



# ORACLE


Integration of Oracle SBC with Analog Devices and Microsoft Teams Direct  
Routing

**Technical Application Note**

**ORACLE**  

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**COMMUNICATIONS**



## Disclaimer

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## 1 Revision History

Version	Date Revised	Description of Changes
1.0	04/17/2019	Initial publication
1.1	01/07/2022	Removed reference to sip-all FQDN
1.2	09/13/2022	Added Cert-record for DigiCert Global G2 Cert Added Access-Control
1.3	02/12/2024	Updated requirements for SBC's end entity certificate
1.4	07/20/2024	Removed reference to ping-response parameter and added notes for using tls-global config in ACLI

## 2 Intended Audience

This document describes how to connect Analog Devices and the Oracle SBC to Microsoft Teams Direct Routing. This paper is intended for IT or telephony professionals.

*Note: To zoom in on screenshots of Web GUI configuration examples, press Ctrl and +.*

## 3 Related Documentation

### 3.1 Oracle SBC

- [Oracle® Enterprise Session Border Controller Web GUI User Guide](#)
- [Oracle® Enterprise Session Border Controller ACLI Configuration Guide](#)
- [Oracle® Enterprise Session Border Controller Release Notes](#)
- [https://docs.oracle.com/cd/F12246\\_01/doc/sbc\\_scz830\\_security.pdf](https://docs.oracle.com/cd/F12246_01/doc/sbc_scz830_security.pdf)

### 3.2 Microsoft Teams

- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoftteams/direct-routing-configure>
- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoftteams/direct-routing-sbc-multiple-tenants#create-a-trunk-and-provision-users>
- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoftteams/direct-routing-plan#public-trusted-certificate-for-the-sbc>

#### **4 Validated Oracle Versions**

Microsoft has successfully conducted testing with the Oracle Communications SBC versions:

SCZ830

Please visit <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoftteams/direct-routing-border-controllers> for further information.

These software releases with the configuration listed below can run on any of the following products:

- AP 1100
- AP 3900
- AP 4600
- AP 6350
- AP 6300
- VME

#### **5 About Teams Direct Routing**

Microsoft Teams Direct Routing allows a customer provided SBC to connect to Microsoft Phone System. The customer provided SBC can be connected to almost any telephony trunk or interconnect 3rd party PSTN equipment. The scenario allows:

- Use virtually any PSTN trunk with Microsoft Phone System;
- Configure interoperability between customer-owned telephony equipment, such as 3rd party PBXs, analog devices, and Microsoft Phone System

## 6 Infrastructure Requirements

The table below shows the list of infrastructure prerequisites for deploying Direct Routing.

Infrastructure Prerequisite	Details
Certified Session Border Controller (SBC)	See Microsoft's <a href="#">Plan Direct Routing</a> document
SIP Trunks connected to the SBC	
Office 365 tenant	
Domains	
Public IP address for the SBC	
Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) for the SBC	
Public DNS entry for the SBC	
Public trusted certificate for the SBC	
Firewall ports for Direct Routing signaling	
Firewall IP addresses and ports for Direct Routing media	
Media Transport Profile	
Firewall ports for client media	

## 7 Configuration

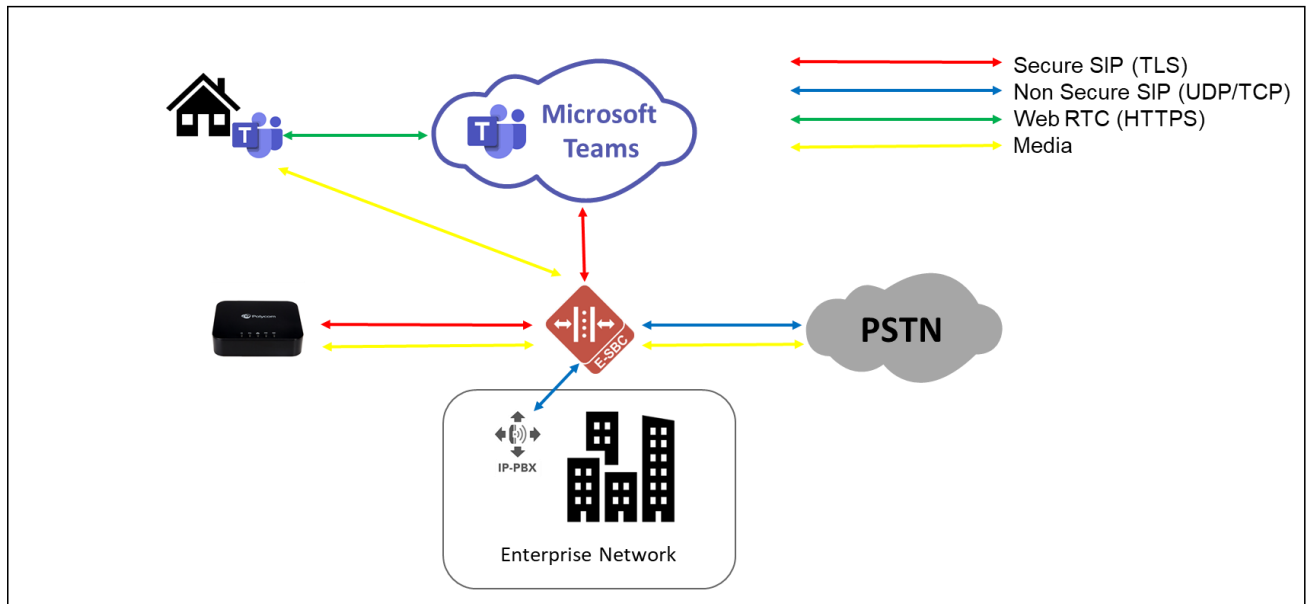
This chapter provides step-by-step guidance on how to configure Oracle SBC for interworking with Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Interface.

Below shows the connection topology example for MSFT Teams Carrier Model. There are multiple connections shown:

- Teams Direct Routing Interface on the WAN
- Service provider Sip trunk terminating on the SBC
- Third Party ATA (Analog) device
- Third Party IP PBX (optional to use as registrar for ATA)

Note: Oracle did not implement a third party IP-PBX during the certification testing of analog devices with Microsoft Teams. The configuration outlined below demonstrates use of third party ATA (analog device) over secure transport direct to the Oracle SBC without registration or authentication.

## Oracle SBC with Microsoft Teams Media Bypass and ATA Remote Worker



*These instructions cover configuration steps for the Oracle SBC and Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Interface. The configuration of other entities, such as connection of the SIP trunk, 3rd Party PBX and/or analog devices are not covered in this instruction. The details of such connection are available in other instructions produced by the vendors of retrospective components.*

### 7.1 Prerequisites

Before you begin, make sure that you have the following per every SBC you want to pair:

- Public IP address
- FQDN name for each registered subdomain representing individual tenants using the multitenant Direct Routing Trunk. Each FQDN must resolve to the Public IP address
- Public certificate, issued by one of the supported CAs (refer to [Related Documentation](#) for details about supported Certification Authorities).



## 7.2 About SBC Domain Name

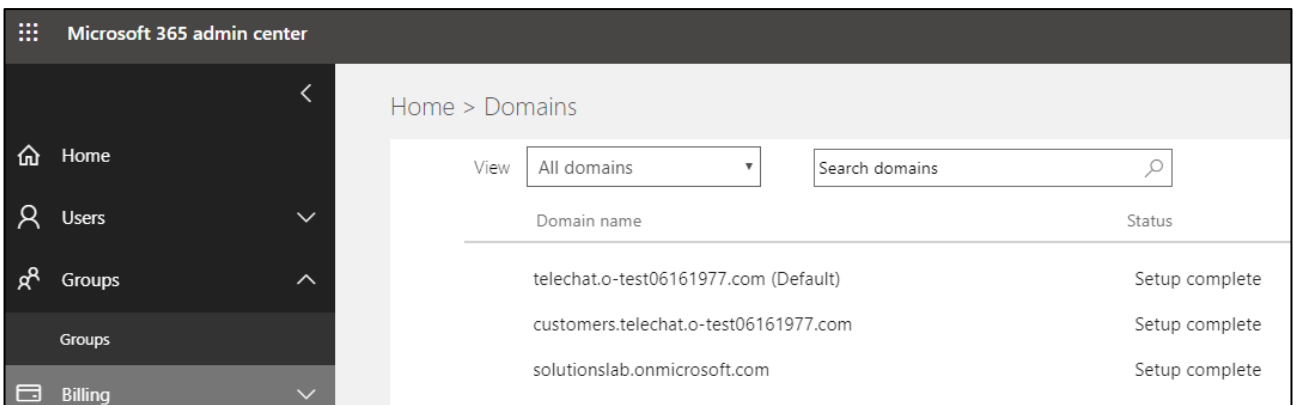
The SBC domain name must be from one of the names registered in “Domains” of the tenant. You cannot use the \*.onmicrosoft.com tenant for the domain name. For example, on the picture below, the administrator registered the following DNS names for the tenant:

DNS Name	Can Be Used For SBC	Example of FQDN names
telechat.o-test06161977.com	YES	<p><b>Valid FQDN:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>customers.telechat.o-test06161977.com</li> <li>Sbc51. telechat.o-test06161977.com</li> <li>Ussbc15. telechat.o-test06161977.com</li> <li>Europe. telechat.o-test06161977.com</li> </ul> <p><b>Invalid FQDN:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sbc1.europe.telechat.o-test06161977.com (<i>this would require registering domain name “Europe.adatum.biz”</i>)</li> </ul>
solutionslab.onmicrosoft.com	NO	Using *.onmicrosoft.com domains is not supported for SBC names

Below is an example of registered DNS names in the customer tenant.

- **telechat.o-test06161977.com**

*Note: The above FQDN's are examples only and not to be used outside of this document. Please use FQDN's that are applicable to your environment.*



For the purposes of this example, the following IP address and FQDN is used:

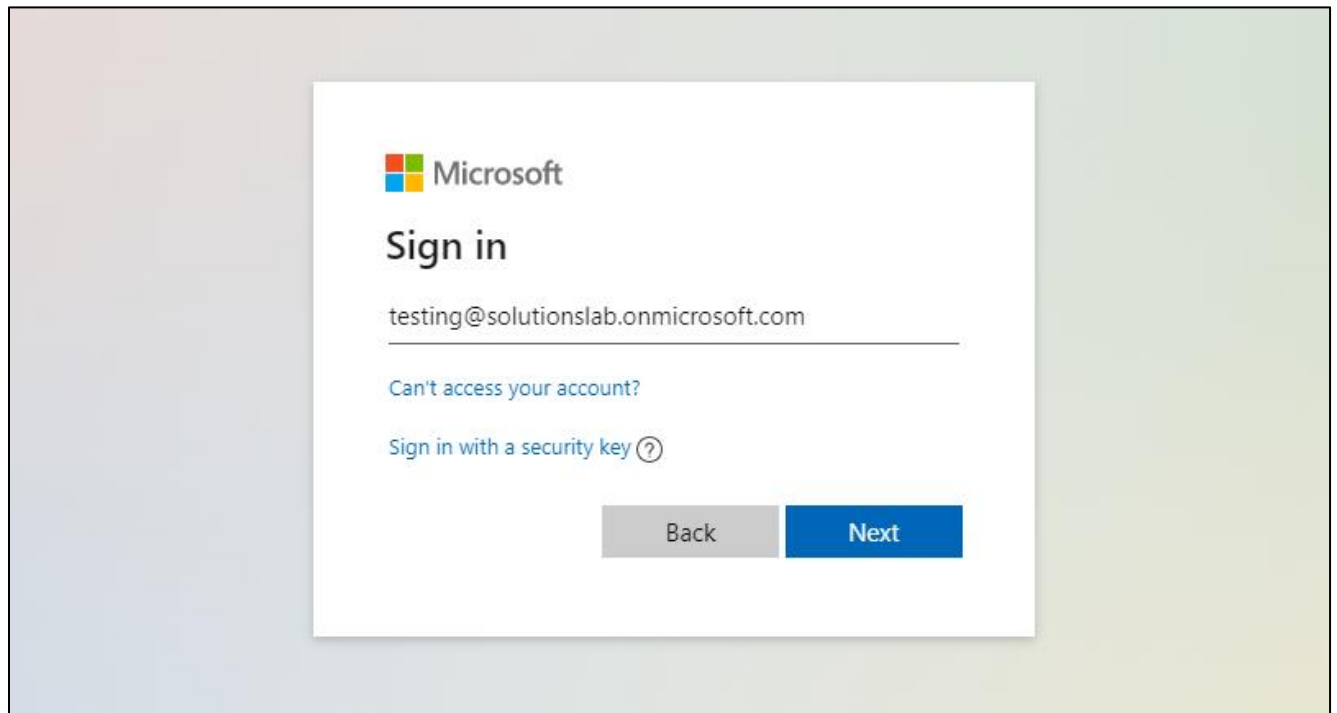
FQDN Names	Public IP Address
telechat.o-test06161977.com	141.146.36.68

## 8 Configure Direct Routing

The steps outlined below is the minimum required configuration to pair your SBC with Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Interface. This is to be used as an example only, and we highly recommend you work with your Microsoft Account representative to implement the correct configuration for your specific environment.

