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SIP Trunking with Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller with ECZ7.2 and Genesys SIP Server 8.1

Technical Application Note



Disclaimer

The following is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract. It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products remains at the sole discretion of Oracle.

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Intended Audience

This document is intended for use by Oracle Systems Engineers, third party Systems Integrators, and end users of the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller (E-SBC). It assumes that the reader is familiar with basic operations of the Oracle Communications Enterprise Session Border Controller.

Document Overview

SIP Server is the Genesys software component that provides an interface between your telephony hardware and the rest of the Genesys software components in your enterprise. It translates and keeps track of events and requests that come from, and are sent to the telephony device. SIP Server is a TCP/IP-based server that can also act as a messaging interface between SIP Server clients. It is the critical point in allowing your Genesys solution to facilitate and track the contacts that flow through your enterprise. This reduces the cost and complexity of extending an enterprise's telephony system outside its network borders. Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controllers (E-SBCs) play an important role in SIP trunking as they are used by many ITSPs and some enterprises as part of their SIP trunking infrastructure.

This application note has been prepared as a means of ensuring that SIP trunking between Genesys SIP Server, E-SBCs and IP Trunking services are configured in the optimal manner.

Introduction

Audience

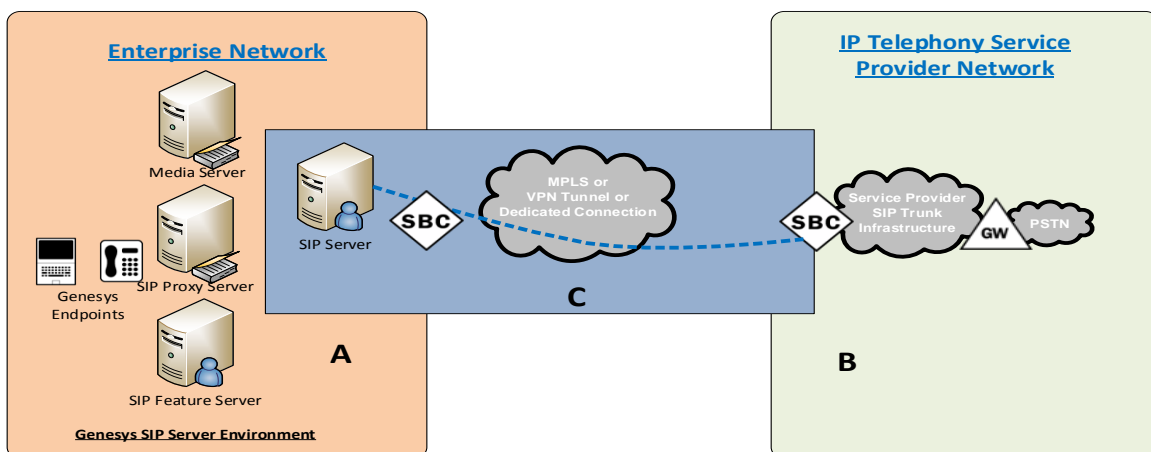
This is a technical document intended for telecommunications engineers with the purpose of configuring the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller and the Genesys SIP Server. There will be steps that require navigating the Acme Packet Command Line Interface (ACLI). Understanding the basic concepts of TCP/UDP, IP/Routing, and SIP/RTP are also necessary to complete the configuration and for troubleshooting, if necessary.

Requirements

- Fully functioning Genesys SIP Server deployment, including Media Server, SIP Proxy and SIP Feature Server
- Genesys SIP Server, Version 8.1.1
- Genesys Media Server, Version 8.1.7
- Genesys SIP Proxy Server, Version 8.1.1
- Genesys SIP Feature Server, Version 8.1.1
- Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller - Acme Packet 3820 platform running ECZ720p1.32.bz. Note: the configuration running on the E-SBC is backward/forward compatible with any release in the 7.2.0 stream.

Architecture

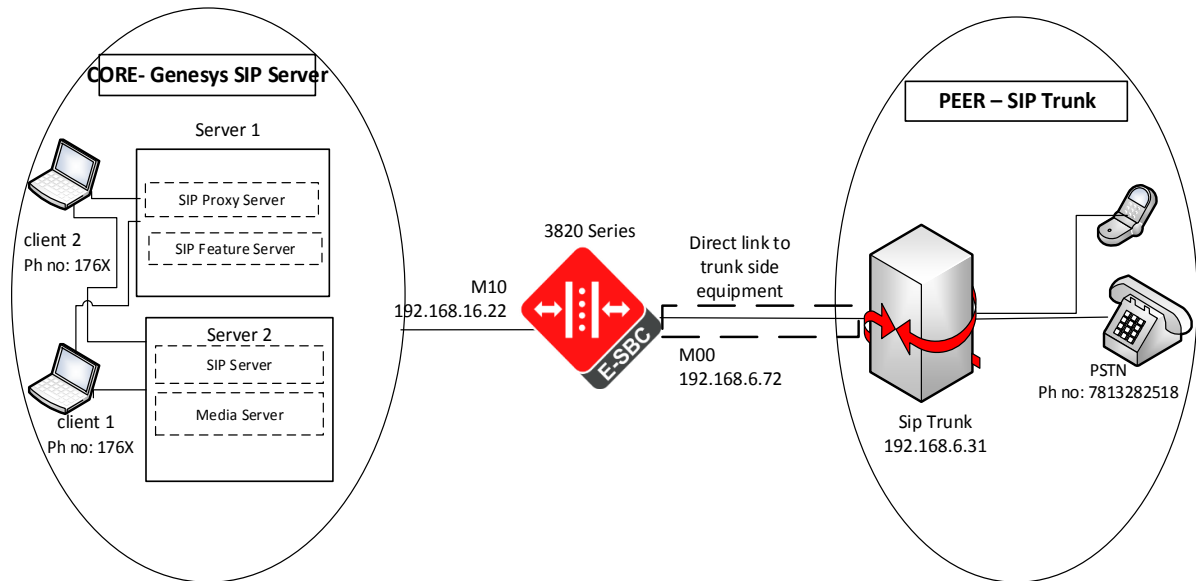
The following reference architecture shows a logical view of the connectivity between the SIP Server and the E-SBC.



Area A represents the customer's on-premise infrastructure, which includes the SIP Server, SIP Proxy server, Media Server and SIP Feature Server. Area B represents the service provider infrastructure which provides PSTN service via the SIP trunk. Area C represents the integration of these two environments over an IP network. This could be, through a VPN tunnel over the Internet, an MPLS managed network, or even a dedicated physical connection. The Genesys SIP Server and the E-SBC are the edge components that form the boundary of the SIP trunk. The configuration, validation and troubleshooting of the E-SBC to work with the Genesys SIP Server will be described in this document

Lab Configuration

The following diagram, similar to the Reference Architecture described earlier in this document, illustrates the lab environment created to facilitate certification testing.





Configuring the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller (E-SBC)

In this section we describe the steps for configuring an Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller, formally known as the Acme Packet Net-Net Session Director (“SBC”), for use with Genesys SIP Server in a SIP trunking scenario.

In Scope

The following guide configuring the E-SBC assumes that this is a newly deployed device dedicated to a single customer. If a service provider currently has the E-SBC deployed and is adding SIP Server customers, then please see the ACLI Configuration Guide on http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E56581_01/index.htm for a better understanding of the Command Line Interface (CLI).

Note that Oracle offers several models of E-SBCs. This document covers the setup for the Acme Packet 3820 platform running ECZ7.2.0 or later. If instructions are needed for other E-SBC models, please contact your Oracle representative.

Out of Scope

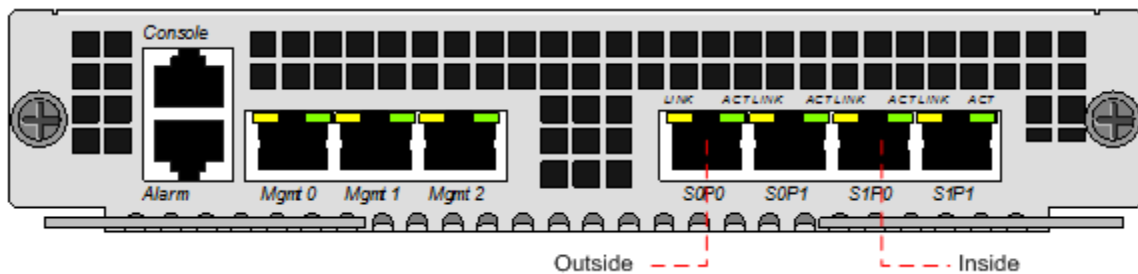
- Configuration of Network management including SNMP and RADIUS

What will you need

- Serial Console cross over cable with RJ-45 connector
- Terminal emulation application such as PuTTY or HyperTerm
- Passwords for the User and Superuser modes on the E-SBC
- IP address to be assigned to management interface (Wancom0) of the E-SBC - the Wancom0 management interface must be connected and configured to a management network separate from the service interfaces. Otherwise the E-SBC is subject to ARP overlap issues, loss of system access when the network is down, and compromising DDoS protection. Oracle does not support E-SBC configurations with management and media/service interfaces on the same subnet.
- IP address of Mediation Server external facing NIC
- IP addresses to be used for the E-SBC internal and external facing ports (Service Interfaces)
- IP address of the next hop gateway in the service provider network
- IP address of the enterprise DNS server

Configuring the E-SBC

Once the E-SBC is racked and the power cable connected, you are ready to set up physical network connectivity.



