

# OpenShift Cluster Setup with Assisted Installer on Compute Cloud@Customer

Step-by-step to deploy OpenShift Clusters using Assisted Installer on Compute Cloud@Customer

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# **Purpose statement**

This document provides step-by-step instructions to deploy Redhat OpenShift Clusters on Oracle Compute Cloud@Customer.

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# Introduction

In today's changing world of business IT, automation and native solutions play a crucial role in ensuring flexibility, scalability and effectiveness. As more companies embrace various Kubernetes platform as OpenShift for managing containers, the importance of deployment processes becomes clear. This guide helps to address the specific preference of using Redhat's OpenShift for Kubernetes by offering a step-by-step instructions of installing OpenShift on Compute Cloud@Customer.

OpenShift offers a variety of features, including automated installation, upgrades, and life cycle management. It also provides advanced security and monitoring, integrated storage, and CI/CD pipeline management. OpenShift is powered by Kubernetes, an open-source project that streamlines the entire application lifecycle, from development to delivery to management

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# **Access and Considerations**

Before getting into the steps for setting up OpenShift on Oracle Compute Cloud@Customer, it's important to make sure you have all the necessary prerequisites ready. This section outlines the elements needed to carry out the installation with minimal disruptions.

The prerequisites covered in this document encompass operational aspects, including:

- Access to Compute Cloud@Customer: Make sure you have an active account with the appropriate permissions to create and manage resources on Oracle Compute Cloud@Customer.
- Access to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Region Tenancy: Make sure you have an active account in the OCI Region's Tenancy that will be connected to Compute Cloud@Customer using a Federated Identity Provider. This OCI Tenancy will be used to manage and maintain all IAM Services for Compute Cloud@ Customer.
- Access to Redhat Assisted Installer Clusters Portal: During the step-by-step deployment process, you will be taking advantage of the Redhat Hybrid Cloud Console Portal:
   <a href="https://console.redhat.com/openshift/assisted-installer/clusters">https://console.redhat.com/openshift/assisted-installer/clusters</a>
- Access Credentials: You will need a bastion / jump host within you C3 target Compartment's Tenancy to connect with an external Terraform website to download and install Terraform. You will also use this Bastion host for OCI CLI, Running the Terraform Scripts and preparing the OpenShift Clusters.
- **Networking Considerations:** Ensure that your network setup allows for communication, which includes setting up VCN (Virtual Cloud Network) configuring subnets and managing security lists. If your C3 is disconnected, you will need to access external networks via a DRG.
- **Infrastructure Planning:** Develop a strategy outlining the resources needed capacity projections and design aspects customized to suit your organizations requirements.

By fulfilling these criteria, you will be ready to follow the instructions outlined in this paper guaranteeing a seamless and effective deployment of your Redhat OpenShift Clusters on Oracle Compute Cloud@Customer.

#### **Bastion Configuration**

A Bastion Host, also referred to as a jump server, provides a server created to enable access to a private network from an external network, like the internet. For the OpenShift deployment on Oracle Compute Cloud@Customer, a bastion host is utilized to host Terraform scripts utilized to configure infrastructure and build OpenShift Clusters. It will also be utilized for reaching resources and instances within a subnet in your Compute Cloud@Customer environment.

Advantages of Using a Bastion Host are:

- Access Point: Acts as an entry point for administrators and users to connect to instances in the private network without exposing them directly to the internet.
- Offers a controlled gateway thereby reducing the vulnerability surface.
- Isolation of Critical Resources: Ensures that computing resources within the network are safeguarded and isolated from internet exposure. Helps in minimizing risks associated with attacks on systems.
- Monitoring: Centralizes access logging simplifying tracking and auditing access to resources. Can be integrated with security information and event management (SIEM) systems, for monitoring capabilities.

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By implementing a bastion host, you can securely and efficiently manage access to your Oracle Compute Cloud@Customer or Private Cloud Appliance resources, ensuring that your private instances remain protected and accessible only through a secure, controlled entry point.

The installation of the OCI CLI will be revisited in the first section of this procedure:

 Install OCI CLI in your bastion host. For the step-by-step and how to install OCI CLI and properly setup the OCI CLI configuration file in your instance, refer to the following links below: <u>https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/API/SDKDocs/cliinstall.htm</u> and <u>https://docs.oracle.com/en/engineered-systems/private-cloud-appliance/3.0-latest/user/user-usr-ce-</u> cli.html#usr-cli-obtain-cabundle.

## **Overview**

The installation process outlined below will involve building two hosts within the targeted compartment of the OpenShift Cluster installation.

The first instance to be installed will be a "bastion" host, within the designated compartment, and will be used to run two Terraform scripts. The first script will be used for building IAM Resources on your OCI Home Region of the C3 (2 Dynamic Groups & 1 Policy). The second Terraform Script will be for building the Infrastructure Resources on the C3 System to support the OpenShift Cluster (the OpenShift VCN, Public and Private Subnets, Load Balancers, Internet GW, NAT GW, and DNS Server). It will include all the resources needed to allow the Control Plane and Worker Nodes to function that form a cluster. The bastion will be installed in the designated OpenShift Compartment and must be configured to communicate through a designated C3 DRG Subnet or Internet GW Subnet within the C3's parent tenancy.

Finally, three Control Plane Nodes and three Worker Nodes will be provisioned, along with configuring the external and internal Load Balancers that form the Cluster.

### **Bastion Server - Prerequisites**

In preparation to running Terraform Scripts, this section will be focused on the installation of Terraform and OCI CLI.

Currently Compute Cloud@Customer (C3) does not support OCI Resource Manager Stack (RMS). To run the Terraform script, a Bastion Server will be installed on the within the targeted OpenShift Cluster deployment. Terraform and OCI CLI will then be loaded on to the Bastion Server for execution.

**Public IP Addresses:** You will need a set of 3 Public IP Addresses. Use of CIDR notations will provide ample number of IP Addresses

**Note:** Your Compute Cloud at Customer (C3) is Federated with an OCI Home Region (such as PHX, FRA, IAD, etc). The Compute Cloud@Customer inherits IAM Policies from this OCI Home Region. Configurations will include referencing this OCI Home Region and your C3 System. It is important to work from the OCI <u>Home</u> Region that your C3 is connected to. You will need Tenancy level permissions to create a specific Compartment to deploy OpenShift **and** to Create Dynamic Groups in your Home Region's Tenancy.

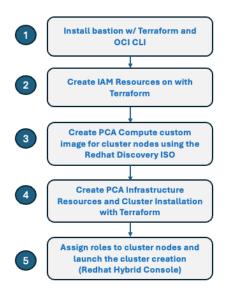
The following is an overview of installations and directories that will be placed on to the bastion host for the execution of Terraform scripts. Before running the Terraform scripts, Terraform and oci-cli will be installed and configured.

The following figure, provides and overview of the installation process.

