Oracle SBC integration with Avaya Aura Session Manager for Remote Worker Config in TLS mode

Technical Application Note

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Revision History

Version	Description of Changes	Date Revision Completed
1.0	Oracle SBC integration with Avaya Aura Session Manager for Remote Worker Config in TLS mode	09th November 2020
1.1	Refreshed the app note with testing of Avaya Aura Session Manager for Remote Worker Config in TLS mode with SBC 9.0 version	08th April 2022

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1. Intended Audience

This document is intended for use by Oracle Systems Engineers, third party Systems Integrators, Oracle Enterprise customers and partners and end users of the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller (SBC). It is assumed that the reader is familiar with basic operations of the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller platform along with Avaya Aura System Manager GUI and Avaya Aura Session Manager.

2. Document Overview

This Oracle technical application note outlines the configuration needed to set up the interworking between on premises Avaya Aura Session Manager using Oracle SBC. The solution contained within this document has been tested using Oracle Communication **OS 840p3** and **OS 900p2** version. Our scope of this document is only limited to registering third party SIP phones (Both Local and remote location) to Avaya Session Manager using Oracle SBC and testing various types of call features with Avaya remote worker phones using TLS protocol.

In addition, it should be noted that the SBC configuration provided in this guide focuses strictly on the Avaya Server associated parameters. Many SBC applications may have additional configuration requirements that are specific to individual customer requirements. These configuration items are not covered in this guide. Please contact your Oracle representative with any questions pertaining to this topic.

Please note that the IP address, FQDN and config name and its details given in this document is used as reference purpose only. The same details cannot be used in customer config and the end users can use the configuration details according to their network requirements. There are some public facing IPs (externally routable IPs) that we use for our testing are masked in this document for security reasons. The customers can configure any publicly routable IPs for these sections as per their network architecture needs.

3. Introduction

3.1. Audience

This is a technical document intended for telecommunications engineers with the purpose of configuring Avaya Aura System Manager GUI and Avaya Aura Session manager server in 8.1 version using Oracle Enterprise SBC. There will be steps that require navigating to Oracle SBC GUI interface, understanding the basic concepts of TCP/UDP, IP/Routing, SIP/TLS/SRTP and SIP/RTP are also necessary to complete the configuration and for troubleshooting, if necessary. It is also understood that the end user has already configured Avaya Aura Session Manager configuration before referring this document.

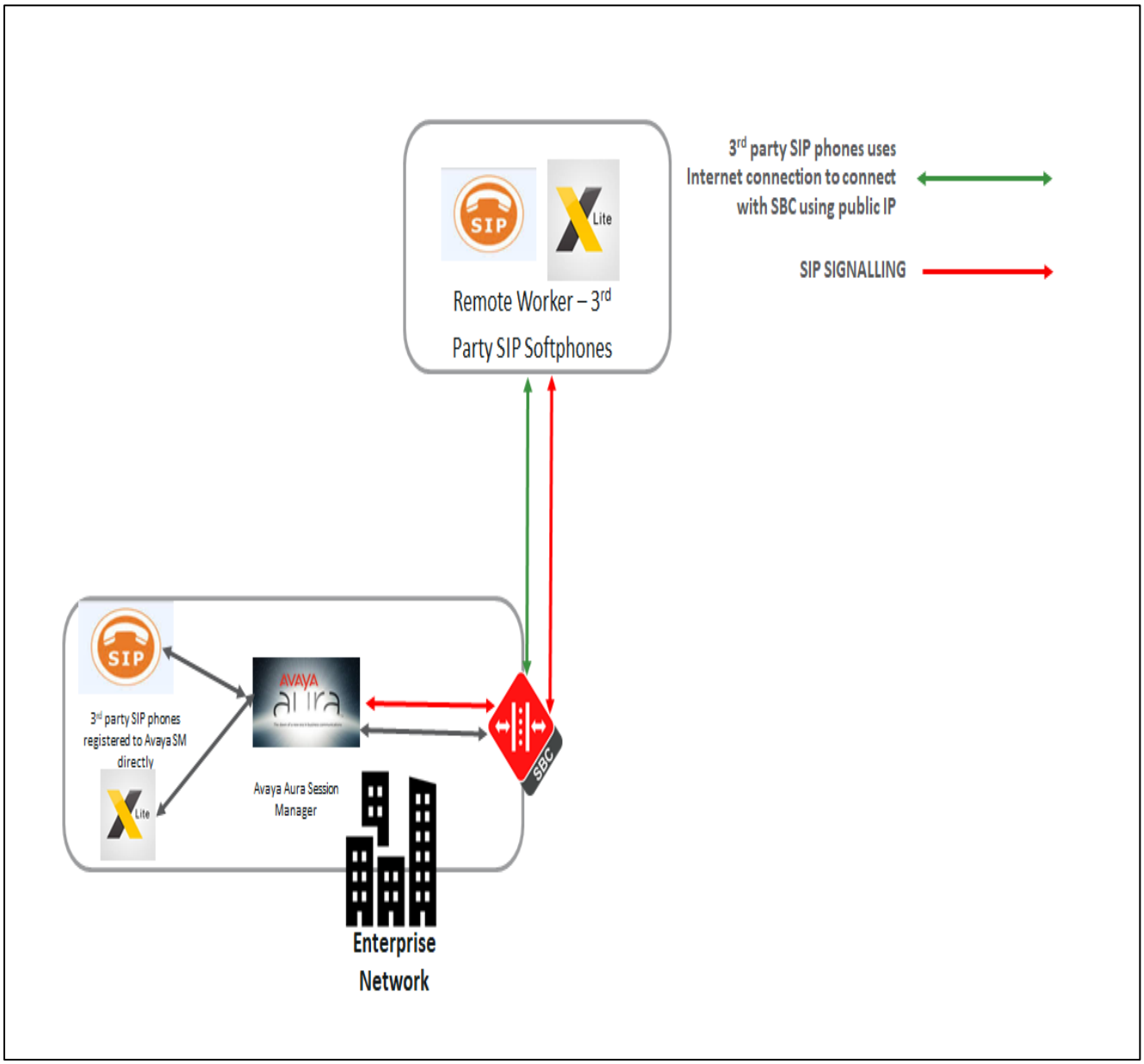
3.2. Requirements

- Fully functioning Avaya Aura Session Manager 8.1 version.
- Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller (hereafter Oracle SBC) running 8.4.0 / 9.0.0 version

The below revision table explains the versions of the software used for each component:
This table is Revision 1 as of now:

Software Used	Avaya Aura Session Manager using Avaya Aura System Manager GUI	SBC Version
Revision 1	8.1	8.4.0
Revision 2	8.1	9.0.0

3.3. Architecture

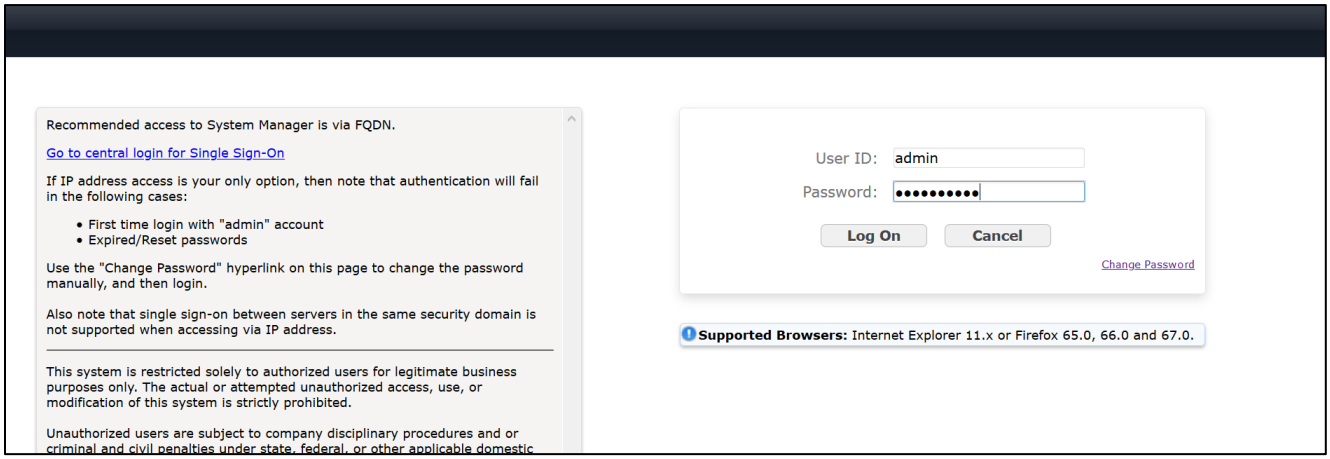


The configuration, validation and troubleshooting is the focus of this document and will be described in two phases:

- Phase 1 – Configuring the Avaya Aura Session Manager for Oracle SBC
- Phase 2 – Configuring the Oracle SBC.

4. Configuring the Avaya Aura Session Manager 8.1

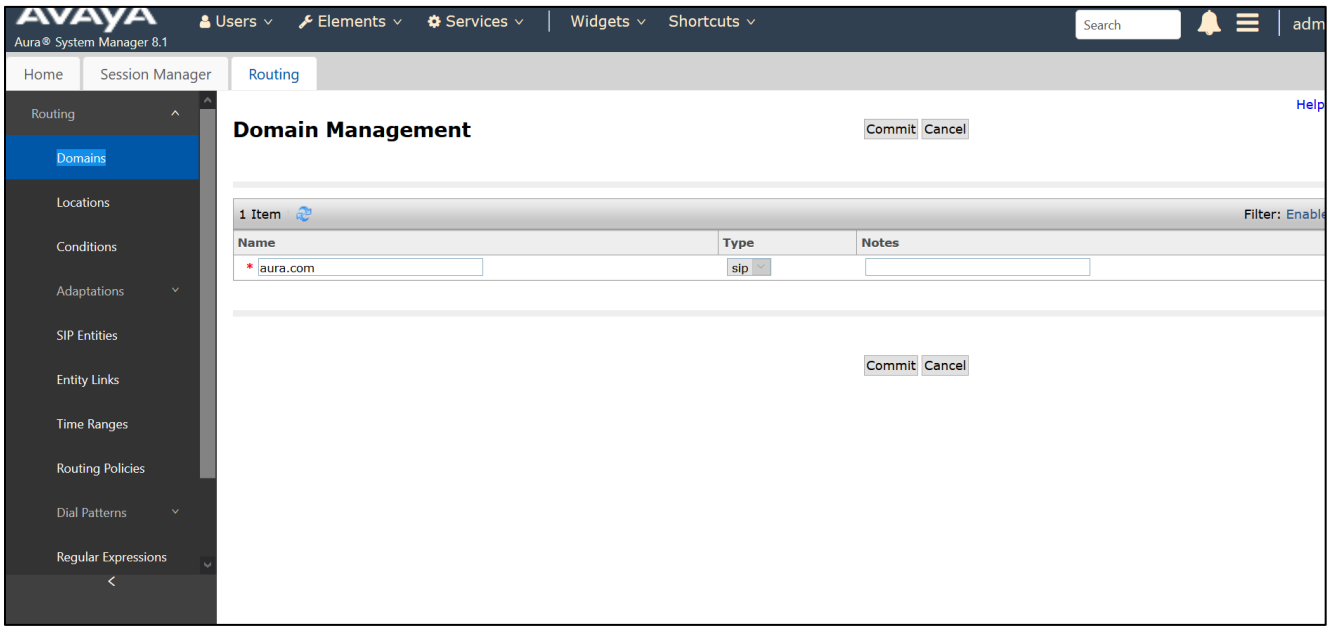
Please login to Avaya Aura System Manager web GUI with proper login credentials (Username and password). After that, perform the steps below in the given order.



4.1. Adding SIP Domain

Click on Routing under the Elements section
On the Routing tab, select Domains and Click New

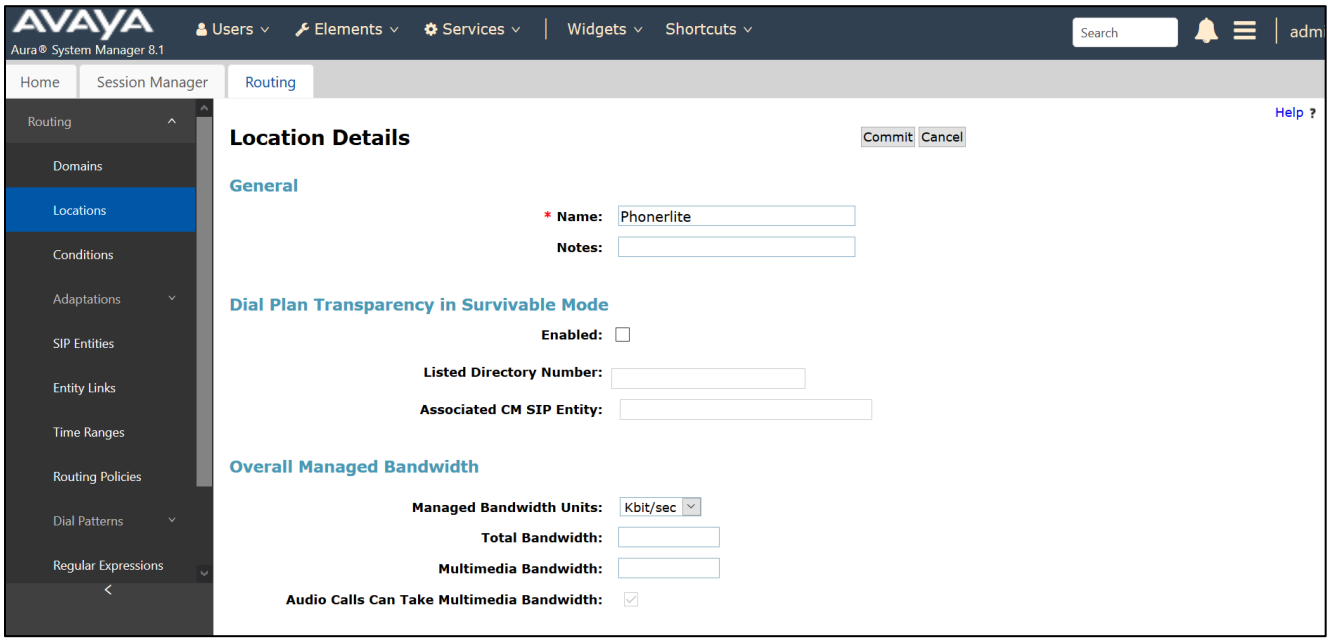
- Set domain name as aura.com (Example in this config)
- Set Type as SIP
- click “Commit” to save the configuration



4.2. Adding Location

Click on Routing under the Elements section
On the Routing tab, select Locations and Click New

- Set Name as Phonerlite
- Leave all other fields as default values and click “Commit” to save the configuration.

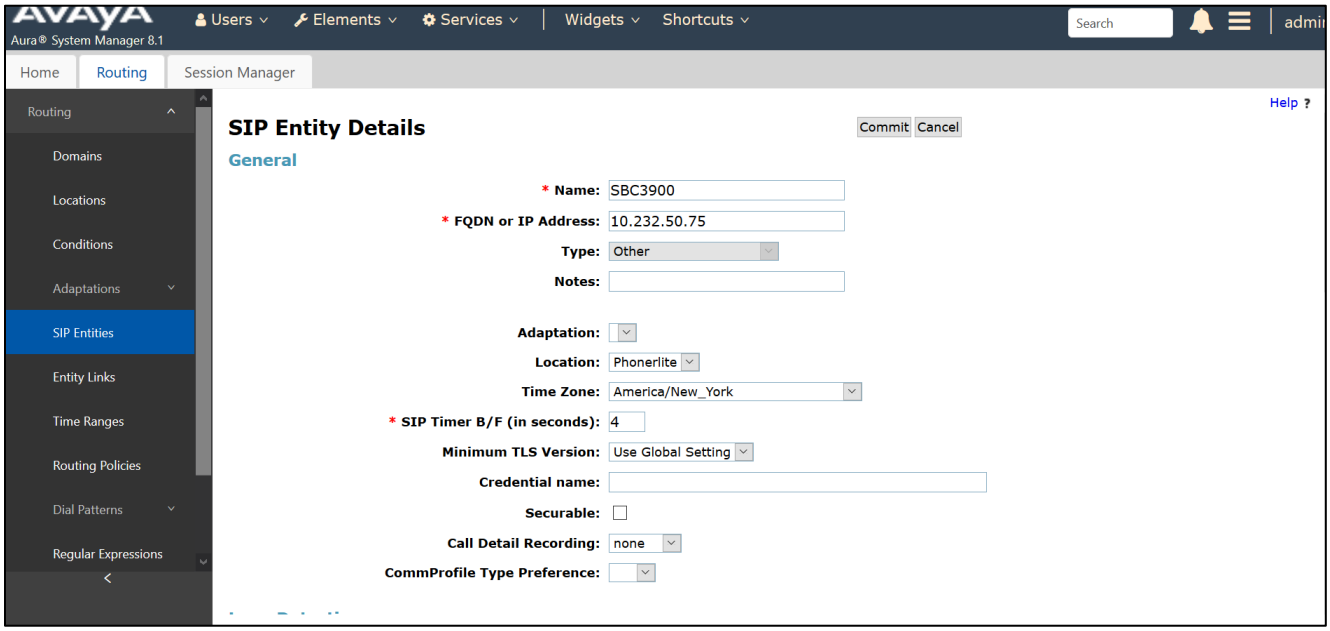


4.3. Adding the SBC as a SIP Entity and Configuring an Entity Link

Click on Routing under the Elements section
On the Routing tab, select SIP Entities from the menu on the left side of the screen.
Click New to add the SBC as a SIP entity as shown below.

- Set Name: SBC3900 (example in this configuration)
- Set FQDN or IP Address: This is the “inside” IP address of Oracle E-SBC, 10.50.232.75 in this example.
- Set Type: Other
- Set Location: Select Phonerlite from drop down (example in this configuration)
- Set Time Zone: America/New_York (example in this configuration)
- Under Entity Links, Click Add
- Set SIP Entity 1: Select acme-sm which was previously configured
- Set SIP Entity 2: leave the default value SBC3900
- Set Protocol: UDP/TCP/TLS based on our testing
- Set Ports: Set both Ports to 5060/5061 for testing
- Set Connection Policy: trusted

Leave all other fields as default values and click “Commit” to save the configuration.


AVAYA
Aura® System Manager 8.1
Users
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Shortcuts
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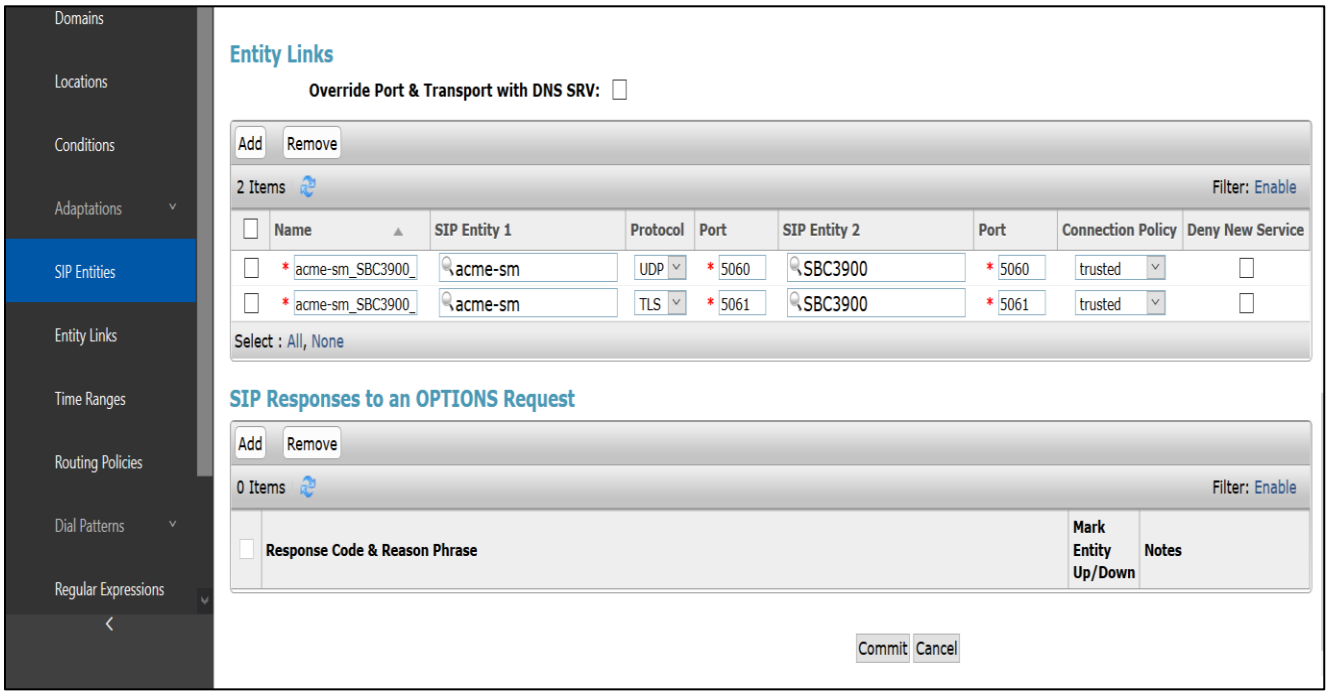
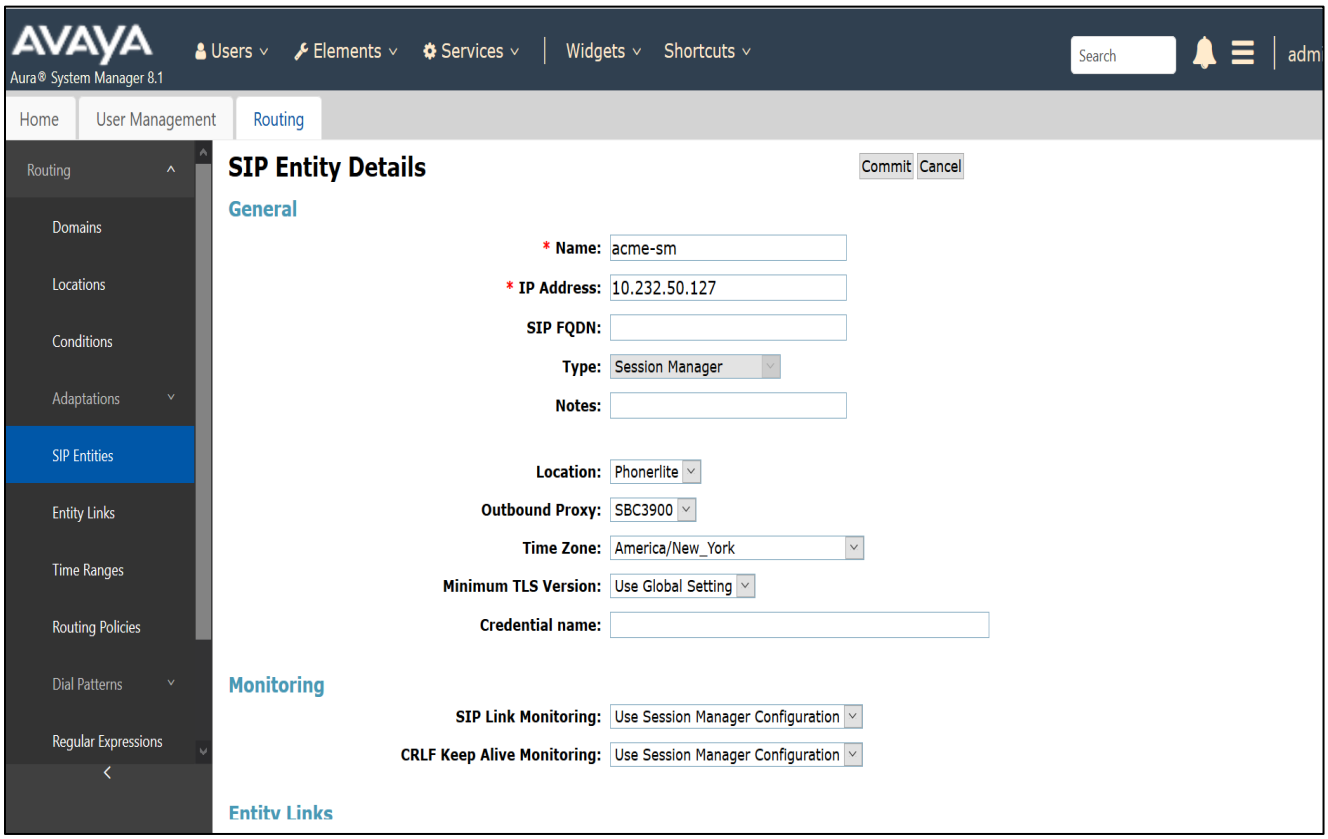
Home
Routing
Session Manager
Routing
Domains
Locations
Conditions
Adaptations
SIP Entities
Entity Links
Time Ranges
Routing Policies
Dial Patterns
Regular Expressions
Help ?
SIP Entity Details
Commit
Cancel
General
* Name: SBC3900
* FQDN or IP Address: 10.232.50.75
Type: Other
Notes:
Adaptation:
Location: Phonerlite
Time Zone: America/New_York
* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds): 4
Minimum TLS Version: Use Global Setting
Credential name:
Securable:
Call Detail Recording: none
CommProfile Type Preference:


Domains
Locations
Conditions
Adaptations
SIP Entities
Entity Links
Time Ranges
Routing Policies
Dial Patterns
Regular Expressions
Entity Links
Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:
Add
Remove
2 Items
Filter: Enable
Name
SIP Entity 1
Protocol
Port
SIP Entity 2
Port
Connection Policy
Deny New Service
* acme-sm_SBC3900_
acme-sm
UDP
* 5060
SBC3900
* 5060
trusted
* acme-sm_SBC3900_
acme-sm
TLS
* 5061
SBC3900
* 5061
trusted
Select : All, None
SIP Responses to an OPTIONS Request
Add
Remove
0 Items
Filter: Enable
Response Code & Reason Phrase
Mark Entity Up/Down
Notes
Commit
Cancel

Please configure Avaya Session Manager as another SIP entity in the same way as we added SBC:

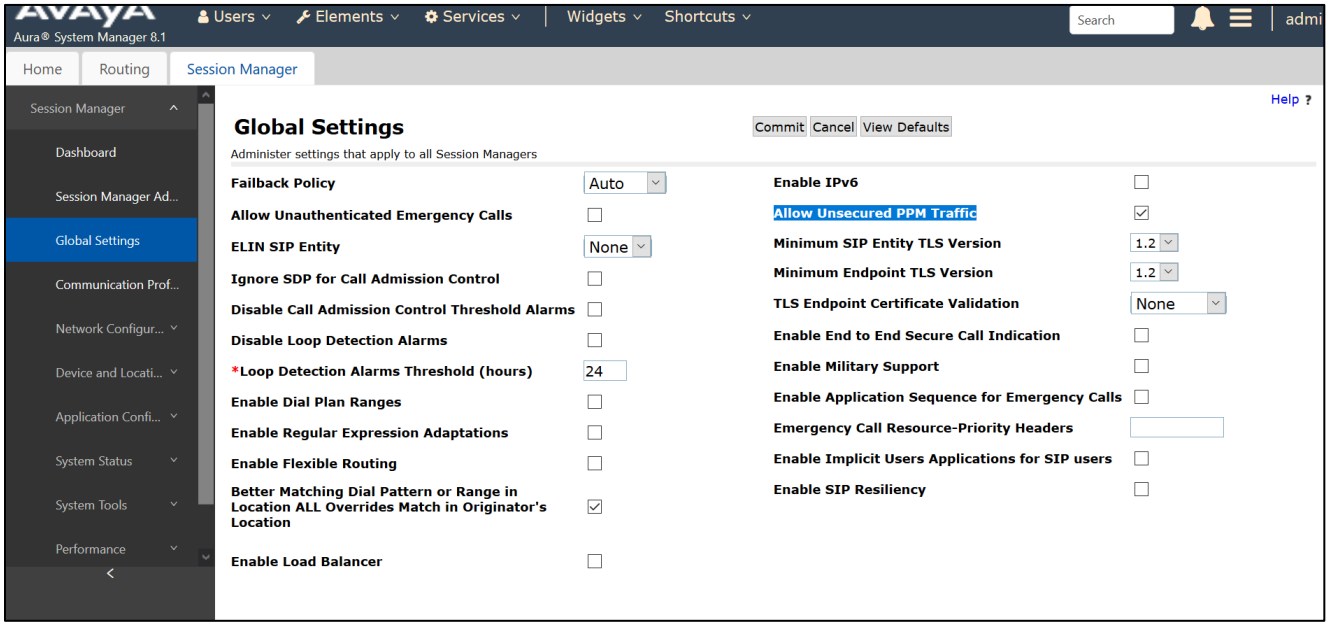
- Set Name: acme-sm (example in this configuration)
- Set FQDN or IP Address: This is the SIP IP address of Avaya SM, 10.50.232.127 in this example.
- Set Type: Session Manager
- Leave all other fields as default values and click “Commit” to save the configuration.



4.4. Allowing Unsecured PPM Traffic (only if TLS is not used) and PPM Rate Limiting

Navigate to: Elements->Session Manager->Global Settings

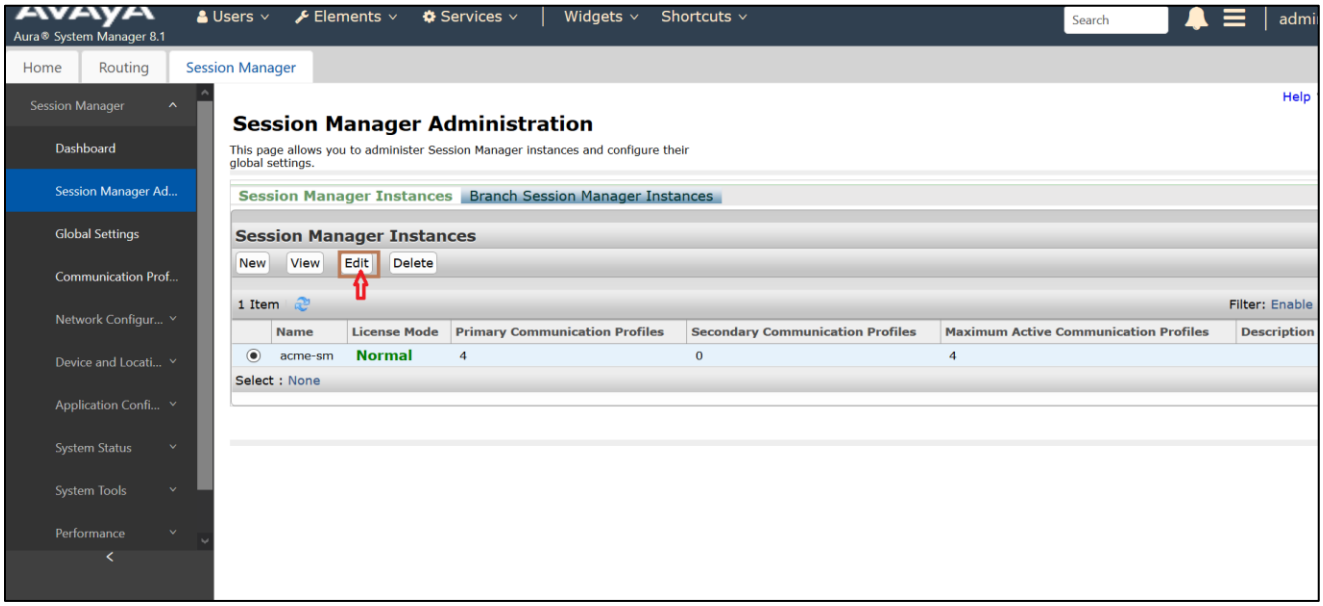
Set Allow Unsecured PPM Traffic: **checked**.
Note that this is only required if you're using HTTP for the PPM downloads.
If you're using HTTPS as shown in the E-SBC configuration, leave this unchecked.



Navigate to: Elements->Session Manager->Global Settings Session Manager Administration.

Select the proper Session Manager instance and click Edit

- Scroll down to PPM – Connection Settings
- Set Limited PPM Client Connection: unchecked
- Set PPM Packet Rate Limiting: unchecked
- Leave all other fields as default and Click Commit to save Session Manager Administration page.


Aura® System Manager 8.1
Users
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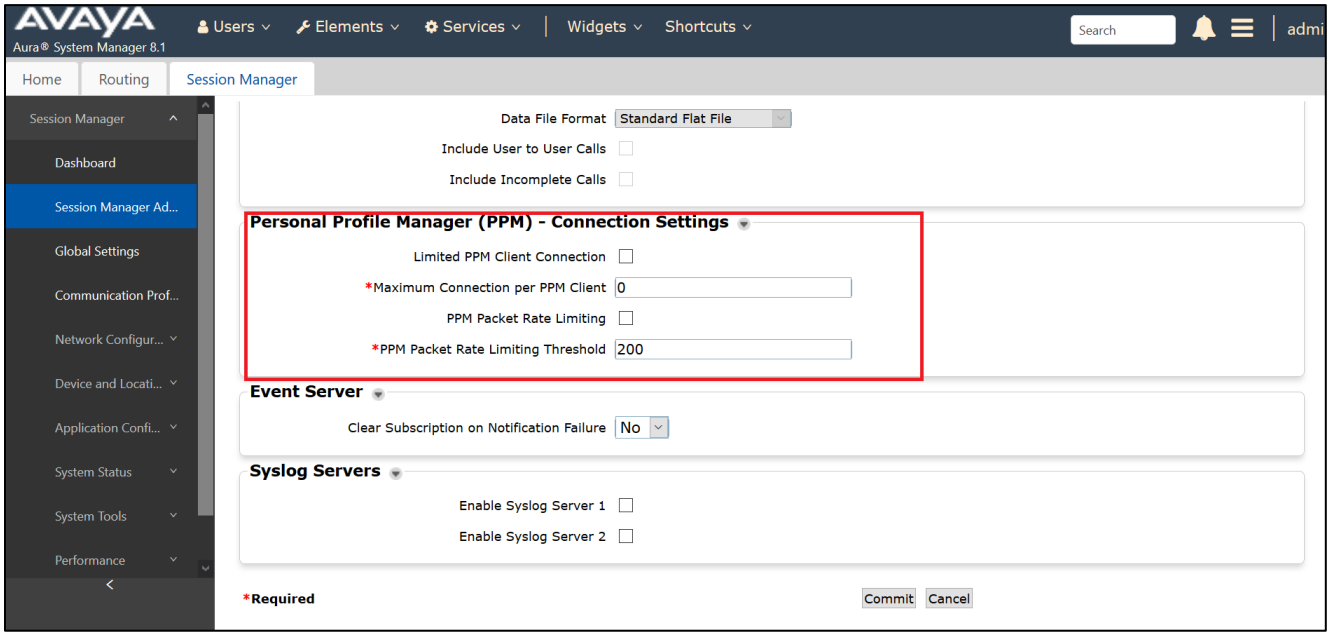
Dashboard
Session Manager Ad...
Global Settings
Communication Prof...
Network Configur...
Device and Locati...
Application Confi...
System Status
System Tools
Performance
Help
Session Manager Administration
This page allows you to administer Session Manager instances and configure their global settings.
Session Manager Instances
Branch Session Manager Instances
Session Manager Instances
New
View
Edit
Delete
1 Item
Filter: Enable
Name
License Mode
Primary Communication Profiles
Secondary Communication Profiles
Maximum Active Communication Profiles
Description
acme-sm
Normal
4
0
4
Select : None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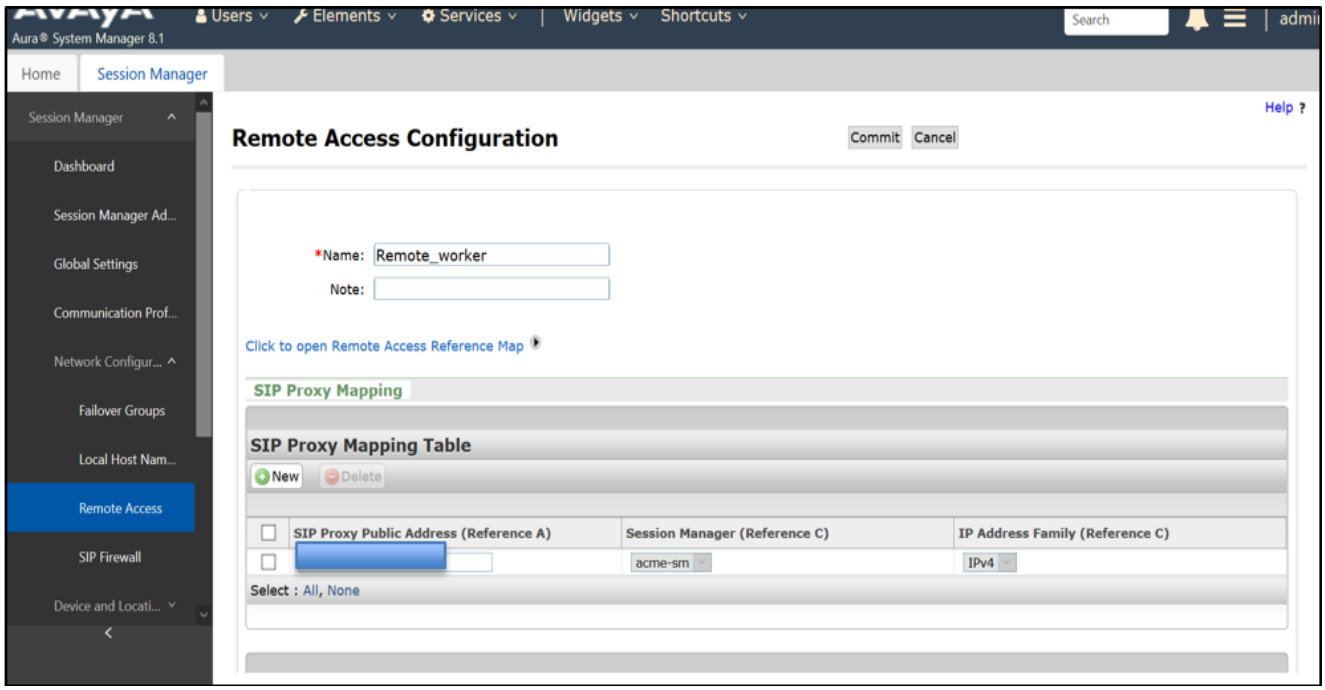
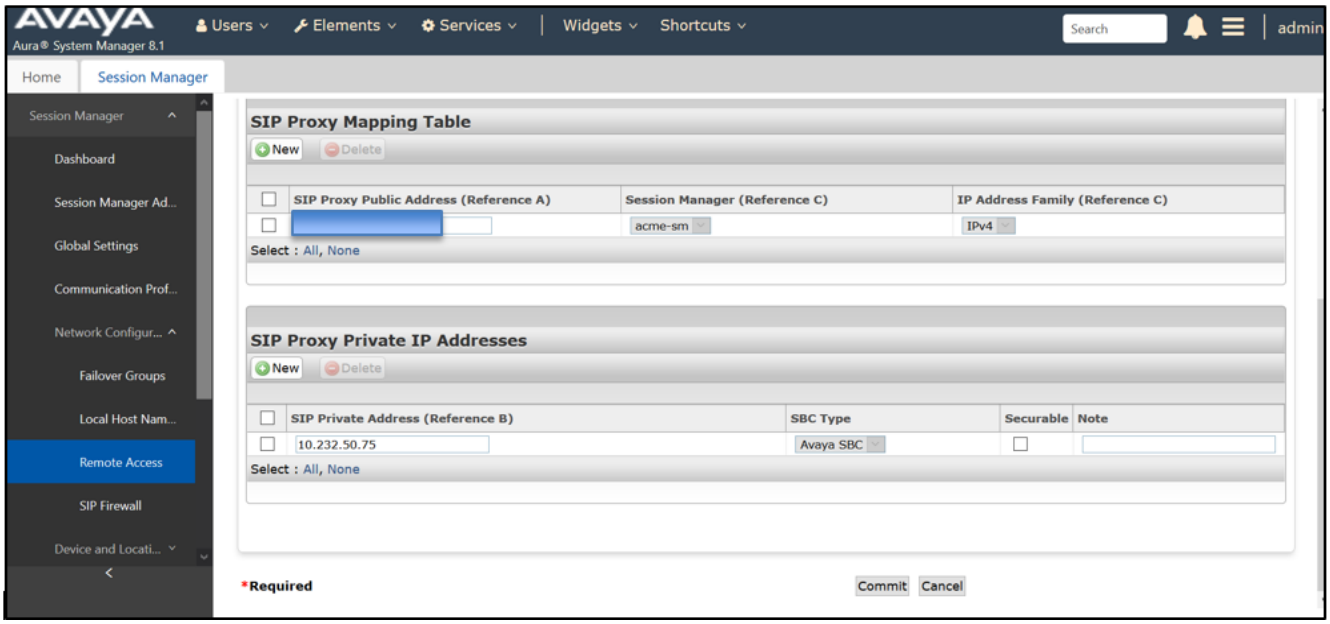
Global Settings
Communication Prof...
Network Configur...
Device and Locati...
Application Confi...
System Status
System Tools
Performance
Data File Format
Standard Flat File
Include User to User Calls
Include Incomplete Calls
Personal Profile Manager (PPM) - Connection Settings
Limited PPM Client Connection
*Maximum Connection per PPM Client
0
PPM Packet Rate Limiting
*PPM Packet Rate Limiting Threshold
200
Event Server
Clear Subscription on Notification Failure
No
Syslog Servers
Enable Syslog Server 1
Enable Syslog Server 2
*Required
Commit
Cancel

4.5. Enabling Remote Office

Navigate to: Elements->Session Manager->Network Configuration->Remote Access, Click New

- Set Name: Remote_worker for this setup.
- Click New under SIP Proxy Mapping Table. Add the Oracle SBC outside interface IP address for SIP Proxy Public Address.
- Click New under SIP Proxy Private IP Address. Add the Oracle SBC inside interface IP address for SIP Private Address, 10.232.50.75 is given in this example.
- Click Commit to save the configuration.

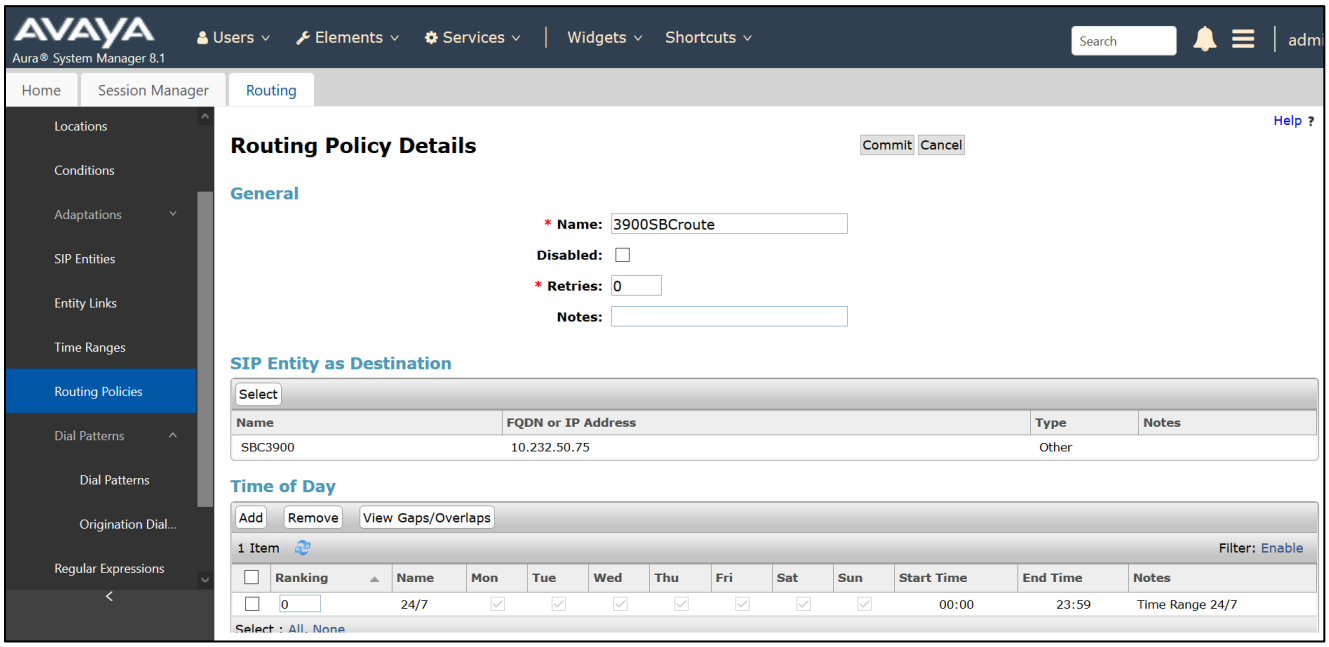




4.6. Adding Routing Policies

Navigate to: Routing tab, select Routing Policies and Click New

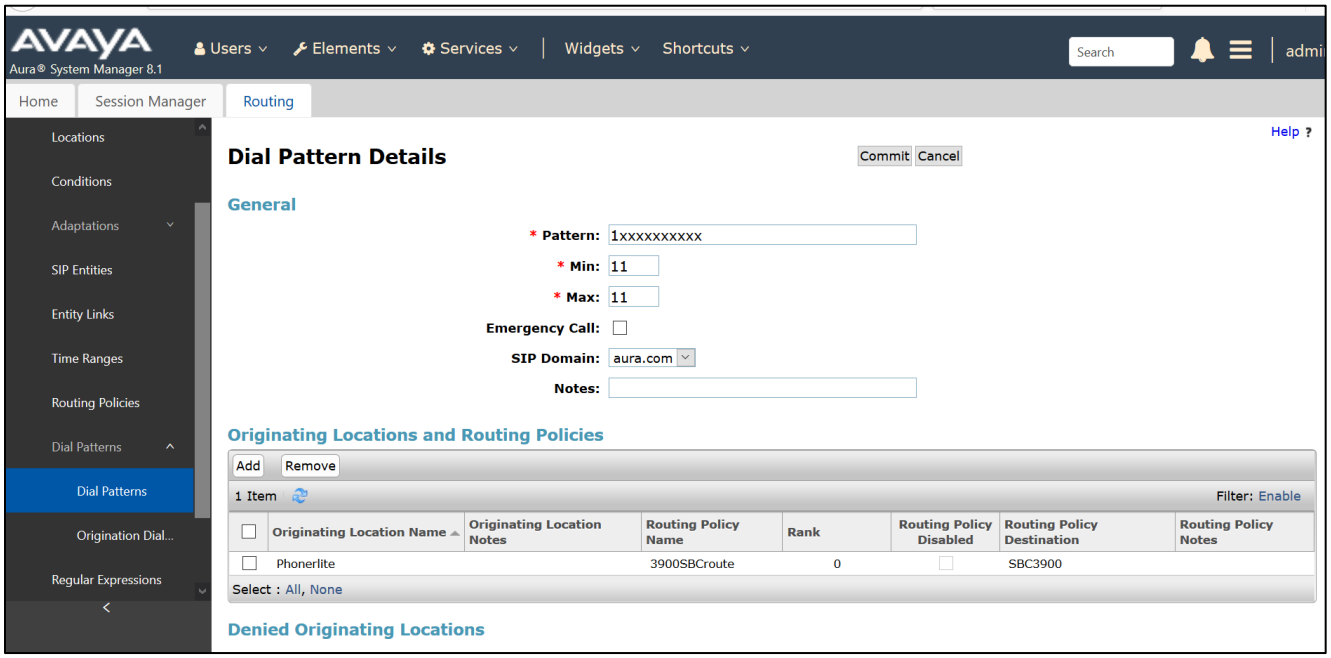
- Set Name: 3900SBCroute (example in this configuration)
- Set Retries : Default value is 0, can be used as same value
- Select SIP Entity as Destination: Select SBC3900 which was previously configured.
- Click Commit to save the configuration



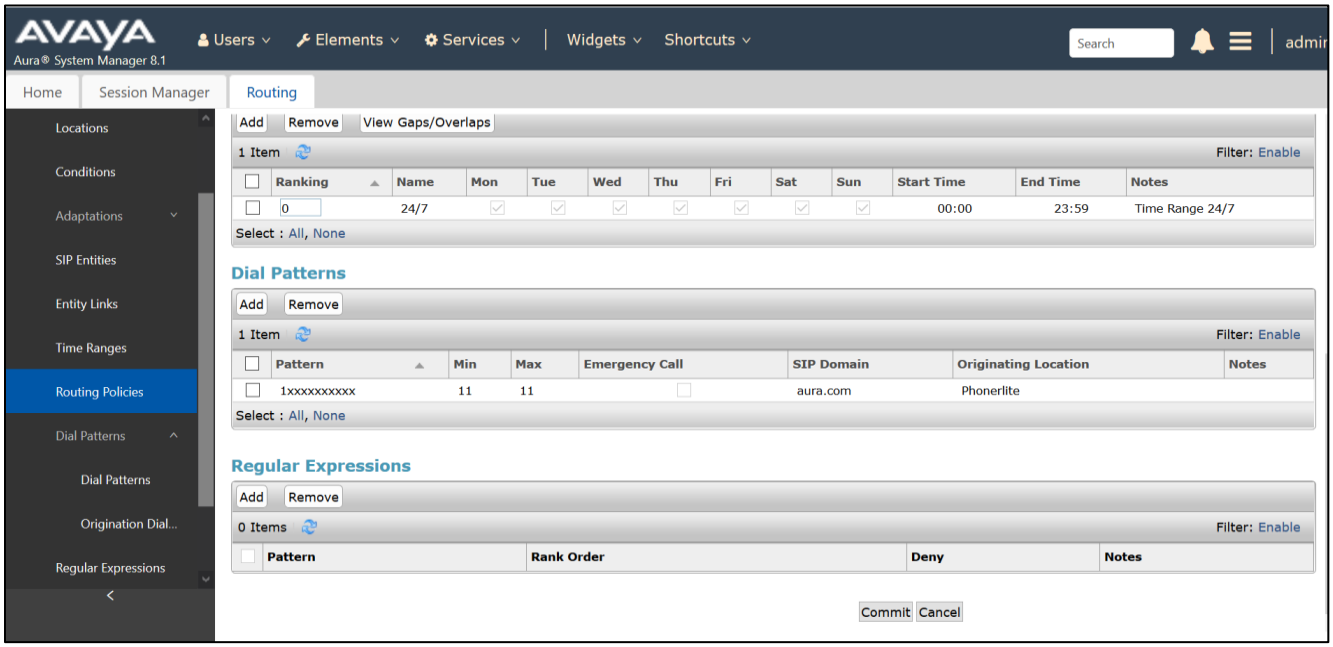
4.7. Adding Dial Patterns:

Navigate to: Routing tab, select Dial Patterns, again Dial Patterns and Click New

- Set Pattern: 1xxxxxxxxxx (example in this configuration)
- Set Min : 11 (example in this configuration)
- Set Max: 11 (example in this configuration)
- Select SIP Domain: aura.com which was previously configured.
- Click Commit to save the configuration.