Plug the slot 0 port 0 (s0p0) interface into your outside (gateway facing) network and the slot 1 port 0 (s1p0) interface into your inside (mediation server-facing) network. Once connected, you are ready to power on and perform the following steps.

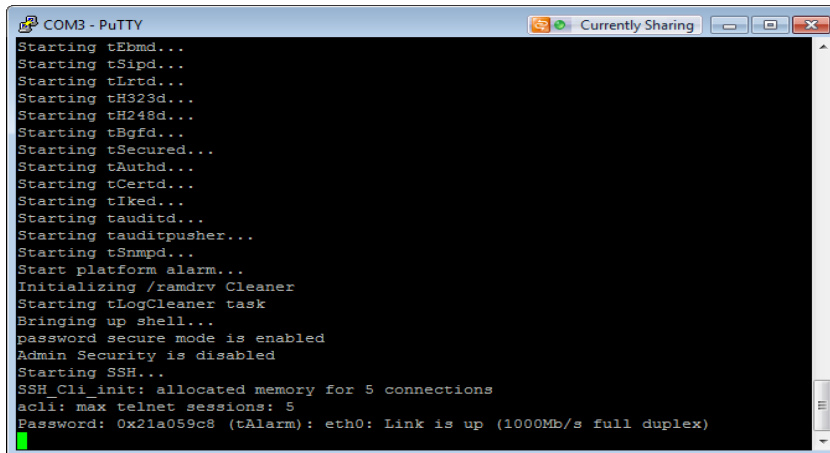
All commands are in bold, such as **configure terminal**; parameters in bold red such as **3820A-Genesys-IOT** are parameters which are specific to an individual deployment. **Note:** The ACLI is case sensitive.

Establish the serial connection and logging in the E-SBC

Confirm the E-SBC is powered off and connect one end of a straight-through Ethernet cable to the front console port (which is active by default) on the E-SBC and the other end to console adapter that ships with the E-SBC, connect the console adapter (a DB-9 adapter) to the DB-9 port on a workstation, running a terminal emulator application such as PuTTY. Start the terminal emulation application using the following settings:

- Baud Rate=115200
- Data Bits=8
- Parity=None
- Stop Bits=1
- Flow Control=None

Power on the E-SBC and confirm that you see the following output from the bootup sequence.



```
COM3 - PuTTY
Starting tEbmd...
Starting tSipd...
Starting tLrtd...
Starting tH323d...
Starting tH248d...
Starting tBgfd...
Starting tSecured...
Starting tAuthd...
Starting tCertd...
Starting tIked...
Starting tauditd...
Starting tauditpusher...
Starting tSnmpd...
Start platform alarm...
Initializing /ramdrv Cleaner
Starting tLogCleaner task
Bringing up shell...
password secure mode is enabled
Admin Security is disabled
Starting SSH...
SSH_Cli_init: allocated memory for 5 connections
acl: max telnet sessions: 5
Password: 0x21a059c8 (tAlarm): eth0: Link is up (1000Mb/s full duplex)
```

Enter the following commands to login to the E-SBC and move to the configuration mode. Note that the default E-SBC password is “acme” and the default super user password is “packet”.

```
Password: acme
3820A-Genesys-IOT> enable
Password: packet
3820A-Genesys-IOT# configure terminal
3820A-Genesys-IOT(configure)#
```

You are now in the global configuration mode.

Initial Configuration – Assigning the management Interface an IP address

To assign an IP address, one has to configure the bootparams on the E-SBC by going to

3820A-Genesys-IOT#configure terminal --- >bootparams

- Once you type “bootparam” you have to use “carriage return” key to navigate down
- A reboot is required if changes are made to the existing bootparams

```
3820A-Genesys-IOT#(configure)bootparam
'.' = clear field; '-' = go to previous field; q = quit
boot device           : eth0
processor number      : 0
host name             : acmesystem
file name             : /boot/ECZ720p1.32.bz --- >location where the
software is loaded on the SBC
inet on ethernet (e)  : 172.18.255.52:ffffff80 --- > This is the ip
address of the management interface of the SBC, type the IP address and
mask in hex
```

```

inet on backplane (b) :
host inet (h) :
gateway inet (g) : 172.18.0.1 --- > gateway address here
user (u) : vxftp
ftp password (pw) (blank = use rsh) : vxftp
flags (f) :
target name (tn) : 3820A-Genesys-IOT
startup script (s) :
other (o) :

```

SIP Trunking Configuration for the E-SBC

The following section shows the E-SBC configuration required to work with Genesys SIP Server and the SIP trunk. The protocol used between the E-SBC and SIP server is UDP for signaling and RTP for media; the SIP trunk is configured for UDP in this interop testing.

It is outside the scope of this document to include all the interoperability working information as it will differ in every deployment.

We have configured a sip-manipulation – NATting configured for topology hiding purposes.

Following is the complete SIP trunking configuration of the E-SBC:

```

local-policy
  from-address *
  to-address *
  source-realm Trunk
  description
  activate-time
  deactivate-time
  state enabled
  policy-priority none
  policy-attribute
    next-hop 192.168.2.228
    realm core
    action none
    terminate-recursion disabled
    carrier
    start-time 0000
    end-time 2400
    days-of-week U-S
    cost 0

```

```

state enabled
app-protocol SIP
methods
media-profiles
lookup single
next-key
eloc-str-lkup disabled
eloc-str-match
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 16:09:01

local-policy
from-address *
to-address *
source-realm core
description
activate-time
deactivate-time
state enabled
policy-priority none
policy-attribute
next-hop 192.168.6.31
realm Trunk
action none
terminate-recursion disabled
carrier
start-time 0000
end-time 2400
days-of-week U-S
cost 0
state enabled
app-protocol SIP
methods
media-profiles
lookup single
next-key
eloc-str-lkup disabled
eloc-str-match
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 16:08:04

media-manager
state enabled
latching enabled

```

flow-time-limit	86400
initial-guard-timer	300
subsq-guard-timer	300
tcp-flow-time-limit	86400
tcp-initial-guard-timer	300
tcp-subsq-guard-timer	300
tcp-number-of-ports-per-flow	2
hnt-rtcp	disabled
algd-log-level	NOTICE
mbcd-log-level	NOTICE
options	
red-flow-port	1985
red-mgcp-port	1986
red-max-trans	10000
red-sync-start-time	5000
red-sync-comp-time	1000
media-policing	enabled
max-signaling-bandwidth	10000000
max-untrusted-signaling	100
min-untrusted-signaling	30
app-signaling-bandwidth	0
tolerance-window	30
trap-on-demote-to-deny	disabled
trap-on-demote-to-untrusted	disabled
syslog-on-demote-to-deny	disabled
syslog-on-demote-to-untrusted	disabled
rtcp-rate-limit	0
anonymous-sdp	disabled
arp-msg-bandwidth	32000
fragment-msg-bandwidth	0
rfc2833-timestamp	disabled
default-2833-duration	100
rfc2833-end-pkts-only-for-non-sig	enabled
translate-non-rfc2833-event	disabled
media-supervision-traps	disabled
dnsalg-server-failover	disabled
syslog-on-call-reject	disabled
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-04 15:58:27
network-interface	
name	M00
sub-port-id	0
description	

```

hostname
ip-address 192.168.6.72
pri-utility-addr 192.168.6.73
sec-utility-addr 192.168.6.74
netmask 255.255.255.0
gateway 192.168.6.1
sec-gateway
gw-heartbeat
    state disabled
    heartbeat 0
    retry-count 0
    retry-timeout 1
    health-score 0
dns-ip-primary
dns-ip-backup1
dns-ip-backup2
dns-domain
dns-timeout 11
signaling-mtu 0
hip-ip-list 192.168.6.72
ftp-address
icmp-address 192.168.6.72
snmp-address
telnet-address
ssh-address
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 15:57:54
network-interface
    name M10
    sub-port-id 0
    description
    hostname
    ip-address 192.168.16.222
    pri-utility-addr 192.168.16.223
    sec-utility-addr 192.168.16.224
    netmask 255.255.255.0
    gateway 192.168.16.1
    sec-gateway
    gw-heartbeat
        state disabled
        heartbeat 0
        retry-count 0
        retry-timeout 1