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# Installation Overview – Assisted Installer



- Currently C3/PCA does not support: Developer Services, Resource Manager
- The current procedure includes manual steps to set up running terraform scripts within target the compartment
- (1) Install an Instance bastion server within Target Compartment & Install OCI CLI and Terraform
   A preloaded custom image will be available w/ both
- (2) Run Script-1 : Create IAM Resources Dynamic Groups and Policies to allow instances to manage resources
- (3) Create Discovery ISO on Red Hat OpenShift Portal: Download customize Discovery ISO to PCA for Automated Install in Script-2
   Includes adding customized Manifests, CSI and CCM Files
- (4) Run Script-2: Create Infra Resources (VCN, LB's, IGW, NAT, Etc) and Launch typical 3 x 3 Cluster (3 CP Nodes / 3 Worker Nodes)
   Topology is shown on next page
- (5) Assign Roles / Cluster Creation: Assign roles, upload manifests & create cluster via Red Hat Assisted Installer Portal
- (6) Launch OpenShift Console & Advanced Cluster Manager

#### Figure-1

#### **Bastion Installation**

- 1. Create a Compartment in your OCI Home Region that will be managing this deployment. Allow a few minutes for this to propagate to your C3 system.
- 2. Login to the C3 System's Console
- 3. Click on "Compute" and switch to the Compartment made in Step-1
- 4. Create an Instance
  - a. **Name:** Provide a name of your choosing (for the remaining of this procedure, we will refer to this as "bastion")
  - b. Create in Compartment: Choose the Compartment used to build your Cluster
  - c. Fault Domain: Automatically select ...
  - d. Source Image: Oracle Linux 9
  - e. **Shape:** VM.Standard.E5.Flex
  - f. **OCPUs:** 2
  - g. Memory (GBs): 20
  - h. Subnet:
    - 1. For disconnected C3's, the VCN and Subnet chosen for VNIC attachment must have a DRG for external access
    - 2. Choose an appropriate **VCN** and **Subnet** for external access if you are using a DRG.
      - 1. Alternatively, choose a Public Subnet with IGW Access
  - i. Public IP:
    - **1.** Deselect for using DRG based install
    - 2. Select if using connected C3 and use of Public Subnet w/ IGW
  - j. Private IP:
    - 1. Keep (Optional)
  - k. **SSH Key:** Upload or Cut and Paste the Public Key into the dialogue box
  - I. Create the Instance
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m. Record the Private IP – You will be using this to SSH into in the next step.

	l@Customer		Auto Reload 🗾 robert.j.murphy@oracle.com 👻
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Instance Configurations	Instances State	Create in Compartment	ds Service Endpoints Created Actions
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Instance Exports	inst-lie4u-osctest-	Fault Domain Automatically select the best fault domain	•
Autoscaling Configurations	compute		11/14/2024, 08:19:07 PM
Instance Imports	inst-mgn83-oscte st-compute		11/14/2024, 08:19:33 PM
Custom Images	inst-vbevc-osctest -control-plane	Source Image Source Type	11/14/2024, 08:19:46 PM
	inst-Oqbcc-osctes t-compute	Platform Image	11/14/2024, 08:19:52 PM
	inst-w2h7k-osctes t-control-plane	Operating System OS Version Image Build	11/14/2024, 08:20:16 PM
	inst-efz3t-osctest- control-plane Running	Oracle Linux 9	11/14/2024, 08:20:39 PM
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SIMMUS/MULS			

SSH into the **bastion** Instance using the Public or Private IP Address (if a DRG is utilized):

 [my\_laptop ~]\$ ssh opc@<bastion\_IP\_Address>

#### **Terraform Installation**

1. Download the Terraform binary AMD64 zip file onto your laptop from: <u>https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/install</u>

**Note:** The Terraform binary version will continue to be updated. Choose the latest version.

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- 2. SSH into your bastion instance
  - a. [user@my\_laptop ~]\$ ssh opc@<bastion\_private\_IP\_address>
- 3. On the bastion instance, make a directory "prerequisite"
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- a. [bastion ~]\$ mkdir /home/opc/prerequisite/
- 4. Transfer the Terraform zip file from your laptop to the bastion host via secure copy, scp:
  - a. [user@ my\_laptop ~]\$ scp terraform\_1.8.3\_linux\_amd64.zip opc@<bastion\_private\_IP\_address>:/home/opc/prerequisite/
- 5. Unzip the Terraform Binary and move it to the **bin** directory
  - a. [opc@bastion ~ ./prerequisite]\$ unzip terraform\_1.8.3\_linux\_amd64.zip
  - b. [opc@bastion ~ ./prerequisite]\$ sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin
  - c. [opc@bastion ~ ./prerequisite]\$ sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/terraform
  - d. Verify the Terraform installation was a success.
    - 1. [opc@bastion ~ ./prerequisite]\$ terraform version
    - 2. The processor type and version number will be returned

#### Installing and Configuring OCI CLI

- 1. Install the OCI CLI
  - a. Goto: Offline Installation documentation
    - 1. **Choose**: Choose an "Oracle Linux 9 Offline" version
    - 2. Example: oci-cli-3.49.2-Oracle-Linux-9-Offline
    - b. Download the zip file to your local machine
  - c. Transfer from the file from your local machine to the targeted bastion server and store in the prerequisite folder:
    - 1. [user@my\_laptop ~]\$ scp oci-cli-3.49.2-Oracle-Linux-9-Offline.zip
    - opc@<bastion\_private\_IP\_address>:/home/opc/prerequisite/
  - d. SSH into the bastion the bastion server
    - 1. [user@my\_laptop ~]\$ ssh opc@<bastion\_private\_IP\_address>
  - e. Unzip the oci cli file:
    - 1. [opc@bastion ~ ./prerequisite]\$ unzip oci-cli-3.49.2-Oracle-Linux-9-Offline.zip
  - f. Install oci cli
    - 1. [opc@bastion ~ ./prerequisite/]\$ cd oci-cli-installation
    - 2. [opc@bastion ~ ./prerequisite/oci-cli-installation]\$ bash install.sh --offline-install
      - 1. Answer **no** to any changes regarding paths and defaults presented (leave blank)

#### 2. Configure the OCI CLI

- **a.** [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci setup config
- **b.** [opc@bastion ~]\$ **Enter a location for your config [/home/opc/.oci/config]:** Enter (keep path)
- c. [opc@bastion ~]\$ Enter a user OCID: Els
- **d.** nter your User OCID (Goto your C3 Console of your Home OCI Console, navigate to you Identity and obtain your OCID)
- e. [opc@bastion ~]\$ Enter your Tenancy OCID: Enter your Tenancy OCID (This can be found on the OCI Home Console in the upper right corner, Profile.)
- f. [opc@bastion ~]\$ Enter a Region by index or name: Select the Region name's representative number and enter it (for this example, we are using us-ashburn-1)
- g. [opc@bastion ~]\$ Do you want to generate a new API Signing RSA key pair? Y
- h. [opc@bastion ~]\$ Enter a directory for your keys to be created [/home/opc/.oci]: Enter (keep default)
- i. [opc@bastion ~]\$ Enter a name for your key [oci\_api\_key]: Enter (keep default)
- j. [opc@bastion ~]\$ Enter a passphrase for your private key: select N/A (or choose a passphrase if desired)

This completes the initial configuration.



A directory will have been made: /home/opc/.oci

#### It will contain the following files:

- o config
- oci\_api\_key.pem
- oci\_api\_key\_public.pem

# 3. Make a Copy of your oci\_api\_key\_public.pem that you will use in your Home OCI User profile's API Keys:

- [opc@bastion ~]\$ cat oci\_api\_key\_public.pem
  - Cut and then Paste this key in the next step

#### 4. Navigate to your OCI Home Console's User Profile to update your User API Keys

- o Identity / Security
- o Choose Domains
- o Choose Default
- Choose Users in left navigation
- Select your User
- Scroll down on left nav to "API Keys" and select
- Select "Add API Key"
- Cut and paste the oci\_api\_key\_public.pem
- Select "Add"
- Note the API key fingerprint. This should be the same fingerprint found in the oci config file: /home/opc/.oci/config

#### 3. Configure the OCI CLI Files

In this section, you will be making changes to the /.oci/config file. This file provides the necessary tenancy and security keys for accessing both your Home OCI Region Tenancy as well as your C3 System

- a. [opc@bastion ~]\$ vi ~/.oci/config
  - 1. Change the [DEFAULT] to [home]
  - 2. Cut and paste the complete section and place beneath it. This will be the section for the C3 Region
  - 3. Change the second section from [home] to [c3]