After configuring the dial patterns, Please add the dial patterns to the routing policies created above.



4.8. Adding Users to Avaya Session Manager.

Navigate to: Users tab, select User Management, select Manage Users and Click New

Under **Identity Tab**, please enter the following

- Set Last Name: User1(example in this configuration)
- Set First Name: Avaya (example in this configuration)
- Set Login Name: 17814437246@aura.com (example in this configuration)

Under **Communication Profile** tab, click Communication Profile Password

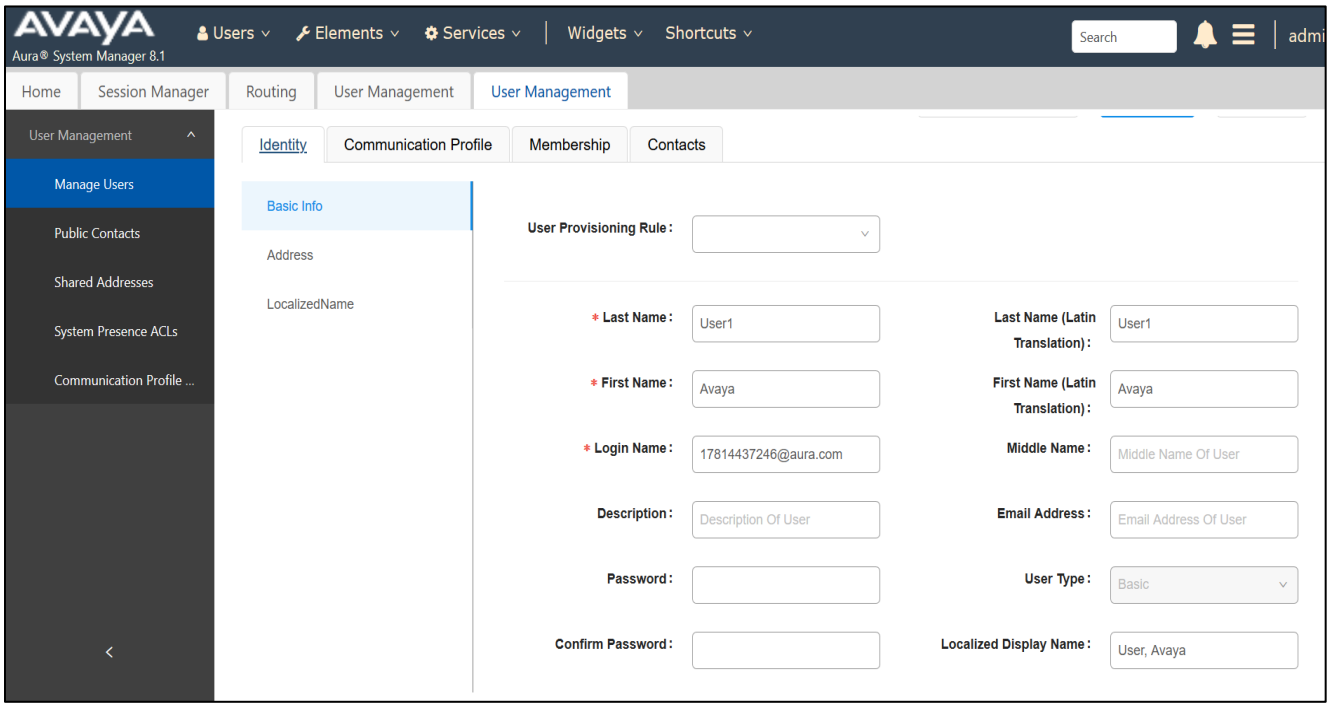
- Set Comm-Profile Password: any password (Numbers or alphabets or alphanumeric)
- Re-enter Comm-Profile Password: Type the password again for confirmation.

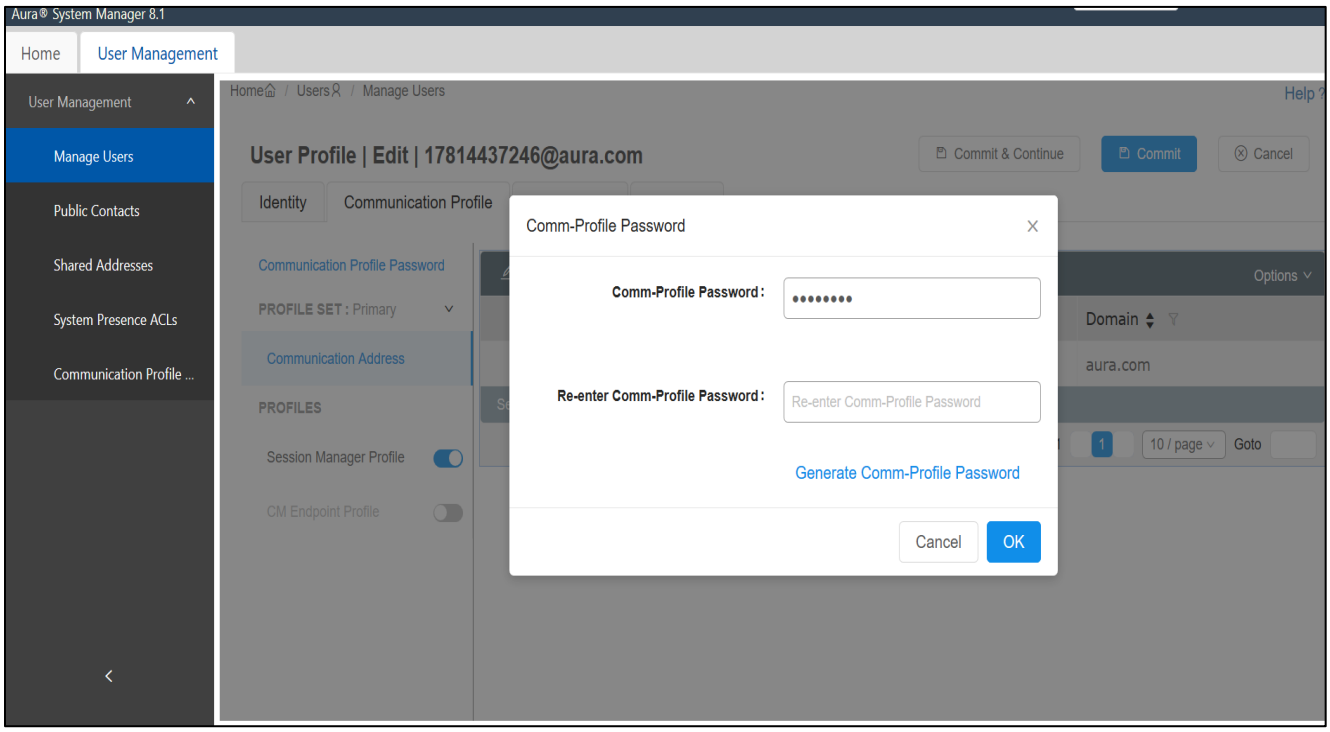
Navigate to **Communication address tab**, click New

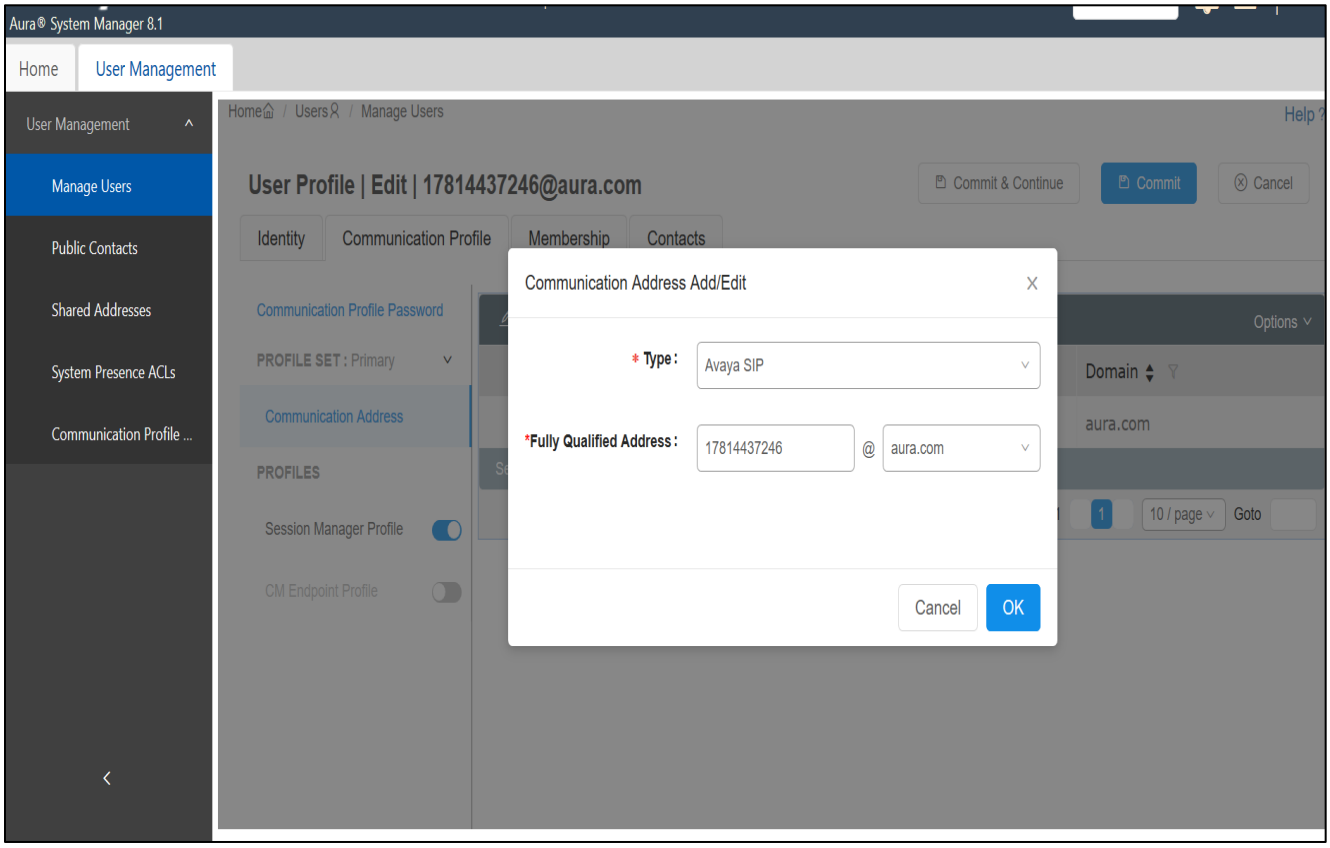
- Set Type: Avaya SIP
- Set Fully Qualified Address: Type the Directory number @domain.com
  17814437246@aura.com

Under **Profile tab,** enable **Session Manager Profile** and click it to open it.

- Set Primary Session Manager under SIP Registration: acme-sm (example in this configuration)
- Set Home Location Manager under Call Routing: Phonerlite (example in this configuration)
- Click Commit to save the configuration.




Aura® System Manager 8.1
Home
User Management
User Management
Manage Users
Public Contacts
Shared Addresses
System Presence ACLs
Communication Profile ...
Home / Users / Manage Users
Help
User Profile | Edit | 17814437246@aura.com
Commit & Continue
Commit
Cancel
Identity
Communication Profile
Communication Profile Password
PROFILE SET : Primary
Communication Address
PROFILES
Session Manager Profile
CM Endpoint Profile
Comm-Profile Password
Comm-Profile Password :
Re-enter Comm-Profile Password :
Re-enter Comm-Profile Password
Generate Comm-Profile Password
Cancel
OK
Options
Domain
aura.com
10 / page
Goto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Shared Addresses
System Presence ACLs
Communication Profile ...
Home / Users / Manage Users
Help
User Profile | Edit | 17814437246@aura.com
Commit & Continue
Commit
Cancel
Identity
Communication Profile
Membership
Contacts
Communication Profile Password
PROFILE SET : Primary
Communication Address
PROFILES
Session Manager Profile
CM Endpoint Profile
Communication Address Add/Edit
* Type :
Avaya SIP
*Fully Qualified Address :
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@
aura.com
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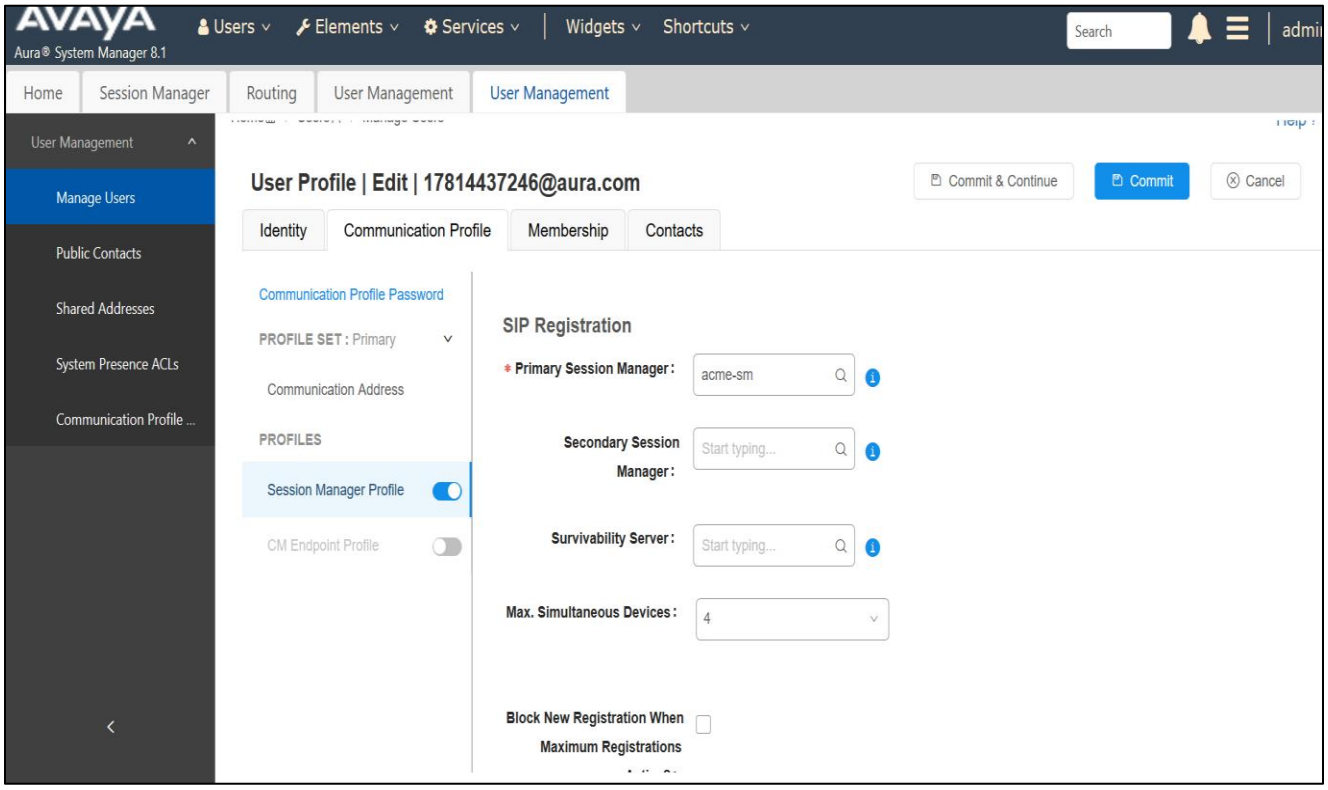
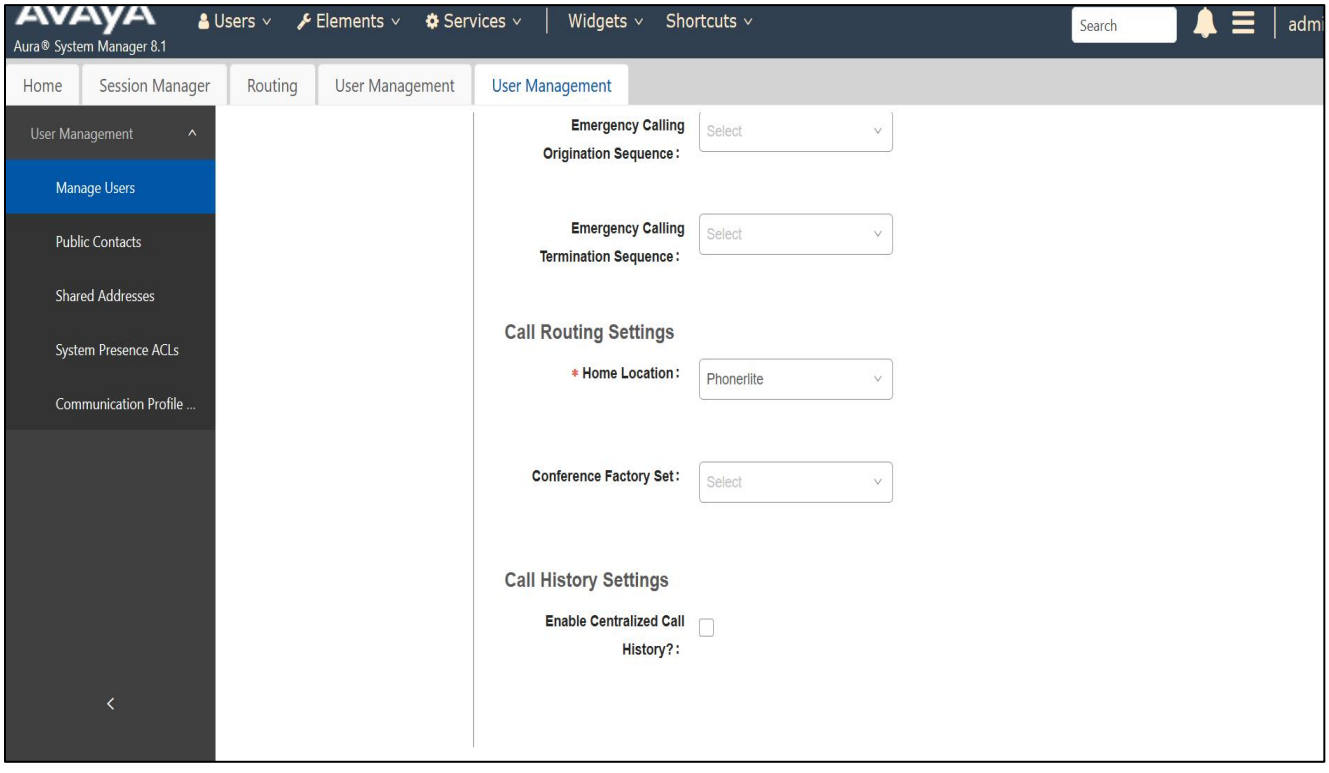




You can repeat the above steps to add more users to the Session Manager.
With this, Avaya Session Manager Configuration is complete.

5. Configuring the SBC

This chapter provides step-by-step guidance on how to configure Oracle SBC for interworking with Avaya Session Manager for registering Avaya 3rd party SIP phones (Remote worker config) and for making calls from Remote worker phones to other phones registered to the Avaya Session Manager 8.1

5.1. Validated Oracle SBC version

Oracle conducted tests with Oracle SBC 8.4 / 9.0 software – this software with the configuration listed below can run on any of the following products:

- AP 1100
- AP 3900
- AP 4600
- AP 6350
- AP 6300
- AP 3950 (Starting from SBC 9.0 version)
- AP 4900 (Starting from SBC 9.0 version)
- VME

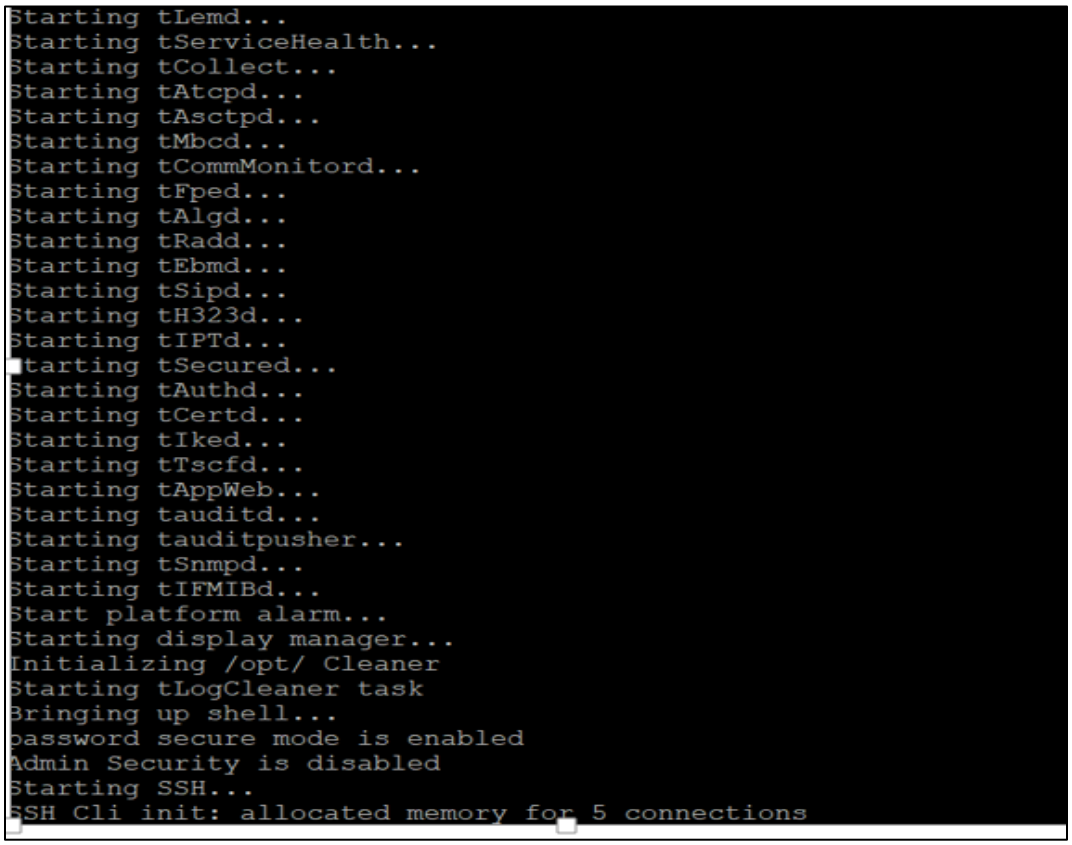
6. New SBC configuration

If the customer is looking to setup a new SBC from scratch, please follow the section below.