```

```

health-score 0
dns-ip-primary 192.168.20.167
dns-ip-backup1 192.168.20.10
dns-ip-backup2 192.168.20.100
dns-domain genesyslab.com
dns-timeout 11
signaling-mtu 0
hip-ip-list 192.168.16.222
ftp-address
icmp-address 192.168.16.222
snmp-address
telnet-address
ssh-address
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 15:57:28
network-interface
name wancom1
sub-port-id 0
description
hostname
ip-address
pri-utility-addr 169.254.1.1
sec-utility-addr 169.254.1.2
netmask 255.255.255.252
gateway
sec-gateway
gw-heartbeat
state disabled
heartbeat 0
retry-count 0
retry-timeout 1
health-score 0
dns-ip-primary
dns-ip-backup1
dns-ip-backup2
dns-domain
dns-timeout 11
hip-ip-list
ftp-address
icmp-address
snmp-address
telnet-address
ssh-address

```

```

    signaling-mtu                0
    last-modified-by             admin@172.21.17.23
    last-modified-date           2014-11-04 15:57:28
network-interface
    name                         wancom2
    sub-port-id                  0
    description
    hostname
    ip-address
    pri-utility-addr             169.254.2.1
    sec-utility-addr             169.254.2.2
    netmask                      255.255.255.252
    gateway
    sec-gateway
    gw-heartbeat
        state                    disabled
        heartbeat                 0
        retry-count               0
        retry-timeout             1
        health-score              0
    dns-ip-primary
    dns-ip-backup1
    dns-ip-backup2
    dns-domain
    dns-timeout                  11
    hip-ip-list
    ftp-address
    icmp-address
    snmp-address
    telnet-address
    ssh-address
    signaling-mtu                0
    last-modified-by             admin@172.21.17.23
    last-modified-date           2014-11-04 09:01:08
phy-interface
    name                         M00
    operation-type               Media
    port                         0
    slot                         0
    virtual-mac                  00:08:25:04:0d:1e
    admin-state                  enabled
    auto-negotiation             enabled
    duplex-mode                  FULL

```

```

speed 100
wancom-health-score 50
overload-protection disabled
mac-filtering disabled
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 15:55:53
phy-interface
name M10
operation-type Media
port 0
slot 1
virtual-mac 00:08:25:04:0d:1f
admin-state enabled
auto-negotiation enabled
duplex-mode FULL
speed 100
wancom-health-score 50
overload-protection disabled
mac-filtering disabled
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 15:56:14
phy-interface
name wancom1
operation-type Control
port 1
slot 0
virtual-mac
wancom-health-score 8
overload-protection disabled
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 15:56:14
phy-interface
name wancom2
operation-type Control
port 2
slot 0
virtual-mac
wancom-health-score 9
overload-protection disabled
last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date 2014-11-04 15:56:14
realm-config
identifier Trunk

```


description	towards Trunk
addr-prefix	0.0.0.0
network-interfaces	M00:0
mm-in-realm	enabled
mm-in-network	enabled
mm-same-ip	enabled
mm-in-system	enabled
bw-cac-non-mm	disabled
msm-release	disabled
qos-enable	disabled
generate-UDP-checksum	disabled
max-bandwidth	0
fallback-bandwidth	0
max-priority-bandwidth	0
max-latency	0
max-jitter	0
max-packet-loss	0
observ-window-size	0
parent-realm	
dns-realm	
media-policy	
media-sec-policy	
srtp-msm-passthrough	disabled
class-profile	
in-translationid	
out-translationid	
in-manipulationid	
out-manipulationid	
average-rate-limit	0
access-control-trust-level	none
invalid-signal-threshold	0
maximum-signal-threshold	0
untrusted-signal-threshold	0
nat-trust-threshold	0
max-endpoints-per-nat	0
nat-invalid-message-threshold	0
wait-time-for-invalid-register	0
deny-period	30
cac-failure-threshold	0
untrust-cac-failure-threshold	0
ext-policy-svr	
diam-e2-address-realm	
subscription-id-type	END_USER_NONE

symmetric-latching	disabled
pai-strip	disabled
trunk-context	
device-id	
early-media-allow	
enforcement-profile	
additional-prefixes	
restricted-latching	none
restriction-mask	32
user-cac-mode	none
user-cac-bandwidth	0
user-cac-sessions	0
icmp-detect-multiplier	0
icmp-advertisement-interval	0
icmp-target-ip	
monthly-minutes	0
options	
spl-options	
accounting-enable	enabled
net-management-control	disabled
delay-media-update	disabled
refer-call-transfer	disabled
refer-notify-provisional	none
dyn-refer-term	disabled
codec-policy	
codec-manip-in-realm	disabled
codec-manip-in-network	enabled
rtcp-policy	
constraint-name	
session-recording-server	
session-recording-required	disabled
manipulation-string	
manipulation-pattern	
stun-enable	disabled
stun-server-ip	0.0.0.0
stun-server-port	3478
stun-changed-ip	0.0.0.0
stun-changed-port	3479
sip-profile	
sip-isup-profile	
match-media-profiles	
qos-constraint	
block-rtcp	disabled

hide-egress-media-update	disabled
tcp-media-profile	
monitoring-filters	
node-functionality	
default-location-string	
alt-family-realm	
pref-addr-type	none
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-04 16:00:16
realm-config	
identifier	core
description	towards Genesys SIP Server
addr-prefix	0.0.0.0
network-interfaces	M10:0
mm-in-realm	enabled
mm-in-network	enabled
mm-same-ip	enabled
mm-in-system	enabled
bw-cac-non-mm	disabled
msm-release	disabled
qos-enable	disabled
generate-UDP-checksum	disabled
max-bandwidth	0
fallback-bandwidth	0
max-priority-bandwidth	0
max-latency	0
max-jitter	0
max-packet-loss	0
observ-window-size	0
parent-realm	
dns-realm	
media-policy	
media-sec-policy	
srtp-msm-passthrough	disabled
class-profile	
in-translationid	
out-translationid	
in-manipulationid	
out-manipulationid	
average-rate-limit	0
access-control-trust-level	none
invalid-signal-threshold	0
maximum-signal-threshold	0

untrusted-signal-threshold	0
nat-trust-threshold	0
max-endpoints-per-nat	0
nat-invalid-message-threshold	0
wait-time-for-invalid-register	0
deny-period	30
cac-failure-threshold	0
untrust-cac-failure-threshold	0
ext-policy-svr	
diam-e2-address-realm	
subscription-id-type	END_USER_NONE
symmetric-latching	disabled
pai-strip	disabled
trunk-context	
device-id	
early-media-allow	
enforcement-profile	
additional-prefixes	
restricted-latching	none
restriction-mask	32
user-cac-mode	none
user-cac-bandwidth	0
user-cac-sessions	0
icmp-detect-multiplier	0
icmp-advertisement-interval	0
icmp-target-ip	
monthly-minutes	0
options	
spl-options	
accounting-enable	enabled
net-management-control	disabled
delay-media-update	disabled
refer-call-transfer	disabled
refer-notify-provisional	none
dyn-refer-term	disabled
codec-policy	
codec-manip-in-realm	disabled
codec-manip-in-network	enabled
rtcp-policy	
constraint-name	
session-recording-server	
session-recording-required	disabled
manipulation-string	

manipulation-pattern		
stun-enable	disabled	
stun-server-ip	0.0.0.0	
stun-server-port	3478	
stun-changed-ip	0.0.0.0	
stun-changed-port	3479	
sip-profile		
sip-isup-profile		
match-media-profiles		
qos-constraint		
block-rtcp	disabled	
hide-egress-media-update	disabled	
tcp-media-profile		
monitoring-filters		
node-functionality		
default-location-string		
alt-family-realm		
pref-addr-type	none	
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23	
last-modified-date	2014-11-04 15:59:30	
redundancy-config		
state	disabled	
log-level	INFO	
health-threshold	75	
emergency-threshold	50	
port	9090	
advertisement-time	500	
percent-drift	210	
initial-time	1250	
becoming-standby-time	180000	
becoming-active-time	100	
cfg-port	1987	
cfg-max-trans	10000	
cfg-sync-start-time	5000	
cfg-sync-comp-time	1000	
gateway-heartbeat-interval	10	
gateway-heartbeat-retry	3	
gateway-heartbeat-timeout	1	
gateway-heartbeat-health	1	
media-if-peercheck-time	0	
peer		
name	3820B-Genesys-IOT	
state	enabled	

	type	Secondary
	destination	
	address	169.254.1.2:9090
	network-interface	wancom1:0
	destination	
	address	169.254.2.2:9090
	network-interface	wancom2:0
peer	name	3820A-Genesys-IOT
	state	enabled
	type	Primary
	destination	
	address	169.254.1.1:9090
	network-interface	wancom1:0
	destination	
	address	169.254.2.1:9090
	network-interface	wancom2:0
	last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
	last-modified-date	2014-11-04 15:59:30
session-agent	hostname	192.168.2.228
	ip-address	192.168.2.228
	port	23846
	state	enabled
	app-protocol	SIP
	app-type	
	transport-method	UDP
	realm-id	core
	egress-realm-id	
	description	
	carriers	
	allow-next-hop-lp	enabled
	constraints	disabled
	max-sessions	0
	max-inbound-sessions	0
	max-outbound-sessions	0
	max-burst-rate	0
	max-inbound-burst-rate	0
	max-outbound-burst-rate	0
	max-sustain-rate	0
	max-inbound-sustain-rate	0
	max-outbound-sustain-rate	0
	min-seizures	5