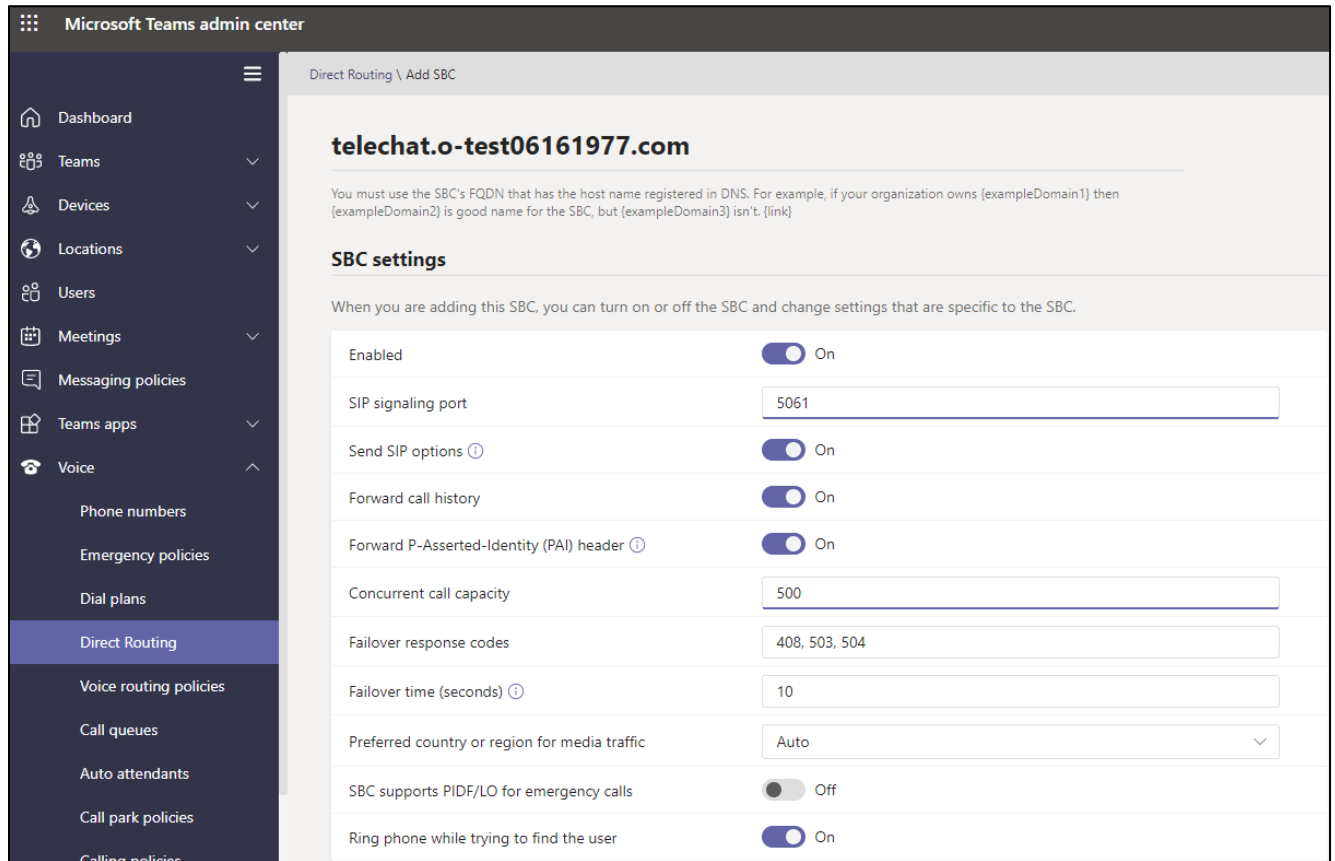
### 8.1.1 Access Teams Admin Center

The first step is to access the [Teams Admin Center](#) with administrator admin credentials:



## 8.1.2 Configure Online PSTN Gateway

Configuration Path: Voice/Direct Routing/SBC



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Teams admin center interface. The left sidebar is expanded to 'Voice' > 'Direct Routing'. The main content area is titled 'Direct Routing \ Add SBC' and shows configuration for 'telechat.o-test06161977.com'. A note states: 'You must use the SBC's FQDN that has the host name registered in DNS. For example, if your organization owns [exampleDomain1] then [exampleDomain2] is good name for the SBC, but [exampleDomain3] isn't. (link)'. Below this is the 'SBC settings' section with the following configuration:

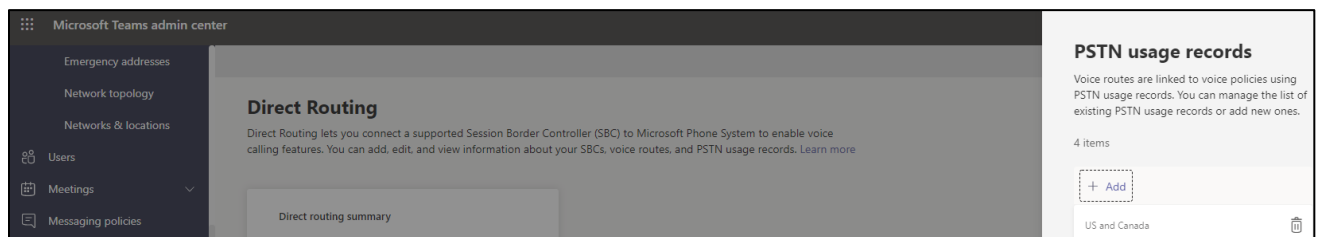
Setting	Value
Enabled	On
SIP signaling port	5061
Send SIP options	On
Forward call history	On
Forward P-Asserted-Identity (PAI) header	On
Concurrent call capacity	500
Failover response codes	408, 503, 504
Failover time (seconds)	10
Preferred country or region for media traffic	Auto
SBC supports PIDF/LO for emergency calls	Off
Ring phone while trying to find the user	On

- Click Save at the bottom of the page

## 8.1.3 Configure Online PSTN Usage

Configuration Path: Voice/Direct Routing/Manage PSTN usage Records (top right of screen)

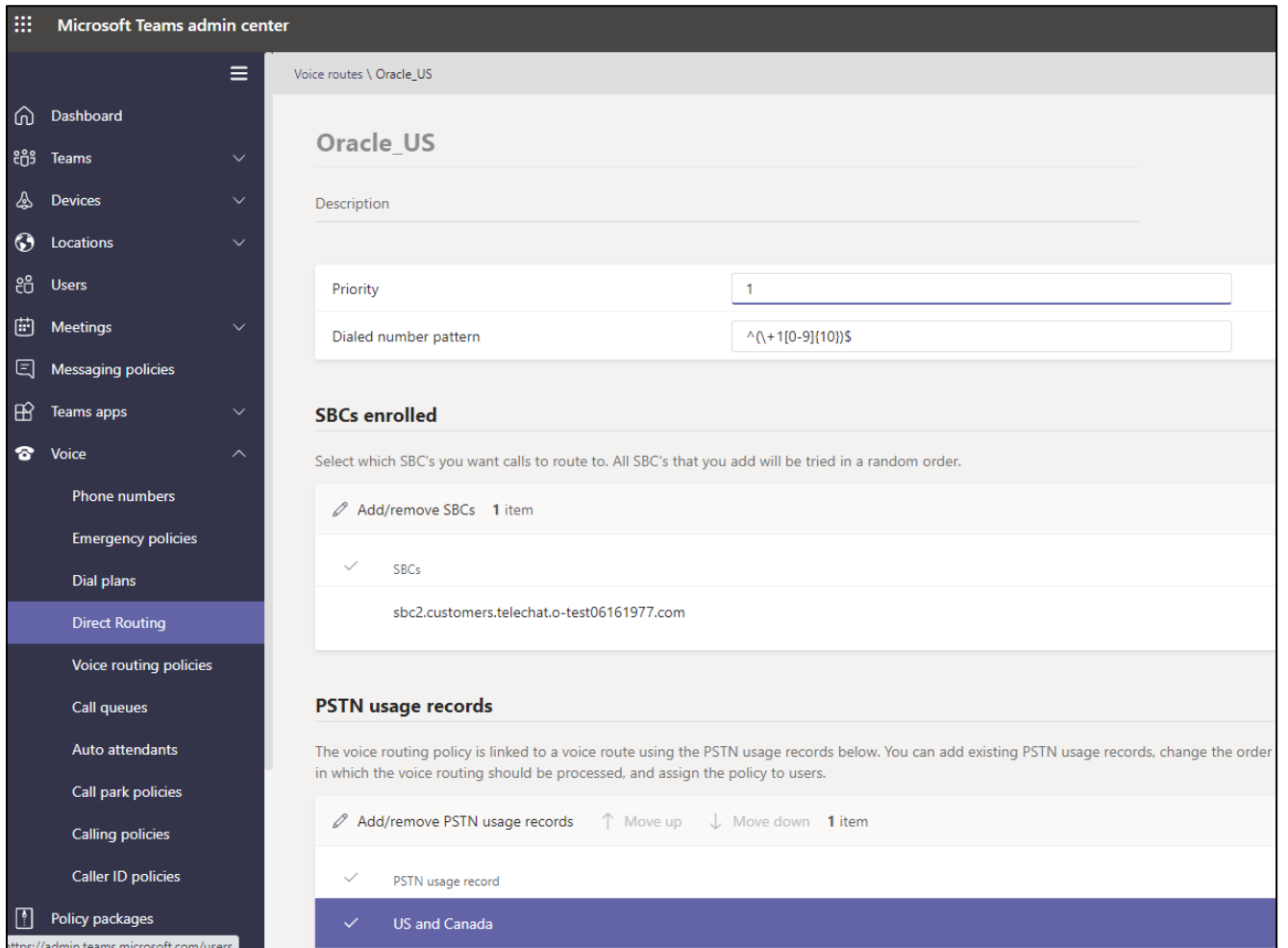
Click Add, Type US and Canada, next, click Apply



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Teams admin center interface. The left sidebar is expanded to 'Voice' > 'Direct Routing'. The main content area is titled 'Direct Routing' and shows a 'Direct routing summary' section. On the right side, there is a 'PSTN usage records' section with the following text: 'Voice routes are linked to voice policies using PSTN usage records. You can manage the list of existing PSTN usage records or add new ones.' Below this text, it says '4 items' and there is a '+ Add' button. A list item is visible: 'US and Canada' with a trash icon.

## 8.1.5 Configure Online Voice Route

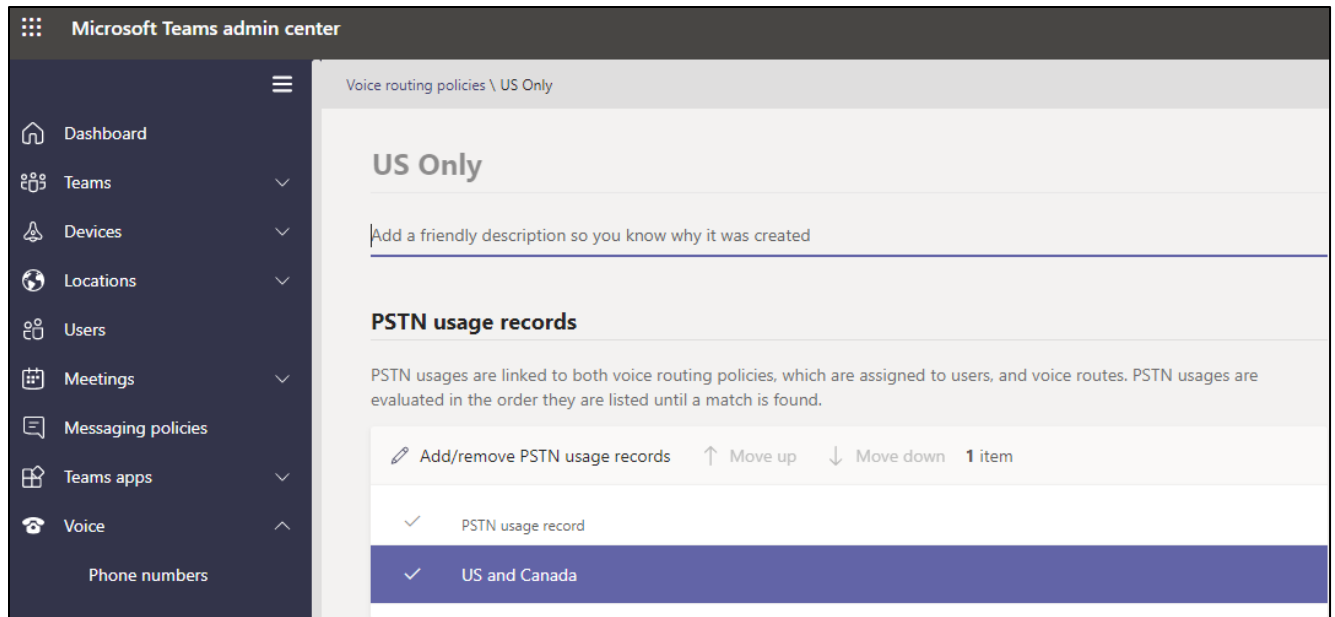
Configuration Path: Voice/Direct Routing/Voice Routes



The screenshot displays the Microsoft Teams admin center interface for configuring a voice route. The left-hand navigation pane is open to the 'Voice' section, with 'Direct Routing' selected. The main content area shows the configuration for the 'Oracle\_US' voice route. The 'Priority' is set to 1, and the 'Dialled number pattern' is set to `^\(+1[0-9]{10})$`. Below this, the 'SBCs enrolled' section shows a list of SBCs with one item: 'sbc2.customers.telechat.o-test06161977.com'. The 'PSTN usage records' section shows a list of records with one item: 'US and Canada'. The interface includes a search bar at the top, a navigation menu on the left, and a main content area with various configuration options and lists.

## 8.1.6 Configure Voice Routing Policy

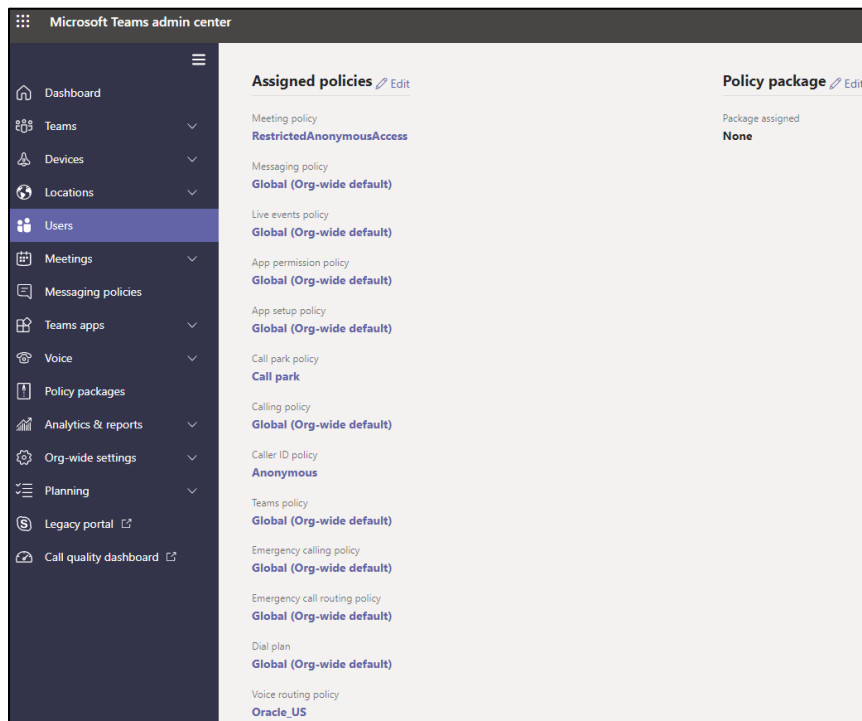
Configuration Path: Voice/Voice Routing Policies



### 8.1.7 Assign Voice Routing Policy to Users

Configuration Path: Users/Select the “User”/Policies

Next to Voice Routing Policy, Click Edit and Assign. In this example, we have selected Teamsuser1:



For More Information about configuring Microsoft Teams to Connect to your SBC, Setting up users, or configuration voice routing, please refer to the [Related Documentation](#) Section of this guide.

## 9 Oracle SBC Configuration

There are two methods for configuring the OCSBC, CLI or GUI.

For the purposes of this note, we'll be using the OCSBC GUI for all configuration examples. We will however provide the CLI path to each element.