6.1. Establishing a serial connection to the SBC

Connect one end of a straight-through Ethernet cable to the front console port (which is active by default) on the SBC and the other end to console adapter that ships with the SBC, connect the console adapter (a DB-9 adapter) to the DB-9 port on a workstation, running a terminal emulator application such as Putty. Start the terminal emulation application using the following settings:

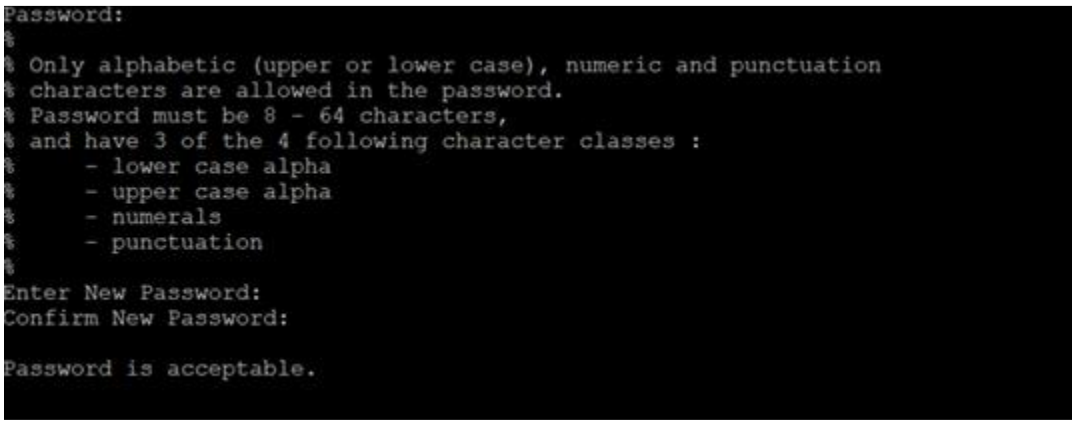
- Baud Rate=115200
- Data Bits=8
- Parity=None
- Stop Bits=1
- Flow Control=None



Power on the SBC and confirm that you see the following output from the boot-up sequence

Enter the default password to log in to the SBC. Note that the default SBC password is “acme” and the default super user password is “packet”.

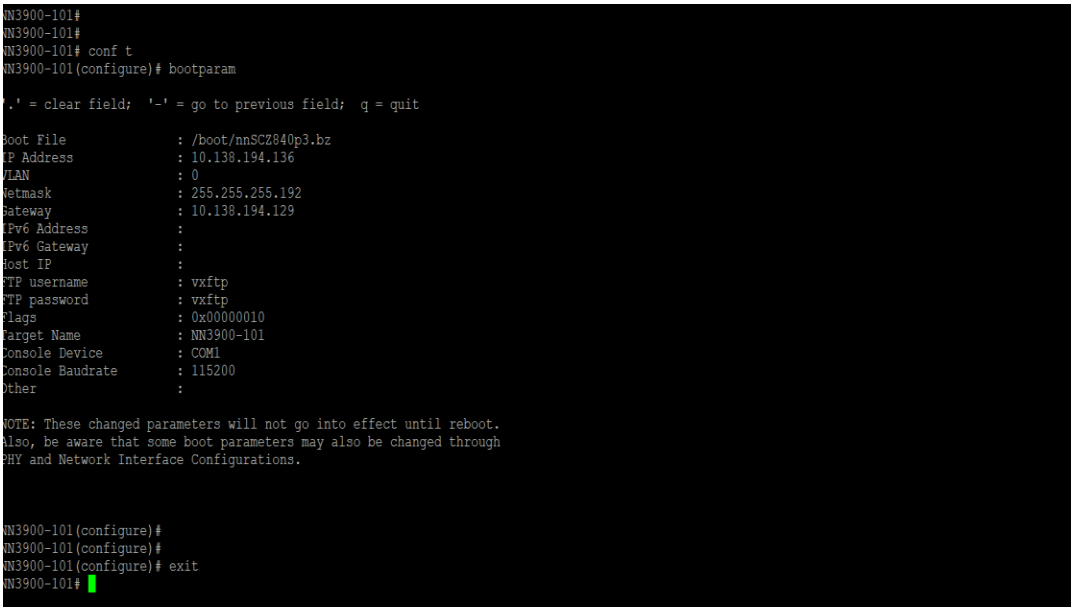
Both passwords have to be changed according to the rules shown below.



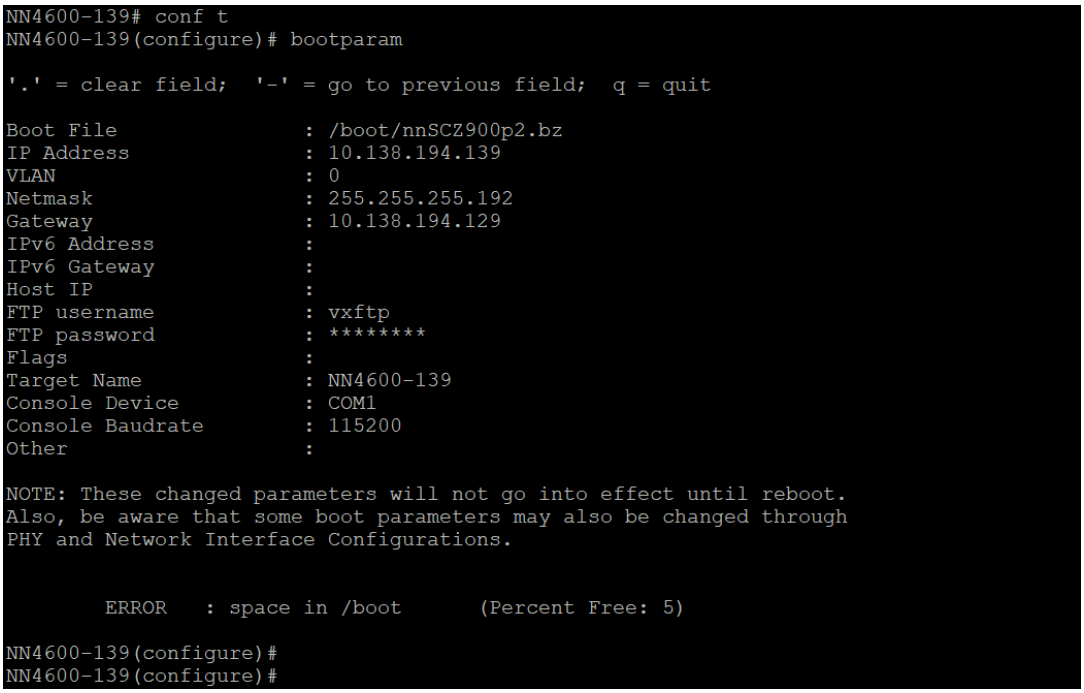
Now set the management IP of the SBC by setting the IP address in bootparam to access bootparam. Go to Configure terminal->bootparam.

Note: There is no management IP configured by default.

Bootparam for SBC version 8.4



Bootparam for SBC version 9.0



Setup product type to Enterprise Session Border Controller as shown below.

To configure product type, type in setup product in the terminal

```
NN3900-101# setup product

------------------------------------------------------------
WARNING:
Alteration of product alone or in conjunction with entitlement
changes will not be complete until system reboot

Last Modified 2020-07-21 04:51:24
------------------------------------------------------------
 1 : Product      : Enterprise Session Border Controller

Enter 1 to modify, d' to display, 's' to save, 'q' to exit. [s]:
```

Enable the features for the ESBC using the setup entitlements command as shown

Save the changes and reboot the SBC.

```
Entitlements for Enterprise Session Border Controller
Last Modified: Never
------------------------------------------------------------
 1 : Session Capacity                       : 0
 2 :   Advanced                             :
 3 : Admin Security                         :
 4 : Data Integrity (FIPS 140-2)            :
 5 : Transcode Codec AMR Capacity           : 0
 6 : Transcode Codec AMRWB Capacity         : 0
 7 : Transcode Codec EVRC Capacity          : 0
 8 : Transcode Codec EVRCB Capacity         : 0
 9 : Transcode Codec EVS Capacity           : 0
10: Transcode Codec OPUS Capacity           : 0
11: Transcode Codec SILK Capacity           : 0

Enter 1 - 11 to modify, d' to display, 's' to save, 'q' to exit. [s]: 1

  Session Capacity (0-128000)               : 500

Enter 1 - 11 to modify, d' to display, 's' to save, 'q' to exit. [s]: 3

************************************************************
CAUTION: Enabling this feature activates enhanced security
functions. Once saved, security cannot be reverted without
resetting the system back to factory default state.
************************************************************
  Admin Security (enabled/disabled)         :

Enter 1 - 11 to modify, d' to display, 's' to save, 'q' to exit. [s]: 5

  Transcode Codec AMR Capacity (0-102375)   : 50

Enter 1 - 11 to modify, d' to display, 's' to save, 'q' to exit. [s]: 2

    Advanced (enabled/disabled)             : enabled

Enter 1 - 11 to modify, d' to display, 's' to save, 'q' to exit. [s]: 10

  Transcode Codec OPUS Capacity (0-102375)  : 50

Enter 1 - 11 to modify, d' to display, 's' to save, 'q' to exit. [s]: 11

  Transcode Codec SILK Capacity (0-102375)  : 50
```

The SBC comes up after reboot and is now ready for configuration.

Go to configure terminal->system->http-server-config.

Enable the http-server-config to access the SBC using Web GUI. Save and activate the config.

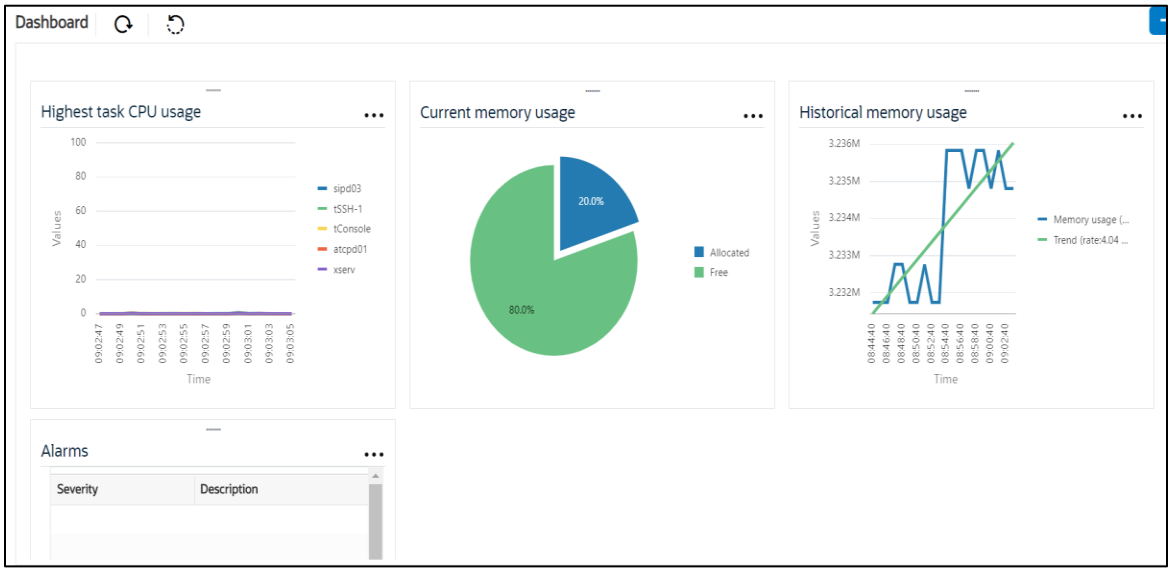
```
NN3900-101(http-server)#
NN3900-101(http-server)# show
http-server
        name                                webServerInstance
        state                               enabled
        realm
        ip-address
        http-state                          enabled
        http-port                           80
        https-state                         disabled
        https-port                          443
        http-interface-list                 REST,GUI
        http-file-upload-size               0
        tls-profile
        auth-profile
        last-modified-by                    @
        last-modified-date                  2020-10-06 00:28:26

NN3900-101(http-server)#
```

6.2. Configure SBC using Web GUI

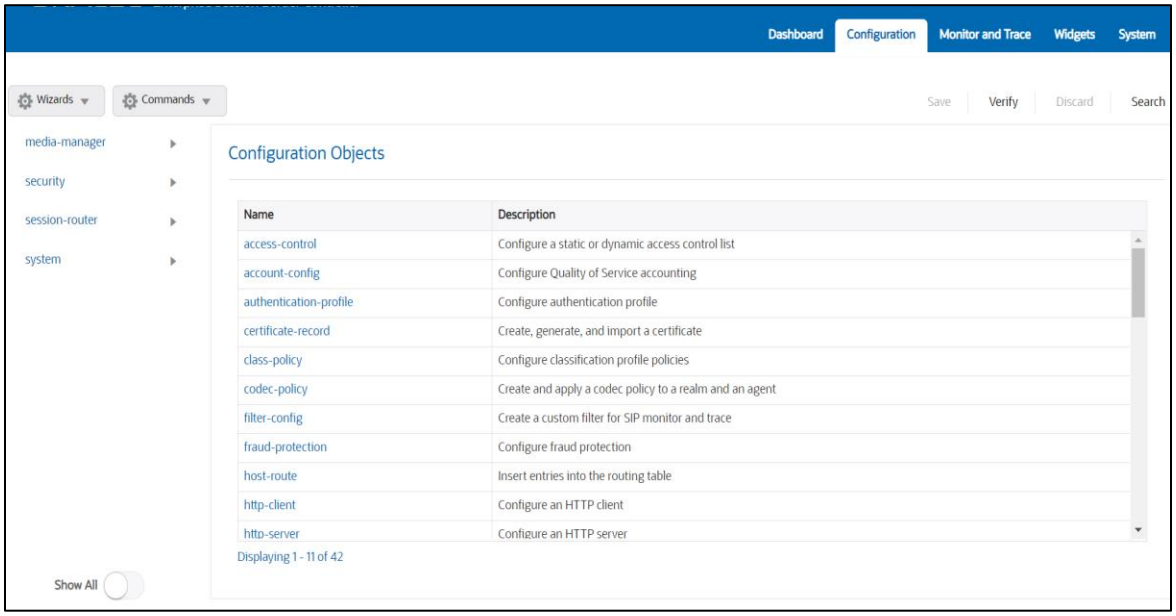
In this app note, we configure SBC using the WebGUI.

The Web GUI can be accessed through the url http://<SBC_MGMT_IP>.

The username and password is the same as that of CLI.



Go to Configuration as shown below, to configure the SBC



Kindly refer to the GUI User Guide given below for more information.

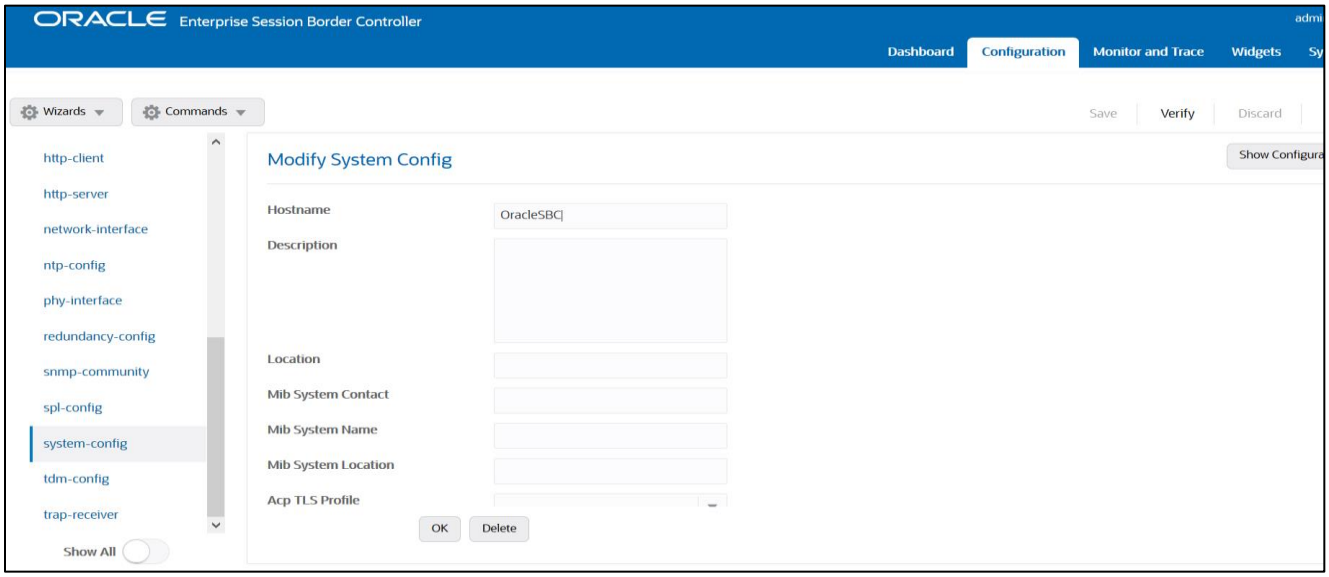
https://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/communications/enterprise-session-border-controller/9.0.0/webgui/web-gui-guide.pdf

The expert mode is used for configuration.

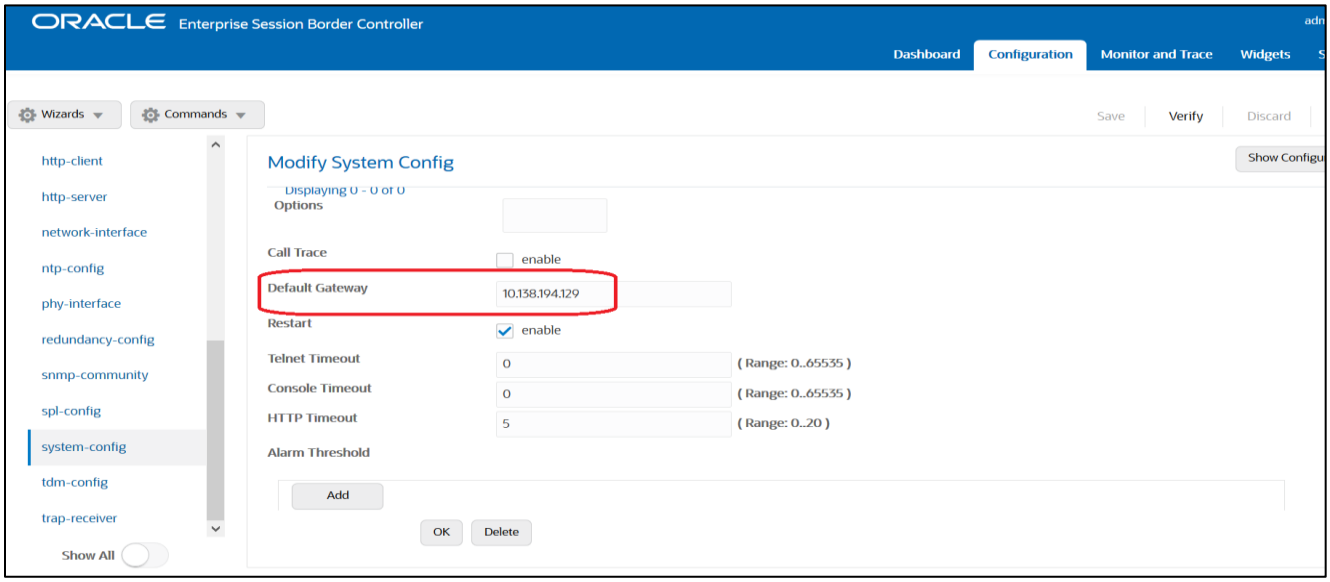
Tip: To make this configuration simpler, one can directly search the element to be configured, from the Objects tab available.

6.3. Configure system-config

Go to system->system-config



Please enter the default gateway value in the system config page.



For VME, transcoding cores are required. Please refer the documentation here for more information

https://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/communications/enterprise-session-border-controller/9.0.0/releasenotes/esbc-release-notes.pdf

The above step is needed only if any transcoding is used in the configuration.
If there is no transcoding involved, then the above step is not needed.

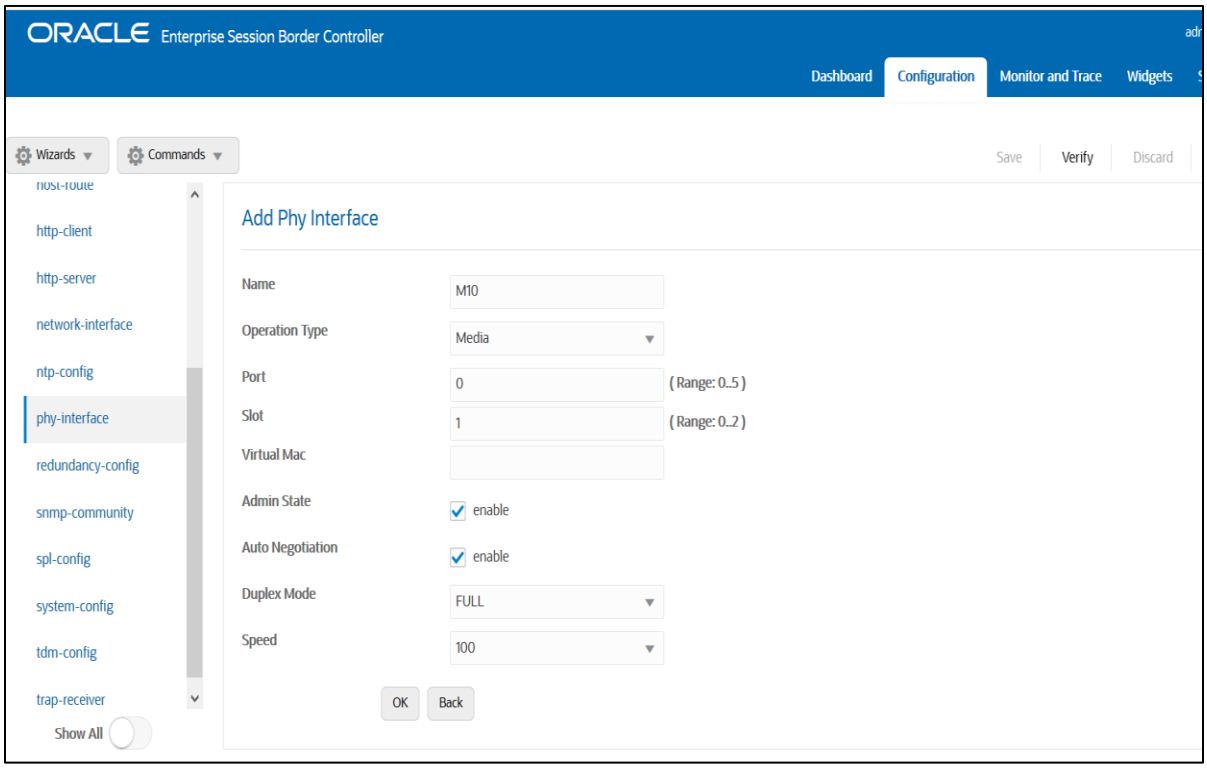
6.4. Configure Physical Interface values

To configure physical Interface values, go to System->phy-interface.

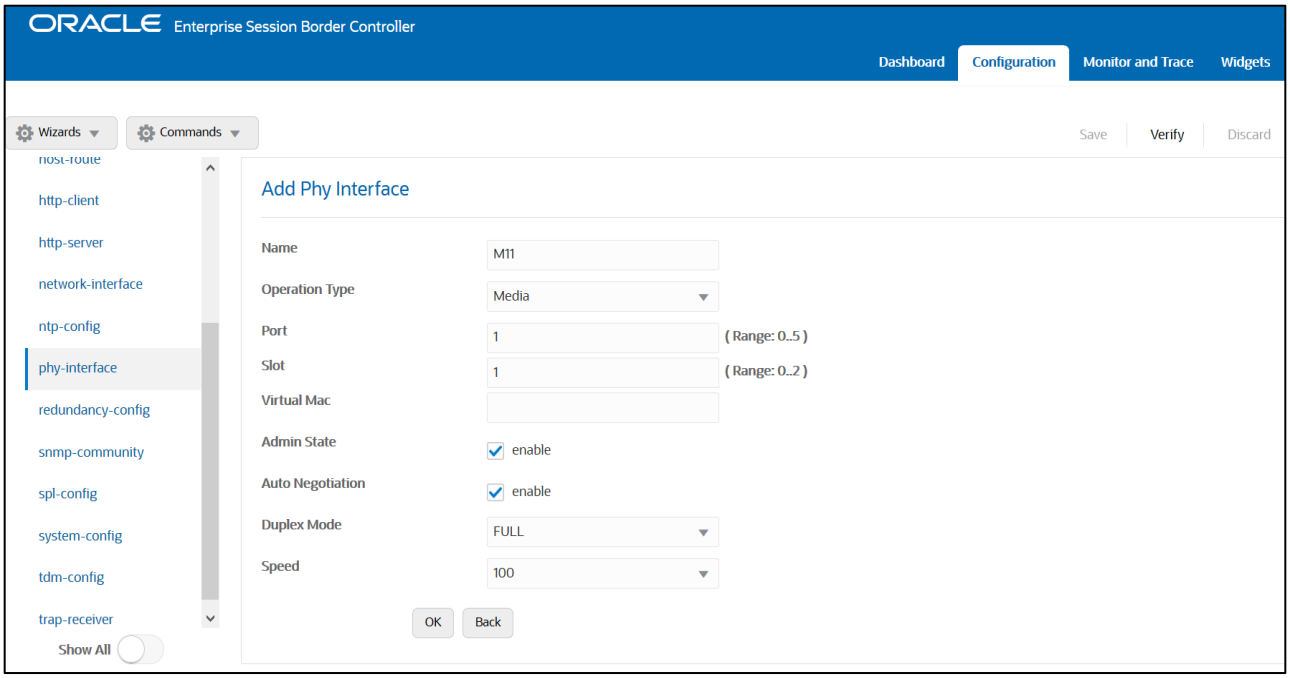
You will first configure the slot 0, port 1 interface designated with the name M10.
This will be the port plugged into your (connection to the Remote Worker) public interface.
Avaya Core side side is configured on the slot 1 port 1.