min-asr	0
time-to-resume	0
ttr-no-response	0
in-service-period	0
burst-rate-window	0
sustain-rate-window	0
req-uri-carrier-mode	None
proxy-mode	
redirect-action	
loose-routing	enabled
send-media-session	enabled
response-map	
ping-method	
ping-interval	0
ping-send-mode	keep-alive
ping-all-addresses	disabled
ping-in-service-response-codes	
out-service-response-codes	
load-balance-dns-query	hunt
options	
spl-options	
media-profiles	
in-translationid	
out-translationid	
trust-me	disabled
request-uri-headers	
stop-recurse	
local-response-map	
ping-to-user-part	
ping-from-user-part	
in-manipulationid	
out-manipulationid	
manipulation-string	
manipulation-pattern	
p-asserted-id	
trunk-group	
max-register-sustain-rate	0
early-media-allow	
invalidate-registrations	disabled
rfc2833-mode	none
rfc2833-payload	0
codec-policy	
enforcement-profile	

refer-call-transfer	disabled
refer-notify-provisional	none
reuse-connections	NONE
tcp-keepalive	none
tcp-reconn-interval	0
max-register-burst-rate	0
register-burst-window	0
sip-profile	
sip-isup-profile	
kpml-interworking	inherit
monitoring-filters	
session-recording-server	
session-recording-required	disabled
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-04 16:07:07
session-agent	
hostname	192.168.6.31
ip-address	192.168.6.31
port	5060
state	enabled
app-protocol	SIP
app-type	
transport-method	UDP
realm-id	Trunk
egress-realm-id	
description	
carriers	
allow-next-hop-lp	enabled
constraints	disabled
max-sessions	0
max-inbound-sessions	0
max-outbound-sessions	0
max-burst-rate	0
max-inbound-burst-rate	0
max-outbound-burst-rate	0
max-sustain-rate	0
max-inbound-sustain-rate	0
max-outbound-sustain-rate	0
min-seizures	5
min-asr	0
time-to-resume	0
ttr-no-response	0
in-service-period	0

burst-rate-window	0
sustain-rate-window	0
req-uri-carrier-mode	None
proxy-mode	
redirect-action	
loose-routing	enabled
send-media-session	enabled
response-map	
ping-method	
ping-interval	0
ping-send-mode	keep-alive
ping-all-addresses	disabled
ping-in-service-response-codes	
out-service-response-codes	
load-balance-dns-query	hunt
options	
spl-options	
media-profiles	
in-translationid	
out-translationid	
trust-me	disabled
request-uri-headers	
stop-recurse	
local-response-map	
ping-to-user-part	
ping-from-user-part	
in-manipulationid	
out-manipulationid	
manipulation-string	
manipulation-pattern	
p-asserted-id	
trunk-group	
max-register-sustain-rate	0
early-media-allow	
invalidate-registrations	disabled
rfc2833-mode	none
rfc2833-payload	0
codec-policy	
enforcement-profile	
refer-call-transfer	disabled
refer-notify-provisional	none
reuse-connections	NONE
tcp-keepalive	none

tcp-reconn-interval	0
max-register-burst-rate	0
register-burst-window	0
sip-profile	
sip-isup-profile	
kpml-interworking	inherit
monitoring-filters	
session-recording-server	
session-recording-required	disabled
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-05 13:37:43
sip-config	
state	enabled
operation-mode	dialog
dialog-transparency	enabled
home-realm-id	core
egress-realm-id	
auto-realm-id	
nat-mode	None
registrar-domain	*
registrar-host	*
registrar-port	5060
register-service-route	always
init-timer	500
max-timer	4000
trans-expire	32
initial-inv-trans-expire	0
invite-expire	180
inactive-dynamic-conn	32
enforcement-profile	
pac-method	
pac-interval	10
pac-strategy	PropDist
pac-load-weight	1
pac-session-weight	1
pac-route-weight	1
pac-callid-lifetime	600
pac-user-lifetime	3600
red-sip-port	1988
red-max-trans	10000
red-sync-start-time	5000
red-sync-comp-time	1000
options	max-udp-length=0

add-reason-header	disabled
sip-message-len	4096
enum-sag-match	disabled
extra-method-stats	disabled
extra-enum-stats	disabled
rph-feature	disabled
nsep-user-sessions-rate	0
nsep-sa-sessions-rate	0
registration-cache-limit	0
register-use-to-for-lp	disabled
refer-src-routing	disabled
add-ucid-header	disabled
proxy-sub-events	
allow-pani-for-trusted-only	disabled
atcf-stn-sr	
atcf-psi-dn	
atcf-route-to-sccas	disabled
eatf-stn-sr	
pass-gruu-contact	disabled
sag-lookup-on-redirect	disabled
set-disconnect-time-on-bye	disabled
msrp-delayed-bye-timer	15
transcoding-realm	
transcoding-agents	
create-dynamic-sa	disabled
node-functionality	P-CSCF
last-modified-by	admin@135.17.67.152
last-modified-date	2014-11-26 16:33:27
sip-interface	
state	enabled
realm-id	Trunk
description	
sip-port	
address	192.168.6.72
port	5060
transport-protocol	UDP
tls-profile	
allow-anonymous	all
multi-home-addr	
ims-aka-profile	
carriers	
trans-expire	0
initial-inv-trans-expire	0

invite-expire	0
max-redirect-contacts	0
proxy-mode	
redirect-action	
contact-mode	none
nat-traversal	none
nat-interval	30
tcp-nat-interval	90
registration-caching	disabled
min-reg-expire	300
registration-interval	3600
route-to-registrar	disabled
secured-network	disabled
teluri-scheme	disabled
uri-fqdn-domain	
options	
spl-options	
trust-mode	all
max-nat-interval	3600
nat-int-increment	10
nat-test-increment	30
sip-dynamic-hnt	disabled
stop-recurse	401,407
port-map-start	0
port-map-end	0
in-manipulationid	
out-manipulationid	NAT_IP
sip-ims-feature	disabled
sip-atcf-feature	disabled
subscribe-reg-event	disabled
operator-identifier	
anonymous-priority	none
max-incoming-conns	0
per-src-ip-max-incoming-conns	0
inactive-conn-timeout	0
untrusted-conn-timeout	0
network-id	
ext-policy-server	
ldap-policy-server	
default-location-string	
term-tgrp-mode	none
charging-vector-mode	pass
charging-function-address-mode	pass

```

ccf-address
ecf-address
implicit-service-route          disabled
rfc2833-payload                 101
rfc2833-mode                    transparent
constraint-name
response-map
local-response-map
ims-aka-feature                 disabled
enforcement-profile
route-unauthorized-calls
tcp-keepalive                   none
add-sdp-invite                  disabled
add-sdp-profiles
manipulation-string
manipulation-pattern
sip-profile
sip-isup-profile
tcp-conn-dereg                 0
tunnel-name
register-keep-alive             none
kpml-interworking              disabled
msrp-delay-egress-by           disabled
send-380-response
pcscf-restoration
session-timer-profile
session-recording-server
session-recording-required     disabled
service-tag
last-modified-by               admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date             2014-11-19 14:47:52

sip-interface
state                           enabled
realm-id                        core
description
sip-port
    address                     192.168.16.222
    port                        5060
    transport-protocol          UDP
    tls-profile
    allow-anonymous             all
    multi-home-addr

```

```

ims-aka-profile
carriers
trans-expire 0
initial-inv-trans-expire 0
invite-expire 0
max-redirect-contacts 0
proxy-mode
redirect-action
contact-mode none
nat-traversal none
nat-interval 30
tcp-nat-interval 90
registration-caching disabled
min-reg-expire 300
registration-interval 3600
route-to-registrar disabled
secured-network disabled
teluri-scheme disabled
uri-fqdn-domain
options
spl-options
trust-mode all
max-nat-interval 3600
nat-int-increment 10
nat-test-increment 30
sip-dynamic-hnt disabled
stop-recurse 401,407
port-map-start 0
port-map-end 0
in-manipulationid
out-manipulationid NAT_IP
sip-ims-feature disabled
sip-atcf-feature disabled
subscribe-reg-event disabled
operator-identifier
anonymous-priority none
max-incoming-conns 0
per-src-ip-max-incoming-conns 0
inactive-conn-timeout 0
untrusted-conn-timeout 0
network-id
ext-policy-server
ldap-policy-server