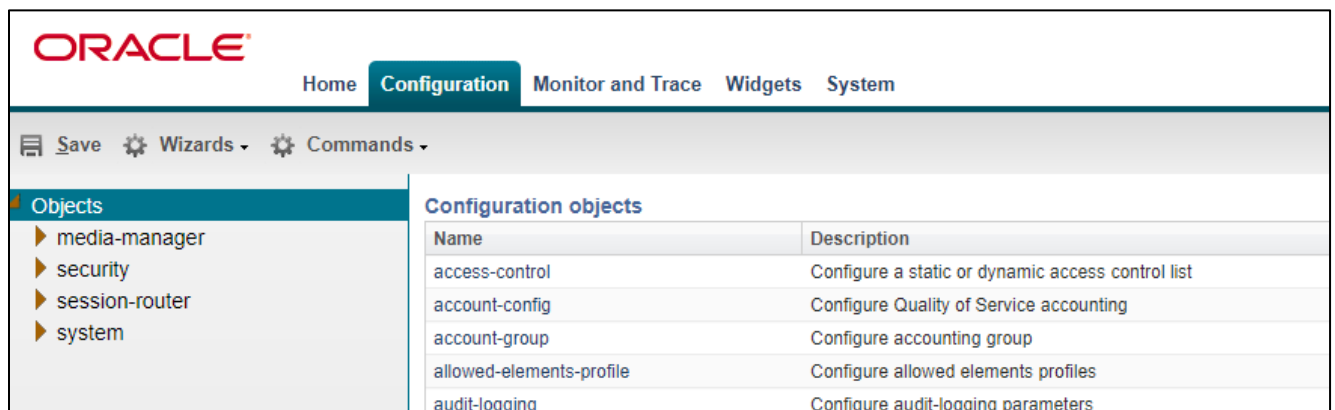
This guide assumes the OCSBC has been installed, management interface has been configured, product selected and entitlements have been assigned. Also, web-server-config has been enabled for GUI access. If you require more information on how to install your SBC platform, please refer to the [ACLI configuration guide](#).

To access the OCSBC GUI, enter the management IP address into a web browser. When the login screen appears, enter the username and password to access the OCSBC.

Once you have accessed the OCSBC, at the top, click the Configuration Tab. This will bring up the OCSBC Configuration Objects List on the left hand side of the screen.

**Any configuration parameter not specifically listed below can remain at the OCSBC default value and does not require a change for connection to MSFT Teams Direct routing or Analog device to function properly.**

Please note, the below configuration example assumes Media Bypass is enabled on the MSFT Teams Tenant. This configuration example is based on the latest OCSBC software release, SCZ830M1P8A, which contains new parameters designed to simplify the SBC's configuration for Microsoft Teams. If running a release prior to SCZ830m1p8A, please refer to [Configuring the Oracle SBC with Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Media Bypass – Enterprise Model](#) for instruction on how to configure.



The screenshot shows the Oracle SBC Configuration GUI. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Configuration' (selected), 'Monitor and Trace', 'Widgets', and 'System'. Below the navigation bar, there are icons for 'Save', 'Wizards', and 'Commands'. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'Objects' on the left and 'Configuration objects' on the right. The 'Objects' section lists 'media-manager', 'security', 'session-router', and 'system'. The 'Configuration objects' section is a table with two columns: 'Name' and 'Description'.

Name	Description
access-control	Configure a static or dynamic access control list
account-config	Configure Quality of Service accounting
account-group	Configure accounting group
allowed-elements-profile	Configure allowed elements profiles
audit-logging	Configure audit-logging parameters

### 9.1 Global Configuration Elements

Before you can configuration more granular parameters on the SBC, there are three global configuration elements that must be enabled to proceed.

- System-Config
- Media-manager-Config
- Sip-Config

### 9.1.1 System Config

To configure system level functionality for the OCSBC, you must first enable the system-config

GUI Path: system/system-config

ACL Path: config t→system→system-config

*Note: The following parameters are optional but recommended for system config*

- Hostname
- Description
- Location
- Default Gateway (recommended to be the same as management interface gateway)

The screenshot shows the Oracle configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Configuration' (selected), 'Monitor and Trace', 'Widgets', and 'System'. Below the navigation bar, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Wizards', and 'Commands'. On the left, a tree view shows the 'system' folder expanded, with 'system-config' selected. The main area is titled 'Modify System config' and contains the following fields and options:

Hostname:	telechat.o-test06161977
Description:	Teams Carrier Model <u>OCSBC</u>
Location:	Bedford, MA
Mib system contact:	
Mib system name:	
Mib system location:	
Acp TLS profile:	
SNMP enabled:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enable SNMP auth traps:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable SNMP syslog notify:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable SNMP monitor traps:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable env monitor traps:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable mblk_tracking:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable I2 miss report:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

- Click the OK at the bottom of the screen

### 9.1.2 Media Manager

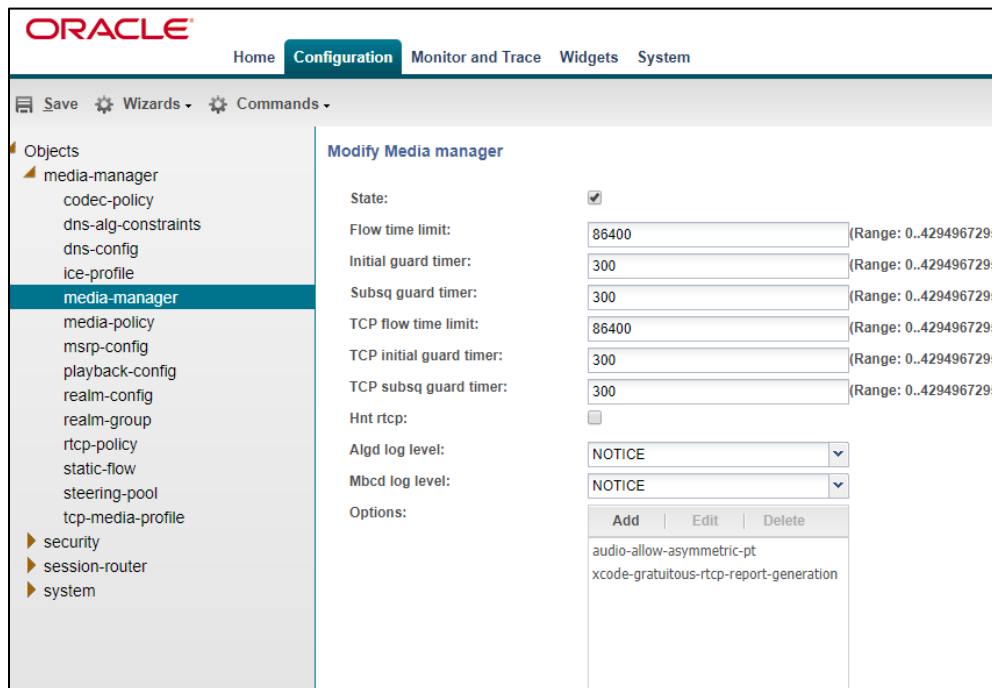
To configure media functionality on the SBC, you must first enabled the global media manager

GUI Path: media-manager/media-manager

ACL Path: config t→media-manager→media-manager-config

The following options are recommended for global media manager when interfacing with MSFT Teams Direct Routing

- Options: Click Add, in pop up box, enter the string: **audio-allow-asymmetric-pt**
- Click Apply/Add Another, then enter: **xcode-gratuitous-rtcp-report-generation** (requires a reboot to take effect)
- Max-Untrusted-Signalling=1
- Min-Untrusted-Signalling=1
- Hit OK in the box



### 9.1.3 Sip Config

To enable sip related objects on the OCSBC, you must first configure the global Sip Config element:

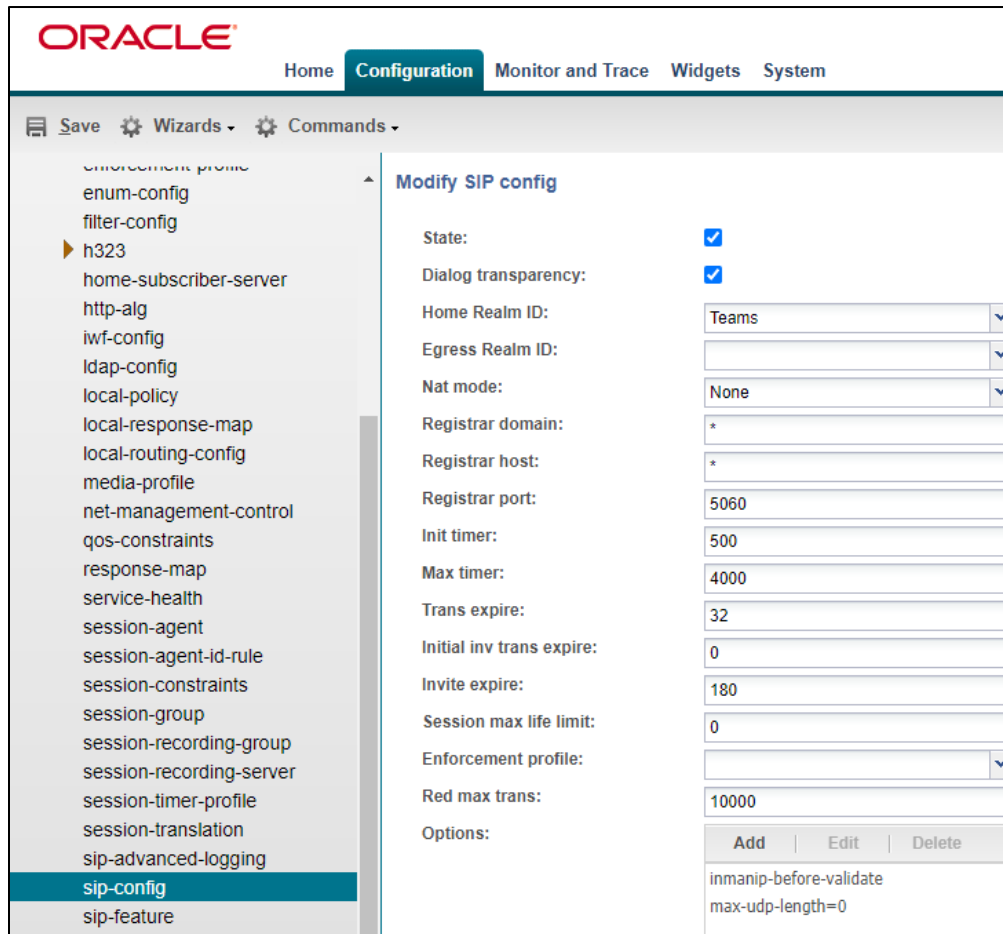
GUI Path: session-router/sip-config

ACLI Path: config t→session-router→sip-config

The following are recommended parameters under the global sip-config:

- Options: Click Add, in pop up box, enter the string: **inmanip-before-validate**
- Click Apply/Add another, then enter: **max-udp-length=0**
- Press OK in box





*Note: If using the SBC in an access environment to register ATA with IP-PBX, please check the [Oracle SBC Configuration guide](#) regarding proper setting for home realm, registrar-host, and registrar-port.*

- Click OK at the bottom

## 9.2 Network Configuration

To connect the SBC to network elements, we must configure both physical and network interfaces. For the purposes of this example, we will configure three physical interfaces, and three network interfaces. One to communicate with MSFT Teams Direct Routing, one to connect to PSTN Network, and a third to communicate with the Analog Device

### 9.2.1 Physical Interfaces

GUI Path: system/phy-interface

ACL Path: config t→system→phy-interface

- Click Add, use the following table as a configuration example:

Config Parameter	Teams	PSTN	ATA
Name	s0p0	S1p0	S1p1
Operation Type	Media	Media	Media
Slot	0	1	1
Port	0	0	1

*Note: Physical interface names, slot and port may vary depending on environment*

Name	Operation type	Port	Slot	Virtual mac	Admin state
s0p0	Media	0	0		enabled
s1p0	Media	0	1		enabled
s1p1	Media	1	1		enabled

- Click OK at the bottom of each after entering config information

## 9.2.2 Network Interfaces

GUI Path: system/network-interface

ACL Path: config t→system→network-interface

- Click Add, use the following table as a configuration example:

Configuration Parameter	Teams	PSTN	ATA
Name	s0p0	s1p0	S1p0
Hostname	(Optional)		
IP Address	141.146.36.68	192.168.1.10	155.212.214.177
Netmask	255.255.255.192	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Gateway	141.146.36.65	192.168.1.1	155.212.214.1
DNS Primary IP	8.8.8.8		
DNS Domain	Carrier Default Domain		

Name	Sub port id	Description	Hostname	IP address
s0p0	0			141.146.36.68
s1p0	0			192.168.1.10
s1p1	0			155.212.214.177

- Click OK at the bottom of each after entering config information

## 9.3 Security Configuration

This section describes how to configure the SBC for both TLS and SRTP communication with Teams Direct Routing and ATA interfaces

Microsoft Teams Direct Routing only allows TLS connections from SBC's for SIP traffic, and SRTP for media traffic. It requires a certificate signed by one of the trusted Certificate Authorities. A list of currently supported Certificate Authorities can be found at:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoftteams/direct-routing-plan#public-trusted-certificate-for-the-sbc>

### 9.3.1 Certificate Records

“Certificate-records” are configuration elements on Oracle SBC which captures information for a TLS certificate such as common-name, key-size, key-usage etc.

This section walks you through how to configure certificate records, create a certificate signing request, and import the necessary certificates into the SBC's configuration.

GUI Path: security/certificate-record

ACL Path: config t→security→certificate-record

For the purposes of this application note, we'll create four certificate records. They are as follows:

- SBC Certificate (end-entity certificate)
- GoDaddy Root Cert (Root CA used to sign the SBC's end entity certificate)
- BaltimoreRoot CA Cert (Microsoft Presents the SBC a certificate signed by this authority)
- DigiCert Global G2 Cert (Microsoft Presents the SBC a certificate signed by this authority)

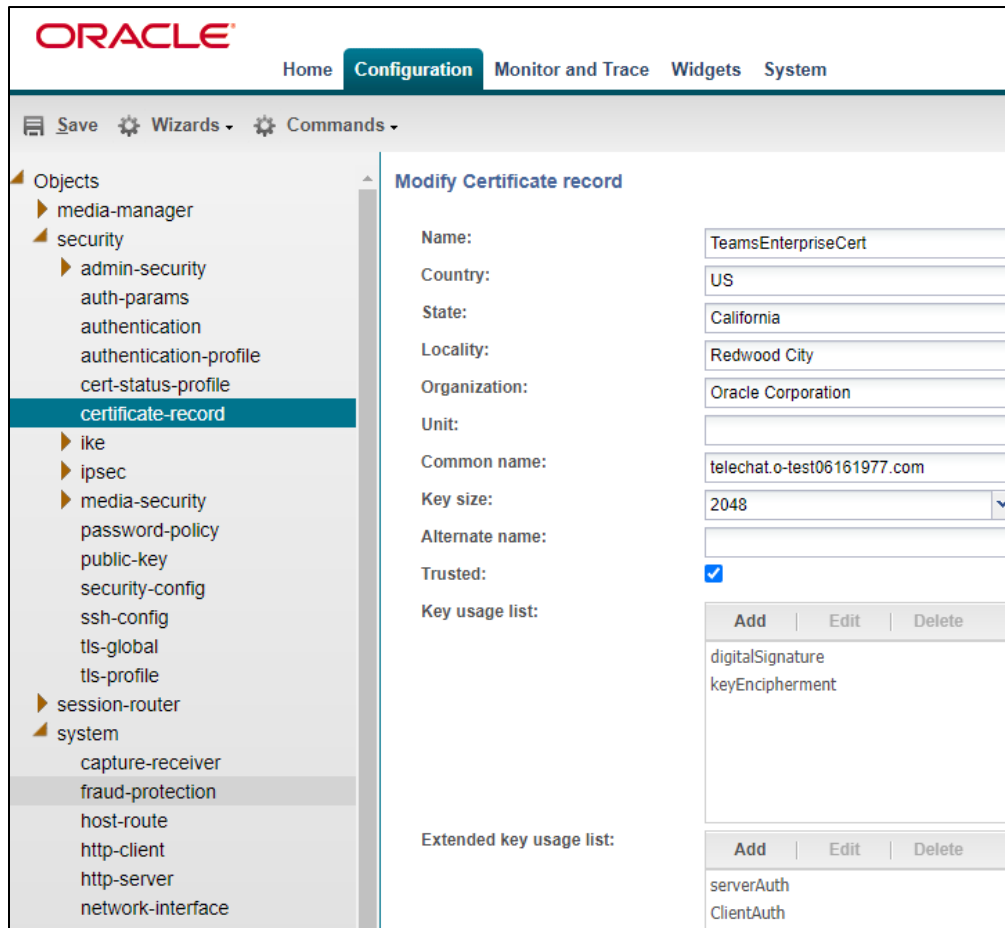
### 9.3.2 SBC End Entity Certificate

The SBC's end entity certificate is based on the domain structure outlined in the [Configuration](#) section of this document. This certificate record must include the following:

- Common name: SBC Domain Name (**telechat.o-test06161977.com**)
- Extended Key Usage List: serverAuth clientAuth

To Configure the certificate record:

- Click Add, and configure the SBC certificate as shown below:



- Click OK at the bottom
- Next, using this same procedure, configure certificate records for Root CA and Intermediate Certificates

### 9.3.2.1 Root CA and Intermediate Certificates

#### 9.3.2.1.1 Go Daddy Root

The following, GoDaddyRoot, is the root CA certificate used to sign the SBC's end entity certificate. As mentioned above, your root CA and/or intermediate certificate may differ. This is for example purposes only.