Parameter Name	Avaya Remote worker (M10)	Avaya Core Side (M11)
Slot	0	1
Port	1	1
Operation Mode	Media	Media

Please configure M10 interface as below.



Similarly, configure M11 interface as below.



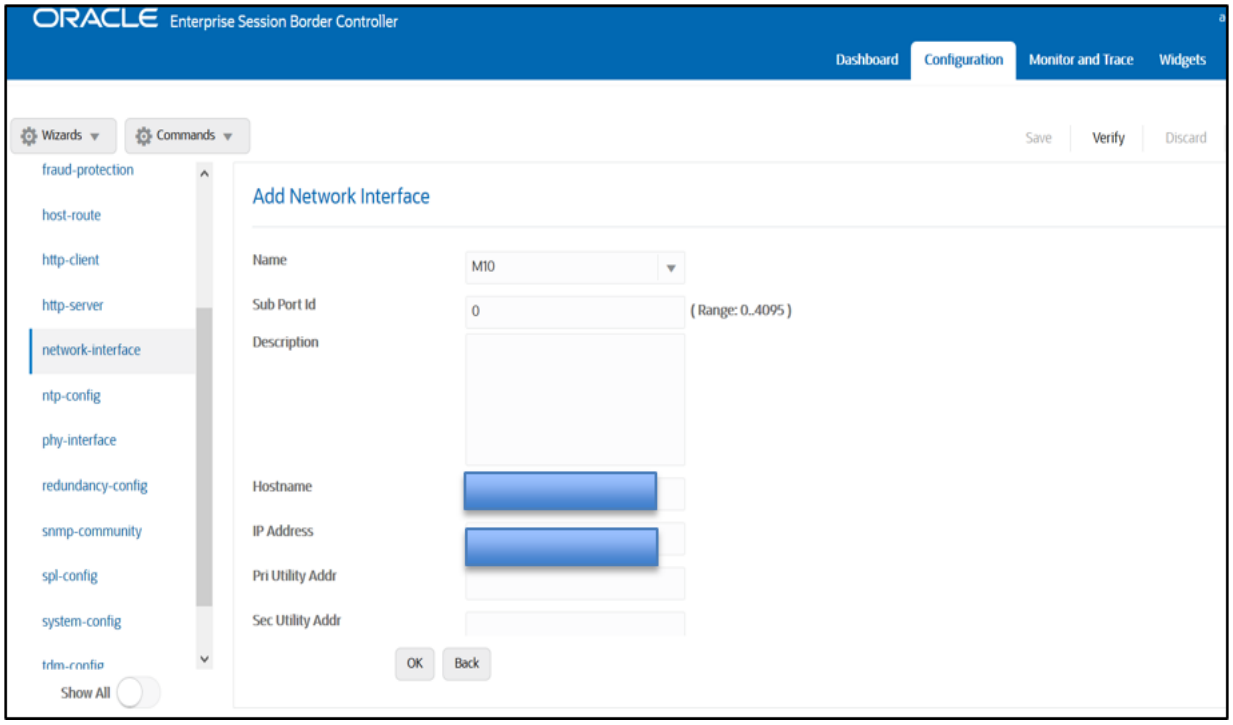
6.5. Configure Network Interface values

To configure network-interface, go to system->Network-Interface. Configure two interfaces, one for Avaya Remote worker side and one for Avaya Core side.

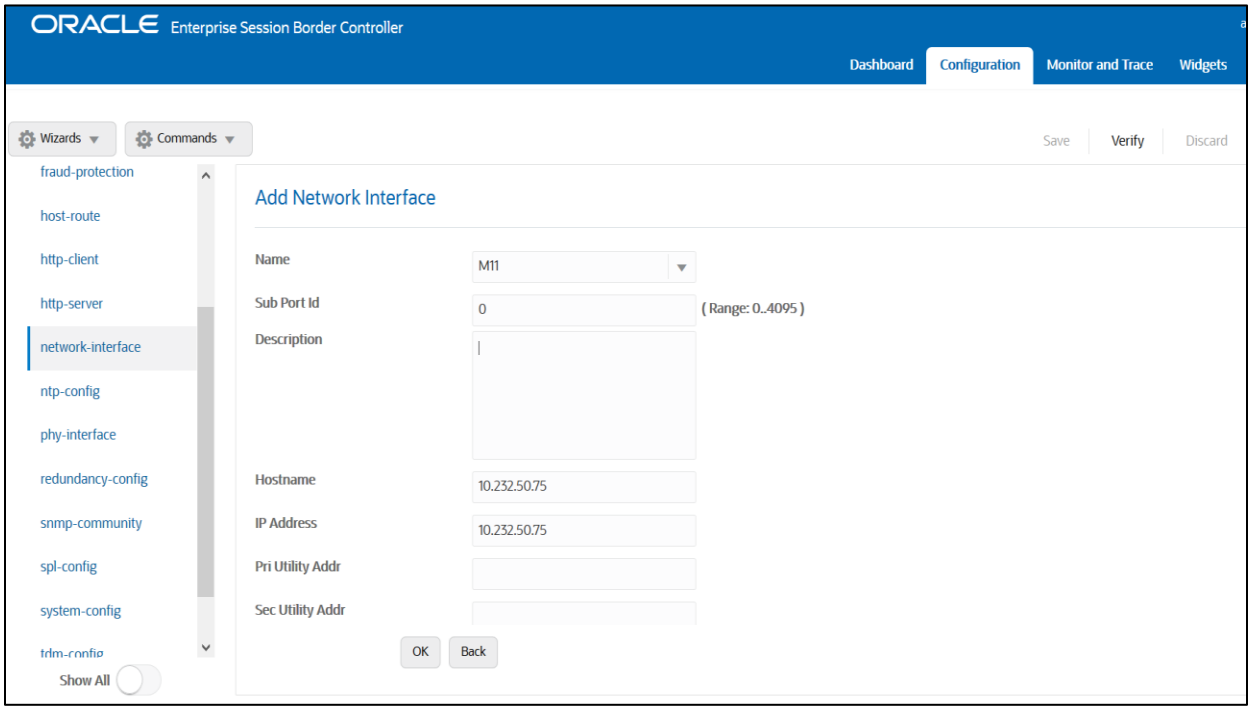
The table below lists the parameters, to be configured for both the interfaces.

Parameter Name	Avaya Remote Worker side Network Interface (Avaya Public Interface)	Avaya Core side Network interface
Name	M10	M11
Host Name		
IP address	[redacted]	10.232.50.75
Netmask	255.255.255.192	255.255.255.0
Gateway	[redacted]	10.232.50.1

Please configure network interface M10 as below



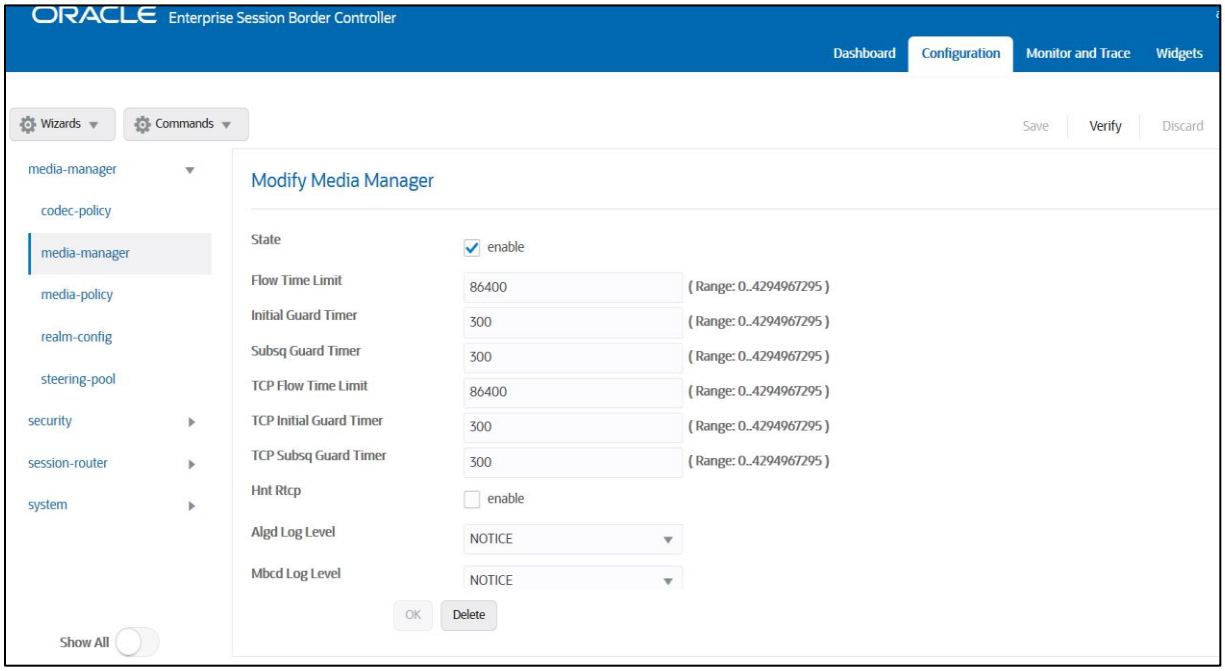
Please configure network interface M11as below

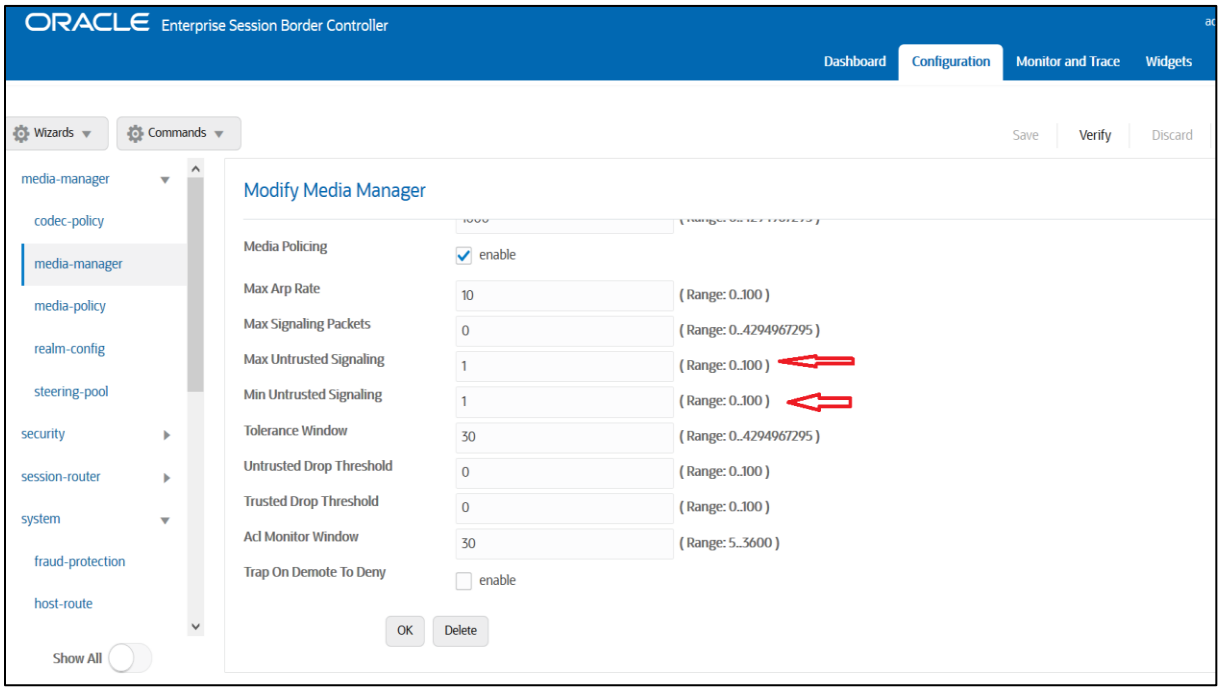


6.6. Enable media manager

Media-manager handles the media stack required for SIP sessions on the SBC. Enable the media manager option as below.

In addition to the above config, please set the max and min untrusted signaling values to 1.
Go to Media-Manager->Media-Manager

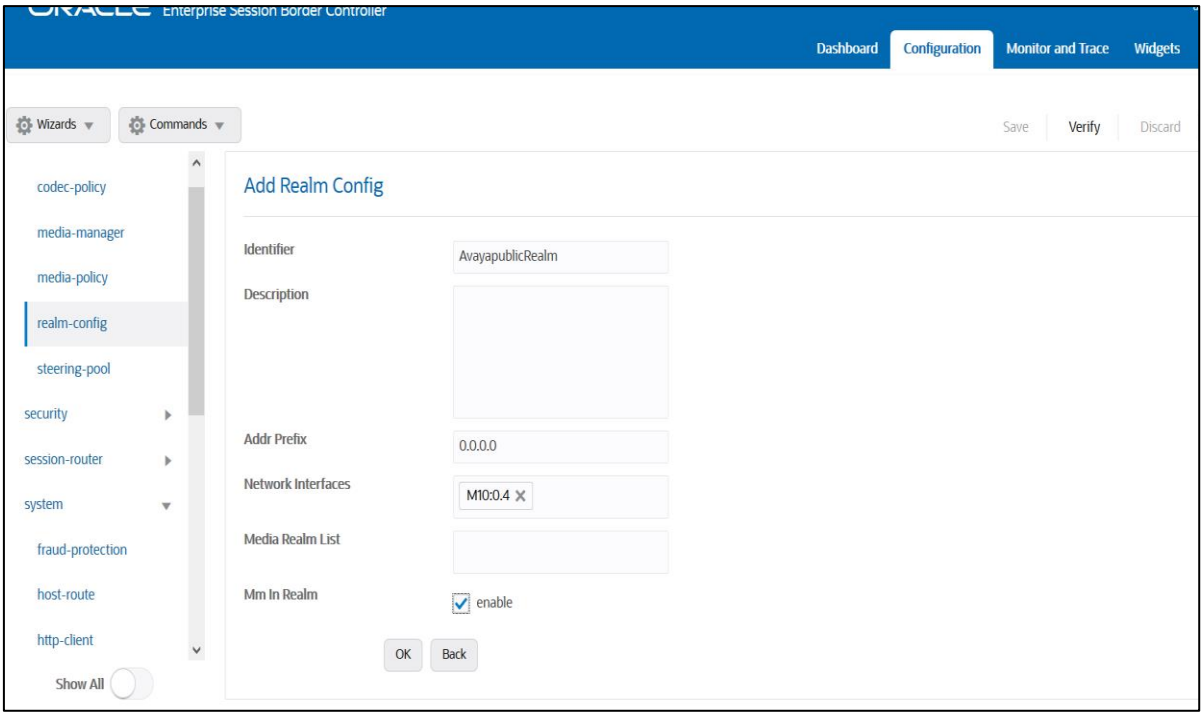


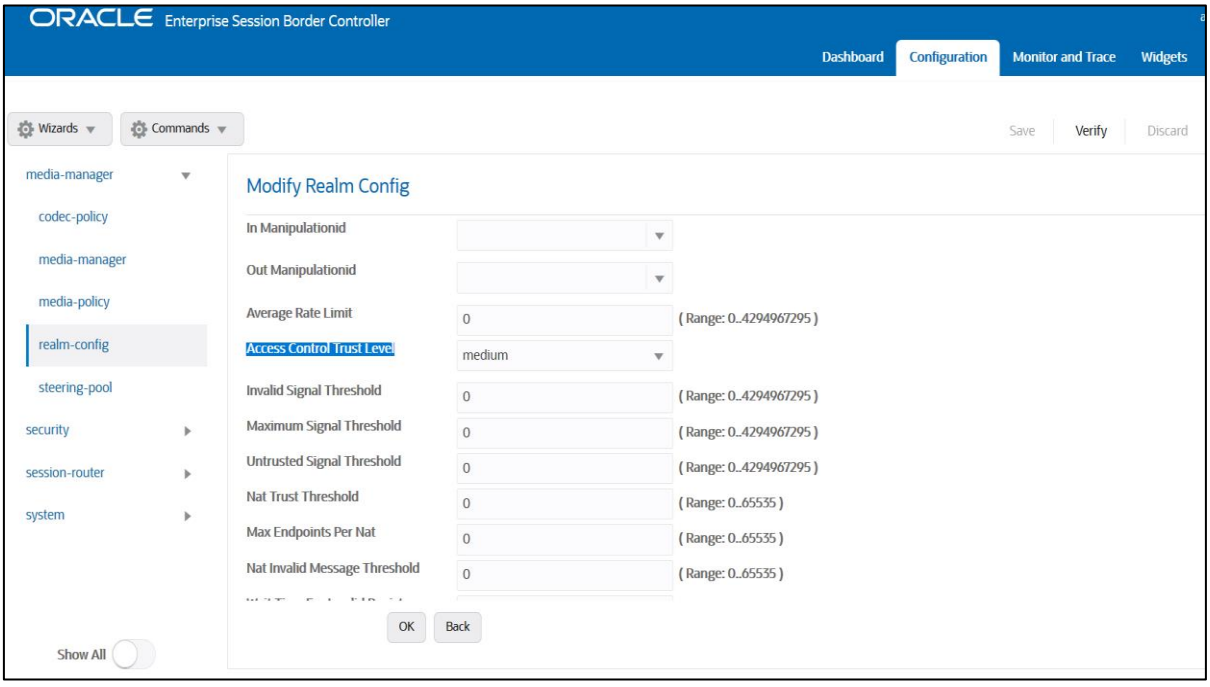


6.7. Configure Realms

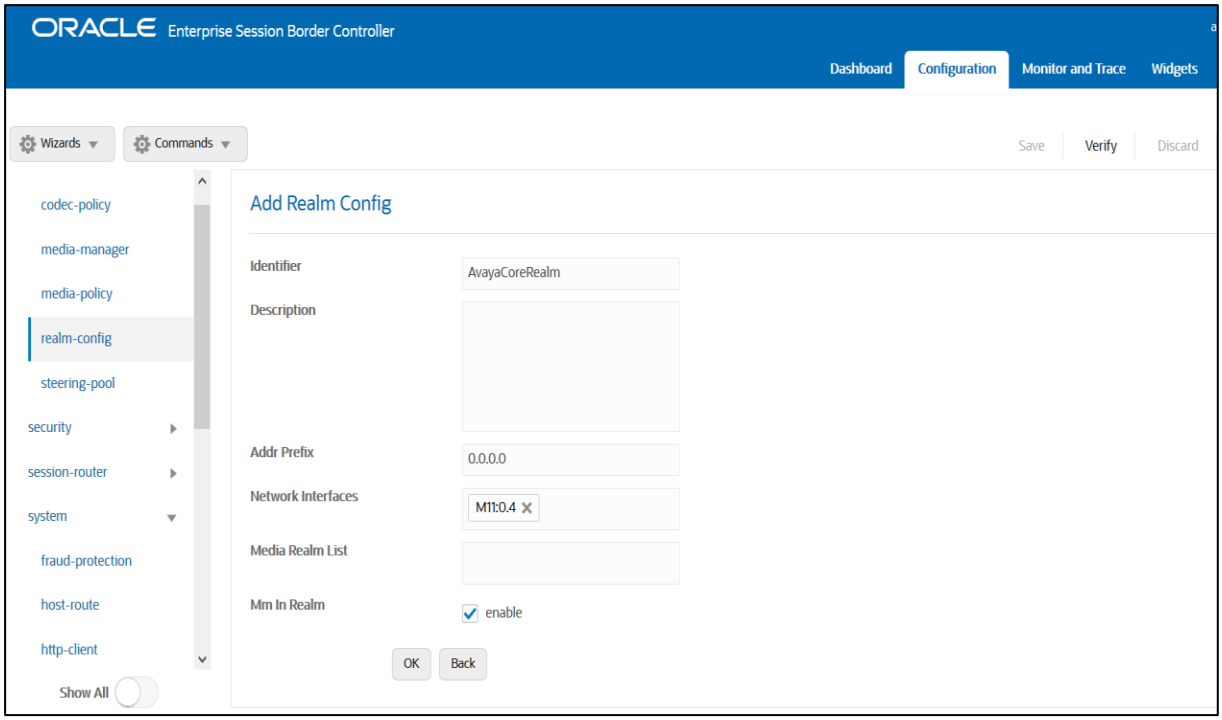
Navigate to realm-config under media-manager and configure a realm as shown below
The name of the Realm can be any relevant name according to the user convenience.