```

```

default-location-string
term-tgrp-mode                none
charging-vector-mode          pass
charging-function-address-mode pass
ccf-address
ecf-address
implicit-service-route        disabled
rfc2833-payload               101
rfc2833-mode                  transparent
constraint-name
response-map
local-response-map
ims-aka-feature               disabled
enforcement-profile
route-unauthorized-calls
tcp-keepalive                 none
add-sdp-invite                disabled
add-sdp-profiles
manipulation-string
manipulation-pattern
sip-profile
sip-isup-profile
tcp-conn-dereg               0
tunnel-name
register-keep-alive           none
kpml-interworking            disabled
msrp-delay-egress-by         disabled
send-380-response
pcscf-restoration
session-timer-profile
session-recording-server
session-recording-required    disabled
service-tag
last-modified-by              admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date            2014-11-05 13:23:57
sip-manipulation
  name                         NAT_IP
  description
  split-headers
  join-headers
  header-rule
    name                        From
    header-name                 From

```

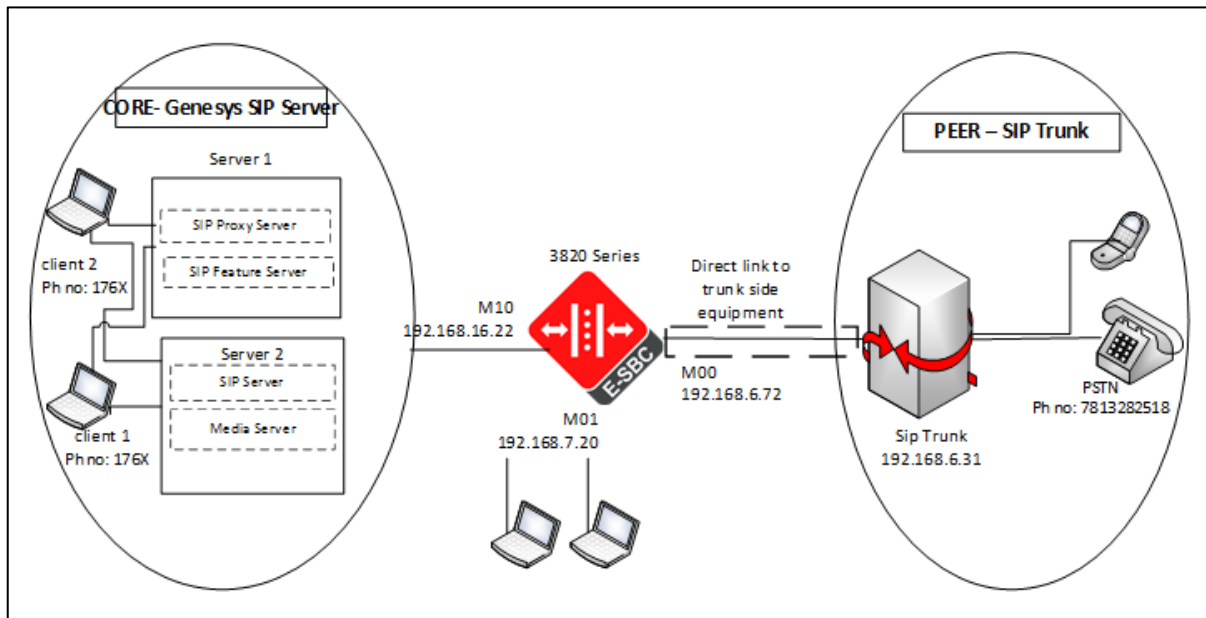
action	manipulate
comparison-type	case-sensitive
msg-type	any
methods	
match-value	
new-value	
element-rule	
name	From
parameter-name	
type	uri-host
action	replace
match-val-type	ip
comparison-type	case-sensitive
match-value	
new-value	\$LOCAL_IP
header-rule	
name	To
header-name	To
action	manipulate
comparison-type	case-sensitive
msg-type	any
methods	
match-value	
new-value	
element-rule	
name	To
parameter-name	
type	uri-host
action	replace
match-val-type	ip
comparison-type	case-sensitive
match-value	
new-value	\$REMOTE_IP
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-11 14:53:48
steering-pool	
ip-address	192.168.16.222
start-port	50200
end-port	51200
realm-id	core
network-interface	
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23

last-modified-date	2014-11-04 16:02:31
steering-pool	
ip-address	192.168.6.72
start-port	50200
end-port	51200
realm-id	Trunk
network-interface	
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-19 14:49:43
system-config	
hostname	Genesys-SBC
description	3820A-Genesys-IOT
location	
mib-system-contact	
mib-system-name	
mib-system-location	
snmp-enabled	enabled
enable-snmp-auth-traps	disabled
enable-snmp-syslog-notify	disabled
enable-snmp-monitor-traps	disabled
enable-env-monitor-traps	disabled
snmp-syslog-his-table-length	1
snmp-syslog-level	WARNING
system-log-level	WARNING
process-log-level	DEBUG
process-log-ip-address	0.0.0.0
process-log-port	0
collect	
sample-interval	5
push-interval	15
boot-state	disabled
start-time	now
end-time	never
red-collect-state	disabled
red-max-trans	1000
red-sync-start-time	5000
red-sync-comp-time	1000
push-success-trap-state	disabled
comm-monitor	
state	disabled
sbc-grp-id	0
tls-profile	

qos-enable	enabled
call-trace	disabled
internal-trace	disabled
log-filter	all
default-gateway	192.168.17.1
restart	enabled
exceptions	
telnet-timeout	0
console-timeout	0
remote-control	enabled
cli-audit-trail	enabled
link-redundancy-state	disabled
source-routing	disabled
cli-more	disabled
terminal-height	24
debug-timeout	0
trap-event-lifetime	0
ids-syslog-facility	-1
options	
default-v6-gateway	::
ipv6-signaling-mtu	1500
ipv4-signaling-mtu	1500
cleanup-time-of-day	00:00
snmp-engine-id-suffix	
snmp-agent-mode	v1v2
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-04 15:54:29
web-server-config	
state	enabled
inactivity-timeout	5
http-state	enabled
http-port	80
https-state	disabled
https-port	443
tls-profile	
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23

Enabling Remote worker (for remote workers registering into Genesys SIP server via the E-SBC)

A section of the testing also included remote endpoints that register through the E-SBC to the SIP server (Test cases 29-32). This would require the following access configuration to be configured on the E-SBC in addition to the SIP trunking config mentioned above.



We add another physical interface (M01), network interface (M01:0), a realm and a sip interface solely for registration purposes. This network interface would be a public ip in the DMZ where all the remote endpoints would be registering to.

```

local-policy
  from-address          *
  to-address            *
  source-realm          access
  description
  activate-time
  deactivate-time
  state                 enabled
  policy-priority       none
  policy-attribute
  next-hop              192.168.2.228
  realm                 core
  
```

```

        action none
        terminate-recursion disabled
        carrier
        start-time 0000
        end-time 2400
        days-of-week U-S
        cost 0
        state enabled
        app-protocol SIP
        methods
        media-profiles
        lookup single
        next-key
        eloc-str-lkup disabled
        eloc-str-match
    last-modified-by admin@172.21.17.23
    last-modified-date 2014-11-11 14:40:37
network-interface
    name M01
    sub-port-id 0
    description
    hostname
    ip-address 192.168.7.20
    pri-utility-addr 192.168.7.21
    sec-utility-addr 192.168.7.22
    netmask 255.255.255.0
    gateway 192.168.7.1
    sec-gateway
    gw-heartbeat
        state disabled
        heartbeat 0
        retry-count 0
        retry-timeout 1
        health-score 0
    dns-ip-primary
    dns-ip-backup1
    dns-ip-backup2
    dns-domain
    dns-timeout 11
    signaling-mtu 0
    hip-ip-list 192.168.7.20
    ftp-address
    icmp-address 192.168.7.20

```

```

snmp-address
telnet-address
ssh-address
last-modified-by          admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date        2014-11-18 16:45:58

phy-interface
  name                     M01
  operation-type           Media
  port                     1
  slot                     0
  virtual-mac              00:08:25:04:0d:18
  admin-state              enabled
  auto-negotiation         enabled
  duplex-mode              FULL
  speed                   100
  wancom-health-score      50
  overload-protection      disabled
  mac-filtering            disabled
  last-modified-by        admin@172.21.17.23
  last-modified-date      2014-11-18 16:40:40

realm-config
  identifier               access
  description
  addr-prefix              0.0.0.0
  network-interfaces       M01:0
  mm-in-realm              enabled
  mm-in-network            enabled
  mm-same-ip               enabled
  mm-in-system             enabled
  bw-cac-non-mm           disabled
  msm-release              disabled
  qos-enable               disabled
  generate-UDP-checksum    disabled
  max-bandwidth            0
  fallback-bandwidth       0
  max-priority-bandwidth   0
  max-latency              0
  max-jitter               0
  max-packet-loss          0
  observ-window-size       0
  parent-realm
  dns-realm