#### Example:

[home]

user=ocid1.user.oc1..aaaaaaaaqlnen3dpgyqn6xi6hwl7vuertngidgncd7rbgt2x2ga2rmyawvya fingerprint=

key\_file=/home/opc/.oci/oci\_api\_key.pem

tenancy=ocid1.tenancy.oc1..aaaaaaaalmxrgmsqoou26rdybgthdwtwdwhn7km5oq3u25f6bdpoxihqef6q region= us-phoenix-1

[c3]

user=ocid1.user.oc1..aaaaaaaaqlnen3dpgyqn6xi6hwl7vuertngidgncd7rbgt2x2ga2rmyawvya fingerprint=

key\_file=/home/opc/.oci/oci\_api\_key.pem

tenancy=ocid1.tenancy.oc1..aaaaaaaalmxrgmsqoou26rdybgthdwtwdwhn7km5oq3u25f6bdpoxihqef6q region= scasg03.us.oracle.com

**Note:** For your region, simply look at the browser URL, where the console will appear as in this example: <u>https://console.scasg02.us.oracle.com</u>. Your region will be scasg02.us.oracle.com

- 4. For the next step, you will need a Certificate Authority Bundle. The instructions are provided here: Reference Doc: <u>https://docs.oracle.com/en/engineered-systems/private-cloud-appliance/3.0-</u> latest/user/user-usr-ce-cli.html#usr-cli-obtain-cabundle
  - a. A summary of the above instructions is provided here
  - b. Type into your browser: <u>https://iaas.<your\_C3\_domain>/cachain</u>
- 5. Create the c3.pem file
  - a. Create a file under the /home/opc/.oci directory and name it "c3.pem"
  - b. [opc@bastion /home/opc/.oci~]\$ vi c3.pem
    - 1. Cut and Paste the Cert File from the previous step and save.
- 6. Create the oci\_cli\_rc file
  - a. [opc@bastion /home/opc/.oci~]\$ vi oci\_cli\_rc
  - b. Cut and paste and update with your tenancy id :

```
[C3]
tenancy=<your tenancy ocid>
cert-bundle=/home/opc/.oci/c3.pem
```

- 7. Check the CLI access on the OCI Home Region
  - a. [bastion /home/opc/.oci]\$ oci os ns get --profile home

```
{
  "data": "axpu7uokzjmj"
}
```

Note: The data output may vary upon your object storage namespace title

- 8. Next, modify the firewall for CLI access to C3
  - a. [bastion /home/opc/.oci]\$ sudo systemctl stop firewalld
  - b. [bastion /home/opc/.oci]\$ sudo rm -f /etc/firewalld/direct.xml
  - c. [bastion /home/opc/.oci]\$ sudo systemctl start firewalld
- 9. Confirm CLI access on C3
- 9. Set up a proxy on your bastion host before running the terraform script for systems that do not have direct internet access
  - a. [bastion /home/opc/.oci]\$ sudo vi /etc/environment

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```
http_proxy=http://www-proxy.<your_domain>.com:80
https_proxy=http://www-proxy.<your_domain>.com:80
no_proxy=localhost,127.0.0.1,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,.<your_domain>.com,.ie.oracl
e.com,.oraclecorp.com
```

**Note:** You will need to contact your system administrator for proxy and port settings for your environment.

# Terraform Script Execution – Part 1 (Run Script via Home region)

All the Identity related resources, including Dynamic Groups, Policies and Tags, will be created on the OCI Home Region (ie, PHX, IAD, FRA, etc). The OCI Home Region manages the IAM principals for Compute Cloud@Customer. Other resources can be created on Compute Cloud@Customer (C3).

Two Terraform scripts will be run on the bastion server created in previous steps. The first script will be to create the needed Dynamic Group Identity resources on your C3's OCI Home tenancy. The second script will be to create infrastructure resources on C3.

- 1. SSH into the Bastion Server created in previous steps
  - a. [user@my\_laptop ~]\$ ssh opc@<bastion\_Private\_IP\_Address>
- 2. Make a directory, "openshift"
  - a. [opc@bastion /home/opc]\$ mkdir openshift
- 3. Make a directory, "createResourceOnHomeRegion" in the openshift directory
  - a. [opc@bastion /home/opc/openshift]\$ mkdir createResourceOnHomeRegion
- 4. Copy the two files from the following github repo as files into the directory, createResourceOnHomeRegion.
  - a. <u>https://github.com/oracle-quickstart/oci-openshift/tree/c3-la/edge/c3\_pca</u> into the directory, **createResourceOnHomeRegion**.
  - b. Replace the variables in terraform.tfvars
  - c. Replace the default values of "compartment\_ocid", "cluster\_name" and "home\_region\_profile\_name" (found during OCI CLI Configuration)