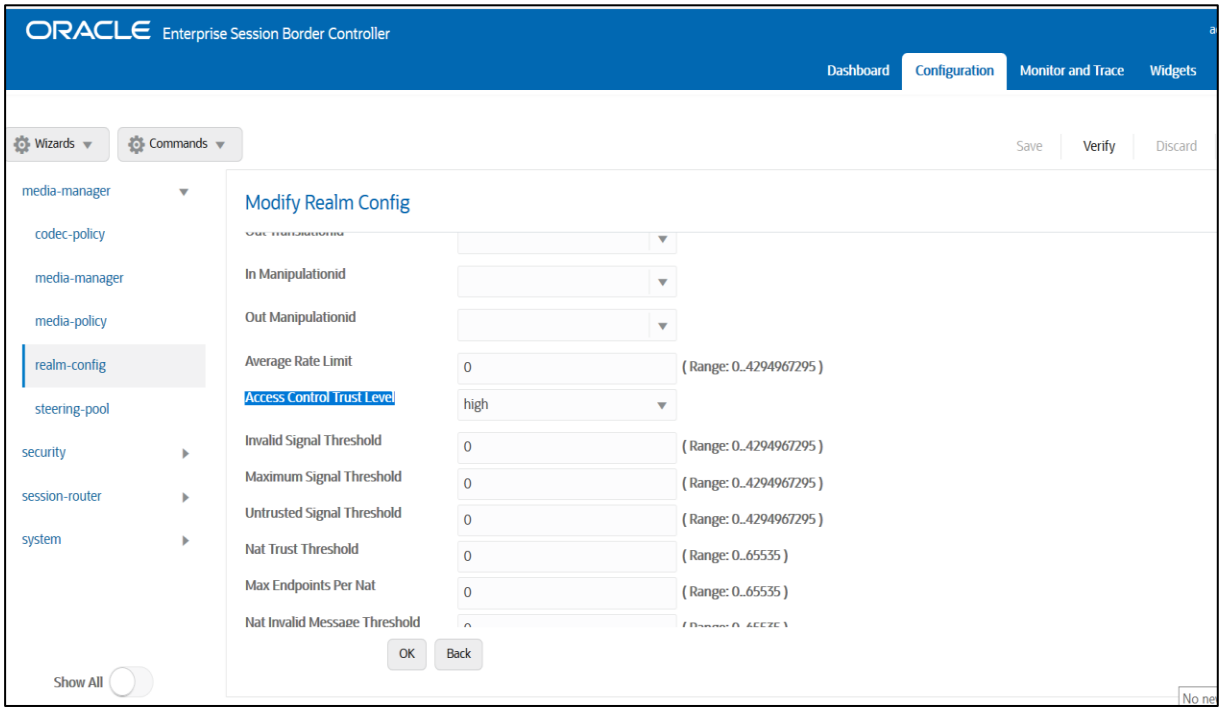
In the below case, Realm name is given as AvayapublicRealm (SBC to Remote Worker side).
Please set the Access Control Trust Level to medium for this realm





Similarly, Realm name is given as AvayaCoreRealm (SBC to Avaya Session Manager)
Please set the Access Control Trust Level to high for this realm





For more information on Access Control Trust Level, please refer to SBC Security guide link given below:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/communications/session-border-controller/9.0.0/security/security-guide.pdf

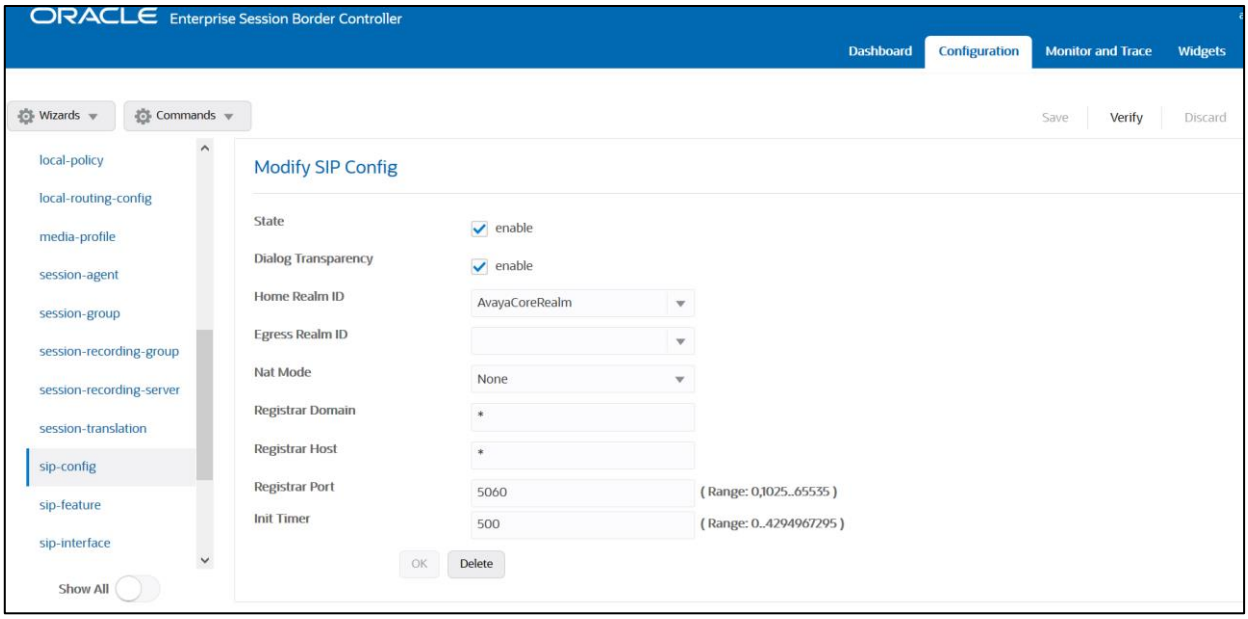
6.8. Enable sip-config

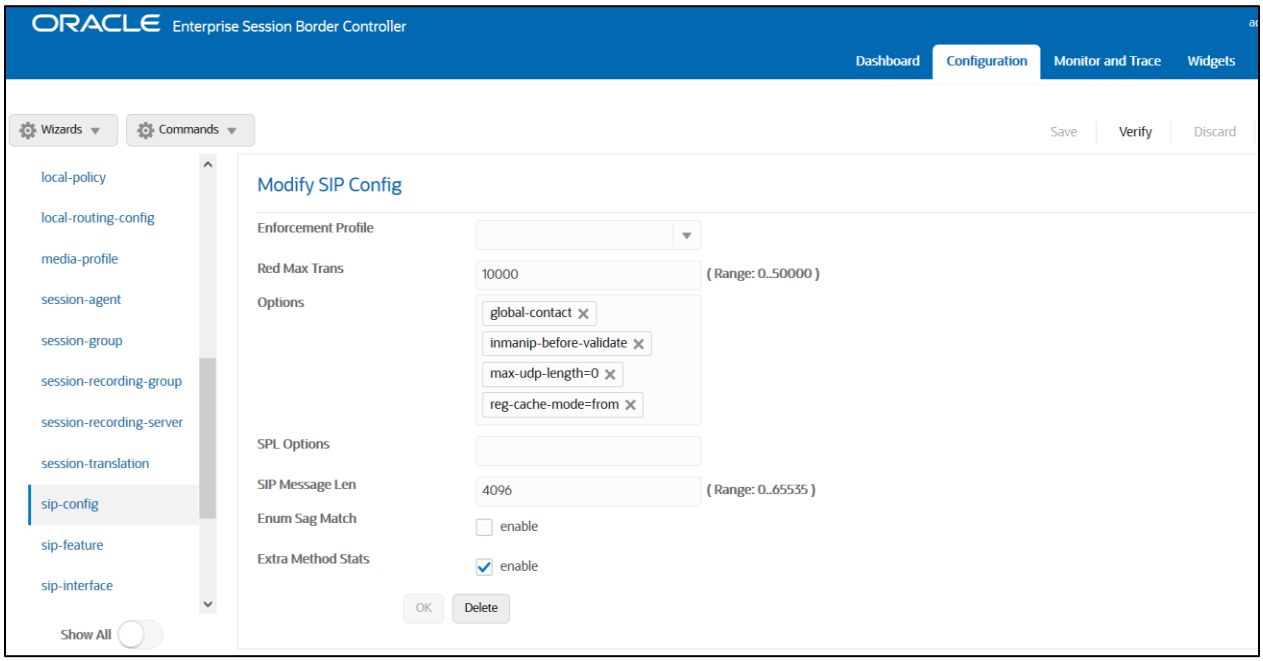
SIP config enables SIP handling in the SBC.
Make sure the home realm-id, registrar-domain and registrar-host are configured.

Also add the options to the sip-config as shown below.
To configure sip-config, Go to Session-Router->sip-config and in options, add the below

- add max-udp-length =0 & global-contact
- inmanip-before-validate & reg-cache-mode=from

For more info, please refer to SBC security guide given in the above section.





6.9. Configuring a certificate for SBC

As we need to test Remote worker configuration with TLS connections (Remote worker to SBC side which is aces side), we need to have certificates for the same.

The step below describes how to request a certificate for SBC External interface and configure it based on the example of DigiCert. The process includes the following steps:

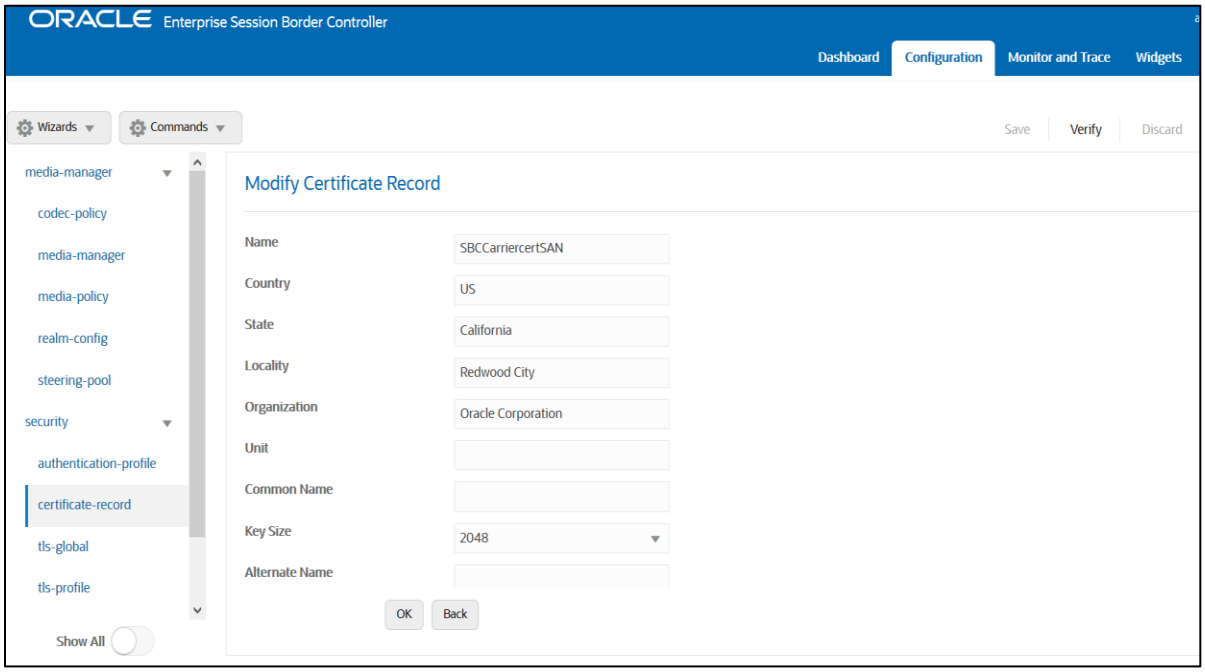
1) Create a certificate-record – “Certificate-record” are configuration elements on Oracle SBC which captures information for a TLS certificate – such as common-name, key-size, key-usage etc.

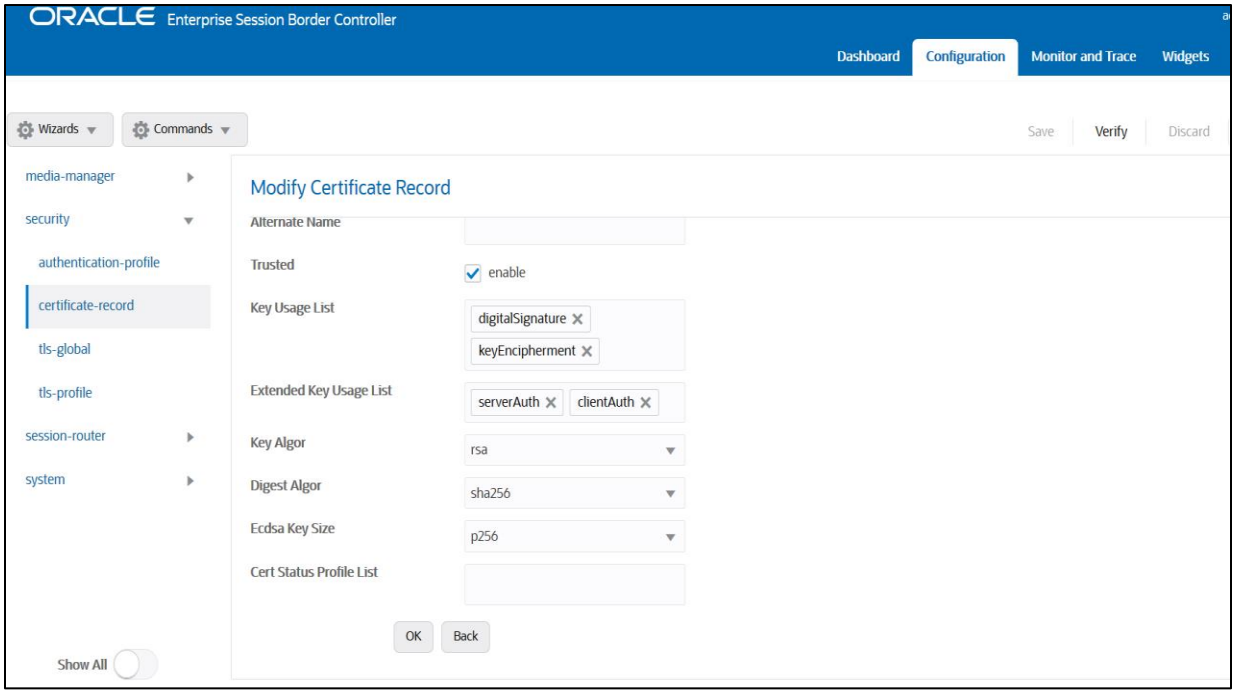
- SBC – 1 certificate-record assigned to SBC
- Root – 1 certificate-record for root cert

2) Deploy the SBC and Root certificates on the SBC

Step 1 – Creating the certificate record

Go to security->Certificate Record and configure the SBC entity certificate for SBC as shown below.





Repeat the above steps again to create DigiCert root certificate.
We need to import this root certificate to Windows machine where the 3rd party SIP phones are installed. Once this certificate is imported, the softphones will work in TLS mode.

The table below specifies the parameters required for certificate configuration.
Modify the configuration according to the certificates in your environment.

Parameter	DigiCertRoot
Common-name	DigiCert Global Root CA
Key-size	2048
Key-usage-list	digitalSignature keyEncipherment
Extended-key-usage-list	serverAuth
key-algor	rsa
digest-algor	sha256

Step 2 – Generating a certificate signing request

(Only required for the SBC's end entity certificate, and not for root CA certs)

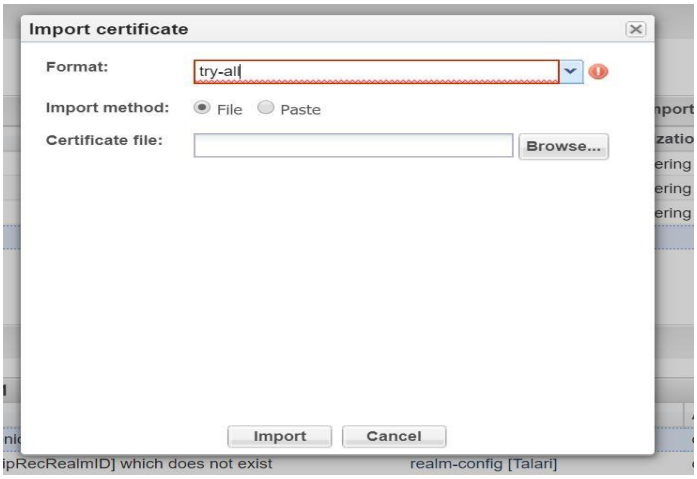
Please note – certificate signing request is only required to be executed for SBC Certificate – not for the root/intermediate certificates.

- Select the certificate and generate certificate on clicking the "Generate" command.
- Please copy/paste the text that gets printed on the screen as shown below and upload to your CA server for signature.

- Also, note that a save/activate is required

Step 3 – Deploy SBC & root certificates

Once certificate signing request have been completed – import the signed certificate to the SBC.
Please note – all certificates including root and intermediate certificates are required to be imported to the SBC. Once done, issue save/activate from the WebGUI



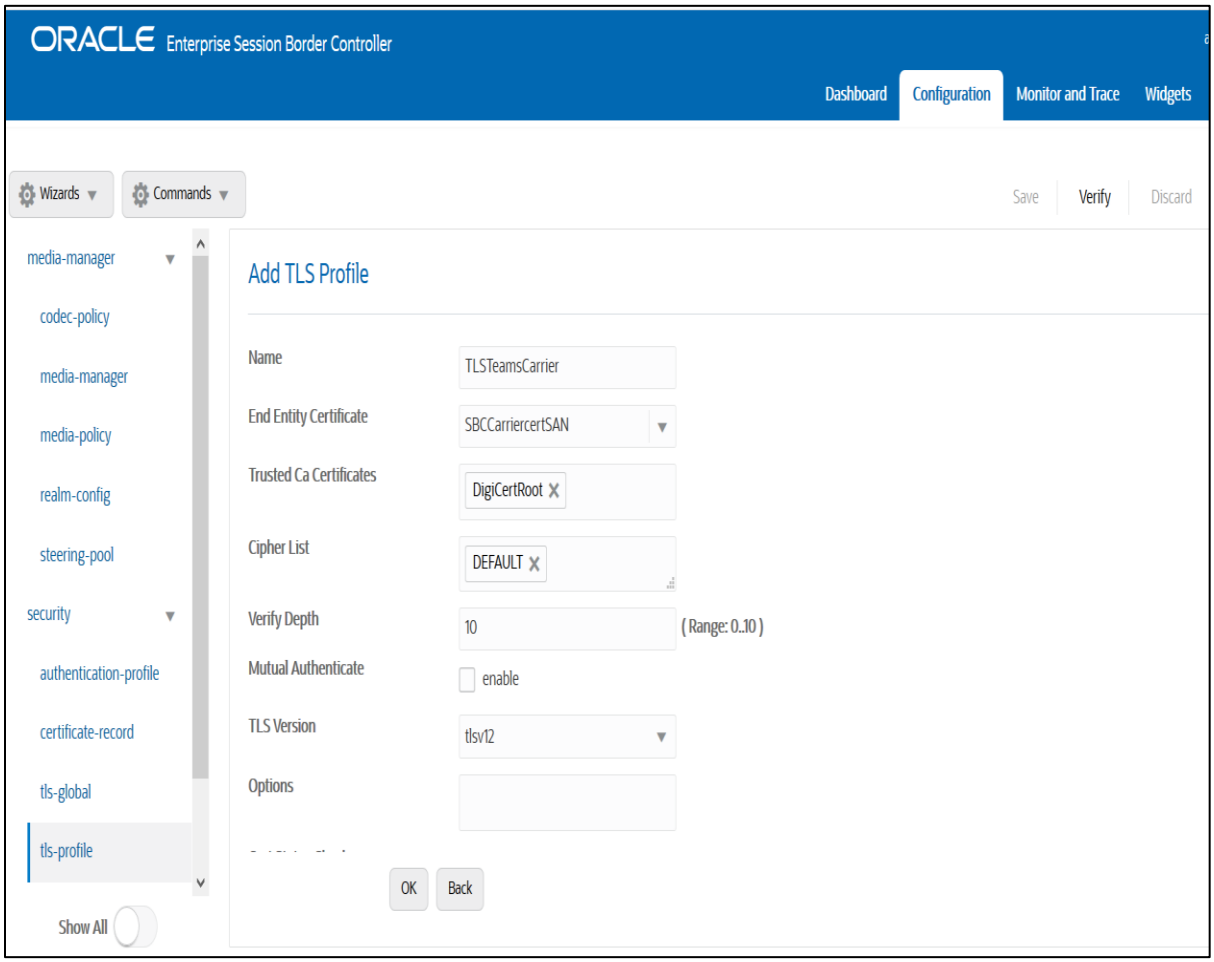
Repeat the steps for the following certificates:

- DigiCertRoot.

At this stage all the required certificates have been imported to the SBC.

6.10. TLS-Profile

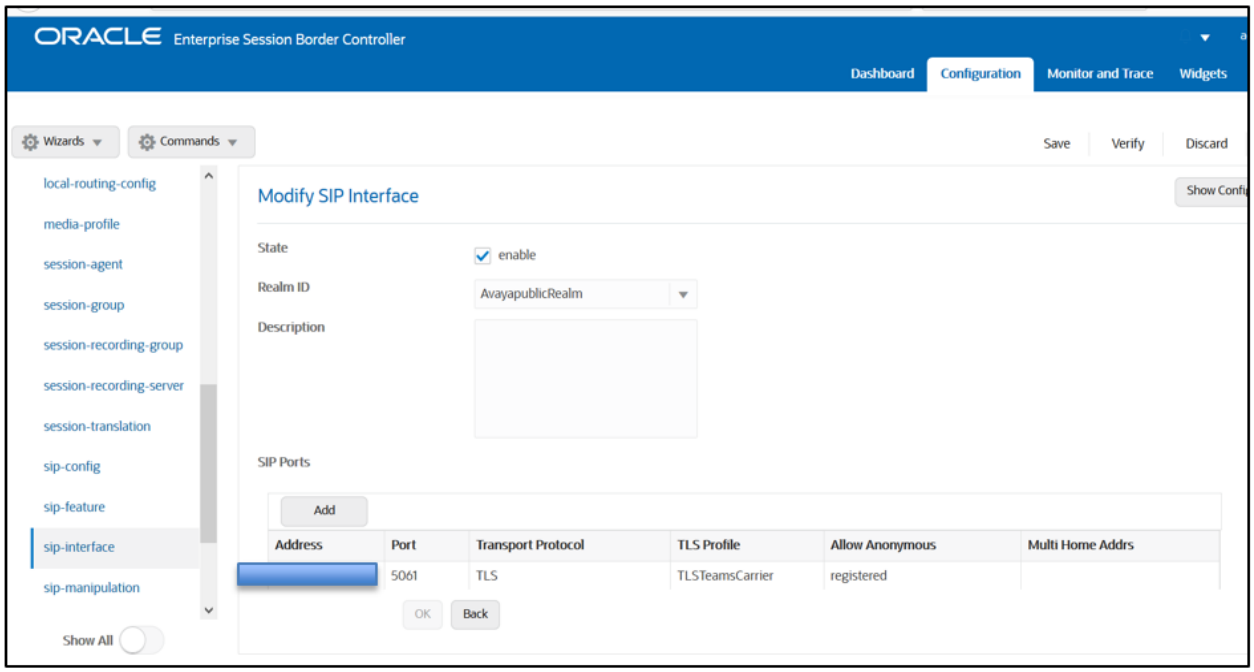
A TLS profile configuration on the SBC allows for specific certificates to be assigned.
Go to security-> TLS-profile config element and configure the tls-profile as shown below

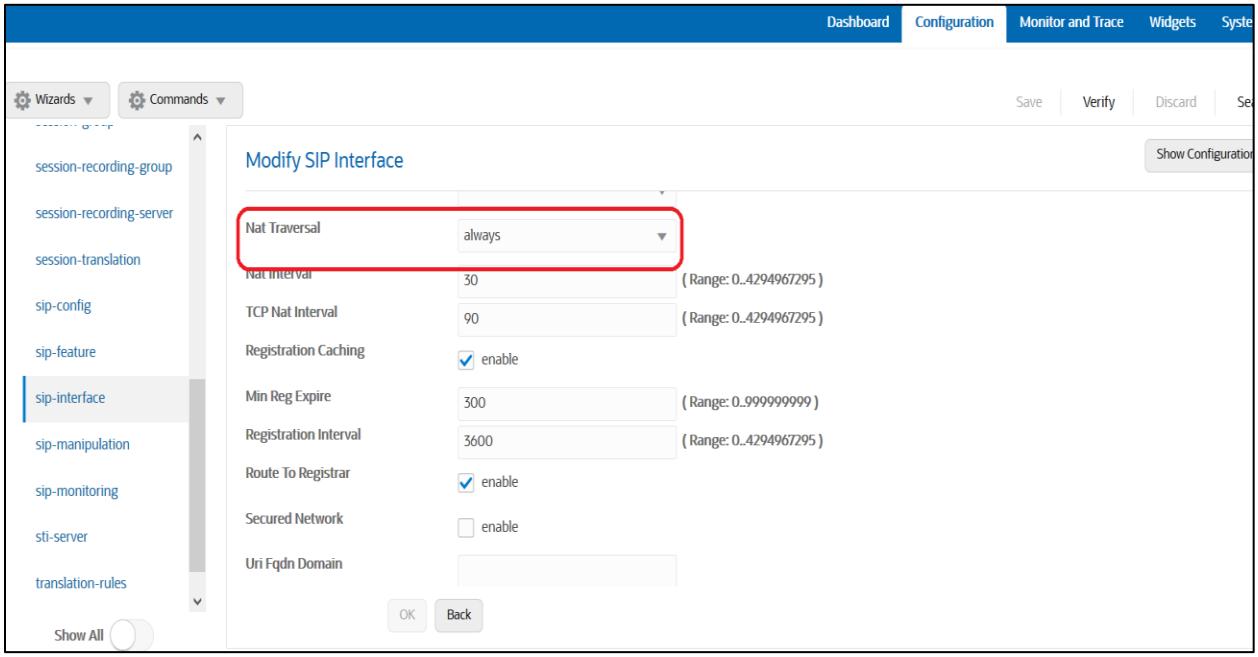


6.11. Configure SIP Interfaces.

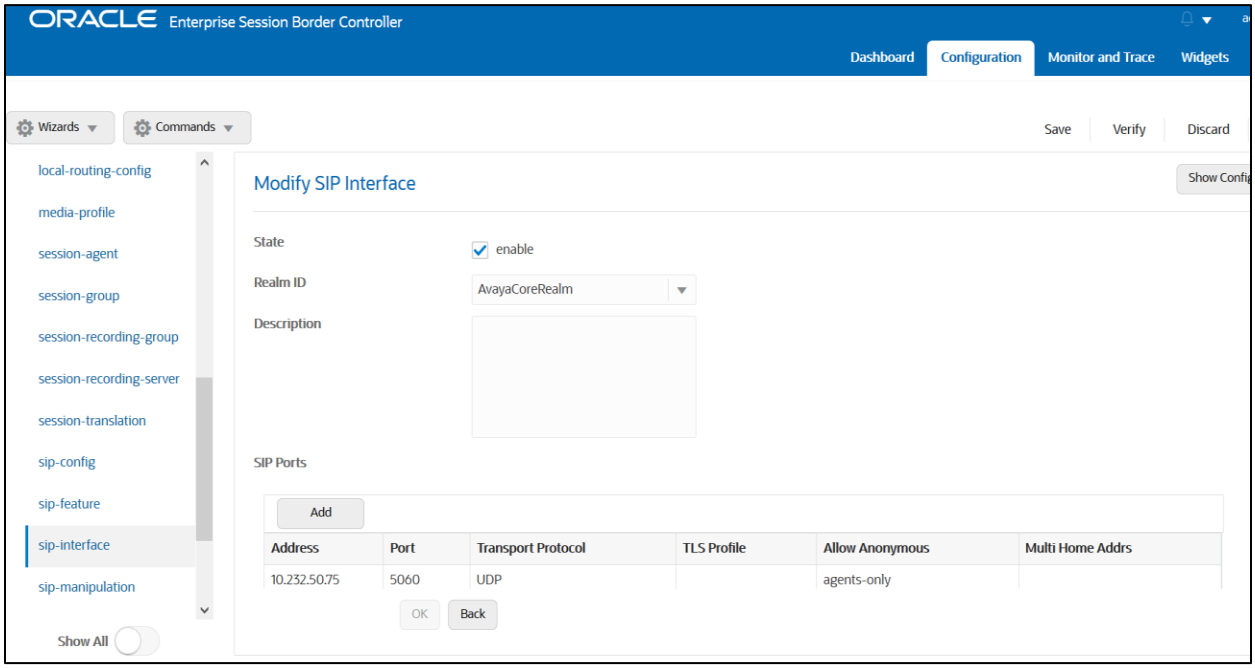
Navigate to sip-interface under session-router and configure the sip-interface as shown below. Please configure the below settings under the sip-interface which is configured for remote workers.