```

media-policy	
media-sec-policy	
srtp-msm-passthrough	disabled
class-profile	
in-translationid	
out-translationid	
in-manipulationid	
out-manipulationid	
average-rate-limit	0
access-control-trust-level	none
invalid-signal-threshold	0
maximum-signal-threshold	0
untrusted-signal-threshold	0
nat-trust-threshold	0
max-endpoints-per-nat	0
nat-invalid-message-threshold	0
wait-time-for-invalid-register	0
deny-period	30
cac-failure-threshold	0
untrust-cac-failure-threshold	0
ext-policy-svr	
diam-e2-address-realm	
subscription-id-type	END_USER_NONE
symmetric-latching	disabled
pai-strip	disabled
trunk-context	
device-id	
early-media-allow	
enforcement-profile	
additional-prefixes	
restricted-latching	none
restriction-mask	32
user-cac-mode	none
user-cac-bandwidth	0
user-cac-sessions	0
icmp-detect-multiplier	0
icmp-advertisement-interval	0
icmp-target-ip	
monthly-minutes	0
options	
spl-options	
accounting-enable	enabled
net-management-control	disabled

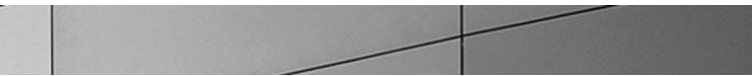
delay-media-update	disabled
refer-call-transfer	disabled
refer-notify-provisional	none
dyn-refer-term	disabled
codec-policy	
codec-manip-in-realm	disabled
codec-manip-in-network	enabled
rtcp-policy	
constraint-name	
session-recording-server	
session-recording-required	disabled
manipulation-string	
manipulation-pattern	
stun-enable	disabled
stun-server-ip	0.0.0.0
stun-server-port	3478
stun-changed-ip	0.0.0.0
stun-changed-port	3479
sip-profile	
sip-isup-profile	
match-media-profiles	
qos-constraint	
block-rtcp	disabled
hide-egress-media-update	disabled
tcp-media-profile	
monitoring-filters	
node-functionality	
default-location-string	
alt-family-realm	
pref-addr-type	none
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-18 16:46:46
sip-interface	
state	enabled
realm-id	access
description	
sip-port	
address	192.168.7.20
port	5060
transport-protocol	UDP
tls-profile	
allow-anonymous	registered
multi-home-addr	

```

ims-aka-profile
carriers
trans-expire 0
initial-inv-trans-expire 0
invite-expire 0
max-redirect-contacts 0
proxy-mode
redirect-action
contact-mode none
nat-traversal always
nat-interval 30
tcp-nat-interval 90
registration-caching enabled
min-reg-expire 300
registration-interval 3600
route-to-registrar enabled
secured-network disabled
teluri-scheme disabled
uri-fqdn-domain
options
spl-options
trust-mode all
max-nat-interval 3600
nat-int-increment 10
nat-test-increment 30
sip-dynamic-hnt disabled
stop-recurse 401,407
port-map-start 0
port-map-end 0
in-manipulationid
out-manipulationid
sip-ims-feature disabled
sip-atcf-feature disabled
subscribe-reg-event disabled
operator-identifier
anonymous-priority none
max-incoming-conns 0
per-src-ip-max-incoming-conns 0
inactive-conn-timeout 0
untrusted-conn-timeout 0
network-id
ext-policy-server
ldap-policy-server

```


default-location-string	
term-tgrp-mode	none
charging-vector-mode	pass
charging-function-address-mode	pass
ccf-address	
ecf-address	
implicit-service-route	disabled
rfc2833-payload	101
rfc2833-mode	transparent
constraint-name	
response-map	
local-response-map	
ims-aka-feature	disabled
enforcement-profile	
route-unauthorized-calls	
tcp-keepalive	none
add-sdp-invite	disabled
add-sdp-profiles	
manipulation-string	
manipulation-pattern	
sip-profile	
sip-isup-profile	
tcp-conn-dereg	0
tunnel-name	
register-keep-alive	none
kpml-interworking	disabled
msrp-delay-egress-bye	disabled
send-380-response	
pcscf-restoration	
session-timer-profile	
session-recording-server	
session-recording-required	disabled
service-tag	
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-18 16:48:04
steering-pool	
ip-address	192.168.7.20
start-port	40000
end-port	50000
realm-id	access
network-interface	
last-modified-by	admin@172.21.17.23
last-modified-date	2014-11-18 16:47:10



A basic configuration on the E-SBC to route calls to and from Genesys server environment is now complete. The following sections highlight some of the useful tips to configure the E-SBC in order to successfully resolve and overcome interoperability challenges in a SIP trunking environment between the Genesys SIP Server and Service provider network. It is outside the scope of this document to include all the interoperability working information as it will differ in every deployment.

Test Plan Executed

Following is the test plan executed against this setup and results have been documented below.

Functional Test Cases		
#	Scenario Description	Supported
1	Inbound Call to Agent released by caller	Yes
2	Inbound Call to Agent released by agent	Yes
3	Inbound Calls rejected	Yes
4	Inbound Call abandoned	Yes
5	Inbound Call to Route Point with Treatment	Yes
6	Interruptible Treatment	Yes
7	IVR (Collect Digit) Treatment	Yes
8	Inbound Call routed by using 302 out of SIP Server signaling path	Yes
9	1PCC Outbound Call from SIP Endpoint to external destination	Yes
10	3PCC Outbound Call to external destination	Yes
11	1PCC Outbound Call Abandoned	Yes
12	Caller is put on hold and retrieved by using RFC 2543 method	Yes
13	T-Lib-Initiated Hold/Retrieve Call with MOH using RFC 3264 method	Yes
14	3PCC 2 Step Transfer to internal destination by using re-INVITE method	Yes
15	3PCC Alternate from consult call to main call	Yes
16	1PCC Unattended (Blind) transfer using REFER	Yes
17	1PCC Attended Transfer to external destination	Yes
18	3PCC Two Step Conference to external party	Yes
19	3PCC (same as 1PCC) Single-Step Transfer to another agent	Yes
20	3PCC Single Step Transfer to external destination using REFER	Yes
21	3PCC Single Step Transfer to internal busy destination using REFER	Yes
22	Early Media for Inbound Call to Route Point with Treatment	Yes
23	Early Media for Inbound Call with Early Media for Routed to Agent	Yes
24	Inbound call routed outbound (Remote Agent) using INVITE without SDP	Yes
25	Call Progress Detection	Yes
26	Out of Service detection; checking MGW live status	Yes

27	SIP Authentication for outbound calls	No
28	SIP Authentication for incoming calls	No
E-SBC-Specific Test		
29	T-Lib-Initiated Answer/Hold/Retrieve Call for Remote SIP endpoint which supports the BroadSoft SIP Extension Event Package	Yes
30	3PCC Outbound Call from Remote SIP endpoint to external destination	Yes
31	3PCC Two Step Transfer from Remote SIP endpoint to internal destination	Yes
32	1PCC Attended Transfer from Remote SIP endpoint to external destination	Yes

The summary of the test plan is as follows

Total Test Cases	Pass	Fail	Not Supported	Pending
32	30	0	2	0

The following features are supported with the E-SBC and Genesys SIP server.

Feature Name	
General Features Supported By E-SBC	
Inbound Calls - Standard	Yes
Inbound Calls - Contact Center/Routed	Yes
Outbound Calls - Standard	Yes
Outbound Calls - Automated Dialer Campaign, CPD by Genesys	Yes
Remote Agent, not REGISTERed to SIP Server	Yes
Call Qualification & Parking	Yes
GVP - Advanced IVR (VXML, TTS, ASR, etc), Conferencing, & more	Yes
Technical Features	
Supported	
"Single Site"	Yes
"Multisite"	Yes
SIP Business Continuity	Yes
Transfer with re-INVITE	Yes
Transfer with 3xx	Yes
Transfer with REFER	Yes
Ad Hoc Conference	Yes
SIP Authentication	No
SIP Over TLS	Yes
SRTP	Yes
Service Monitoring	Yes
SIP Server High Availability - with Virtual IP Address	Yes
SIP Trunk/E-SBC/Gateway High Availability - with Virtual IP Address	Yes
SIP Trunk/E-SBC/Gateway High Availability – List of IPAddresses	N/T
SIP Server High Availability - DNS-based Redundancy with SIP Proxy	N/T
SIP Trunk/E-SBC/Gateway High Availability - DNS-based Redundancy	N/T
Audio Codec Support	Yes
Video Support	N/T
E-SBC-Specific	
Supported	
Inbound & Outbound Calls	Yes
SIP Agent 3PCC Control	Yes
Remote Agent - Transfer with REFER (SIP Phone via E-SBC)	Yes
Transfer with REFER	Yes
Transfer with re-INVITE	Yes

Troubleshooting Tools

If you find that you are not able to complete calls or have problems with the test cases, there are a few tools available for the E-SBC like logging and tracing which may be of assistance. In this section we will provide a list of tools which you can use to aid in troubleshooting any issues you may encounter.

