16:59:59:998 [16d0] The user identity whose
attributes are looked for is [orcladmin]
```

```
16:59:59:998 [143c] parsing XML body from input
DEBUG
stream of type
sun.net.www.protocol.jar.JarURLConnection$JarURLInputStrea
m. ContentSource is of type java input stream
DEBUG
        16:59:59:999 [16d0]
                               Searching for a attributes
with base [cn=Users, dc=support, dc=vordel, dc=com] and
filter [(&(objectclass=inetOrgPerson)(cn=orcladmin))]
        17:00:00:000 [143c] Connecting to process:
http://localhost:8090/runtime/management/ManagementAgent
(ID: c4001038-b750-4056-9bf0-f51196a64ac4)
       17:00:00:003 [16d0] Retrieving attributes for
the result cn=orcladmin
DEBUG
       17:00:00:003 [16d0]
LdapLookup.addToAttributeHashMap: attribute=[mail]
value=[oracleadmin@vordel.com]
       17:00:00:004 [16d0]
LdapAttrLookupHandler.getAttributes:
Attributes={mail=key=[mail] name=[mail]
values=[oracleadmin@vordel.com]
namespace=[##nonamespace##]
namespaceForAssertion=[urn:vordel:attribute:1.0]
useForAssertion=[true]}
       17:00:00:006 [16d0]
                             Retrieved attributes:
1===> key=[mail] name=[mail]
values=[oracleadmin@vordel.com]
namespace=[##nonamespace##]
namespaceForAssertion=[urn:vordel:attribute:1.0]
useForAssertion=[true]
        17:00:00:007 [16d0]
                            Copy user attribute [mail]
value=[oracleadmin@vordel.com] to message attribute
[user.mail]
        17:00:00:008 [16d0] } = 1, in 12 milliseconds
DEBUG
DEBUG
        17:00:00:013 [16d0] run filter [Reflect Request
Back to Client | {
       17:00:00:014 [16d0]  = 1, in 0 milliseconds
DEBUG
        17:00:00:014 [16d0] ... "Oracle OVD" complete.
DEBUG
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_

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The "mail" attribute is the attribute that was retrieved by the "Retrieve from Directory" filter. At runtime when the attribute is retrieved it is pre-pended with "user" to identify this attribute as a user specific attribute. Because only one attribute was retrieved from the retrieval filter the dynamically generated attribute name (i.e. 'user.mail') is appended with the index value starting at 1, i.e. user.mail.1. In cases where the "mail" attribute is a multi-valued attribute then multiple values will be returned by the attribute retrieval filter. In such cases each attribute will be stored incrementally, for example, user.mail.1, user.mail.2, user.mail.3, and so on.

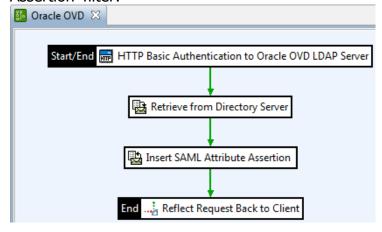
# 5. Adding an Insert SAML Authentication Assertion filter

A SAML Authentication Assertion filter can also be added to the policy flow to provide single sign on capability. Below it will be demonstrated to do this.

STEP:1 Add an "Insert SAML Authentication Assertion" filter

- ▲ From the "Authentication" group in the filter palette drag an "Insert SAML Authentication Assertion" filter to the circuit. For configuration see STEP1 below
- ▲ The flow of the filters will be, HTTP Basic->Retrieve from Directory Server->Insert SAML Authentication Assertion->Reflect all connected with success path connectors

The modified Policy after having added the 'Insert SAML Authentication Assertion' filter:



#### STEP 2: Configuring the 'Insert SAML Authentication Assertion' filter:

- Add an "Insert SAML Authentication Assertion" filter located in the "Authentication" filter category.
- Configure the filter as follows:
- ▲ Expiry Date: Set to any desired value.
- ▲ SOAP Actor/Role: Choose "Current Actor/Role Only" from the drop down list.
- ▲ SAML Version: Select the version of SAML required. Options are 1.0, 1.1 or 1.2.
- ▲ For "Issuer Name" select the desired issuer from the drop down field.
- Click on the "Confirmation Method" tab and select the desired confirmation method from the list. Please click on the "Help" button for more information on the different options.
- ▲ The "Advanced" tab contains more options in regards to layout, using Security Token Reference etc.
- △ Click on "Finish" once the filter is configured as desired.