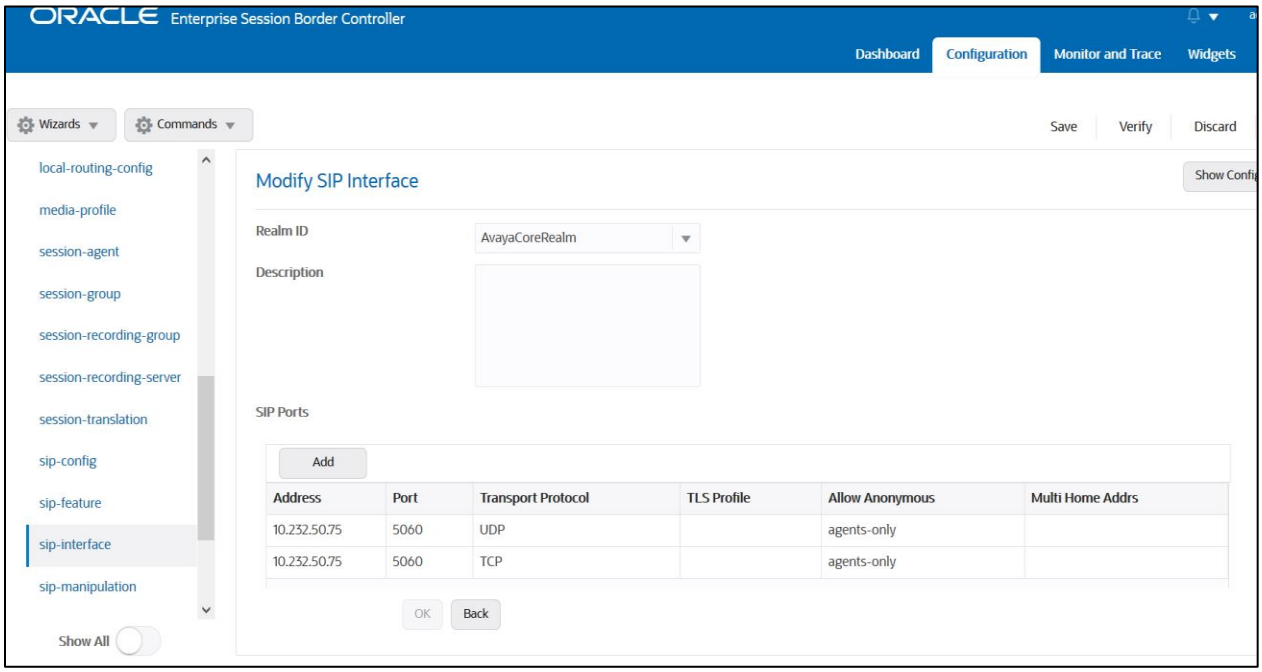
- Tls-profile needs to match the name of the tls-profile previously created
- Set allow-anonymous to registered to ensure traffic to this sip-interface only comes from remote workers which are registered to Avaya Session Manager via SBC.
- Set NAT traversal to always for the remote workers to register.





Similarly, Configure Internal IP under sip-port of sip-interface for Avaya Session Manager side. (Avaya Core Side). Set allow-anonymous to agents-only.



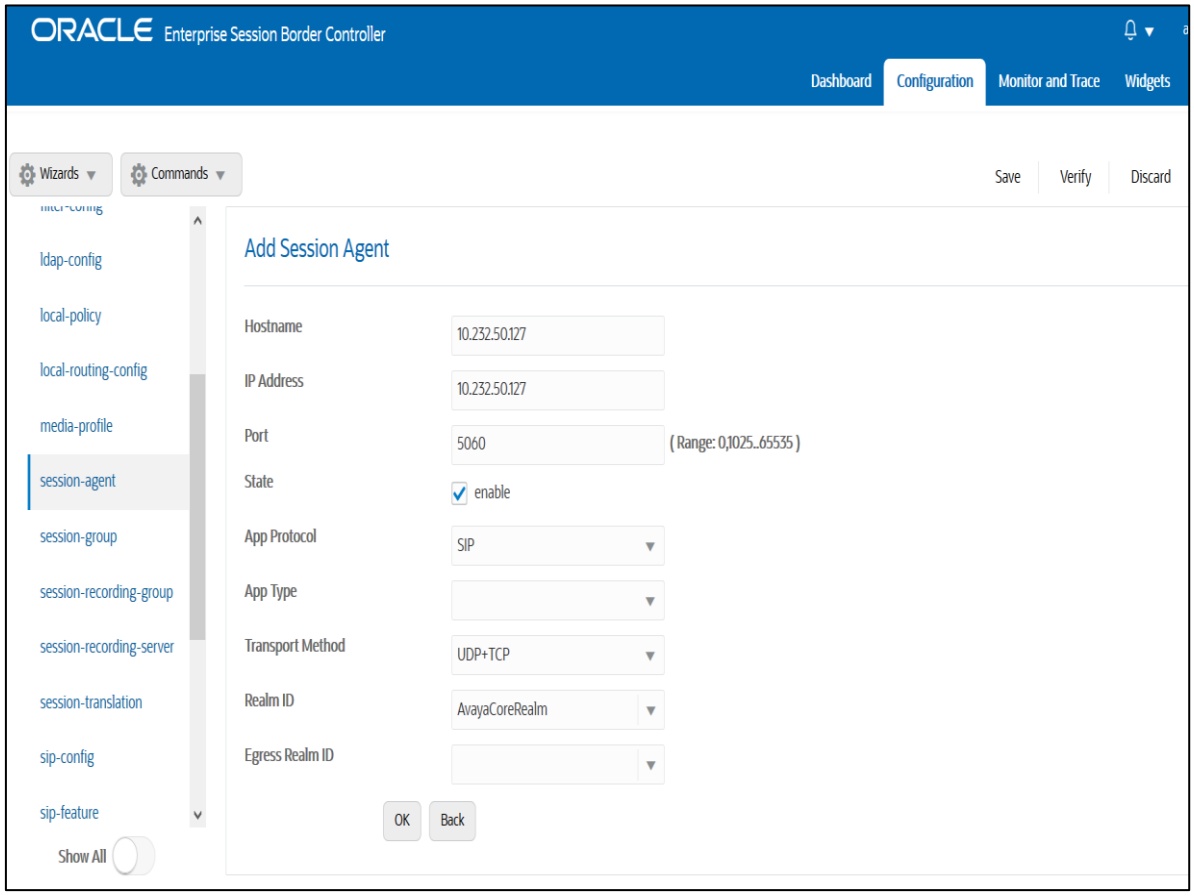


Once sip-interface is configured – the SBC is ready to accept traffic on the allocated IP address.

6.12. Configure session-agent

Session-agents are config elements which are trusted agents who can send/receive traffic from the SBC with direct access to trusted data path. Session-agents are config elements which are trusted agents who can send/receive traffic from the SBC with direct access to trusted data.
Configure the session-agent for Avaya Session Manager where SBC should route the calls.
Go to session-router->Session-Agent.

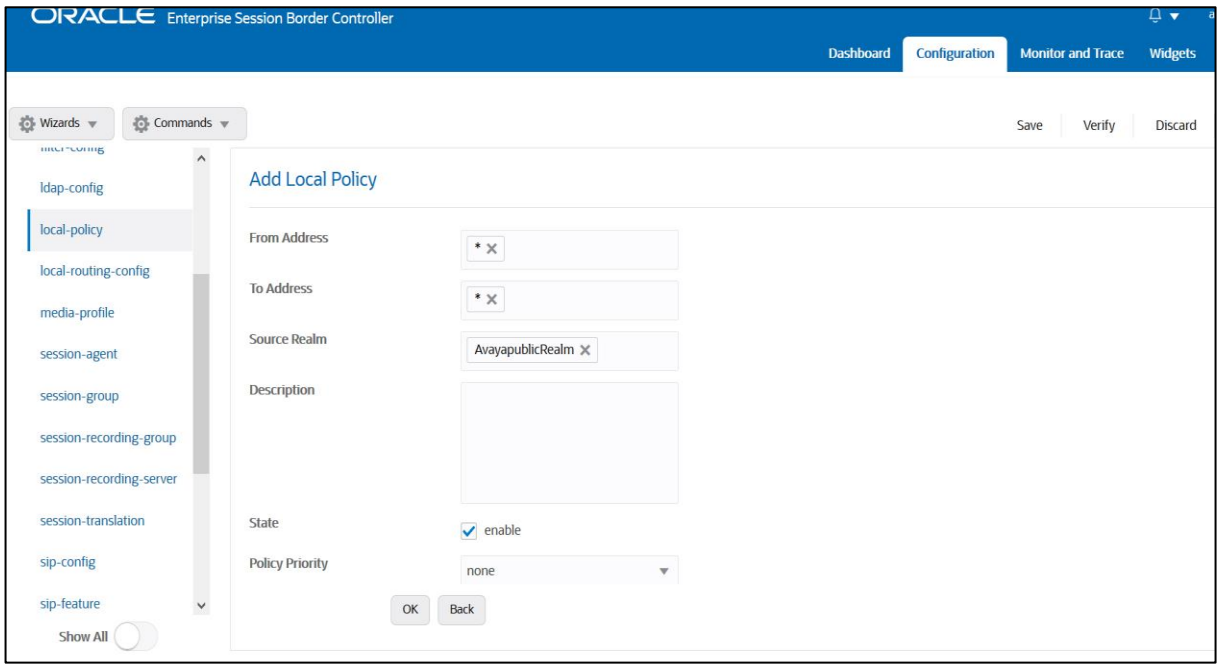
- Host name and IP address to 10.232.50.127 which is the Avaya SM IP.
- Port set to 5060
- Realm ID – Needs to match the realm created for Avaya SM.
  Transport set to “UDP+TCP

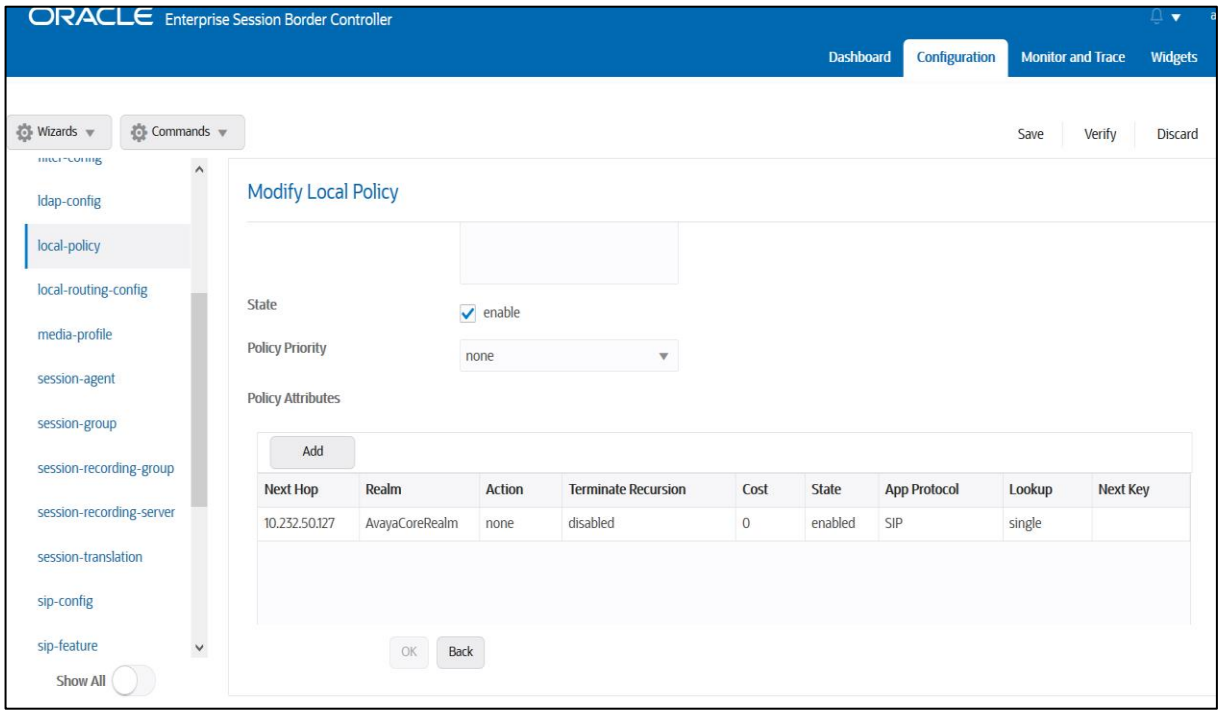


6.13. Configure local-policy

Local policy config allows for the SBC to route calls from one end of the network to the other based on routing criteria. To configure local-policy, go to Session-Router->local-policy.

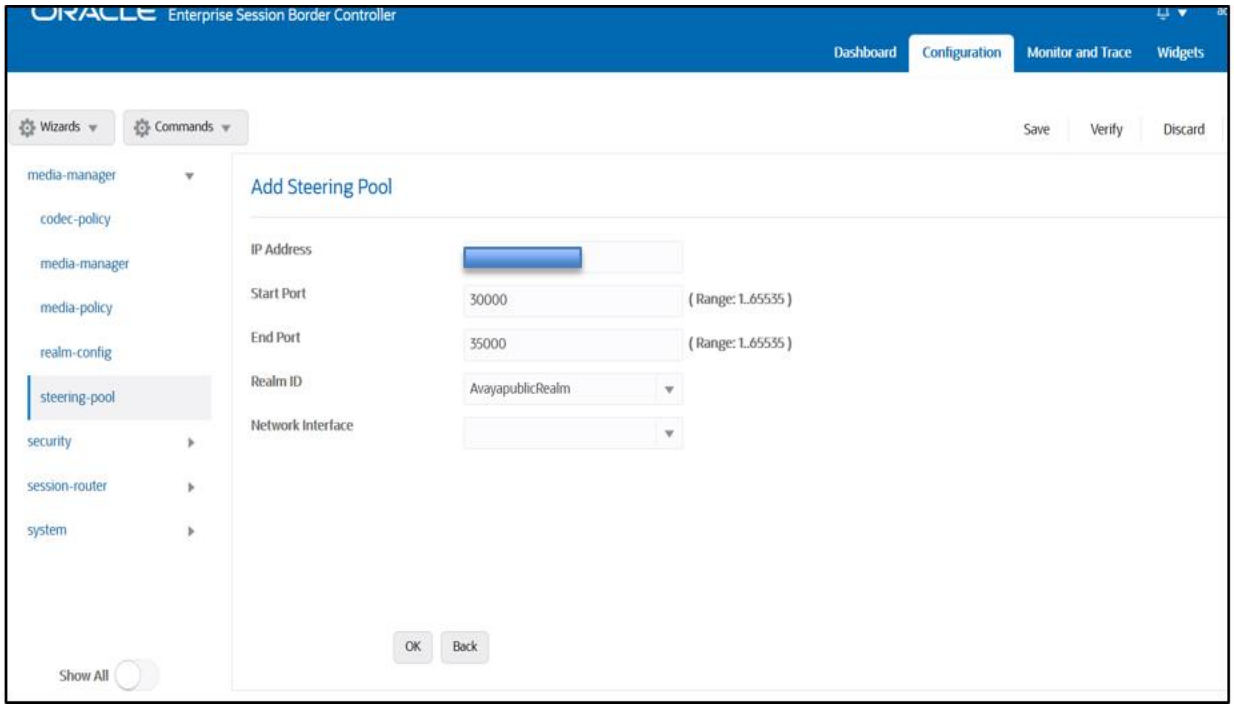
To register and make calls from Remote Worker to Other Phones via sbc,
The next hop here should be the Avaya SM IP which is 10.232.50.127

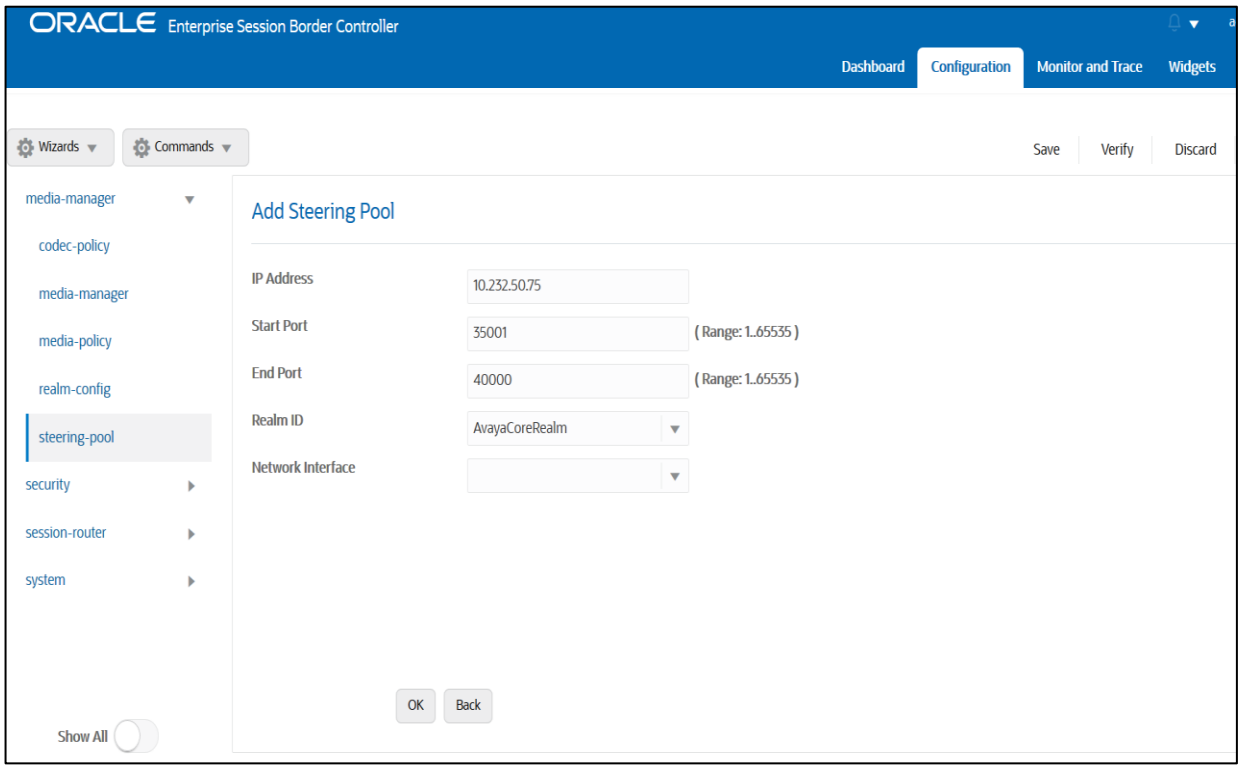




6.14. Configure steering-pool

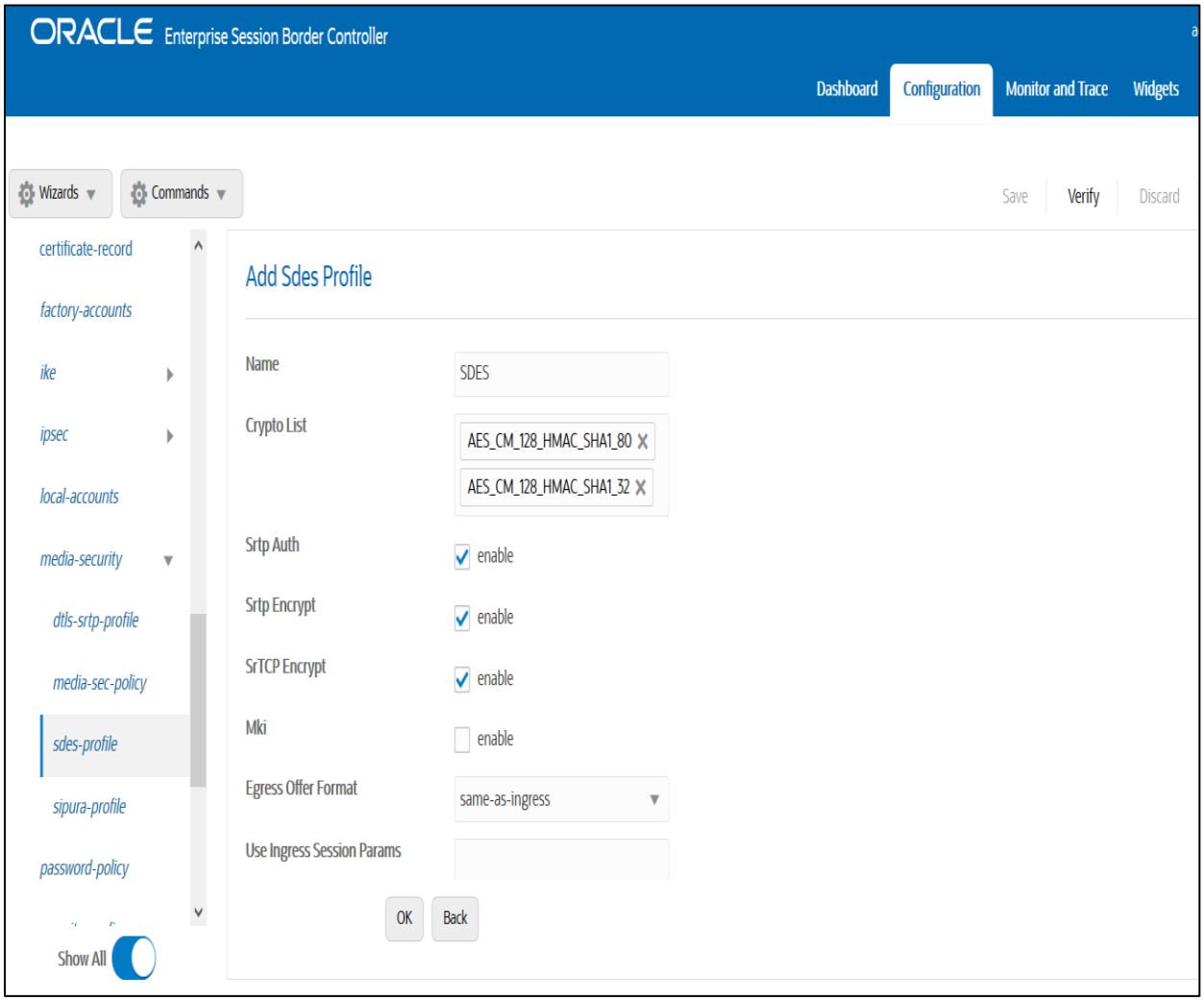
Steering-pool config allows configuration to assign IP address(es), ports & a realm.





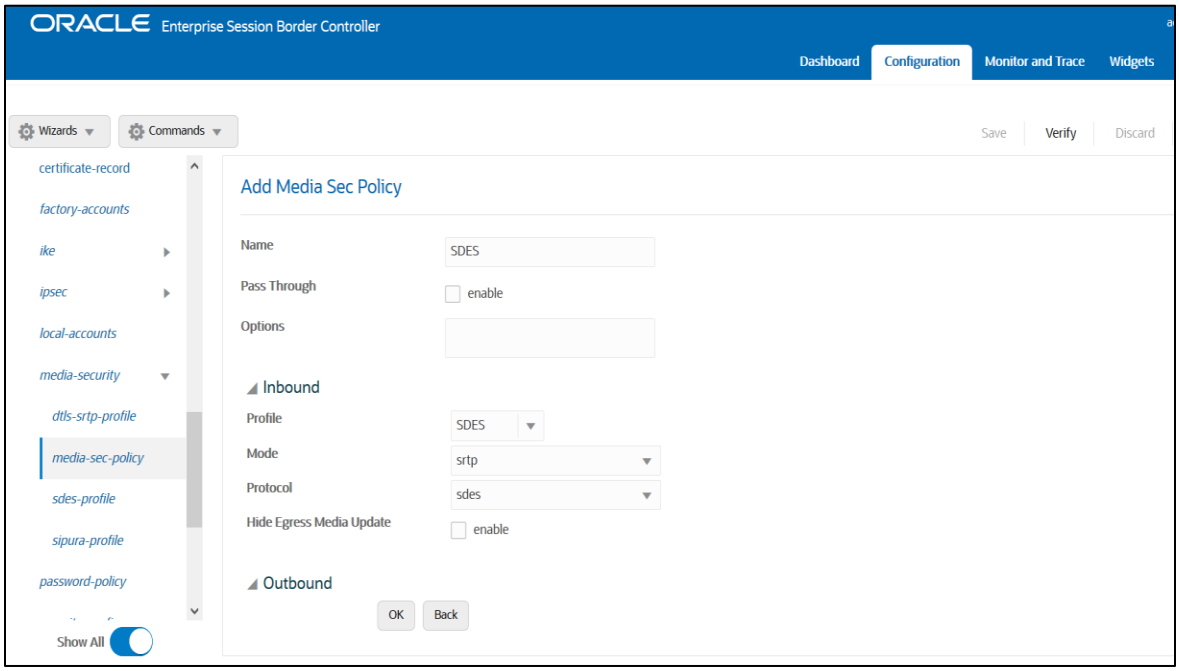
6.15. Configure sdes profile

Please go to →Security → Media Security →sdes profile and create the policy as below.