```
tenancy_ocid = "<replace with C3 or PCA tenancy_ocid>"
compartment_ocid = "<replace with the compartment_ocid>"
home_region_profile_name = "<replace with the oci config profile name of the home region or
PCA region>"
cluster_name = "<replace with the OpenShift cluster name>"
```

**Note-1:** For home\_region\_profile\_name, this is also used in your /home/opc/.oci/config file. In the example here it is "home" in the first section of config under [home].

- Before launching the TF scripts, determine if you have tenancy privileges to create Dynamic Groups for specific compartment. If you do not, please see Step-9 where you will need to ask your OCI System Admin to make these manual updates (alternatively, provide you permissions)
- 6. Ensure the environment source for your proxy servers
  - a. [opc@bastion createResourceOnHomeRegion~]\$ source /etc/environment

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- 7. Ensure your C3 Certificate is exported
  - a. [opc@bastion createResourceOnHomeRegion~]\$ export custom\_cert\_location=/home/opc/.oci/c3.pem
- 8. Apply the Terraform Script:
  - a. [opc@bastion createResourceOnHomeRegion~]\$ terraform init
  - b. [opc@bastion createResourceOnHomeRegion~]\$ terraform plan
  - c. [opc@bastion createResourceOnHomeRegion~]\$ terraform apply

**Note-1:** If **"terraform init**" provides an **error** "Failed to query available provider packages", exit the bastion host and ssh back into the bastion instance.

**Note-2:** You should witness the following response after terraform apply: Apply complete! Resources: 5 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

- 9. If you do not have administrative rights to the tenancy in your home region to create Dynamic Groups and Policies. This provisioning will be done manually and at **the tenancy** level:
  - a. Create a Dynamic Group: "<your-cluster-name>\_compute\_nodes"
    - 1. On the Left Nav, navigate to Identity and Security and choose Domains and the choose Default
    - 2. On the Left Nav, choose Dynamic Groups and Create a Dynamic Group with the name above.
    - 3. In the Matching Rules section, copy the following.
    - 4. Replace the \${var.compartment\_ocid}, in Rule-1, with the target compartment ocid
    - 5. Replace the \${var.cluster\_name}, in Rule-2, with the target compartment cluster name
    - Rule 1:
      - instance.compartment.id = '\${var.compartment\_ocid}'
    - Rule-2:
      - tag.openshift- \${var.cluster\_name}.instance-role.value='compute'

#### b. Create another Dynamic Group: "<your-cluster-name>\_control\_plane\_nodes>"

- 1. In the Matching Rules section, copy the following.
- 2. Replace the \${var.compartment ocid} in Rule-1 with the target compartment ocid
- 3. Replace the \${var.cluster\_name} in Rule-2 with the target compartment cluster name
  - Rule 1:
    - instance.compartment.id = '\${var.compartment\_ocid}'
  - Rule-2:
    - tag.openshift- \${var.cluster\_name}.instance-role.value='compute'
- c. **Create a Policy** for the control plane nodes in your compartment and name it :"<your-clustername>\_control\_plane\_nodes>"
  - 1. In the Policy Builder, using manual editor, copy the following section below and
    - 1. Replace the
       \${oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group.openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes.
       name} with the control plane DG name created in the previous step.
    - 2. Replace the
       \${oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group.openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes.
       name} with the target compartment's cluster name

- Allow dynamic-group \${oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group.openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes.name} to manage volume-family in compartment id c
- Allow dynamic-group \${oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group.openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes.name} to manage instance-family in compartment id \${var.compartment\_ocid}
- Allow dynamic-group \${oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group.openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes.name} to manage security-lists in compartment id \${var.compartment\_ocid}
- Allow dynamic-group \${oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group.openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes.name} to use virtual-network-family in compartment id \${var.compartment\_ocid}
- Allow dynamic-group \${oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group.openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes.name} to manage load-balancers in compartment id \${var.compartment\_ocid}

#### d. Comment out lines 79-107 in the createldentityResources.tf script

- This will include:
  - 1. resource "oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group" "openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes"
  - 2. resource "oci\_identity\_policy" "openshift\_control\_plane\_nodes"
  - 3. resource "oci\_identity\_dynamic\_group" "openshift\_compute\_nodes"

# **OpenShift Image Preparation**

1.

In this section we will generate the OpenShift ISO image on the Redhat Portal, convert it to an OCI compatible image and import it to you C3. This will be done ahead of the second terraform script being executed on your C3 platform.

This can be completed on your laptop and not on the bastion or within environments such as Oracle Solution Center as the resulting image will be uploaded to your C3 platform's custom images in the instructions that follow.

- 1. Navigate to the Redhat assisted-installer cluster portal: <u>https://console.redhat.com/openshift/assisted-installer/clusters</u>
- 2. Select Create New Cluster
- 3. On the next page, enter the following:
  - a. **Cluster name:** The name of your OpenShift cluster. It should be the same as what was specified when creating the resource via Terraform scripts. The cluster\_name value must be 1-54 characters. It can use lowercase alphanumeric characters or hyphen (-), but must start and end with a lowercase letter or a number.
  - b. Base domain: This is the value used for the zone\_dns variables in Terraform scripts which runs on C3. We will use it in the next section.
  - c. OpenShift version: "Openshift 4.16.20"
    - i. You must use this compatible version.
    - ii. If you cannot find it directly, go to the bottom of the drop-down menu. Select "show all available versions" and type the version Openshift 4.16.20, then select it. Please use this specific version.
  - d. "Integrate with external partner platforms": Select "Oracle Cloud Infrastructure"
  - e. Leave all other values as their defaults. Select "Next"
- 4. Under Operators, do not select any check boxes. Select "Next"

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- 5. For Host Discovery, select Add Hosts.
  - a. Add your ssh public key in the window that opens.
  - b. Click the "Show proxy settings" check box, and adding the proxy variables configured in previous steps and is **found in the bastion's /etc/environment** file configured earlier:

http\_proxy=http://www-proxy.<your\_domain>.com:80
https\_proxy=http://www-proxy.<your\_domain>.com:80
no\_proxy=localhost,127.0.0.1,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,.<your\_domain>.com
# (ie.oracle.com,.oraclecorp.com)

Drag a file here or browse to upload	Browse Clear
7D92obHhFXR5INIhPSFVBKAPs0Nk6zG seq3HXWIcIV5s0ik3XwOJg5Gi88iCRaH tNKnGJ0Q1mAqoN5pCowLzIsQcIkp31py yMBjtYF+mEfMMZbO/jfSdtBJu5o6RYpf <jiaying.zhong@oracle.com></jiaying.zhong@oracle.com>	JucB/RRtH8/ TUkJnJGqf1cB+NwyfaK9YI
aste the content of a public ssh key you want to his field. Learn more 🕜	use to connect to the hosts into
Chow provy cottings	
, , ,	use of a proxy provide additional
Show proxy settings If hosts are behind a firewall that requires the information about the proxy.	use of a proxy, provide additiona
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If hosts are behind a firewall that requires the information about the proxy.	use of a proxy, provide additiona
If hosts are behind a firewall that requires the information about the proxy.	use of a proxy, provide additiona
If hosts are behind a firewall that requires the information about the proxy. HTTP proxy URL ⑦ http://www-proxy.us.oracle.com:80	use of a proxy, provide additiona
If hosts are behind a firewall that requires the information about the proxy. HTTP proxy URL http://www-proxy.us.oracle.com:80 HTTPS proxy URL	use of a proxy, provide additiona
Information about the proxy. HTTP proxy URL ⑦ http://www-proxy.us.oracle.com:80 HTTPS proxy URL ⑦ http://www-proxy.us.oracle.com:80	

- c. Select Generate Discovery ISO
- d. Click "Download Discovery ISO". After you have the iso file, you can rename it as you want, for example "discovery\_image\_<your\_cluster\_name>.iso".
- 6. Convert ISO to OCI image, which we will import it to your C3 system from your OCI Home Region Object Store.

Reference: https://www.oracle.com/docs/tech/oracle-private-cloud-appliance-x9-2-workload-import.pdf

- a. Move the downloaded iso image from your /Downloads directory to a new directory to make the following changes
  - a. [user@mylaptop ~]\$ mkdir image\_prep
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- b. [user@mylaptop ~]\$ mv /Downloads/discovery\_image\_<your\_cluster\_name>.iso ~./image\_prep
- b. Convert the iso to qcow2
  - a. [user@mylaptop ~./imageprep]\$ brew install qemu
  - b. [user@mylaptop ~./imageprep]\$ qemu-img convert -O qcow2 discovery\_image\_<your\_cluster\_name>.iso output.QCOW2
- c. Create image\_metadata.json as follows (setting FW as UEFI and launch mode as paravitualized)
  - a. [user@mylaptop ~./imageprep]\$ vi image\_metadata.json
  - b. Cut and paste the content below
  - c. Save and quit