#### 9.3.2.1.2 DigiCert Global Root G2

The DNS name of the Microsoft Teams Direct Routing interface is sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com. Microsoft presents a certificate to the SBC which is signed by DigiCert Global Root G2. To trust this certificate, your SBC must have the certificate listed as a trusted ca certificate. You can download this certificate here: [DigiCert Global Root G2](#)

### 9.3.2.1.3 Baltimore Root

The DNS name of the Microsoft Teams Direct Routing interface is sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com. Microsoft presents a certificate to the SBC which is signed by Baltimore Cyber Baltimore CyberTrust Root. To trust this certificate, your SBC must have the certificate listed as a trusted ca certificate.

You can download this certificate here: <https://cacerts.digicert.com/BaltimoreCyberTrustRoot.crt.pem>

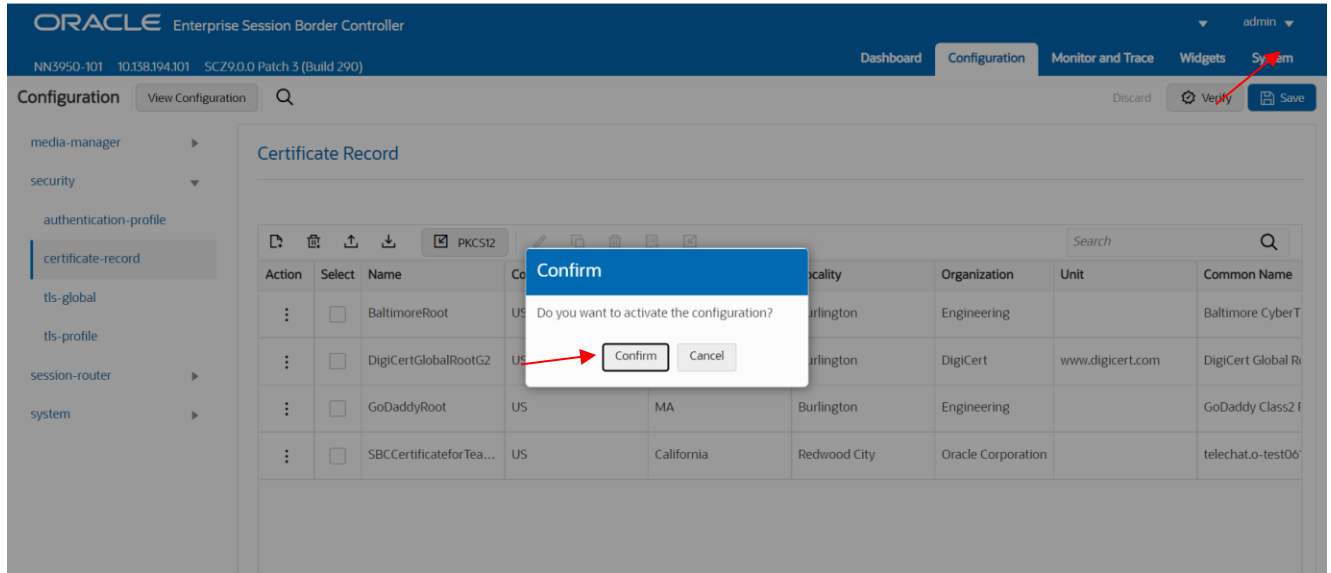
Please use the following table as a configuration reference: Modify the table according to the certificates in your environment.

Config Parameter	Baltimore Root	GoDaddy Root	DigiCert Global Root G2
Common Name	Baltimore CyberTrust Root	Go Daddy Class2 Root CA	DigiCert Global Root G2
Key Size	2048	2048	2048
Key-Usage-List	digitalSignature keyEncipherment	digitalSignature keyEncipherment	digitalSignature keyEncipherment
Extended Key Usage List	serverAuth	serverAuth	serverAuth
Key algor	rsa	rsa	rsa
Digest-algor	Sha256	Sha256	Sha256

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller configuration interface. The 'Configuration' tab is active, and the 'Certificate Record' section is displayed. The table below lists the configured certificates.

Action	Select	Name	Country	State	Locality	Organization	Unit	Common Name
⋮	<input type="checkbox"/>	BaltimoreRoot	US	MA	Burlington	Engineering		Baltimore CyberT
⋮	<input type="checkbox"/>	DigiCertGlobalRootG2	US	MA	Burlington	DigiCert	www.digicert.com	DigiCert Global Ri
⋮	<input type="checkbox"/>	GoDaddyRoot	US	MA	Burlington	Engineering		GoDaddy Class2F
⋮	<input type="checkbox"/>	SBCCertificateforTea...	US	California	Redwood City	Oracle Corporation		telechat.o-test06'

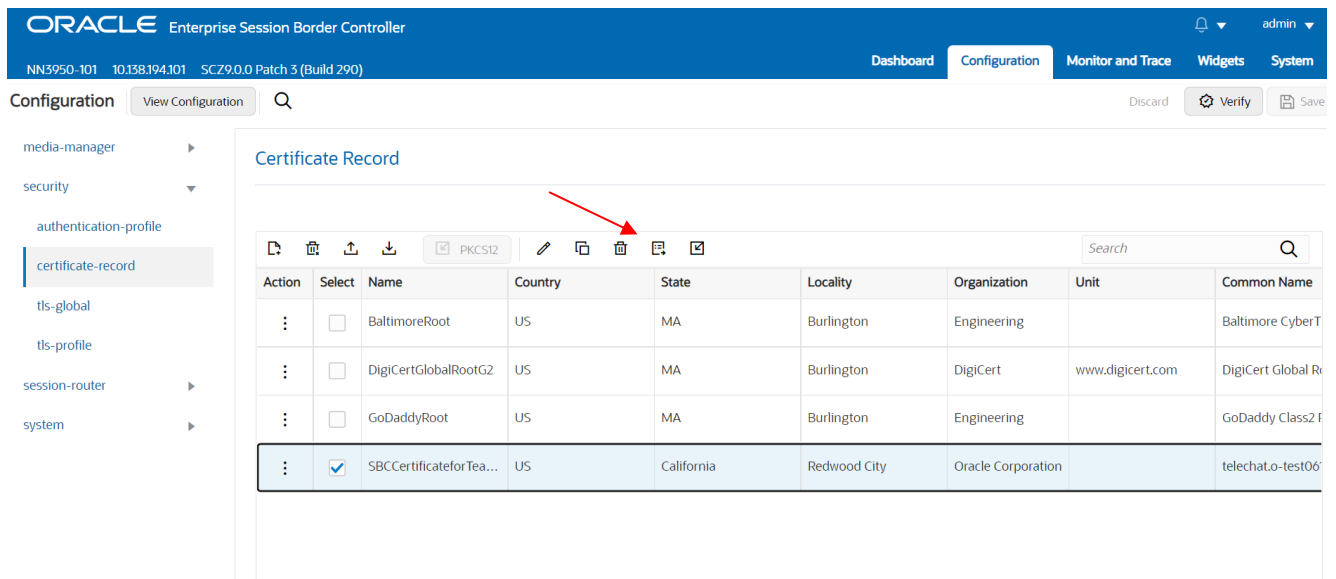
At this point, before generating a certificate signing request, or importing any of the Root CA certs, we must **save and activate** the configuration of the SBC.



### 9.3.2.2 Generate Certificate Signing Request

Now that the SBC's certificate has been configured, create a certificate signing request for the SBC's end entity only. **This is not required for any of the Root CA or intermediate certificates that have been created.**

On the certificate record page in the Oracle SBC GUI, select the SBC's end entity certificate that was created above, and click the "generate" tab at the top:



## Generate certificate response

Copy the following information and send to a CA authority

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIC7jCCAdYCAQAwDELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAkIBMRMwEQYDVQQH
EwpCdXJsaW5ndG9uMRQwEgYDVQQKEwFmbmdpbmVlcmVudG9uZmVudG9uZmVudG9u
ZWNoYXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0YXN0
ADCCAQoCggEBAK+uhx7951uhDgtQqvvvo4EoZE68WDLIDYPPYcJWbvL5uWzk6y3Yh
s40ca4ZuZWmrLNLILZfV9x9R5KzM4M8wqYIUvPOBC6ooouuauu/swSKIReSpfDZh
NaAGUJrvAvacyPz7KsyrJKgchzsOFNNJPDAAQsDQjuoFCDUbtOATZ6xDFxpCdIF
nhq+dtB7gAtCdvWE/V6r4PAfJldj82YT4YBAWqWQJ2wGn+yc2FEPSmHlBWEiCvR
sMGfUeJcTM5i//AVcpF+jsJc8xswtE+Zr24kEiCrcrm0llgOHRvEgYTIUteFoly
d/60oaVPYHkgKn25OHQ2lwaMilkMxpBjlpUCAwEAaA9MDsGCSqGSIb3DQEJJDjEu
MCwwCwYDVROPAQDAgWgMB0GA1UdJQQWMBQGCcsGAQUFBwMBBggrBgEFBQcDAjAN
BgqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAQCAQEAnBLJuRPLB2kQDIB3I2JeOf3tacevMQeCIGcdFcf
ulCey+2XmtKF+HHPIECde+tLXiJseVnfBT2Ba4KynPwmTkQ5DfoLYQjWFOhEsm
LcuKMvjBYekJwebDk9CtDWwBZ9O1DzYbyuVNXPLbD5ludWbJBAYwd+9693VUVQb
/UR5rooNkwQIOFJMNmuPMW13v/p7kVstK8a5wF6lHNx+k56MrR45YFqV/rzcDTs
PeTYRyOVGYSQs0h5T5kcU0xjEXPl5K2gpdQz8YGBAbKZXcpJn7zJEwgtdomRnhZ
f7Gm45Jt45IA8QOpeq5H83ajFg0q8twMeVj9znA0ogle/g==
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

Copy/paste the text that gets printed on the screen as shown above and upload to your CA server for signature. Also note, at this point, **another save and activate is required** before you can import the certificates to each certificate record created above.

Once you have received the signed certificate back from your signing authority, we can now import all certificates to the SBC configuration.

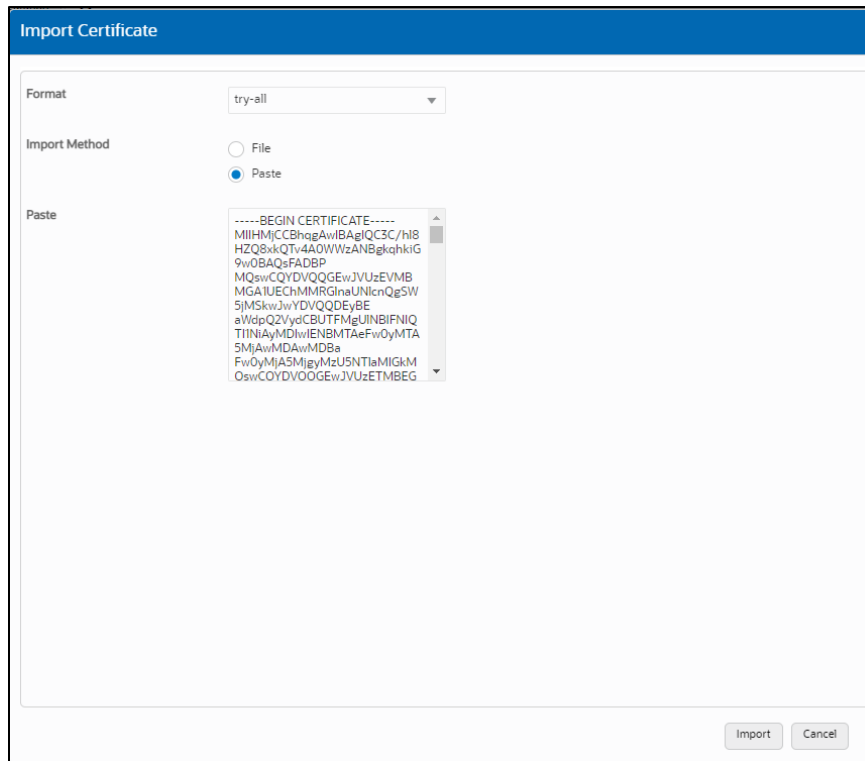
### 9.3.2.3 Import Certificates to SBC

Once certificate signing request has been completed – import the signed certificate to the SBC.

Please note – all certificates including root and intermediate certificates are required to be imported to the SBC. Once all certificates have been imported, issue a third **save/activate** from the WebGUI to complete the configuration of certificates on the Oracle SBC.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller WebGUI interface. The top navigation bar includes 'ORACLE Enterprise Session Border Controller', 'Dashboard', 'Configuration', 'Monitor and Trace', 'Widgets', and 'System'. The 'Configuration' tab is active, and the 'Certificate Record' page is displayed. A table lists several certificate records, with the last one selected. A red arrow points to the 'Save' button in the top right corner of the table area.

Action	Select	Name	Country	State	Locality	Organization	Unit	Common Name
⋮	<input type="checkbox"/>	BaltimoreRoot	US	MA	Burlington	Engineering		Baltimore CyberT
⋮	<input type="checkbox"/>	DigiCertGlobalRootG2	US	MA	Burlington	DigiCert	www.digicert.com	DigiCert Global R
⋮	<input type="checkbox"/>	GoDaddyRoot	US	MA	Burlington	Engineering		GoDaddy Class2 F
⋮	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SBCCertificateforTea...	US	California	Redwood City	Oracle Corporation		telechat.o-test06



- Once pasted in the text box, select Import at the bottom, then **save and activate** your configuration.