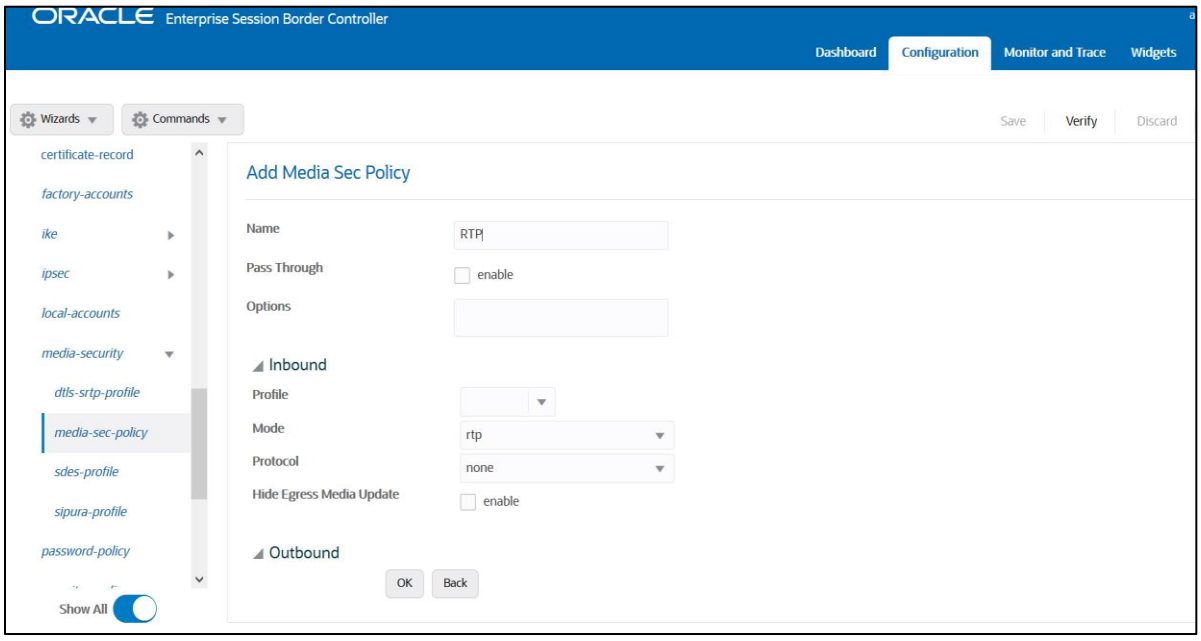


6.16. Configure Media Security Profile

Please go to →Security → Media Security →media Sec policy and create the policy as below:
Create Media Sec policy with name SDES for the Avaya Public Side which will have the sdes profile created above. Assign this media policy to the AvayapublicRealm.



Similarly, Create Media Sec policy with name RTP to convert srtp to rtp for the Avaya SM side which will use only TCP/UDP as transport protocol. Assign this media policy to the AvayaCoreRealm.



With this, the SBC configuration is complete.

7. Existing SBC configuration

If the SBC being used with Avaya Session Manager is an existing SBC with functional configuration, following configuration elements are required:

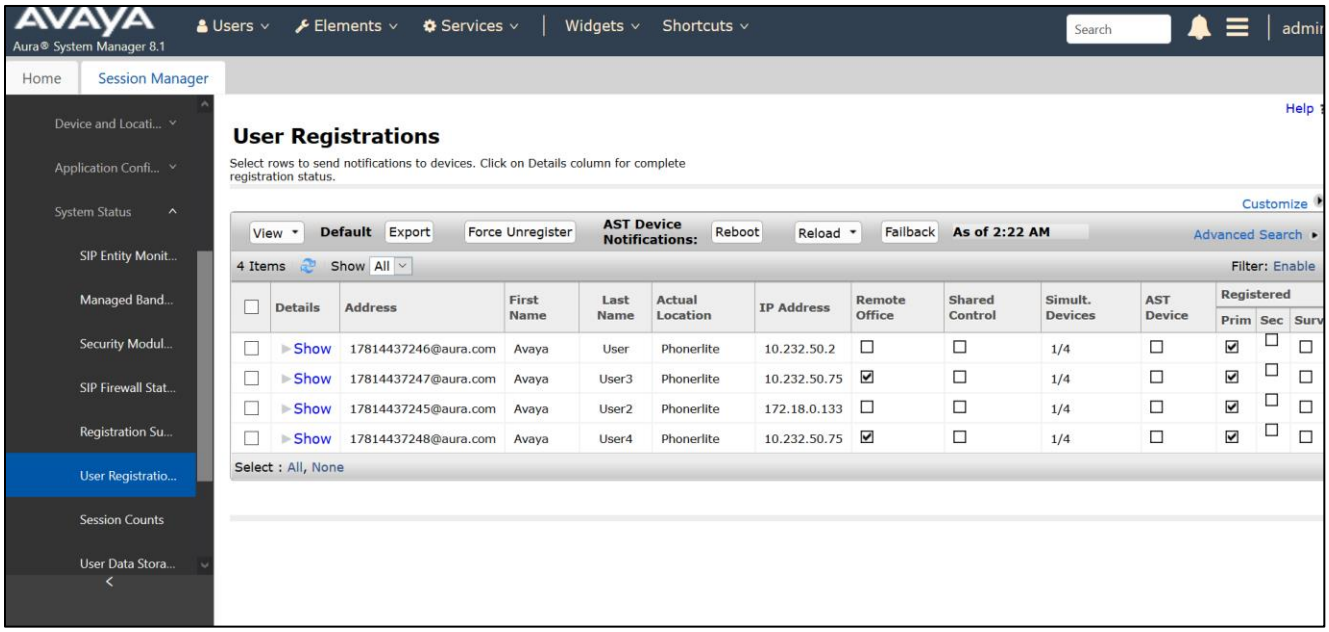
- New realm-config
- Configuring a certificate for SBC Interface
- TLS-Profile
- New sip-interface
- New session-agent
- New steering-pools
- New local-policy
- SDES Profile
- Media-sec-Policy

Please follow the steps mentioned in the above chapters to configure these elements.

8. Registration and Verification of Avaya 3rd party SIP Phones configuration

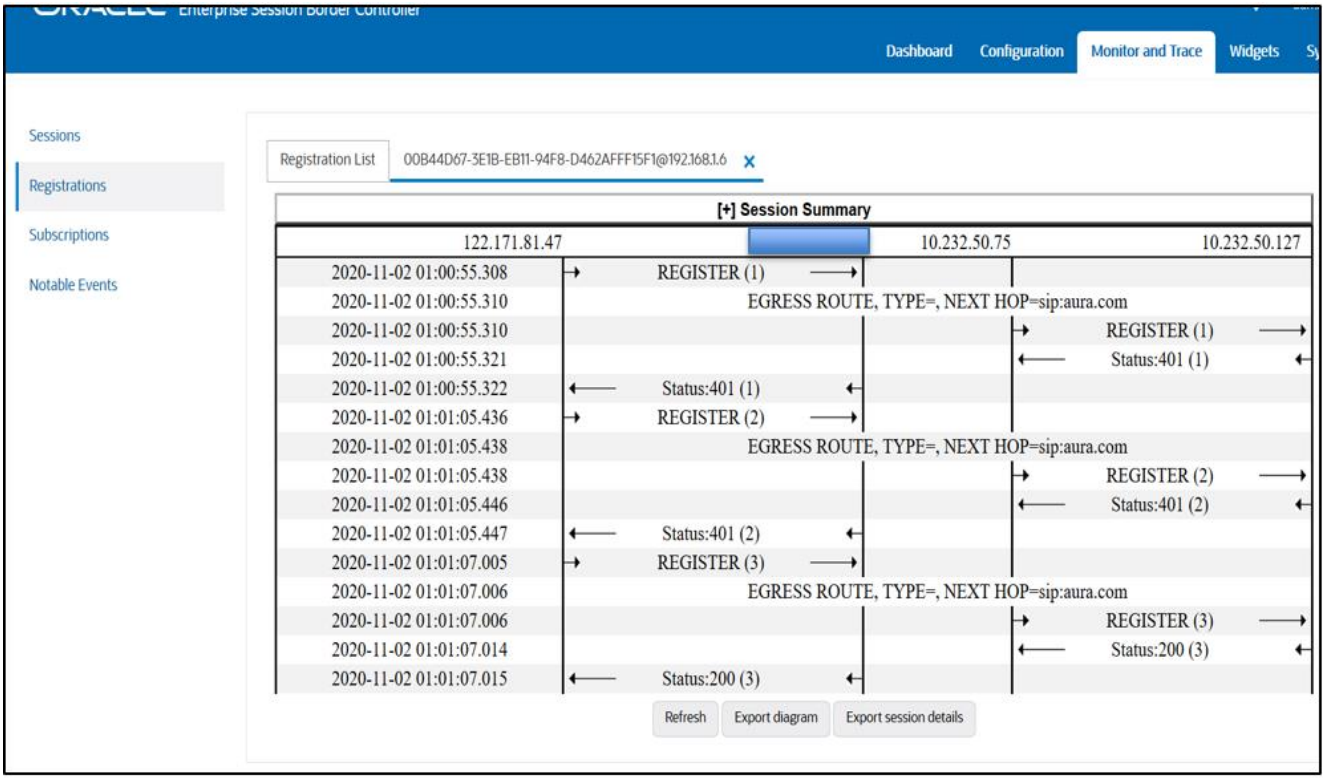
Once the SBC and Avaya Session Manager configuration is complete, we can try registering the remote phones and local phones and can verify whether they are successfully registered to the Avaya Session Manager.

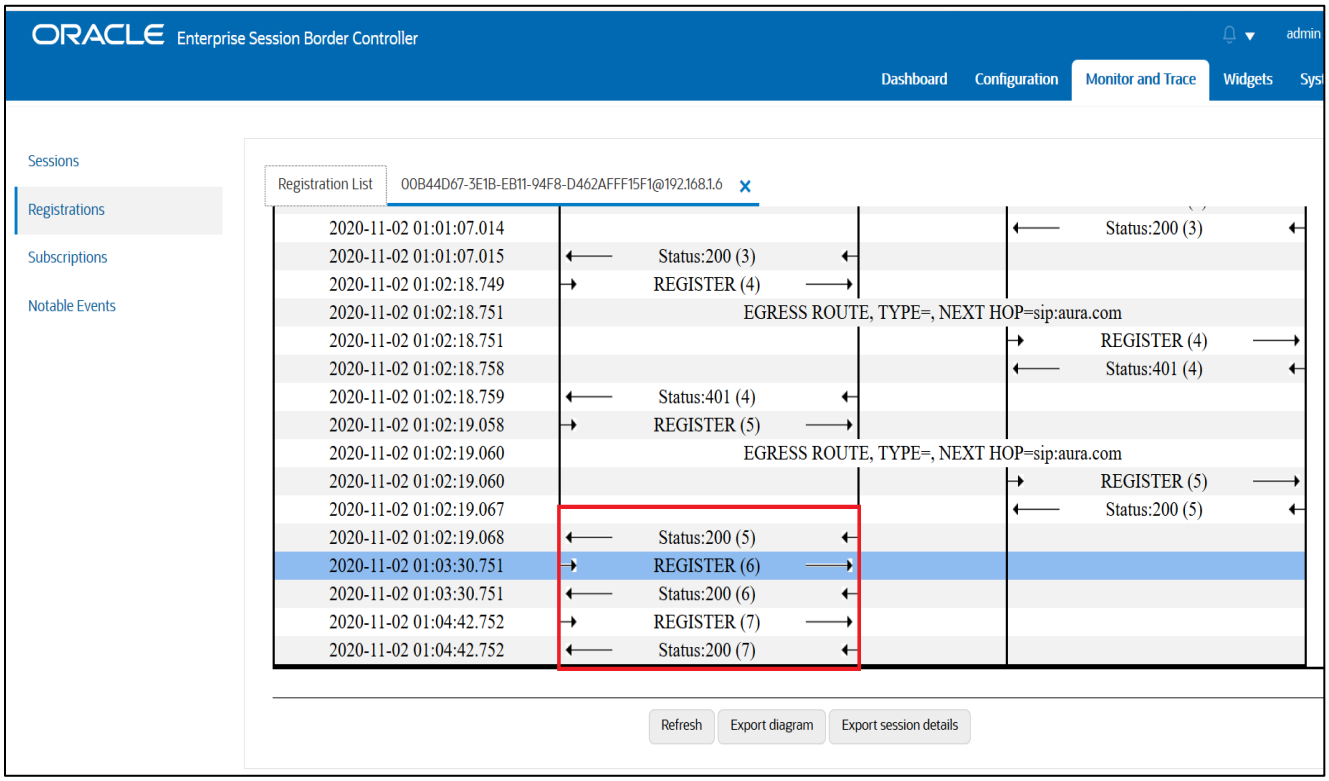
Please Navigate to: Elements->Session Manager->System Status-> User registration.
Verify whether the users are registered successfully to the Session Manager.



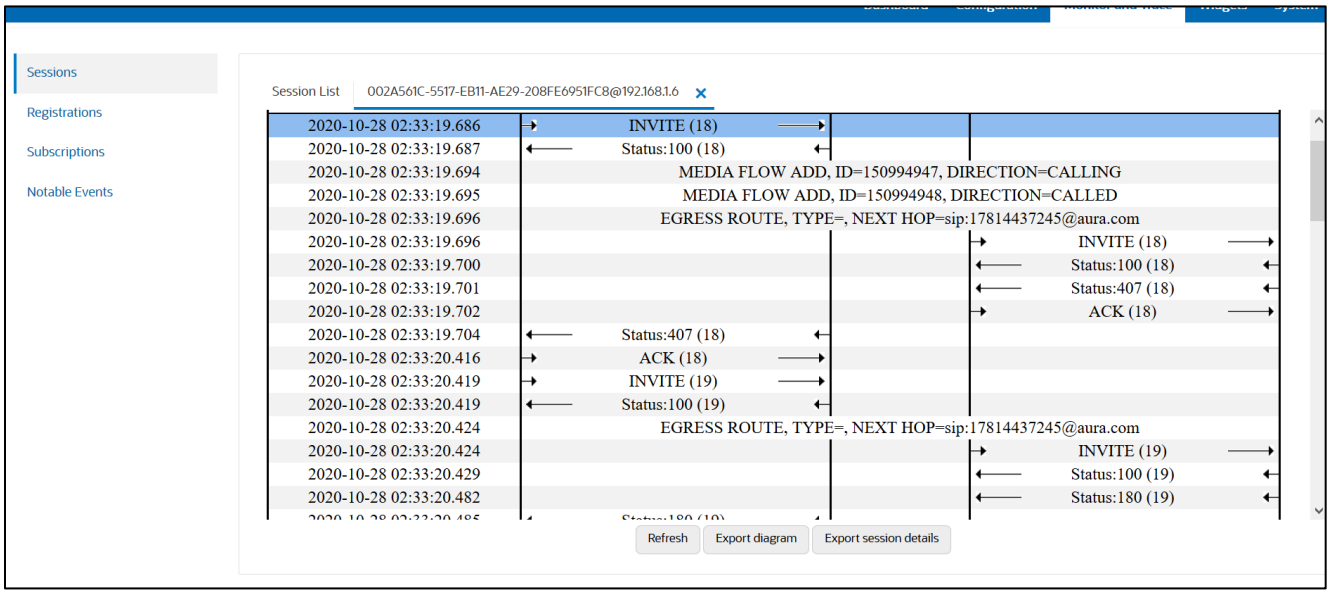
As we can see, there are couple of DNs registered as Remote office phones which has the IP address of SBC inside IP (10.232.50.75) and these phones are registered via Oracle SBC to Avaya Session Manager. There are also two phones registered to Avaya Session Manager directly

We can register the remote worker to Avaya SM through Oracle SBC and you can see the registration flow below. We can see that REGISTER is successful and also SBC caches registration info.
After that, register is directly answered by SBC instead of routing to Avaya SM till next expires time.

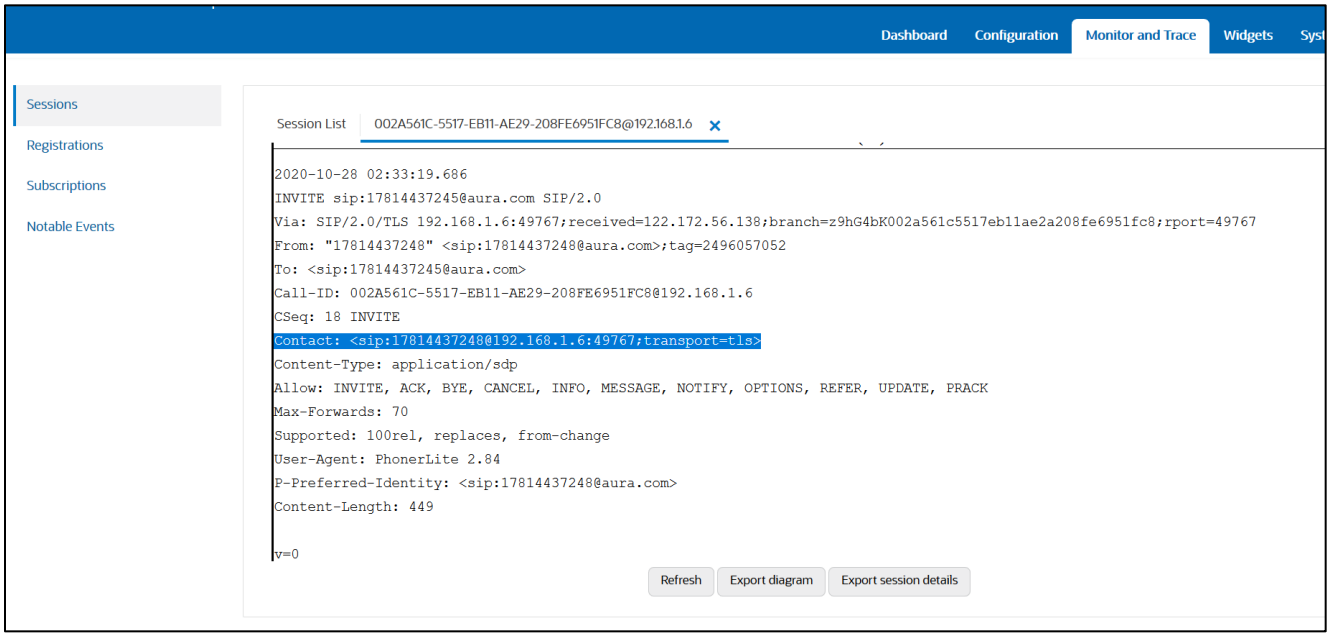




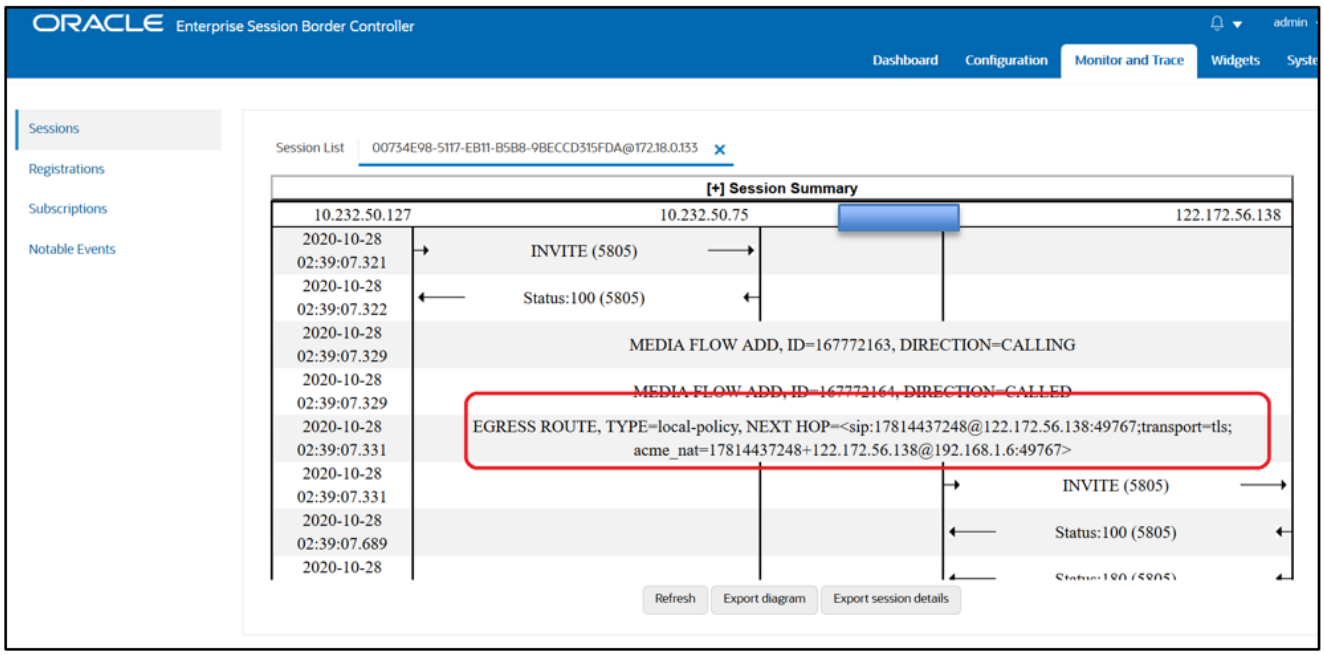
We can also make calls between these phones and we can verify the signaling path.
The above call is made from access side to core side.



Here the INVITE from access side comes with TLS protocol and from SBC it is changed to TCP/UDP



Similarly, we can also make calls from core side to access side and check the SIP path.
Here the call is converted to TLS after reaching SBC.



Calls between remote worker phones is also working (This works like Hair pinned calls)

In those calls, calls will first reach to Avaya Session Manager via Oracle SBC and the call again reaches another remote worker from Avaya Session Manager again via our SBC,

Appendix A

Following are the test cases that are executed as part of Avaya Remote worker TLS config and Avaya Session Manager with Oracle SBC in between.

Note: Please note that the remote worker side is configured to work in TLS mode (Remote worker to SBC) and Core side is configured to work in TCP/UDP mode (SBC to Avaya Session Manager)

Serial Number	Test Cases Executed	Result
1	Register Avaya 3rd party SIP phone to Avaya Session manager via Oracle SBC	Pass
2	Outbound Call from Remote Worker to other users, calling party hangs up after call	Pass
3	Outbound Call from Remote Worker to other users, called party hangs up after call	Pass
4	Inbound Call to Remote Worker from other user, calling party hangs up	Pass
5	Inbound Call to Remote Worker from other user, called party hangs up	Pass
6	Inbound Call from Remote Worker and calling party CANCEL the call before caller party answers	Pass
7	Outbound call to Remote Worker and calling party CANCEL the caller before call is established	Pass
8	Outbound Call from Remote Worker to other user, answers the call, caller puts call on hold, then retrieves the call to ensure speech path is returned	Pass
9	Inbound call to Remote Worker, answers the call, caller puts call on hold, then retrieve the call to ensure speech path is returned	Pass
10	Outbound Call from Remote Worker phone to other device; Keep the call active for more than 30 minutes	Pass
11	Inbound Call to Remote Worker and keep the call active for more than 30 minutes	Pass
12	Call Forward All is set on Remote Worker	Pass
13	Call Forward Busy is set on Remote Worker	Pass
14	Inbound Call to Remote Worker; Unattended transfer to another user	Pass
15	Remote Worker makes Outbound call to User A and User A makes Unattended transfer to User B	Pass
16	Remote Worker makes outbound call User A, User A attends the call and consult transfers the call to User B	Pass
17	User A calls inbound call to Remote Worker and Remote worker attends the call and consult transfers to User B	Pass
18	Conference Call is made with Remote Worker	Pass

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