```
{
"version": 2,
"externalLaunchOptions": {
"firmware": "UEFI 64",
"networkType": "PARAVIRTUALIZED",
"bootVolumeType": "PARAVIRTUALIZED",
"remoteDataVolumeType": "PARAVIRTUALIZED",
"localDataVolumeType": "PARAVIRTUALIZED",
"launchOptionsSource": "PARAVIRTUALIZED",
"pvAttachmentVersion": 1,
"pvEncryptionInTransitEnabled": false,
"consistentVolumeNamingEnabled": false
},
"imageCapabilityData": null,
"imageCapsFormatVersion": null,
"operatingSystem": "Custom",
"operatingSystemVersion": "Custom"
}
```

- d. Use the following tar command to combine the metadata image and qcow2 to an .oci file
- e. [user@mylaptop ~./imageprep]\$ tar cf discovery\_image\_<your\_cluster\_name>.oci image\_metadata.json output.QCOW2
- 7. Upload the "discovery\_image\_<your\_cluster\_name>.oci" to an OCI bucket, and generate a Pre-Authenticated Request (PAR) URL
  - a. Log into C3's OCI Home Region's Tenancy
  - b. Navigate to Object Storage & Archive Storage -> Buckets. Select your compartment. Create a bucket.
  - c. Upload the "discovery\_image\_<your\_cluster\_name>.oci" to OCI bucket.
  - d. Select the hotdog (dot) menu next to it and **Create Pre-Authenticated Request** for the object, allowing object reads and extending the expiration date to your needs. Copy the PAR URL and keep it. We will use it in the next step.
- 8. Import OCI image on C3 portal.



- a. Log into your to C3's Console
- b. Click Compute → Click custom images (from the pull down) → Select your compartment
- c. Click import image
  - 1.  $\rightarrow$  give it a name
  - 2. → Source Type choose "Import from an Object Storage URL"
  - 3.  $\rightarrow$  Paste the PAR URL generated in previous step in the "Object Storage URL"
  - 4.  $\rightarrow$  Image type select "OCI"
  - 5. → Launch Mode select "Paravirtualized Mode"
  - 6.  $\rightarrow$  click import image
- d. After image states become available, copy the ocid of the image and keep it. We will use it as input variable "image\_id\_manually\_created\_on\_C3" when running the tf scripts via C3 regions in the next step

mpute	Custom	Images in the <u>Openshift_Den</u>	<u>no</u> ▼ compartmer	Import Im
itances	Auto Reload	Import Image		0 items ≪ < Page: 1
stance Configurations	Image	Object Storage URL https://objectstorage.us-phoenix-1.oraclecloud.co	pm/p/ZLkHYPO7-B	Actions
tance Pools		Image Type		
oscaling Configurations		O QCOW2		
ance Exports		For disk image files used by QEMU.		
tom Images		Virtual machine disk file format. For disk images used in virtu  O OCI	al machines.	0 items ≪ < Page: 1
ance Imports		For images that were exported from Oracle Cloud Infrastructurs specified in the .oci file and can't be changed in the Console.	re. The launch mode is	
		Launch Mode	1000	
		Paravirtualized Mode	0.000	
		For virtual machines that support paravirtualized drivers, creation Cloud Infrastructure.	ted outside of Oracle	
		Tagging	>	

# Terraform Script Execution – Part 2 ("Run Script via C3 Region")

In this section, we will create all the infrastructure resources (LB's, VCN's, Instances, etc) on the C3 System.

- 1. SSH into the Bastion image from your laptop
  - a. [my\_laptop ~]\$ ssh opc@<bastion\_Private\_IP\_Address>
- 2. Set your C3 Certificate location For Authorizations
  - a. [opc@bastion ~] export custom\_cert\_location=/home/opc/.oci/c3.pem
  - **b.** Check that the variable is set properly
  - c. [opc@bastion ~] echo \$custom\_cert\_location

Note: During the execution of the next TF script, and see an x509 Cert issue, use the command in 2a above to provide Certificate location

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- a. Make a directory **"createResourceOnC3"** and copy following two files into the directory <u>https://github.com/oracle-quickstart/oci-openshift/tree/c3-la/edge/c3\_pca</u>. Two files to be duplicated:
  - 1. <u>createInfraResources.tf</u>
  - 2. terraform.tfvars
- b. [Bastion /home/opc/openshift]\$ mkdir createResourceOnC3
- c. Update all the variables in the C3 Region's terraform.tfvars file

```
c3 or pca region
                              = "<replace with C3 region or PCA region>"
compartment ocid
                              = "<replace with the compartment ocid>"
c3_or_pca_region_profile_name = "<replace with the oci config profile name of the C3
region or PCA region>"
cluster name
                                = "<replace with the OpenShift cluster name>"
zone dns
                                = "<replace with the name of cluster's DNS zone>"
image id manually created on C3 = "<replace with the image ocid which manually created
on C3>"
control_plane_shape
                                = "<replace with the Compute shape of the control plane
nodes>"
                                = "<replace with the Compute shape of the compute
compute shape
nodes>"
create openshift instance pools = true
```

**Note1**: The C3 or PCA region is the FQDN of the console you logged into. Following are two examples:

- (1) C3 Lab Console: console.scasg03.us.oracle.com. Region = scasg03.us.oracle.com
- (2) PCA Lab Console: console.scasg02.us.oracle.com Region = scasg02.us.oracle.com

Note2: Compute Shapes

- (1) For C3, insert and use (for both Control Plane & Compute): VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex
- (2) For PCA, insert and use (for both Control Plane & Compute): VM.PCAStandard1.Flex

**Note3**: If you are building multiple different clusters on the C3, you will need to edit the <u>createInfraResources.tf</u> file. On line 80, "vcn\_dns\_label", the default should be changed to a random unique name. The default is: "openshiftvcn". Simply change it to "openshiftvcn79", "openshiftvcn,41" etc.

- Ensure the environment source for your proxy servers
  - a. [opc@bastion createResourceOnHomeRegion~]\$ source /etc/environment
- 4. Ensure your C3 Certificate is exported
  - a. [opc@bastion createResourceOnHomeRegion~]\$ export custom\_cert\_location=/home/opc/.oci/c3.pem
- 5. Apply the Terraform Script

```
[Bastion createResourceOnC3]$ terraform init
[Bastion createResourceOnC3]$ terraform plan
[Bastion createResourceOnC3]$ terraform apply
```

5. Record of the Terraform output, as it will be used it in later steps. Below is a generic example:

useInstancePrincipals: true
compartment: <compartment-ocid>