Repeat these steps to import all the root and intermediate CA certificates into the SBC:

### 9.3.3 TLS Profile

TLS profile configuration on the SBC allows for specific certificates to be assigned.

GUI Path: security/tls-profile

ACL Path: config t→security→tls-profile

- Click Add, use the example below to configure



The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller Configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'ORACLE Enterprise Session Border Controller', version information (NN5950-101, 10.138.194.101, SCZ9.0.0 Patch 3 (Build 290)), and menu items like 'Dashboard', 'Configuration', 'Monitor and Trace', 'Widgets', and 'System'. The user is logged in as 'admin'. The main content area is titled 'Configuration' and shows a search bar and 'View Configuration' button. A sidebar on the left lists various configuration categories, with 'tls-profile' selected. The main panel displays the 'Modify TLS Profile' form with the following fields:

- Name: TLSTeams
- End Entity Certificate: SBCCertificateforTeams
- Trusted Ca Certificates: BaltimoreRoot, DigiCertGlobalRootG2, GoDaddyRoot
- Cipher List: DEFAULT
- Verify Depth: 10 (Range: 0..10)
- Mutual Authenticate:  enable
- TLS Version: tlsv12
- Options: (empty)

Buttons for 'OK' and 'Back' are visible at the bottom of the form.

- Select OK at the bottom

Next, we'll move to securing media between the SBC and Microsoft Teams.

### 9.3.4 Media Security Configuration

This section outlines how to configure support for media security between the OCSBC and Microsoft Teams Direct Routing.

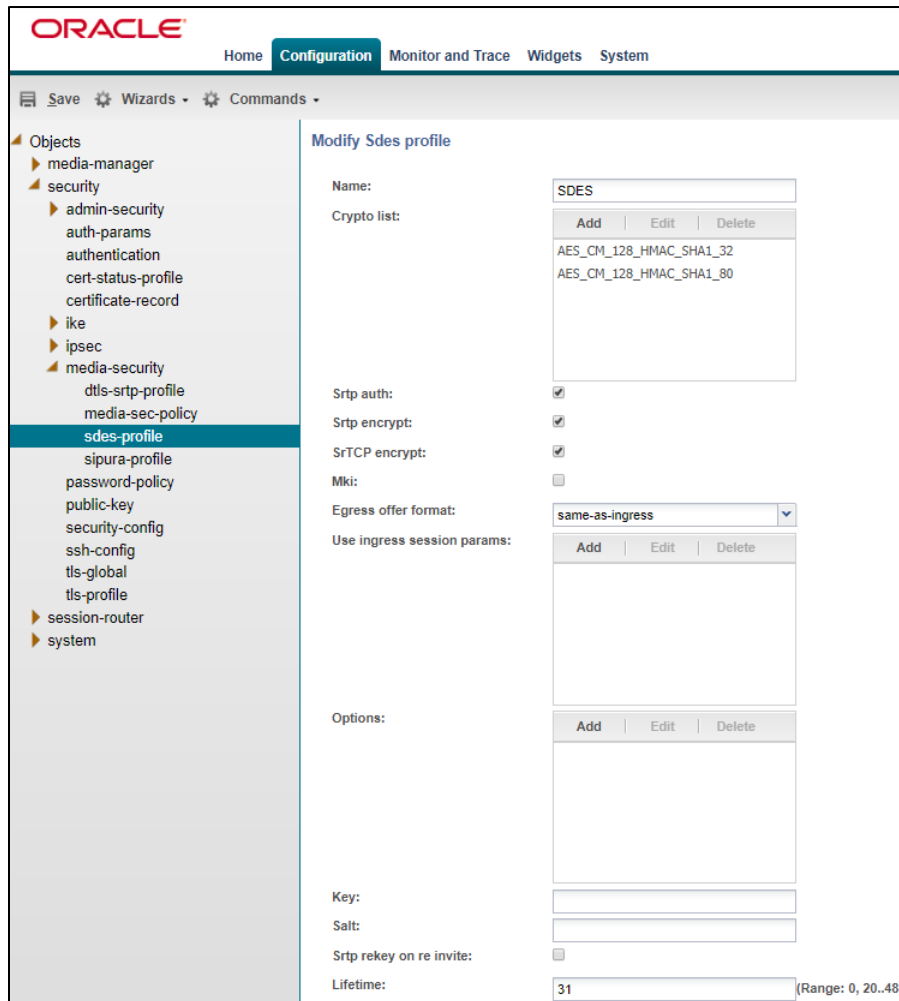
### 9.3.5 Sdes-profile

This is the first element to be configured for media security, where the algorithm and the crypto's to be used are configured. The only crypto-suite option supported by Microsoft is AES\_CM\_128\_HMAC\_SHA1\_80 and must be included in the crypto list

GUI Path: security/media-security/sdes-profile

ACL Path: config t→security→media-security→sdes-profile

- Click Add, and use the example below to configure



*Note: The lifetime parameter set to a value of 31 is required if utilizing Media Bypass on Microsoft Teams*

- Click OK at the bottom

### 9.3.6 Media Security Policy

Media-sec-policy instructs the SBC how to handle the SDP received/sent under a realm (RTP, SRTP or any of them) and, if SRTP needs to be used, the sdes-profile that needs to be used

In this example, we are configuring two media security policies. One to secure and decrypt media toward Microsoft Teams, the other for non secure media facing PSTN.

GUI Path: security/media-security/media-sec-policy

ACL Path: config t→security→media-security→media-sec-policy

- Click Add, use the examples below to configure

Save Wizards Commands

- Objects
  - media-manager
  - security
    - admin-security
    - auth-params
    - authentication
    - cert-status-profile
    - certificate-record
    - ike
    - ipsec
    - media-security
      - dtls-srtp-profile
      - media-sec-policy**
      - sdes-profile
      - sipura-profile
    - password-policy
    - public-key
    - security-config
    - ssh-config
    - tls-global
    - tls-profile
  - session-router
  - system

### Modify Media sec policy

Name:

Pass through:

Options:

Add	Edit	Delete

**Inbound**

Profile:

Mode:

Protocol:

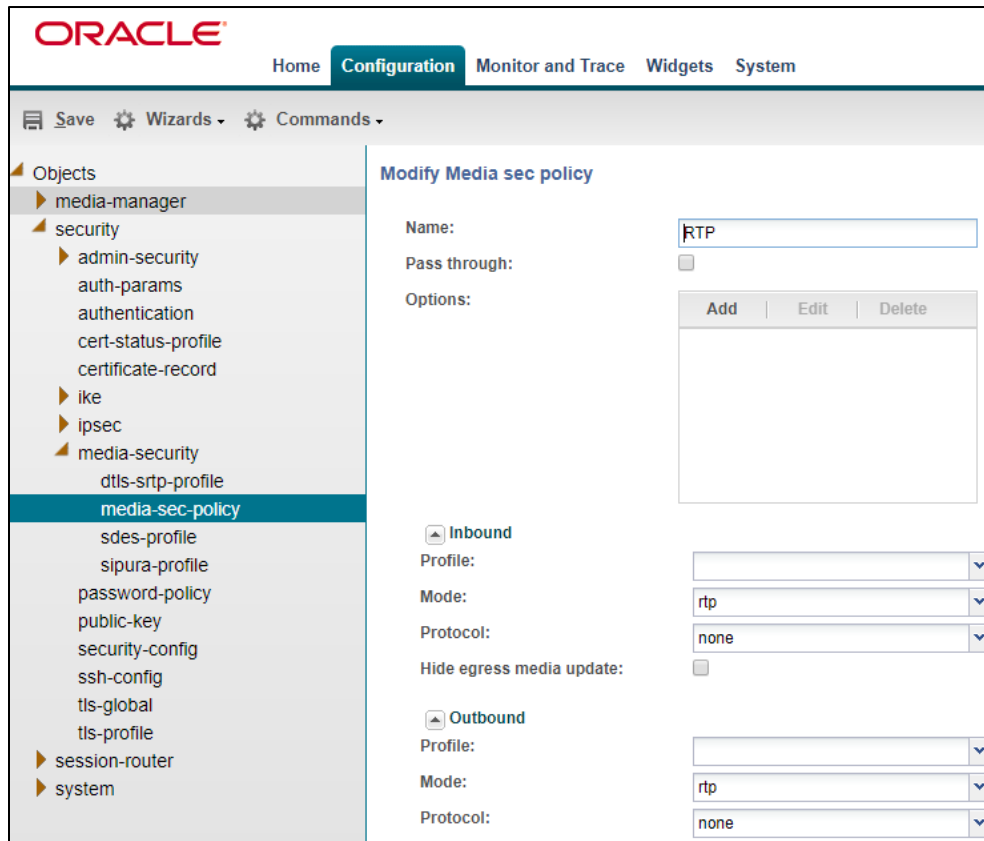
Hide egress media update:

**Outbound**

Profile:

Mode:

Protocol:



- Click OK at the bottom of each when applicable

## 9.4 Transcoding Configuration

Transcoding is the ability to convert between media streams that are based upon disparate codecs. The OCSBC supports IP-to-IP transcoding for SIP sessions, and can connect two voice streams that use different coding algorithms with one another.

### 9.4.1 Media Profiles

For different codecs and media types, you can setup customized media profiles that serve to police media values and define media bandwidth policies.

SILK & CN offered by Microsoft teams are using a payload type which is different usual, so to support this, we configure media profiles on the SBC.

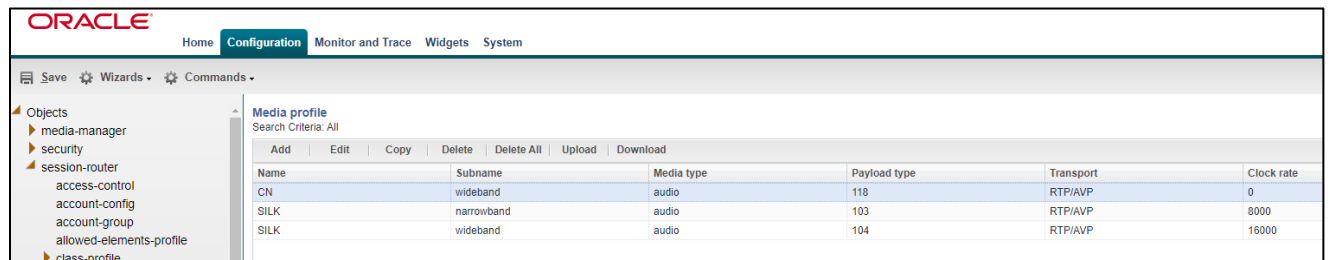
GUI Path: session-router/media-profile

ACL Path: config t→session-router→media-profile

Configure three media profiles to support the following:

- Silk Wideband
- Silk Narrowband
- CN
- Click Add, then use the table below as an example to configure each:

Parameters	Silk-1	Silk-2	CN
Subname	narrowband	wideband	wideband
Payload-Type	103	104	118
Clock-rate	8000	16000	0



- Click OK at the bottom of each when applicable

### 9.4.2 Codec Policies

Codec policies are sets of rules that specify the manipulations to be performed on SDP offers allowing the OCSBC the ability to add, strip, and reorder codecs for SIP sessions

*Note: This is an optional configuration. Only configure codec policies if deemed necessary in your environment*

GUI Path: media-manager/codec-policy

ACL Path: config t→media-mangaer→codec-policy

Some SIP trunks may have issues with codec being offered by Microsoft teams. For this reason, we have created a codec policy "OptimizeCodecs" for the SIP trunk to remove the codecs that are not required or supported.

Create another codec-policy, addCN, to allow the SBC to generate Comfort Noise packets towards Teams

- Click Add, and use the examples below to configure

**ORACLE** Home **Configuration** Monitor and Trace Widgets System

Save Wizards Commands

Objects

- media-manager
  - codec-policy**
  - dns-alg-constraints
  - dns-config
  - ice-profile
  - media-manager
  - media-policy
  - msrp-config
  - playback-config
  - realm-config
  - realm-group
  - rtcp-policy
  - static-flow
  - steering-pool
  - tcp-media-profile
- security
- session-router
- system

**Modify Codec policy**

Name:

Allow codecs:

Add	Edit	Delete
=		
G722:no		
PCMA:no		
CN:no		
SIREN:no		
RED:no		
G729:no		

Add codecs on egress:

Add	Edit	Delete
PCMU		

Order codecs:

Add	Edit	Delete
-----	------	--------

Packetization time:

**ORACLE** Home **Configuration** Monitor and Trace Widgets System

Save Wizards Commands

Objects

- media-manager
  - codec-policy**
  - dns-alg-constraints
  - dns-config
  - ice-profile
  - media-manager
  - media-policy
  - msrp-config
  - playback-config
  - realm-config
  - realm-group
  - rtcp-policy
  - static-flow
  - steering-pool
  - tcp-media-profile
- security
- session-router
- system

**Modify Codec policy**

Name:

Allow codecs:

Add	Edit	Delete
=		
SILK:no		
G729:no		

Add codecs on egress:

Add	Edit	Delete
CN		

Order codecs:

Add	Edit	Delete
-----	------	--------

Packetization time:

### 9.4.3 RTCP Policy

The following RTCP policy needs to be configured for the OCSBC to generate RTCP sender reports toward Microsoft Teams. The [media manger](#) options config, xcode-gratuitous-rtcp-report-generation, allows the SBC to generate receiver reports

GUI Path: media-manager/rtcp-policy

ACLI Path: config t→media-manger→rtcp-policy

- Click Add, use the example below as a configuration guide

The screenshot shows the Oracle configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Configuration', 'Monitor and Trace', 'Widgets', and 'System'. Below the navigation bar, there are icons for 'Save', 'Wizards', and 'Commands'. On the left, a tree view shows 'Objects' with 'media-manager' expanded, containing 'codec-policy', 'dns-alg-constraints', 'dns-config', and 'ice-profile'. The main area is titled 'Modify RTCP policy' and contains the following fields:

Name:	<input type="text" value="rtcpGen"/>
RTCP generate:	<input type="text" value="all-calls"/>
Hide cname:	<input type="checkbox"/>

- Click OK at the bottom

### 9.4.4 Ice Profile

SBC supports ICE-Lite. This configuration is required to support MSTeams media-bypass.

GUI Path: media-manager/ice-profile

ACLI Path: config t→media-manger→ice-profile

- Click Add, use the example below as a guide to configure

The screenshot shows the Oracle configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Configuration', 'Monitor and Trace', 'Widgets', and 'System'. Below the navigation bar, there are icons for 'Save', 'Wizards', and 'Commands'. On the left, a tree view shows 'Objects' with 'media-manager' expanded, containing 'codec-policy', 'dns-alg-constraints', 'dns-config', 'ice-profile', and 'media-manager'. The main area is titled 'Modify Ice profile' and contains the following fields:

Name:	<input type="text" value="ice"/>
Stun conn timeout:	<input type="text" value="0"/> (Range: 0..9999)
Stun keep alive interval:	<input type="text" value="0"/> (Range: 0..300)
Stun rate limit:	<input type="text" value="100"/> (Range: 0..99999)

- Click OK

*Note: Ice Profile should not be configured for Non Media Bypass Environment with Microsoft Teams*

## 9.5 Media Configuration

This section will guide you through the configuration of realms and steering pools, both of which are required for the SBC to handle signaling and media flows toward Teams and PSTN.