#### STEP 3: Test the configuration in OEG Service Explorer

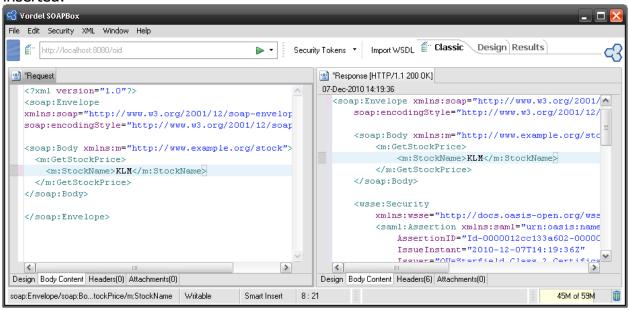
With the 'Insert SAML Authentication Assertion' filter added to the policy OEG Service Explorer will be used to verify the configuration.

#### Set up a message in OEG Service Explorer

- Start OEG Service Explorer by running "OEG Service Explorer.exe" (win32) or "OEG Service Explorer.sh" (UNIX) located in the OEG Service Explorer root directory.
- ▲ Load a message request
- △ Click on Settings just above the Send Request button
- ▲ Then Click on Connection Settings
- Make sure that the URL is set correctly. In this case it will be http://localhost:8080/ovd
- △ Click on the HTTP Authentication tab followed by the HTTP Basic tab
- ▲ Enter the Username and Password of the user that will be Authenticated via LDAP
- ▲ User Credentials:

- ▲ Password: vordel12
- Click on Finish

The result in OEG Service Explorer after the SAML Authentication has been inserted:



#### 6. Conclusion

This document is a simplistic demonstration on how to configure the Gateway to authorize users residing in an Oracle Virtual Directory. This configuration can be part of a larger policy, including features such as XML threat detection and conditional routing, features which are out of the scope of this document but are covered in other documents which can be obtained from Oracle at <a href="http://www.oracle.com">http://www.oracle.com</a>.

# 7. Appendix

# Creating a secure connection using SSL to Oracle Virtual Directory:

The Certificate Authority that issued the LDAP Server certificate is required by Gateway keystore.

Once the CA certificate is obtained it is necessary to import it into the Gateway JAVA keystore.

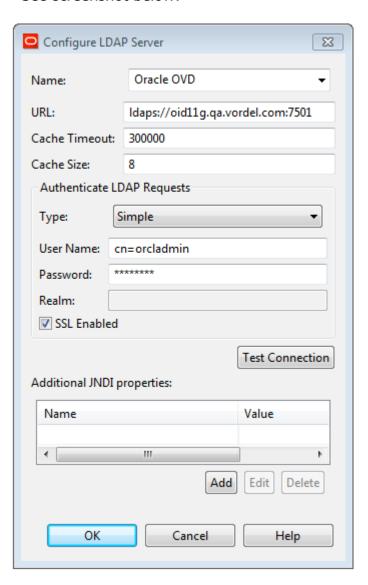
▲ In Policy Studio click on the "Certificates" module

- Click on "Certificates" then on the right hand side click on "Create/Import" then on "Import Certificate..."
- Browse to the LDAP Certificate and click on "Open"
- ▲ Tick the "Use Subject" box next to the "Alias" field and click on "OK"
- ▲ The LDAP server certificate is now imported into the Gateway Certificate store
- ▲ It now needs to be added to the JAVA keystore
- △ Click on "Keystore" button in the "Certificates" window.
- △ In the "Keystore" window click the on the browse button in the top right
- Browse to the following file:
- Gateway\_Dir\win32\jre\lib\security\cacerts (Windows)
- Gateway\_Dir/posix/jre/lib/security/cacerts (Linux/Unix)
- Click on "Open" and enter the Keystore password. Default password is: changeit
- ▲ Ensure that the LDAP connection configuration has been modified appropriately by checking the "SSL Enabled" checkbox and to ensure the LDAP URL is set to use Idaps and the configured secured port for example:
- △ ldaps://oid11g.qa.vordel.com:7501

**Note**: in order to use the "Test Connection" facility, Policy Studio will need to be restarted after adding the same LDAP certificate to Policy Studio's Java keystore. Use the same method as detailed above for the Gateway except open keystore file:

PolicyStudio\_Dir/jre/lib/security/cacerts (Windows and Linux)

# See screenshot below:





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