```
vcn: <vcn-ocid>
loadBalancer:
   subnet1: <subnet-ocid>
   securityListManagementMode: Frontend
   securityLists:
        <subnet-ocid>: <security-ocid>
rateLimiter:
   rateLimitQPSRead: 20.0
   rateLimitBucketRead: 5
   rateLimitQPSWrite: 20.0
   rateLimitBucketWrite: 5
```

- 6. 3 control plane (CP) nodes and 3 compute worker nodes : Now running
  - a. After you finished above steps, you will have 3 control plane (CP) nodes and 3 compute worker nodes that are up and running.
  - b. You can validate this from the C3 console. Click "Compute" and switch to your compartment.
  - c. You can distinguish the CP nodes from compute nodes by the suffix in the display name.

	ud@Customer					Aut	o Reload robert.j.murphy@	Doracle.com
Dashboard	W/ COLOR							
Compute	<ul> <li>nstanc</li> </ul>	es in the <u>Op</u>	enShift <b>*</b> co	ompartment			Import	Create Instance
Instances		R r ef C b Select Ta	ag(s)	Running		<b>-</b>	7 items ≪ <	Page: 1 >
Instance Exports	Instances	s T State	IP Address	Shape	Fault Domain	Legacy Imds Service Endpoints	Created	Actions
Instance Imports	bastion	Running	PUB: - PRV: 10.60.42.2	VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOMAIN-2	Enabled	11/08/2024, 02:46:53 PM	:
Instance Pools	inst-lie4u-osc compute	test-	PUB: - PRV: 10.0.16.5	VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOMAIN-1	Enabled	11/14/2024, 08:19:07 PM	:
Autoscaling Configurations	inst-mgn83-c st-compute	escte	PUB: - PRV: 10.0.16.6	VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOMAIN-2	Enabled	11/14/2024, 08:19:33 PM	:
Custom Images	inst-vbevc-os -control-plane		PUB: - PRV: 10.0.16.7	VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOMAIN-1	Enabled	11/14/2024, 08:19:46 PM	:
File Storage	inst-Oqbcc-os	Running	PUB: - PRV: 10.0.16.8	VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOMAIN-3	Enabled	11/14/2024, 08:19:52 PM	:
Object Storage	> inst-w2h7k-o: t-control-plan		PUB: - PRV: 10.0.16.9	VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOMAIN-2	Enabled	11/14/2024, 08:20:16 PM	:
IP Management	> inst-efz3t-osc control-plane		PUB: - PRV: 10.0.16.10	VM.PCAStandard.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOMAIN-3	Enabled	11/14/2024, 08:20:39 PM	:
Networking	>						7 items   <	Page: 1 >

- 7. Update the defined tags of all the CP and worker nodes:
  - a. Updating the instance tags will need to be done manually by updating the instance tags one by one using OCI CLI commands.
  - b. In the bastion instance, run the following OCI CLI command to list all the running instances in your compartment:
    - 1. [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci compute instance list --lifecycle-state RUNNING --compartment-id <your\_compartment\_id> --profile <your\_C3\_profile\_name>

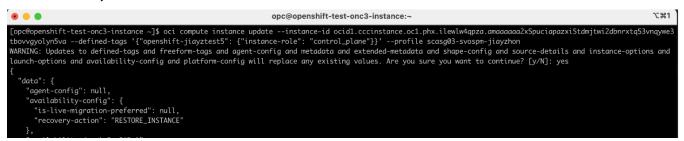
**Note**: <your\_C3\_profile\_name> is found in the config file on your bastion instance: [opc@bastion]\$ /home/opc/.oci/config. In this example, it is "c3".

- b. From the output, capture the ocids of the CP nodes and worker nodes.
- c. Alternatively, obtain each CP and Worker OCIDS from the C3 Console. With all the instances shown, as in Step 6 above, click on the respective instance hotdog menu under Actions and Copy the Instance OCID.

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d. Run following OCI CLI commands one by one to update the defined tags.

**Note**: The UPDATE tag operation will override the defined tag, (i.e., it will NOT Append the new tags at the end. If you don't want to lose the previous "defined tags", you need to manually capture them and append the Openshift tag at the end manually.



#### 8. Updating the Control Plane nodes -

- a. [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci compute instance update --instance-id <CP\_instance\_ocid\_1> --definedtags '{"openshift-<your\_cluster\_name>": {"instance-role": "control\_plane"}}' --profile <your\_C3\_profile\_name>
- b. [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci compute instance update --instance-id <CP\_instance\_ocid\_2> --definedtags '{"openshift-<your\_cluster\_name>": {"instance-role": "control\_plane"}}' --profile <your\_C3\_profile\_name</p>
- c. [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci compute instance update --instance-id <CP\_instance\_ocid\_3> --definedtags '{"openshift-<your\_cluster\_name>": {"instance-role": "control\_plane"}}' --profile <your\_C3\_profile\_name>

#### 9. Updating the Worker nodes -

- a. [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci compute instance update --instance-id <compute\_worker\_instance\_ocid\_1> -- defined-tags '{"openshift-<your\_cluster\_name>": {"instance-role": "compute"}}' --profile
- b. [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci oci compute instance update --instance-id <compute\_worker\_instance\_ocid\_2> --defined-tags '{"openshift-<your\_cluster\_name>": {"instancerole": "compute"}}' --profile <your\_C3\_profile\_name>
- c. [opc@bastion ~]\$ oci compute instance update --instance-id <compute\_worker\_instance\_ocid\_3> -- defined-tags '{"openshift-<your\_cluster\_name>": {"instance-role": "compute"}}' --profile
- d. After updating the tags, you can verify your changes on the C3 console
  - i. Navigate to one of the instances, and click the "Tags"
  - ii. It should have the format of: openshift-<your\_cluster\_name>

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		iayztest5-cont		
inning	Instance Information	Configuration Networkin	g Tags	
	openshift-jiayz	test5		
•• ••	instance-role contro	ol_plane		
•• ••				

- e. Next, manually "stop" and "start" the instances one by one on the C3 portal. (Batch operations is not currently supported on C3)
  - i. Stop the CP and worker instance.
  - ii. After each instance has "Stopped", click on Start.

Dashboard / Instances						////	
	Instances in	the jiayzh	on - comj	partmer	ıt	Import Cr	eate Instance
Compute	Auto Reload Refresh	liter by Tag(s)	Pilter by Status				
Instances	• C	Select Tag(s)	Any State	•		7 items ≪ <	Page:1 >
Instance Configurations	Instances	State	Shape	Fault Domain	Legacy Imds Service Endpoints	Created	Actions
Instance Pools	jump_host	Running	VM.PCAStandar d.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOM AIN-1	Enabled	07/18/2024, 04:1 0:37 PM	I
Instance Exports Autoscaling Configurations	inst-7urcm-jiayztest5-comp e	Mt Running	VM.PCAStandar d.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOM AIN-1	Enabled	07/24/2024, 10:2 7:49 AM	: (1)
Instance Imports	Inst-xaòdr-jiayztest5-contri plane	Running	VM.PCAStandar d.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOM AIN-1	Enabled	07/24/2024, 10:2 7:58 AM	View Details
Custom Images	inst-a40b8-jiayztest5-cont I-plane	Running	VM.PCAStandar d.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOM AIN-2	Enabled	07/24/2024, 10:2 8:32 AM	Copy OCID
	inst-huscz-jiøyztest5-comp e	ut Running	VM.PCAStandar d.ES.Flex	FAULT-DOM AIN-2	Enabled	07/24/2024, 10:2 8:35 AM	Start