### 9.5.1 Realm Config

In this example, we will configure a realm facing Microsoft Teams, A realm for PSTN Sip Trunk, and a third realm to interface with the ATA or analog device

GUI Path; media-manger/realm-config

ACL Path: config t→media-manger→realm-config

- Click Add, and use the following table as a configuration example for the three realms used in this configuration example

Config Parameter	Teams Realm	ATA	PSTN Realm
Identifier	Teams	ATA_Realm	SIPTrunk
Network Interface	s0p0:0	S1p1:0	s1p0:0
Mm in realm	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Teams-FQDN	Telechat.o- test06161977.com		
Teams fqdn in uri	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Sdp inactive only	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Media Sec policy	sdespolicy	sdespolicy	RTP
RTCP mux	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
ice profile	ice		
Codec policy	addCN	OptimizeCodecs	OptimizeCodecs
RTCP policy	rtcpGen		
Access Control Trust Level	High	High	High

The “Teams FQDN” Field is required to allow sip messages generated by the SBC to be formatted according to MSFT Teams Requirements. The SBC FQDN must be configured either in this realm parameter, or under the hostname field of the network interface.

Also notice, the realm configuration is where we assign some of the elements configured earlier in this document, ie...

- Network interface
- Media security policys
- Ice profile (Only required with Media Bypass set to enabled in Direct Routing Interface)
- Codec policys
- Rtcp policy



ORACLE  
Home Configuration Monitor and Trace Widgets System

Save Wizards Commands

Objects  
media-manager  
codecs-policy  
dns-alg-constraints  
dns-config  
ice-profile  
media-manager  
media-policy  
mcp-config

Realm config  
Search Criteria: All

Identifier	Description	Addr prefix	Network interfaces	Mm	
				In realm	In network
ATA_Realm	Realm Facing Analog Device	0.0.0.0	s1p1.0	enabled	enabled
SIPTrunk	Realm Facing PSTN	0.0.0.0	s1p0.0	enabled	enabled
Teams	Realm Facing MSFT Teams	0.0.0.0	s0p0.0	enabled	enabled

## 9.5.2 Steering Pools

Steering pools define sets of ports that are used for steering media flows through the OCSBC. These selected ports are used to modify the SDP to cause receiving session agents to direct their media toward this system.

We configure one steering pool for PSTN. The other will be shared by all parent and child realms facing Teams.

GUI Path: media-manger/steering-pool

ACL Path: config t→media-manger→steering-pool

- Click Add, and use the below examples to configure

ORACLE  
Home Configuration Monitor and Trace Widgets System

Save Wizards Commands

Objects  
media-manager  
codecs-policy  
dns-alg-constraints  
dns-config  
ice-profile  
media-manager

Modify Steering pool

IP address: 192.168.1.10

Start port: 20000

End port: 40000

Realm ID: SIPTrunk

ORACLE  
Home Configuration Monitor and Trace Widgets System

Save Wizards Commands

Objects  
media-manager  
codecs-policy  
dns-alg-constraints  
dns-config  
ice-profile  
media-manager

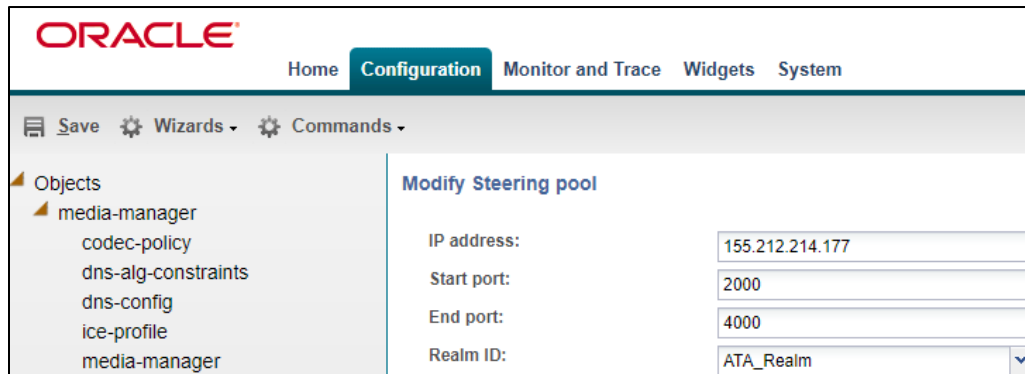
Modify Steering pool

IP address: 141.146.36.68

Start port: 20000

End port: 40000

Realm ID: Teams



## 9.6 Sip Configuration

This section outlines the configuration parameters required for processing, modifying and securing sip signaling traffic.

### 9.6.1 SIP Profile

A sip profile needs to be configured and will be assigned to the Teams sip interface. This parameter is not currently available through the OCSBC GUI, and needs to be configured, and assigned through the OCSBC ACLI.

ACLI Path: `config t→session-router→sip-profile`

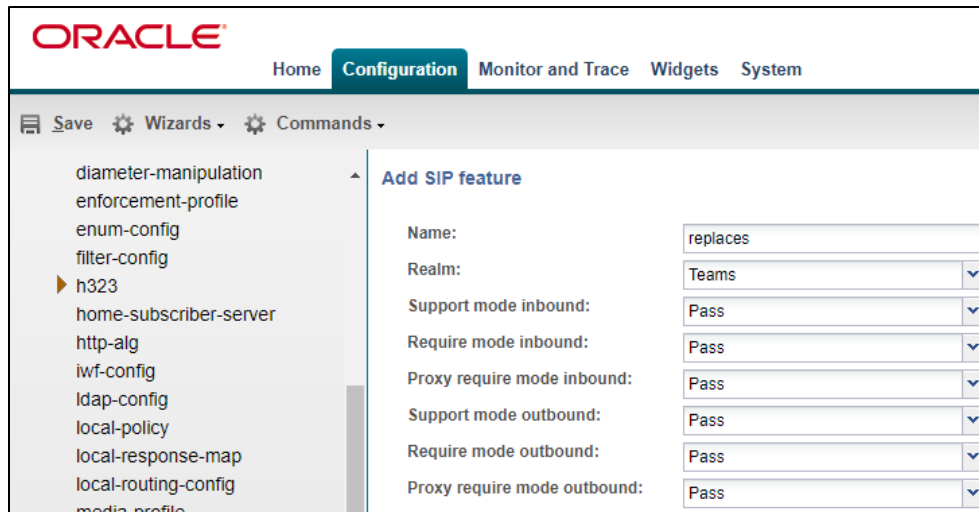
<b>sip-profile</b>	
<b>name</b>	<b>forreplace</b>
<b>redirection</b>	<b>inherit</b>
<b>ingress-conditional-cac-admit</b>	<b>inherit</b>
<b>egress-conditional-cac-admit</b>	<b>inherit</b>
<b>forked-cac-bw</b>	<b>inherit</b>
<b>cnam-lookup-server</b>	
<b>cnam-lookup-dir</b>	<b>egress</b>
<b>cnam-unavailable-ptype</b>	
<b>cnam-unavailable-utype</b>	
<b>replace-dialogs</b>	<b>enabled</b>

### 9.6.2 Sip Feature

The following sip feature needs to be added to the Configuration of the SBC to enable support for the replaces, allowing for successful consultative transfer:

GUI Path: `session-router/sip-feature`

ALCI Path: `config t→session-router→sip-feature`



### 9.6.3 Sip Interface

The SIP interface defines the transport addresses (IP address and port) upon which the OCSBC Receives and sends SIP messages

Configure three sip interfaces, one associated with PSTN Realm, One for Analog Device, and a third for Microsoft Teams direct routing.

GUI Path: session-router/sip-interface

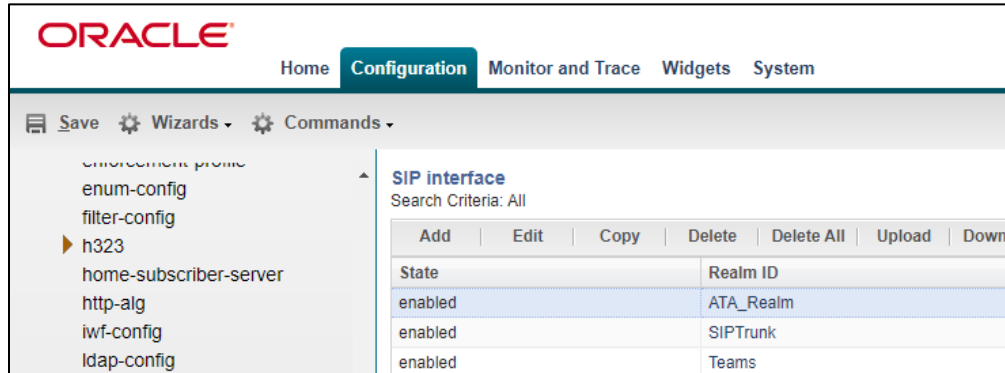
ACL Path: config t→session-router→sip-interface

Click Add, and use the table below as an example to Configure:

Config Parameter	SipTrunk	Teams	ATA
Realm ID	SipTrunk	Teams	ATA_Realm
Sip Profile		forreplace	
Sip Port Config Parameter	Sip Trunk	Teams	
Address	192.168.1.10	141.146.36.68	155.212.214.177
Port	5060	5061	5061
Transport protocol	UDP	TLS	TLS
TLS profile		TLSTeams	TLSanalog
Allow anonymous in-manipulationid	agents-only	agents-only	Agents-only
		RespondOptions	

Please note, this is also where we will be assigned some of the configuration elements configured earlier in this document, ie....

- Sip-Profile
- TLS Profile



### 9.6.4 Session Agents

Session Agents are configuration elements which are trusted agents that can both send and receive traffic from the OCSBC with direct access to the trusted data path.

GUI Path: session-router/session-agent

ACL Path: config t→session-router→session-agent

You will need to configure three Session Agents for the Microsoft Direct Routing Interface

- Click Add, and use the table below to configure:

Config parameter	Session Agent 1	Session Agent 2	Session Agent 3
Hostname	sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com	sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com	sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com
Port	5061	5061	5061
Transport method	StaticTLS	StaticTLS	StaticTLS
Realm ID	Teams	Teams	Teams
Ping Method	OPTIONS	OPTIONS	OPTIONS
Ping Interval	30	30	30
Refer Call Transfer	enabled	enabled	enabled

You may need to configure additional session agents as well, for Sip Trunk and ATA. **This will vary widely based on individual environments and how the ATA is being deployed.** For the purposes of this example only...we will configure two additional session agents, one for SIPTrunk, and another for the Third Party Analog Device

Config parameter	Session Agent PSTN	Session Agent ATA
Hostname	68.68.117.67	155.212.214.170
IP-Address	68.68.117.67	155.212.214.170
Port	5060	5061
Transport method	UDP	StaticTLS
Realm ID	SIPTrunk	ATA_Realm
Ping Method	OPTIONS	OPTIONS
Ping Interval	30	30
Refer Call Transfer	enabled	enabled

The screenshot shows the Oracle configuration interface with the 'Session agent' configuration page. A table lists the configured session agents with columns for Hostname, IP address, Port, State, App protocol, and Realm ID.

Hostname	IP address	Port	State	App protocol	Realm ID
192.168.1.100	192.168.1.100	5060	enabled	SIP	SIPTrunk
sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com		5061	enabled	SIP	Teams
sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com		5061	enabled	SIP	Teams
sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com		5061	enabled	SIP	Teams

- Hit the OK tab at the bottom of each when applicable

### 9.6.5 Session Agent Group

A session agent group allows the SBC to create a load balancing model:

All three Teams session agents configured above will be added to the group.

GUI Path: session-router/session-group

ACL Path: config t→session-router→session-group

- Click Add, and use the following as an example to configure:

The screenshot shows the Oracle configuration interface with the 'Modify Session group' form. The form includes fields for Group name, Description, State, App protocol, Strategy, and Dest.

Group name: TeamsGrp

Description: [Empty]

State:

App protocol: SIP

Strategy: Hunt

Dest: [List of destinations]

Dest
sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com
sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com
sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com

- Click OK at the bottom

## 9.7 Routing Configuration

This section outlines how to configure the OCSBC to route Sip traffic to and from Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Interface, SIPTrunk, and Third Party Analog Device.

The OCSBC has multiple routing options that can be configured based on environment. Since we have only two DID's associated with the analog device, and two DID's assigned to Teams clients in this test environment, we utilized Local Policy Routing performing DID Separation via the TO (Request-URI) Address field in each local policy where applicable.

The DID assignments are as follows:

TeamsUser1: 17814437247

TeamsUser2: 17814437248

ATA Port 1: 17814437383

ATA Port 2: 17814437384

### 9.7.1 Local Policy Configuration

Local Policy config allows for the SBC to route calls from one end of the network to the other based on routing criteria.

GUI Path: session-router/local-policy

ACL Path: config t→session-router→local-policy

*Please note, the To Address field in local policy matches the Request URI in Sip Messages.*

The following local policy routes calls from PSTN and from ATA to Microsoft Teams that match the To Address:

The screenshot shows the Oracle SBC configuration interface for 'Modify Local policy'. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'session-router/local-policy' selected. The main configuration area includes the following fields and values:

- To address:** 17814437247, 17814437248
- Source realm:** SIPTrunk, ATA\_Realm
- Description:** Route To Teams
- State:**
- Policy priority:** none
- Policy attributes:**

Next hop	Realm	Action	Terminat
sag.TeamsGrp	Teams	none	disabled

The Following Routes Calls from PSTN and from MSFT Teams To ATA that match the To Address:

**ORACLE** Home **Configuration** Monitor and Trace Widgets System

Save Wizards Commands

- media-manager
- security
- session-router
  - access-control
  - account-config
  - account-group
  - allowed-elements-profile
  - class-profile
  - diameter-manipulation
  - enforcement-profile
  - enum-config
  - filter-config
  - h323
  - home-subscriber-server
  - http-alg
  - iwf-config
  - ldap-config
  - local-policy**
  - local-response-map
  - local-routing-config
  - media-profile
  - net-management-control
  - qos-constraints
  - response-map
  - service-health
  - session-agent
  - session-agent-id-rule
  - session-constraints
  - session-group

### Modify Local policy

To address:

Add	Edit	Delete
17814437383		
17814437384		

Source realm:

Add	Edit	Delete
Teams		
<b>SIPTTrunk</b>		

Description: Route To ATA

State:

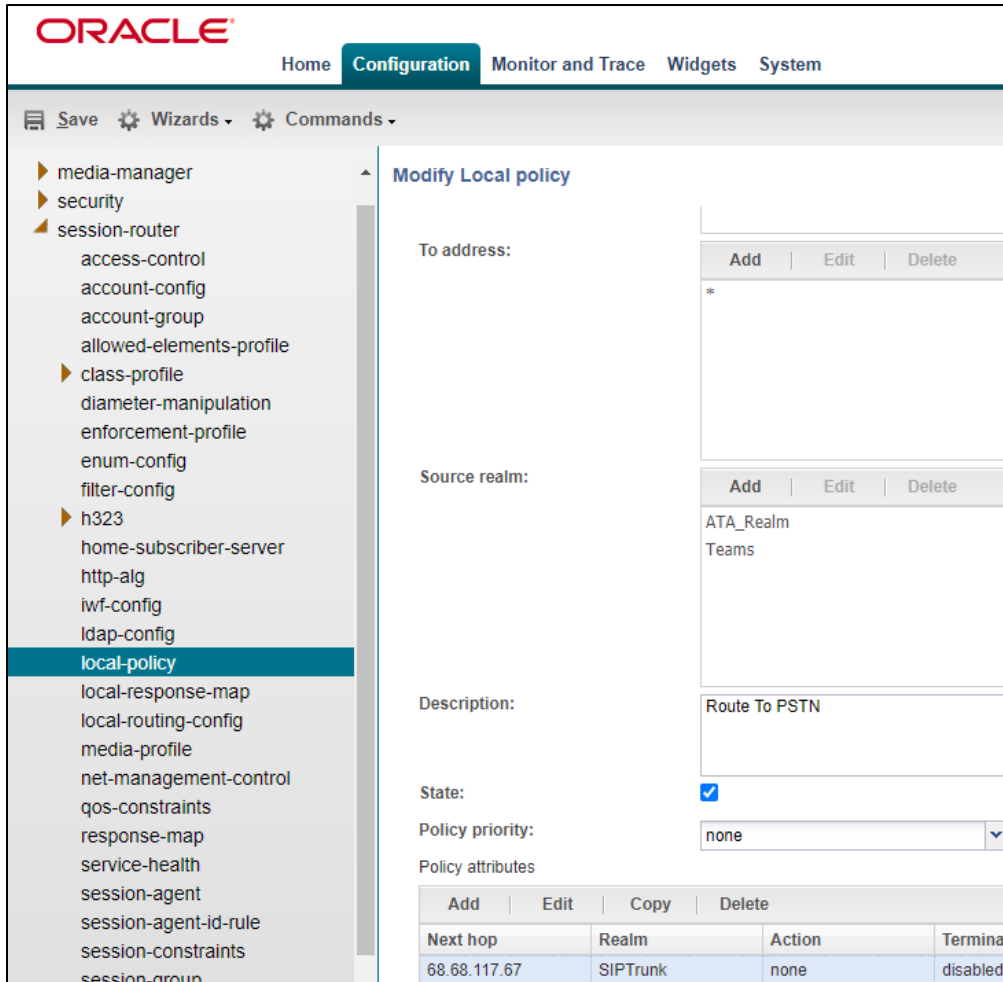
Policy priority: none

Policy attributes

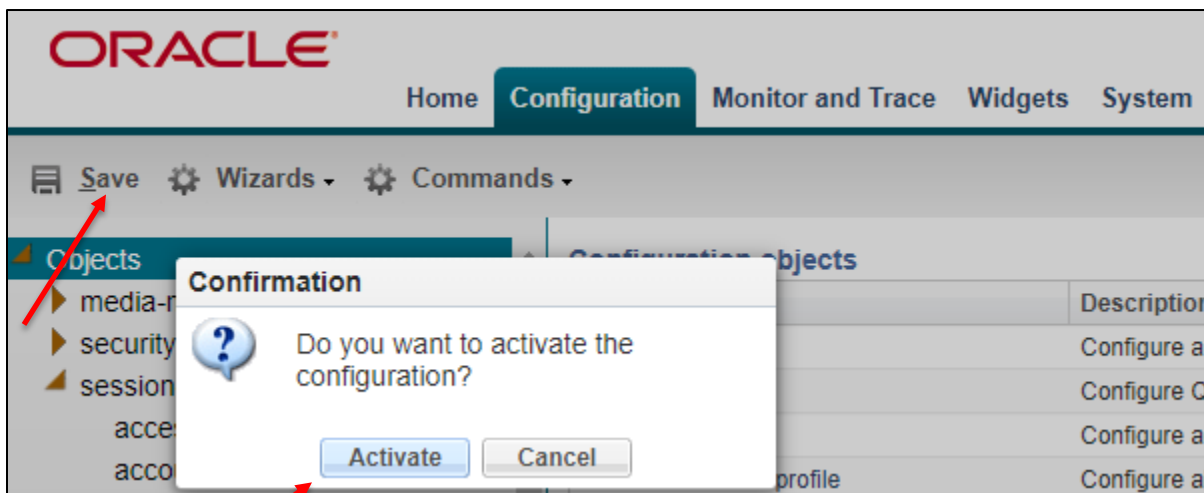
Add	Edit	Copy	Delete
Next hop	Realm	Action	Terminat
155.212.214.170	ATA_Realm	none	disabled

If the above configured local policies do not match the To Address Field, then the following policy will route all calls from either the Analog Device or From Teams to PSTN:





The SBC configuration is now complete. You can now save and activate the configuration.



Move to verify the connection with Microsoft Direct Routing Interface

## 10 Verify Connectivity

### 10.1 OCSBC Options Ping

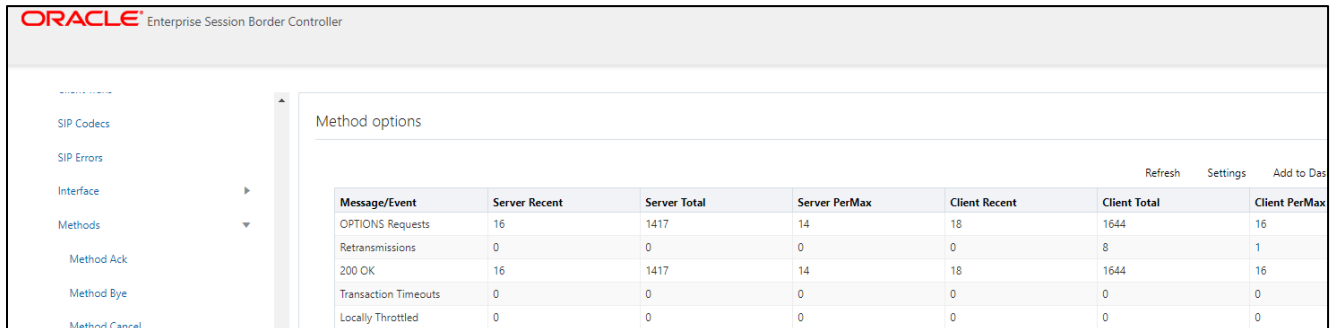
After you've paired the OCSBC with Direct Routing validate that the SBC can successfully exchange SIP Options with Microsoft Direct Routing. (Also verify with PSTN and ATA if applicable)

While in the OCSBC GUI, Utilize the “Widgets” to check for OPTIONS to and from the SBC.

- At the top, click “Wigits”

This brings up the Wigits menu on the left hand side of the screen

GUI Path: Signaling/SIP/Methods/OPTIONS



The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller GUI. On the left is a navigation menu with items like SIP Codecs, SIP Errors, Interface, Methods, Method Ack, Method Bye, and Method Cancel. The main area displays a table titled 'Method options'. The table has columns for Message/Event, Server Recent, Server Total, Server PerMax, Client Recent, Client Total, and Client PerMax. The data rows are: OPTIONS Requests (16, 1417, 14, 18, 1644, 16), Retransmissions (0, 0, 0, 0, 8, 1), 200 OK (16, 1417, 14, 18, 1644, 16), Transaction Timeouts (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0), and Locally Throttled (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0). There are also 'Refresh', 'Settings', and 'Add to Das' buttons at the top right of the table area.

Message/Event	Server Recent	Server Total	Server PerMax	Client Recent	Client Total	Client PerMax
OPTIONS Requests	16	1417	14	18	1644	16
Retransmissions	0	0	0	0	8	1
200 OK	16	1417	14	18	1644	16
Transaction Timeouts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Locally Throttled	0	0	0	0	0	0

- Looking at both the **Server Recent** and **Client Recent**, verify the counters are showing OPTIONS Requests and 200OK responses.

### 10.2 Microsoft SIP Tester Client

SIP Tester client is a sample PowerShell script that you can use to test Direct Routing Session Border Controller (SBC) connections in Microsoft Teams. This script tests basic functionality of a customer-paired Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunk with Direct Routing.

The script submits an SIP test to the test runner, waits for the result, and then presents it in a human-readable format. You can use this script to test the following scenarios:

- Outbound and inbound calls
- Simultaneous ring
- Media escalation
- Consultative transfer

Download the script and Documentation here:

[Sip Tester Client script and documentation](#)

## 11 Syntax Requirements for SIP Invite and SIP Options

Microsoft Teams Hybrid Voice Connectivity interface has requirements for the syntax of SIP messages. This section covers high-level requirements to SIP syntax of Invite, Final Responses to Invite and Options messages. The information can be used as a first step during troubleshooting when calls don't go through. From our experience most of the issues are related to the wrong syntax of SIP messages.

### 11.1 Terminology

- Recommended – not required, but to simplify the troubleshooting, it is recommended to configure as in examples as follow
- Must – strict requirement, the system does not work without the configuration of these parameters

### 11.2 Requirements for Invite Messages

Picture 1 Example of INVITE message

```
INVITE sip:17814437383@telechat.o-test06161977.com;transport=tls SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 155.212.214.173:5061;branch=z9hG4bK3rfq6u10d8f8fonro0k0.1
From: sip:9785551212@ telechat.o-test06161977.com;transport=tls:5061;tag=0A7C0BFE
To: <sip: 17814437383@sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com:5061>
Call-ID: F3154A1E-F3AE-4257-94EA-7F01356AEB55-268289@192.168.4.180
CSeq: 1 INVITE
Content-Length: 245
Content-Type: application/sdp
Contact: <sip:9785551212@ telechat.o-test06161977.com:5061;user=phone;transport=tls>
Allow: ACK, BYE, CANCEL, INFO, INVITE, MESSAGE, NOTIFY, OPTIONS, PRACK, REFER, UPDATE
User-Agent: Oracle SBC
```

Picture 2 Example of 200OK Response To Invite:

```
SIP/2.0 200 Ok
FROM:teamsuser2<sip:+17814437248@sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com:5061;user=phone>;tag=42d0638d0b144
TO: <sip:+17814437266@telechat.o-test06161977.com:5061;user=phone>;tag=cc256d730a030200
CSEQ: 1 INVITE
CALL-ID: 673d06cb86725ab6a3a4605967b9a174
VIA: SIP/2.0/TLS 52.114.7.24:5061;branch=z9hG4bK772330cd
Record-Route: <sip:sip-du-a-as.pstnhub.microsoft.com:5061;transport=tls;lr>
Contact: <sip:+17814437266@telechat.o-test06161977.com:5061;user=phone;transport=tls>;sip.ice
Allow: ACK, BYE, CANCEL, INVITE, OPTIONS, PRACK, REFER
Server: T7100/1.0
Content-Type: application/sdp
Content-Length: 457
Supported: replaces
X-MS-SBC: Oracle/NN4600/8.3.0m1p8A
```

#### 11.2.1 Contact.Header

- Must have the FQDN sub-domain name of a specific Teams tenant for media negotiation.
- Syntax: Contact:: <phone number>@< subdomain FQDN >:<SBC Port>;<transport type>
- MSFT Direct Routing will reject calls if not configured correctly

### 11.3 Requirements for OPTIONS Messages

Picture 2 Example of OPTIONS message

```
OPTIONS sip:sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com:5061;transport=tls SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 155.212.214.173:5061;branch=z9hG4bKumatcr30fod0o13gi060
Call-ID: 4cf0181d4d07a995bcc46b8cd42f9240020000sg52@155.212.214.173
To: sip:ping@sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com
From: <sip:ping@sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com>;tag=0b8d8daa0f6b1665b420aa417f5f4b18000sg52
Max-Forwards: 70
CSeq: 3723 OPTIONS
Route: <sip:52.114.14.70:5061;lr>
Content-Length: 0
Contact: <sip:ping@telechat.o-test06161977.com:5061;transport=tls>
Record-Route: <sip: customers.telechat.o-test06161977.com >
```

#### 11.3.1 Contact Header

- When sending OPTIONS to the Direct Routing Interface Interface “Contact” header should have SBC FQDN in URI
- hostname along with Port & transport parameter set to TLS.
- Syntax: Contact: sip: <FQDN of the SBC:port;transport=tls>
- If the parameter is not set correctly, Teams Direct Routing Interface will not send SIP Options to the SBC

## 12 Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Interface characteristics

Table 1 contains the technical characteristics of the Direct Routing Interface. Microsoft, in most cases, uses RFC standards as a guide during the development. However, Microsoft does not guarantee interoperability with SBCs even if they support all the parameters in table 1 due to specifics of implementation of the standards by SBC vendors. Microsoft has a partnership with some SBC vendors and guarantees their device’s interoperability with the interface. All validated devices are listed on Microsoft’s site. Microsoft only supports the validated devices to connect to Direct Routing Interface. Oracle is one of the vendors who have a partnership with Microsoft.

Category	Parameter	Value	Comments
Ports and IP	SIP Interface FQDN	Refer to Microsoft documentation	
	IP Addresses range for SIP interfaces	Refer to Microsoft documentation	
	SIP Port	5061	
	IP Address range for Media	Refer to Microsoft documentation	
	Media port range on Media Processors	Refer to Microsoft documentation	
	Media Port range on the client	Refer to Microsoft documentation	
Transport and Security	SIP transport	TLS	
	Media Transport	SRTP	
	SRTP Security Context	DTLS, SIPS Note: DTLS is not supported until later time. Please configure SIPS at this moment. Once support of DTLS announced it will be the recommended context	<a href="https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5763">https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5763</a>
	Crypto Suite	AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80, non-MKI	
	Control protocol for media transport	SRTCP (SRTCP-Mux recommended)	Using RTCP mux helps reduce number of required ports
	Supported Certification Authorities	Refer to Microsoft documentation	
	Transport for Media Bypass (of configured)	ICE-lite (RFC5245) – recommended, · Client also has Transport Relays	
Codecs	Audio codecs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· G711</li> <li>· Silk (Teams clients)</li> <li>· Opus (WebRTC clients) - Only if Media Bypass is used;</li> <li>· G729</li> <li>· G722</li> </ul>	
	Other codecs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· CN <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o Required narrowband and wideband</li> </ul> </li> <li>· RED – Not required</li> <li>· DTMF – Required</li> <li>· Events 0-16</li> <li>· Silence Suppression – Not required</li> </ul>	

### 13 SIP Access Controls (Mandatory for MSFT Teams)

The Oracle Session Border Controller (SBC) family of products are designed to increase security when deploying Voice over IP (VoIP) or Unified Communications (UC) solutions. Properly configured, Oracle's SBC family helps protect IT assets, safeguard confidential information, and mitigate risks—all while ensuring the high service levels which users expect from the corporate phone system and the public telephone network.

Please note, DDOS values are specific to platform and environment. For more detailed information please refer to the Oracle Communications SBC Security Guide.

<https://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/communications/session-border-controller/9.0.0/security/security-guide.pdf>

However. While some values are environment specific, there are some basic security parameters that can be implemented on the SBC that will help secure your setup.

1. On all public facing interfaces, create Access-Controls to only allow sip traffic from trusted IP's with a trust level of high
2. Set the access control trust level on public facing [realms](#) to HIGH

Microsoft Teams has two subnets, 52.112.0.0/14 and 52.120.0.0/14 that must be allowed to send traffic to the SBC. Both must be configured as an access control on the Oracle SBC and associated with the realm facing Teams.