On the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller - Acme Packet 3820

The E-SBC provides a rich set of statistical counters available from the ACLI, as well as log file output with configurable detail. The follow sections detail enabling, adjusting and accessing those interfaces.

Resetting the statistical counters, enabling logging and restarting the log files.

At the E-SBC Console:

```
3820A-Genesys-IOT# reset sipd
3820A-Genesys-IOT# notify sipd debug
3820A-Genesys-IOT#
enabled SIP Debugging
3820A-Genesys-IOT# notify all rotate-logs
```

Examining the log files

Note: You will FTP to the management interface of the E-SBC with the username user and user mode password (the default is “acme”).

```
C:\Documents and Settings\user>ftp 192.168.5.24
Connected to 192.168.85.55.
220 3820A-Genesys-IOTFTP server (VxWorks 6.4) ready.
User (192.168.85.55:(none)): user
331 Password required for user.
Password: acme
230 User user logged in.
ftp> cd /ramdrv/logs
250 CWD command successful.
ftp> get sipmsg.log
200 PORT command successful.
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for '/ramdrv/logs/sipmsg.log' (3353
bytes).
226 Transfer complete.
ftp: 3447 bytes received in 0.00Seconds 3447000.00Kbytes/sec.
```

```
ftp> get log.sipd
200 PORT command successful.
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for '/ramdrv/logs/log.sipd' (204681
bytes).
226 Transfer complete.
ftp: 206823 bytes received in 0.11Seconds 1897.46Kbytes/sec.
ftp> bye
221 Goodbye.
```

You may now examine the log files with the text editor of your choice.

Through the Web GUI

You can also check the display results of filtered SIP session data from the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller, and provides traces in a common log format for local viewing or for exporting to your PC. Please check the “Monitor and Trace” section (page 145) of the Web GUI User Guide available at http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E56581_01/index.htm

Telnet

Since we are working within an architecture which uses bound TCP listening ports for functionality, the simplest form of troubleshooting can be seeing if the devices are listening on a particular port, as well as confirming that there is nothing blocking them such as firewalls. Ensure that you have a TELNET client available on a workstation

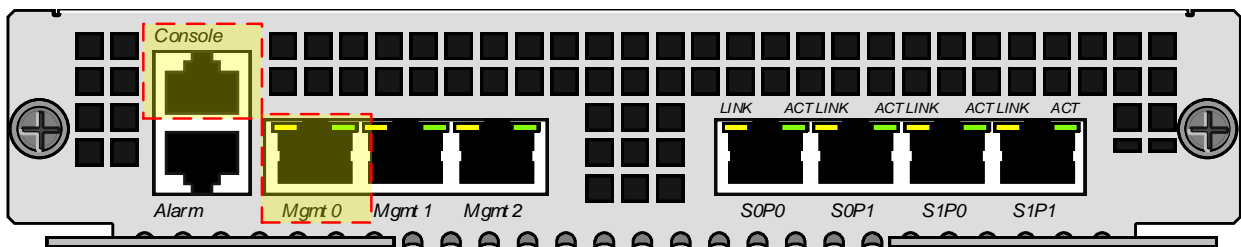
Appendix A

Accessing the ACLI

Access to the ACLI is provided by:

- The serial console connection;
- TELNET, which is enabled by default but may be disabled; and
- SSH, this must be explicitly configured.

Initial connectivity will be through the serial console port. At a minimum, this is how to configure the management (eth0) interface on the E-SBC.

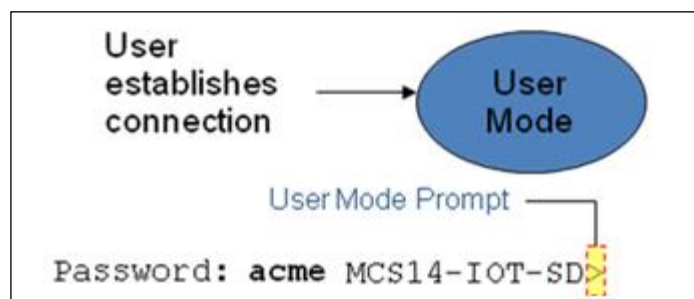


ACLI Basics

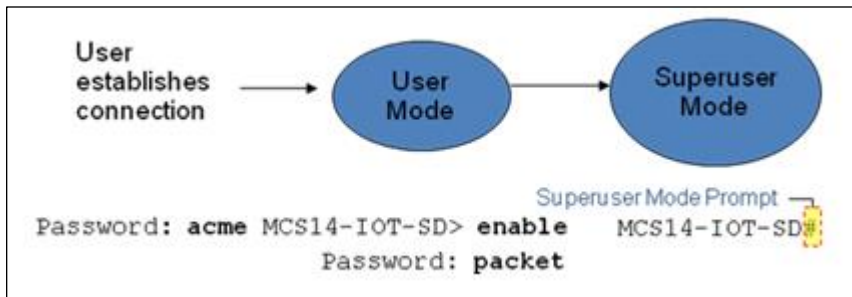
There are two password protected modes of operation within the ACLI, User mode and Superuser mode.

When you establish a connection to the E-SBC, the prompt for the User mode password appears. The default password is acme.

User mode consists of a restricted set of basic monitoring commands and is identified by the greater than sign (>) in the system prompt after the target name. You cannot perform configuration and maintenance from this mode.



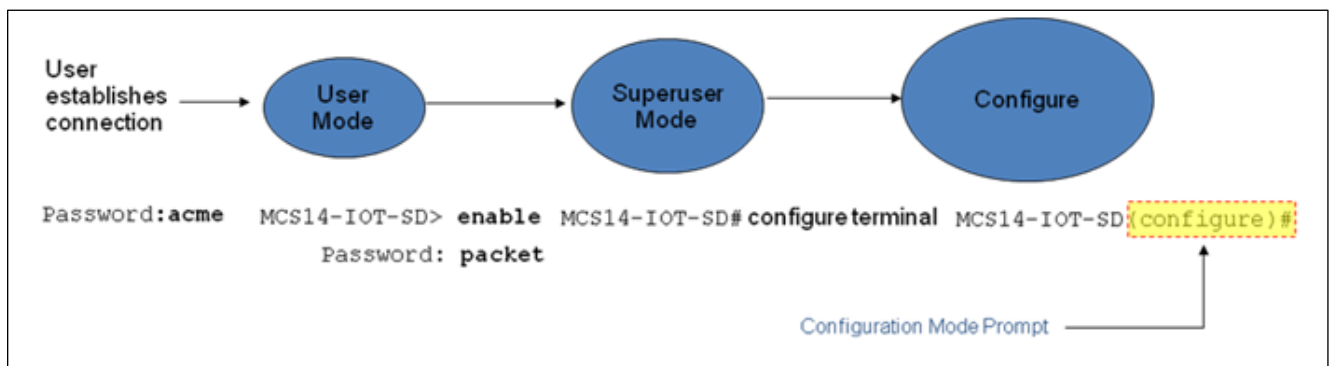
The Superuser mode allows for access to all system commands for operation, maintenance, and administration. This mode is identified by the pound sign (#) in the prompt after the target name. To enter the Superuser mode, issue the enable command in the User mode.



From the Superuser mode, you can perform monitoring and administrative tasks; however you cannot configure any elements. To return to User mode, issue the exit command.

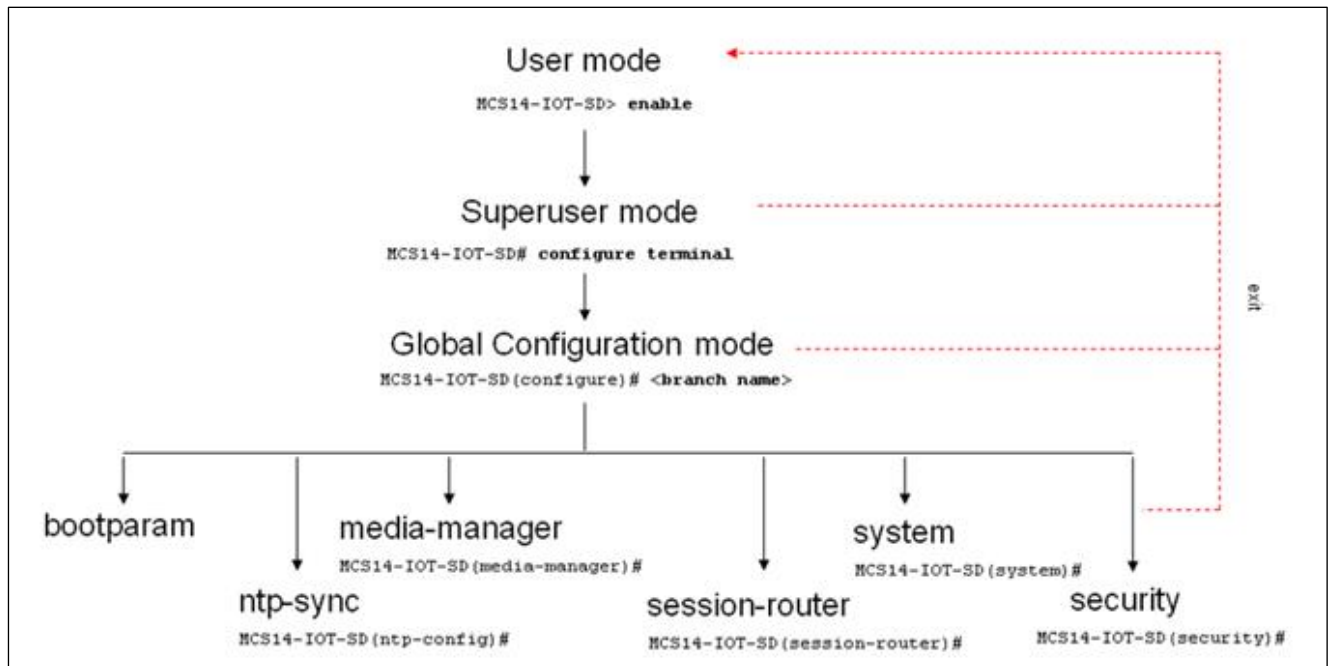
You must enter the Configuration mode to configure elements. For example, you can access the configuration branches and configuration elements for signaling and media configurations. To enter the Configuration mode, issue the **configure terminal** command in the Superuser mode.