	inst-wfrrh-jlayztest5-comp	de 🖉 Running	VM.PCAStandar d.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOM AIN-3	Enabled	07/24/2024, 10:2 8:54 AM	Stop
	inst-flxml-jiayztest5-contr plane	ol-	VM.PCAStandar d.E5.Flex	FAULT-DOM AIN-3	Enabled	07/24/2024, 10:2 8:54 AM	Reset
			0.23.483	MB1-2			Export Pz Create Custom Imag

# Install the Cluster using the RH Assisted Installer UI

Installation of the OpenShift Cluster can now start, where all infrastructure has been configured and instances are running and ready to be registered with Redhat.

- 1. Go back to the Redhat assisted-installer cluster portal: <u>https://console.redhat.com/openshift/assisted-installer/clusters</u>
- 2. Go to the "Host Discovery" section. If the Terraform scripts have been successful a list of hosts will appear on this page.
- 3. There should be 12 hosts where 6 of them are disconnected. The cause for this is that we had "restart" the instances on C3 in the above procedures. **These disconnected hosts can be removed**



5 Networking 6 Custom manifests 7 Review and create

Host di	scovery								
Add ho	sts								
<b>R</b>	un workloi	ads on control plane nodes ${f D}$							
		Troubleshooting are requirements Host not showing up? Check your VM reboot configuration.							
Host Inv	entory								
🗖 6 sel	ected 💌	Actions 👻						1-10 of 13 👻	$\langle \rangle$
		Change hostname Remove	Role 1	Status 🗍	Discovered on 1	CPU Cores	Memory 1	Total storage 🗍	(13)
>	V	00-13-97-4f-7f-d8	Auto-assign 👻	N Disconnected	7/31/2024, 6:37:39 PM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	I
>		00-13-97-41-71-d8	Auto-assign 👻	▲ Insufficient	7/31/2024, 7:29:11 PM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	$\geq$
>		00-13-97-8e-51-5d	Auto-assign 👻	N Disconnected	7/31/2024, 6:38:38 PM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	:
>		00-13-97-9e-dc-7e	Auto-assign 👻	₩ Disconnected	7/31/2024, 6:38:32 PM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	:
>		00-13-97-9e-dc-7e	Auto-assign 👻	A Insufficient	7/31/2024, 7:29:09 PM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	I
>	Z	inst-hgu14-jiayztest5-compute.private.openshiftvcn.oraclevcn.com	Auto-assign 👻	₩ Disconnected	7/31/2024, 5:50:02 PM	8	16.00 GiB	107.37 GB	I
>		inst-hgul4-jiayztest5-compute.private.openshiftvcn.oraclevcn.com	Auto-assign 👻	A Insufficient	7/31/2024, 7:28:41 PM	8	16.00 GiB	107.37 GB	1
>		inst-oaj0a-jiayztest5-compute.private.openshiftvcn.oraclevcn.com	Auto-assign 👻	₩ Disconnected	7/31/2024, 5:49:27 PM	8	16.00 GiB	107.37 GB	I
>		inst-oaj0a-jiayztest5-compute.private.openshiftvcn.oraclevcn.com	Auto-assign 👻	▲ Insufficient	7/31/2024, 7:28:06 PM	8	16.00 GiB	107.37 GB	I

- 4. Following the removal of "disconnected" nodes, all the other nodes indicating "insufficient" status will become "ready" in 2-3 minutes.
- 5. Assign the 3 nodes with a boot size of 1.1TB as the "Control Plane" Role, and 3 nodes with boot size 107GB as "Worker" Roles. Rename the hosts with a name shorter than 63 characters, otherwise the cluster installation will fail.

Host Inve	entory	1							
O sele	cted •	- Actions -							
		Hostname 1	Role 1	Sta 1	Discovered	CP 1	Me 3	Tot 1 (	7)
>		cpl	Control plane node 👻	Seady	7/31/2024, 7:29:11 PM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	
>		cp2	Control plane node 👻	Ready	8/1/2024, 9:24:03 AM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	
>		¢3	Control plane node 👻	Ready	7/31/2024, 7:29:09 PM	8	16.00 GiB	1.10 TB	
>		inst-x5ueb-jiayztest5- compute.private.openshiftvcn.oraclevc	Worker 👻	S Ready	7/31/2024, 7:28:37 PM	8	16.00 GiB	107.37 GB	
		compute.private.opensnirtvcn.oracievc n.com			7:20:37 PM			Change host	nar
>		worker1	Worker 👻	🛛 Ready	7/31/2024, 7:28:41 PM	8	16.00 GiB	View host ev	
>		worker2	Worker *	S Ready	7/31/2024,	8	16.00 GiB	107.37 GB	

#### 1. After completing this, select "Next".

- 6. Storage : No updates will be required for Storage. Select "Next" to Continue
- 7. Networking: you will see "Some validations failed" for each of the hosts. Click the "Some validations failed" and click the "Add NTP sources", then add the IP Address of "169.254.169.254" for one of the nodes. Then wait for 2-3 minutes and all the "Some validations failed" indicators shall disappear. Then continue to select "Next"
- 8. **Custom Manifests:** refer to the manifests files in <u>https://github.com/oracle-quickstart/oci-openshift/tree/c3-la/edge/c3</u>

**We will be uploading 4 manifests**. Use the dropdown to select the appropriate matching title (openshift v. manifests) and **be sure that the file names match**. Two files from OCI should be manifest file type, and the other two from OpenShift should be marked as OpenShift file type.

**Create 4 files to in preparation to be uploaded**. Copy the respective contents from the github link above. The **machineconfig files DO NOT need to be edited**.

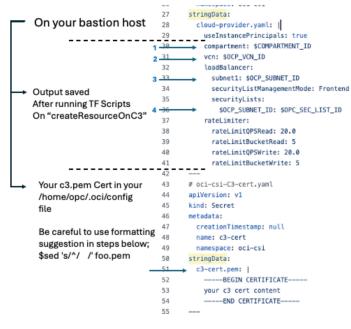
<ul> <li>custom_manifests_C3</li> </ul>
manifests
🗋 oci-ccm.yml
🗋 oci-csi.yml
🗸 🚞 openshift
machineconfig-ccm.yml

machineconfig-csi.yml

- 🗋 README.md
- a. C3/custom\_manifests\_C3/openshift/
  - i. machineconfig-ccm.yml
  - ii. machineconfig-csi.yml
- b. C3/custom\_manifests\_C3/manifests/
  - i. oci-csi.yml
  - ii. oci-ccm.yml
- In the oci-csi.yml file: (found under section b above), replace the content of oci-csi-01config.yaml section (Line 29-41) with the saved output we obtained from a previous step of "Run Script via C3 region" section above.



oci-openshift-C3 > C3 > custom_manifests_C	3 > manifests > 😔 oci-csi.yml	Add Configuration 🕨 🔅 🕼 🖓 🖛 🚺 🔲 Git: 🗹 🗸 🗡	
💈 🔲 Project 👻 😳 王 🛨 🗢 🚽	🙁 oci-csiymi 🗵		
<ul> <li>ci-openshift-C3 ~/workspace/ocr</li> <li>cithub</li> </ul>	19		🛕 7 🛫 15 🔺 👻
> idea			L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
✓ ■ .dea ✓ ■ C3	21 apiVersion: v1		1
<ul> <li>C3</li> <li>CeateResourceOnC3</li> </ul>	22 kind: Secret		
	23 Ometadata: ObjectMeta		
CreateInfraResources.tf	27 🕞 stringData:		
V terraform.tfvars	28 config.yaml:		
CreateResourceOnHomeRegic			
createldentityResources.tf			
V terraform.tfvars	30 compartment: ocid1.compartment.oc1aaaaaaaafqrrohtnpw566rakxr		
ustom_manifests_C3	31 vcn: ocid1.cccvcn.oc1.phx.ilewlw4qpza.amaaaaaaa2x5pucianf2g6zlz	mj2de2tunvzdgm32nrvheodogy4xmmtunvta	
manifests	32 loadBalancer:		
i oci-ccm.yml	33 subnet1: ocid1.cccsubnet.oc1.phx.ilewlw4qpza.amaaaaaaa2x5puci	.amj5gqm3mofrw6mdig5xgw5lznf4xe5rvnbqwsytoofyq	
i oci-csi.yml	34 securityListManagementMode: Frontend		
🗠 🖿 openshift	35 securityLists:		
🐵 machineconfig-ccm.ym	36 ocid1.cccsubnet.oc1.phx.ilewlw4gpza.amaaaaaaa2x5puciamj5ggm	3mofrw6mdig5xgw5lznf4xe5rvnbgwsytoofyg: ocid1.cccsecuri	itylist.oc1.phx.
😣 machineconfig-csi.yml	37 rateLimiter:		
📇 README.md	38 rateLimitOPSRead: 20.0		
🗠 🖿 custom_manifests	39 ratelimitBucketRead: 5		
> 🖿 manifests	40 rateLimitOSCRETREAD. 5		
> 🖿 openshift			
README.md			
ditionore	42 0		