Use this example to create ACL's for all MSFT Teams subnets. This example can be followed for any of the public facing interfaces, ie...SipTrunk, etc...

GUI Path: session-router/access-control

ACLI Path: config t session-router access-control

Use this example to create ACL's for both MSFT Teams subnets, 52.112.0.0/14 and 52.120.0.0/14.

The screenshot displays the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller configuration interface. The top header shows the Oracle logo and the product name 'Enterprise Session Border Controller'. Below the header, the version information 'SolutionsLab-vSBC-1 10.1.1.4 SCZ9.0.0 Patch 2 (Build 172)' is visible. The main interface is divided into a left-hand navigation pane and a right-hand configuration area. The navigation pane, titled 'Configuration', lists various configuration sections: media-manager, security, session-router, access-control (highlighted), account-config, filter-config, ldap-config, local-policy, local-routing-config, media-profile, session-agent, and session-group. A 'View Configuration' button and a search icon are located at the top of the navigation pane. The right-hand configuration area is titled 'Modify Access Control' and contains the following fields: Realm ID (set to 'Teams'), Description (empty), Source Address (52.112.0.0/14), Destination Address (0.0.0.0), Application Protocol (SIP), Transport Protocol (ALL), Access (permit), Average Rate Limit (0), and Trust Level (high).

- Select OK at the bottom

This concludes the required configuration of the SBC to properly interface with Microsoft Teams Phone System Direct Routing.

## 14 Appendix A

### 14.1 SBC Behind NAT SPL configuration

This configuration is needed when your SBC is behind a NAT device. This is configured to avoid loss in voice path and SIP signaling.

The Support for SBC Behind NAT SPL plug-in changes information in SIP messages to hide the end point located inside the private network. The specific information that the Support for SBC Behind NAT SPL plug-in changes depends on the direction of the call, for example, from the NAT device to the SBC or from the SBC to the NAT device. Configure the Support for SBC Behind NAT SPL plug-in for each SIP interface that is connected to a NAT device. One public-private address pair is required for each SIP interface that uses the SPL plug-in, as follows.

- The private IP address must be the same as the SIP Interface IP address.
- The public IP address must be the public IP address of the NAT device

Here is an example configuration with SBC Behind NAT SPL config. The SPL is applied to the Teams side SIP interface.

To configure SBC Behind NAT SPL Plug in, Go to session-router->sip-interface->spl-options and input the following value, save and activate.

HeaderNatPublicSipIflp=52.151.236.203,HeaderNatPrivateSipIflp=10.0.4.4

Here HeaderNatPublicSipIflp is the public interface ip and HeaderNatPrivateSipIflp is the private ip.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Configuration', 'Monitor and Trace', 'Widgets', and 'System'. Below the navigation bar, there are tabs for 'Save', 'Wizards', and 'Commands'. The left sidebar contains a tree view of configuration categories, with 'h323' selected. The main content area is titled 'Modify SIP interface' and contains the following fields:

- TCP nat interval: 90
- Registration caching:
- Min reg expire: 300
- Registration interval: 3600
- Route to registrar:
- Secured network:
- Uri fqdn domain: [empty field]
- Options: [empty table with 'Add', 'Edit', and 'Delete' buttons]
- Spl options: HeaderNatPublicSipIflp=52.151.236.203

- This configuration would be applied to each Sip Interface in the OCSBC configuration that was deployed behind a Nat Device



## 15 Caveats

### 15.1 No Audio-On-Hold

Microsoft has enabled the ability for the Direct Routing Interface to generate Music when a Teams Client parks or places a call on hold. Since this feature implementation, which currently cannot be disabled, some users have experienced no audio when trying to retrieve calls in which hold or park was initiated by a Microsoft Teams Client

This caveat has only been applicable to SBC's deployed as Virtual Machines, or VME SBC's.

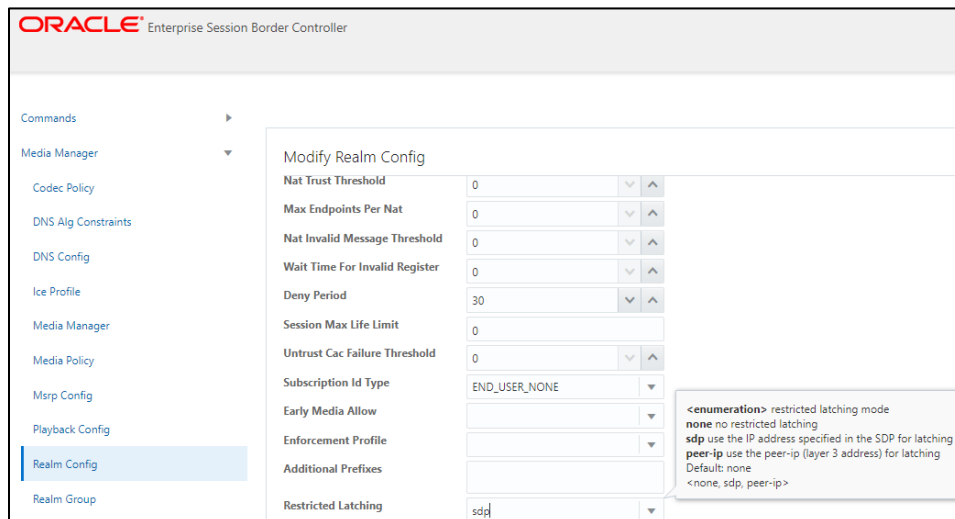
To correct this, Oracle recommends enabling Restricted Media Latching on realms configured for Microsoft Teams in the OCSBC.

The restricted media latching feature lets the Oracle® Session Border Controller latch only to media from a known source IP address, in order to learn and latch the dynamic UDP port number. The restricting IP addresses origin can be either the SDP information or the SIP message's Layer 3 (L3) IP address, depending on the configuration.

Deploying an OCSBC as a VME with Microsoft Direct routing, set this parameter to **SDP**.

GUI Path: media-manger/realm-config

ACL Path: config t→media-manger→realm-config



The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller GUI. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: Commands, Media Manager (expanded), Codec Policy, DNS Alg Constraints, DNS Config, Ice Profile, Media Manager, Media Policy, Msrp Config, Playback Config, Realm Config (highlighted), and Realm Group. The main content area is titled 'Modify Realm Config' and contains several configuration parameters:

Parameter	Value
Nat Trust Threshold	0
Max Endpoints Per Nat	0
Nat Invalid Message Threshold	0
Wait Time For Invalid Register	0
Deny Period	30
Session Max Life Limit	0
Untrust Cac Failure Threshold	0
Subscription Id Type	END_USER_NONE
Early Media Allow	
Enforcement Profile	
Additional Prefixes	
Restricted Latching	sdp

A tooltip is displayed for the 'Restricted Latching' dropdown menu, containing the following text:

```
<enumeration> restricted latching mode
none no restricted latching
sdp use the IP address specified in the SDP for latching
peer-ip use the peer-ip (layer 3 address) for latching
Default: none
<none, sdp, peer-ip>
```

- Click OK at the bottom
- Save and activate the configuration

## 16 Running Configuration

Below is the CLI output of show running config short. This only reflects parameters that have been modified from their default values.

```
show running-config short
```

```
access-control
  realm-id          ATA_Realm
  source-address    155.212.214.170
  application-protocol SIP
  trust-level       high
access-control
  realm-id          Teams
  source-address    52.112.0.0/14
  destination-address 141.146.36.68
  application-protocol SIP
  trust-level       high
access-control
  realm-id          SIPTrunk
  source-address    68.68.117.67
  application-protocol SIP
  trust-level       high
certificate-record
  name              ATACert
  locality          Bedford
  organization       Oracle
  unit              Solutions
  common-name       proxysbc.com
certificate-record
  name              BaltimoreRoot
  common-name       Baltimore CyberTrust Root
certificate-record
  name              DigiCertInter
  common-name       DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA
certificate-record
  name              DigiCertRoot
  common-name       DigiCert Global Root CA
certificate-record
  name              InernalCACert
  locality          Bedford
  organization       Oracle
  unit              Solutions
  common-name       solutionslab
certificate-record
  name              TeamsEnterpriseCert
  state             California
  locality          Redwood City
  organization       Oracle Corporation
  common-name       telechat.o-test06161977.com
  extended-key-usage-list serverAuth
  ClientAuth
codec-policy
  name              OptimizeCodecs
```

```

allow-codecs          * G722:no PCMA:no CN:no SIREN:no RED:no G729:no
add-codecs-on-egress PCMU
codec-policy
  name                addCN
  allow-codecs        *
  add-codecs-on-egress CN
dtls-srtp-profile
  name                TeamsDTLS
  tls-profile         TLSTeams
  crypto-suite        SRTP_AES128_CM_HMAC_SHA1_32
host-route
  dest-network        8.8.0.0
  netmask             255.255.0.0
  gateway             141.146.36.65
ice-profile
  name                ice
  stun-conn-timeout   0
  stun-keep-alive-interval 0
local-policy
  from-address        *
  to-address          *
  source-realm        ATA_Realm
                      Teams
  policy-attribute
    next-hop          68.68.117.67
    realm             SIPTrunk
local-policy
  from-address        *
  to-address          17814437247
                      17814437248
  source-realm        ATA_Realm
                      SIPTrunk
  policy-attribute
    next-hop          SAG:TeamsGrp
    realm             Teams
local-policy
  from-address        *
  to-address          17814437383
                      17814437384
  source-realm        SIPTrunk
                      Teams
  policy-attribute
    next-hop          155.212.214.170
    realm             ATA_Realm
media-manager
  options             audio-allow-asymmetric-pt
                      xcode-gratuitous-rtcp-report-generation
  max-untrusted-signaling 1
  min-untrusted-signaling 1
media-profile
  name                CN
  subname             wideband
  payload-type        118
  clock-rate          16000
media-profile

```

```

name                SILK
subname             narrowband
payload-type        103
clock-rate          8000
media-profile
name                SILK
subname             wideband
payload-type        104
clock-rate          16000
media-sec-policy
name                RTP
media-sec-policy
name                sdesPolicy
inbound
  profile            SDES
  mode               srtp
  protocol           sdes
outbound
  profile            SDES
  mode               srtp
  protocol           sdes
network-interface
name                s0p0
ip-address          141.146.36.68
netmask             255.255.255.192
gateway             141.146.36.65
dns-ip-primary      8.8.8.8
dns-ip-backup1     8.8.4.4
dns-domain          telechat.o-test06161977.com
hip-ip-list         141.146.36.100
icmp-address        141.146.36.100
network-interface
name                s1p0
ip-address          192.168.1.10
netmask             255.255.255.0
gateway             192.168.1.1
network-interface
name                s1p1
ip-address          155.212.214.177
netmask             255.255.255.0
gateway             155.212.214.1
phy-interface
name                s0p0
operation-type      Media
phy-interface
name                s1p0
operation-type      Media
slot                1
phy-interface
name                s1p1
operation-type      Media
port                1
slot                1
realm-config
identifier          ATA_Realm

```

```

network-interfaces          s1p1:0
mm-in-realm                 enabled
media-sec-policy           sdesPolicy
access-control-trust-level high
codec-policy               OptimizeCodecs
realm-config
  identifier                 SIPTrunk
  network-interfaces        s1p0:0
  mm-in-realm               enabled
  qos-enable                enabled
  media-sec-policy          RTP
  access-control-trust-level high
  codec-policy              OptimizeCodecs
realm-config
  identifier                 Teams
  description               Realm Facing Teams Direct Routing
  network-interfaces        s0p0:0
  mm-in-realm               enabled
  qos-enable                enabled
  media-sec-policy          sdesPolicy
  rtcp-mux                  enabled
  ice-profile                ice
  teams-fqdn                 telechat.o-test16161977.com
  teams-fqdn-in-uri         enabled
  sdp-inactive-only         enabled
  access-control-trust-level high
  codec-policy              addCN
  rtcp-policy               rtcpGen
rtcp-policy
  name                       rtcpGen
  rtcp-generate              all-calls
sdes-profile
  name                       SDES
  crypto-list                AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_32
                           AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80
  lifetime                   31
session-agent
  hostname                   155.212.214.170
  ip-address                 155.212.214.170
  port                       5061
  transport-method           StaticTLS
  realm-id                   ATA_Realm
  ping-method                OPTIONS
  ping-interval              30
  reuse-connections          TCP
session-agent
  hostname                   68.68.117.67
  ip-address                 68.68.117.67
  realm-id                   SIPTrunk
  ping-method                OPTIONS
  ping-interval              30
session-agent
  hostname                   sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com
  port                       5061
  transport-method           StaticTLS

```

realm-id	Teams
ping-method	OPTIONS
ping-interval	30
refer-call-transfer	enabled
session-agent	
hostname	sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com
port	5061
transport-method	StaticTLS
realm-id	Teams
ping-method	OPTIONS
ping-interval	30
refer-call-transfer	enabled
session-agent	
hostname	sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com
port	5061
transport-method	StaticTLS
realm-id	Teams
ping-method	OPTIONS
ping-interval	30
refer-call-transfer	enabled
session-group	
group-name	TeamsGrp
dest	sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com
sag-recursion	enabled
stop-sag-recurse	401,407,480
sip-config	
home-realm-id	Teams
registrar-domain	*
registrar-host	*
registrar-port	5060
options	inmanip-before-validate max-udp-length=0
sip-message-len	0
extra-method-stats	enabled
sip-feature	
name	replaces
realm	Teams
require-mode-inbound	Pass
require-mode-outbound	Pass
sip-interface	
realm-id	ATA_Realm
sip-port	
address	155.212.214.177
port	5061
transport-protocol	TLS
tls-profile	TLSSAnalog
allow-anonymous	agents-only
nat-traversal	rport
sip-interface	
realm-id	SIPTrunk
sip-port	
address	192.168.1.10
allow-anonymous	agents-only

secured-network	enabled
sip-interface	
realm-id	Teams
sip-port	
address	141.146.36.68
port	5061
transport-protocol	TLS
tls-profile	TLSTeams
allow-anonymous	agents-only
in-manipulationid	RespondOptions
options	100rel-interworking
sip-profile	forreplaces
sip-monitoring	
monitoring-filters	*
sip-profile	
name	forreplaces
replace-dialogs	enabled
steering-pool	
ip-address	141.146.36.68
start-port	20000
end-port	40000
realm-id	Teams
steering-pool	
ip-address	155.212.214.177
start-port	20000
end-port	40000
realm-id	ATA_Realm
steering-pool	
ip-address	192.168.1.10
start-port	20000
end-port	40000
realm-id	SIPTrunk
system-config	
hostname	telechat.o-test06161977.com
description	SBC for Analog and Teams
location	Burlington, MA
system-log-level	NOTICE
comm-monitor	
default-gateway	10.138.194.129
source-routing	enabled
snmp-agent-mode	v1v2
tls-global	
session-caching	enabled
tls-profile	
name	TLSanalog
end-entity-certificate	ATACert
trusted-ca-certificates	InernalCACert
cipher-list	ALL
options	ignore-root-ca=yes

```
tls-profile
  name TLSTeams
  end-entity-certificate TeamsEnterpriseCert
  trusted-ca-certificates BaltimoreRoot
  DigiCertGlobalRootG2
  mutual-authenticate enabled
web-server-config
```





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