Configuration mode is identified by the word configure in parenthesis followed by the pound sign (#) in the prompt after the target name, for example, **3820A-Genesys-IOT(configure)#**. To return to the Superuser mode, issue the **exit** command.



In the configuration mode, there are six configuration branches:

- bootparam;
- ntp-sync;
- media-manager;
- session-router;
- system; and
- security.



The ntp-sync and bootparams branches are flat branches (i.e., they do not have elements inside the branches). The rest of the branches have several elements under each of the branches.

The bootparam branch provides access to E-SBC boot parameters. Key boot parameters include:

- boot device – The global management port, usually eth0
- file name – The boot path and the image file.
- inet on ethernet – The IP address and subnet mask (in hex) of the management port of the SD.

- host inet –The IP address of external server where image file resides.
- user and ftp password – Used to boot from the external FTP server.
- gateway inet – The gateway IP address for reaching the external server, if the server is located in a different network.

```

'.' = clear field; '-' = go to previous field; q = quit
boot device          : eth0
processor number     : 0
host name            :
file name           : /tffs0/nnSCX620.gz
inet on ethernet (e) : 10.0.3.11:ffff0000
inet on backplane (b) :
host inet (h)        : 10.0.3.100
gateway inet (g)     : 10.0.0.1
user (u)             : anonymous
ftp password (pw) (blank = rsh) : anonymous
flags (f)            : 0x8
target name (tn)     : MCS14-IOT-SD
startup script (s)   :
other (o)

```

The ntp-sync branch provides access to ntp server configuration commands for synchronizing the E-SBC time and date.

The security branch provides access to security configuration.

The system branch provides access to basic configuration elements as system-config, snmp-community, redundancy, physical interfaces, network interfaces, etc.

The session-router branch provides access to signaling and routing related elements, including H323-config, sip-config, iwf-config, local-policy, sip-manipulation, session-agent, etc.

The media-manager branch provides access to media-related elements, including realms, steering pools, dns-config, media-manager, and so forth.

You will use media-manager, session-router, and system branches for most of your working configuration.



Configuration Elements

The configuration branches contain the configuration elements. Each configurable object is referred to as an element. Each element consists of a number of configurable parameters.

Some elements are single-instance elements, meaning that there is only one of that type of the element - for example, the global system configuration and redundancy configuration.

Some elements are multiple-instance elements. There may be one or more of the elements of any given type. For example, physical and network interfaces.

Some elements (both single and multiple instance) have sub-elements. For example:

- SIP-ports - are children of the sip-interface element
- peers – are children of the redundancy element
- destinations – are children of the peer element

Creating an Element

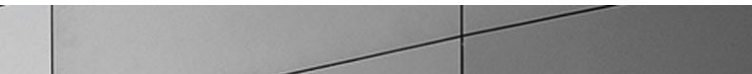
1. To create a single-instance element, you go to the appropriate level in the ACLI path and enter its parameters. There is no need to specify a unique identifier property because a single-instance element is a global element and there is only one instance of this element.
2. When creating a multiple-instance element, you must specify a unique identifier for each instance of the element.
3. It is important to check the parameters of the element you are configuring before committing the changes. You do this by issuing the **show** command before issuing the **done** command. The parameters that you did not configure are filled with either default values or left empty.
4. On completion, you must issue the **done** command. The done command causes the configuration to be echoed to the screen and commits the changes to the volatile memory. It is a good idea to review this output to ensure that your configurations are correct.
5. Issue the **exit** command to exit the selected element.

Note that the configurations at this point are not permanently saved yet. If the E-SBC reboots, your configurations will be lost.

Editing an Element

The procedure of editing an element is similar to creating an element, except that you must select the element that you will edit before editing it.

1. Enter the element that you will edit at the correct level of the ACLI path.

- 
2. Select the element that you will edit, and view it before editing it.
The **select** command loads the element to the volatile memory for editing. The **show** command allows you to view the element to ensure that it is the right one that you want to edit.
 3. Once you are sure that the element you selected is the right one for editing, edit the parameter one by one. The new value you provide will overwrite the old value.
 4. It is important to check the properties of the element you are configuring before committing it to the volatile memory. You do this by issuing the **show** command before issuing the **done** command.
 5. On completion, you must issue the **done** command.
 6. Issue the **exit** command to exit the selected element.

Note that the configurations at this point are not permanently saved yet. If the E-SBC reboots, your configurations will be lost.

Deleting an Element

The **no** command deletes an element from the configuration in editing.

To delete a single-instance element,

1. Enter the **no** command from within the path for that specific element
2. Issue the **exit** command.

To delete a multiple-instance element,

1. Enter the **no** command from within the path for that particular element.
The key field prompt, such as <name>:<sub-port-id>, appears.
2. Use the <Enter> key to display a list of the existing configured elements.
3. Enter the number corresponding to the element you wish to delete.
4. Issue the **select** command to view the list of elements to confirm that the element was removed.

Note that the configuration changes at this point are not permanently saved yet. If the E-SBC reboots, your configurations will be lost.

Configuration Versions

At any time, three versions of the configuration can exist on the E-SBC: the edited configuration, the saved configuration, and the running configuration.

- The **edited configuration** – this is the version that you are making changes to. This version of the configuration is stored in the E-SBC's volatile memory and will be lost on a reboot.
To view the editing configuration, issue the **show configuration** command.

- The **saved configuration** – on issuing the `save-config` command, the edited configuration is copied into the non-volatile memory on the E-SBC and becomes the saved configuration. Because the saved configuration has not been activated yet, the changes in the configuration will not take effect. On reboot, the last activated configuration (i.e., the last running configuration) will be loaded, not the saved configuration.
- The **running configuration** is the saved then activated configuration. On issuing the `activate-config` command, the saved configuration is copied from the non-volatile memory to the volatile memory. The saved configuration is activated and becomes the running configuration. Although most of the configurations can take effect once being activated without reboot, some configurations require a reboot for the changes to take effect.
To view the running configuration, issue command `show running-config`.

Saving the Configuration

The `save-config` command stores the edited configuration persistently.

Because the saved configuration has not been activated yet, changes in configuration will not take effect. On reboot, the last activated configuration (i.e., the last running configuration) will be loaded. At this stage, the saved configuration is different from the running configuration.

Because the saved configuration is stored in non-volatile memory, it can be accessed and activated at later time.

Upon issuing the `save-config` command, the E-SBC displays a reminder on screen stating that you must use the `activate-config` command if you want the configurations to be updated.

```
3820A-Genesys-IOT # save-config
Save-Config received, processing.
waiting 1200 for request to finish
Request to 'SAVE-CONFIG' has Finished,
Save complete
Currently active and saved configurations do not match!
To sync & activate, run 'activate-config' or 'reboot activate'.
3820A-Genesys-IOT #
```

Activating the Configuration

On issuing the `activate-config` command, the saved configuration is copied from the non-volatile memory to the volatile memory. The saved configuration is activated and becomes the running configuration.

Some configuration changes are service affecting when activated. For these configurations, the E-SBC warns that the change could have an impact on service with the configuration elements that will potentially be service affecting. You may decide whether or not to continue with applying these changes immediately or to apply them at a later time.

```
3820A-Genesys-IOT# activate-config
Activate-Config received, processing.
waiting 120000 for request to finish
Request to 'ACTIVATE-CONFIG' has Finished,
Activate Complete
3820A-Genesys-IOT#
```



Oracle Corporation
World Headquarters
500 Oracle Parkway
Redwood Shores, CA 94065
U.S.A.

Worldwide Inquiries:
Phone: +1.650.506.7000
Fax: +1.650.506.7200

oracle.com



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