d. In the oci-csi.yml file: (found under section b above), replace the content of oci-csi-C3cert.yaml section (Lines 52-54) with the content of your C3 Certificate used in previous steps, referred to as " c3.pem " and can be found under [opc@bastion ~] /.oci/c3.pem

Important Note: The formatting of this pem within the two yml files are sensitive to justification.

 To replicate the formatting required for the oci-ccm.yml & oci-csi.yml, use the following command on your pem file:

[opc@test-ssh.oci]\$sed 's/^/ /' foo.pem

where "foo.pem" is the name of your pem file. the spaces between the two forward slashes is equal to 4 spaces. this is equal to the justification in the two files

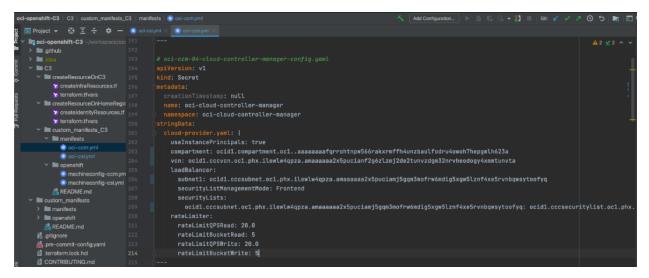
The above command will create an output to cut and paste to place in both the ociccm.yml & oci-csi.yml files.

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oci-openshift-C3 > C3 > custom_manifests_C3 > i	manifesta ) 💼 oci-calymi 🤨 Add Configuration 🕨 🖞 🖏 🖓 🗸 🖉 🗇 🗇 🕅 🙀
	💿 od-calymi 🗴 🧶 oci-canymi X 🔮 README md X 😵 createlinfraResources.tf X
oci-openshift-C3 -/workspace/ocm/oc	
im github     im gen     im gen     im createResourceOnC3     im createResourceOnHomeRegion     im custom_namitests_C3     im manifests	42          A8 ± 15 ^           43         # oci-csi-C3-cert.yasl
<ul> <li>Taniesis</li> <li>oci-ccm.yml</li> <li>oci-csi.yml</li> </ul>	48 name: c3-cert 49 namespace: oci-csi
<ul> <li>Imopenshift</li> <li>machineconfig-ccm.yml</li> <li>machineconfig-csi.yml</li> <li>README.md</li> </ul>	58         C3-cent.pes             52        BEGIN CERTIFICATE           53         MIJFb2CCA1eqA#IBAJIANBHUZJ394k+MbpcZxXByoMw00YJKoZIhvcNA0ELB0Am
<ul> <li>README.ma</li> <li>Custom_manifests</li> <li>.gitignore</li> <li>.pre-commit-config.yaml</li> </ul>	05         http://contail.gene.org/minit/oracid/contail/contai
and pre-containt contract and a second a seco	50         Lumber Light of the second set of the sec
	09         RnBW#WFXAgBewZeeB3300L1R1383J#AXL/07j2HJ0FXF200#F12f2FX70Q#A50HRT           60         LJXR1yom/KVUSEADZQRTCVptgX9A6A6K5STXFVFVrX0avJSFN402WISSS372Gmy3           61         pobyPL/30+291kLUaaJBaJgw3XY87JU/9TTBTCCR2hpc5/01GJN/fa5xZ/XHW40           62         gXtp+3t0BTvn11jFN640Jr0F1as+Uywx5bv00Bc50uzHivZ63sp9p6+B8fP7jv00

e. In the oci-ccm.yml: replace the content of oci-ccm-04-cloud-controller-manager-config.yaml section (Lines 202-214) with the saved output we obtained in the previous step of "Run Script via C3" region section.



**f.** In the oci-ccm.yml, replace the contents of oci-ccm-C3-cert.yaml (Line 225-227) with the content of your C3 Certificate used in previous steps, referred to as " c3.pem ".

Important Note: The formatting of this pem within the two yml files are sensitive to justification.

• To replicate the formatting required for the oci-ccm.yml & oci-csi.yml, use the following command on your pem file:

[opc@test-ssh.oci]\$sed 's/^/ /' foo.pem

where "foo.pem" is the name of your pem file. the spaces between the two forward slashes is equal to 4 spaces. this is equal to the justification in the two files

The above command will create an output to cut and paste to place in both the ociccm.yml & oci-csi.yml files.

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Y 🐂 oci-openshift-C3 ~/workspace/ocr			
> 🛄 .github			
🚽 🗲 🖿 .idea		apiVersion: v1	
🗸 🖿 C3		kind: Secret	
🖒 🗸 🖿 createResourceOnC3			
😯 createInfraResources.tf		creationTimestamp: null	
g 😵 terraform.tfvars		name: c3-cert	
🖞 🗸 🔪 🖿 createResourceOnHomeRegic		namespace: oci-cloud-controller-manager	
2 createldentityResources.tf		stringData:	
		c3-cert.pem:	
		BEGIN CERTIFICATE	
✓ ■ manifests		MIIFbzCCA1egAwIBAgIRANBtUzi3q4k+MbpcZxXByoMwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQAw	
🐵 oci-ccm.yml		NDELMAKGA1UEBhMCVVMxDzANBgNVBAoMBk9yYWNsZTEUMBIGA1UEAwwLUENBIFJv	
🐵 oci-csi.yml		b3QqQ0EwHhcNMjQwNDA5MjEzNjAzWhcNNDQwNDA0MjEzNjAzWjBKMOswCQYDVQQG	
✓ ■ openshift		EwJVUzEPMA0GA1UECgwGT3JhY2xlMSowKAYDVQQDDCFQQ0EgZXh0ZXJuYWwgc2ls	
machineconfig-ccm.ym		byBJbnRlcm1lZGlhdGUgQ0EwggIiMA0GCSgGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4ICDwAwggIKAoIC	
machineconfig-csi.ymi		AQC60Q1EiEnUFx3LJs/LnMFK2LiueF8pb/M2hLngmEiJzdBH3vUjUDLghnjDrcvR	
README.md		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

- 9. Select "Next".
- 10. Page: Review and Create.
- 11. Select "Install cluster".
- 12. Installation Progress will begin
  - a. It will take approximately 30m to complete

Installation progre	SS			
<b>Started on</b> 11/15/2024, 8:20:12 AM				
Preparing for installatio	n		с	0%
0	0	۲		
Control Plane Installing 3 control plane node	Worker Installing 3 worker	Initialization Pending		
Abort installation	Download kubeconfig	View cluster events		
Download Installation	n Logs		,	

13. Installation Successful

osctest			
Installation progre	255		
<b>Started on</b> 11/15/2024, 8:20:12 AM	1		
Installed on 11/15/2024	, 8:53:29 AM		e
		۲	
0			
<ul> <li>Control Plane</li> </ul>	Worker	Initialization	

- 14. This completes the installation
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- 15. To access the OpenShift Console
  - a. On the Left Hand Navigation, scroll down to DNS, and choose Zones
  - b. Make sure you're in the Compartment of your installed cluster

NS	#	Openshift_Dem				Create Zone
Zones	Auto Reload 🔲 Refre	Search for Compartments	Tag(s)		1 item   <	Page: 1 >
Steering Policies	Zone Name	<ul> <li>svospm</li> </ul>	Zone Type	Created		Actions
TSIG Keys	snow.us.oracle.com	Active	Primary	02/12/2025, 07:58:07 AM		:

- c. Click on the DNS Zone Name (in this example: snow.us.oracle.com)
- d. Record the IP Address of the first entry, "\*apps.snow.snow.us.oracle.com". This IP Address will be used to update your /etc/hosts file

Zones > snow.us.oracle.com	snow.us.oracle.com					Edit Delete	
$\hat{\boldsymbol{\lambda}}$	Information Tags						
	General Information Zone Type Primary Serial			OCID j4wuodrmzxtsztfnnuq Show Full OCID Copy Created	j4wuodrmzxtsztfnnuq Show Full OCID Copy Created		
ACTIVE	4 Compartment Name Openshift_Demo			02/12/2025, 07:58:07 AM			
Resources	Records				Create DNS	S Zone Record	
Records (5)	Domain ≎	TTL 🗘	Type 🗘	RDATA 🗘	Protected $\Diamond$	Actions	
	*.apps.snow.snow.us.oracle.com	3600	А	10.122.56.176	No	:	
	api-int.snow.snow.us.oracle.com	3600	А	10.0.16.4	No	:	

- e. Go to your laptop's terminal, navigate and edit /etc/hosts
- f. Insert a new line with the IP Address obtained in the previous step
- g. After the IP Address, append your specific DNS on to the end
- h. The new line should look like this:

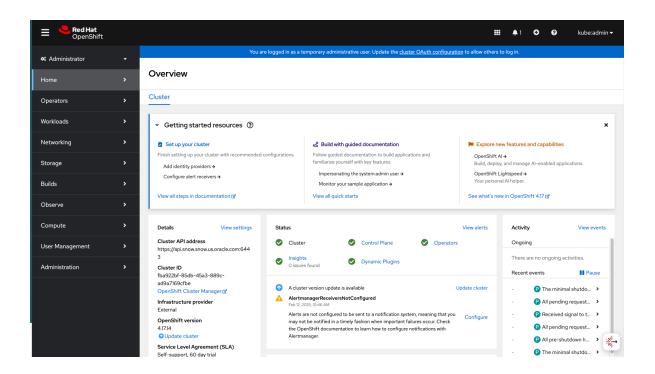
10.122.56.176 console-openshift-console.<your dns entry here > oauth-openshift.<your dns entry here>

#### Using the above example, it would look like this:

10.122.56.176 console-openshift-console.apps.snow.snow.us.oracle.com oauthopenshift.apps.snow.snow.us.oracle.com



16. You now have access to the OpenShift Portal:



17. This completes the installation.

#### Connect with us

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Author: Jiayang Zhong and Robert Murphy