



# ORACLE


Oracle Session Border Controller with Zoom Phone (Cloud Peering)

**Technical Application Note**

**ORACLE**  

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**COMMUNICATIONS**



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## 1 Document Overview

Zoom Phone Cloud Peering enables service providers to leverage their existing PSTN network to provide calling service to their customers. The Service Provider can utilize Oracle SBC which supports multi-Tenant Model to establish the connectivity with Zoom Phone System and multiple Enterprises.

This document focuses how to connect Oracle SBC to Zoom Phone Cloud Peering System.

Related Documentation can be found below-

### 1.1 Oracle SBC

- [Oracle® Session Border Controller ACLI Configuration Guide](#)
- [Oracle® Session Border Controller Release Notes](#)
- [Oracle® Session Border Controller Security Guide](#)

### 1.2 Zoom Phone

- <https://explore.zoom.us/en/products/zoom-phone/provider-exchange/>
- <https://zoom.us/phonesystem>
- <https://zoom.us/zoom-phone-features>

## 2 Revision History

As a best practice always follow the latest Application note available on the Oracle TechNet Website.

<https://www.oracle.com/technical-resources/documentation/acme-packet.html>

| Version | Date Revised | Description of Changes  |
|---------|--------------|---|
| 1.0     | 30/09/22     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Initial publication</li></ul> |

## 3 Intended Audience

This document describes how to connect the Oracle SBC to Zoom Phone- Cloud Peering. This paper is intended for IT or telephony professionals.

*Note: To zoom in on screenshots of Web GUI configuration examples, press Ctrl and +.*

### 3.1 Validated Oracle Versions

We have successfully conducted call testing with the Oracle Communications SBC versions:SCZ9.0p3

These software releases with the configuration listed below can run on any of the following products:

- AP 1100
- AP 3900
- AP 4600
- AP 6350
- AP 6300
- AP3950 (Release SCZ9.0.0 Only)
- AP4900 (Release SCZ9.0.0 Only)
- VME
- Oracle SBC on Public Cloud

Please visit <https://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/communications/session-border-controller/index.html> for further information.

#### 4 Zoom Phone Configuration

This document only covers the steps required to configure Oracle SBC with Zoom Cloud Peering. There may be other components that are part of the Zoom Cloud Peering Setup which are not included in this document. For detailed assistance with setting up and configuring your Zoom Phone System for Cloud Peering, please reach out to Zoom Sales: <https://zoom.us/contactsales>

#### 5 Infrastructure Requirements

The table below shows the list of infrastructure prerequisites for deploying Zoom Premise Peering.

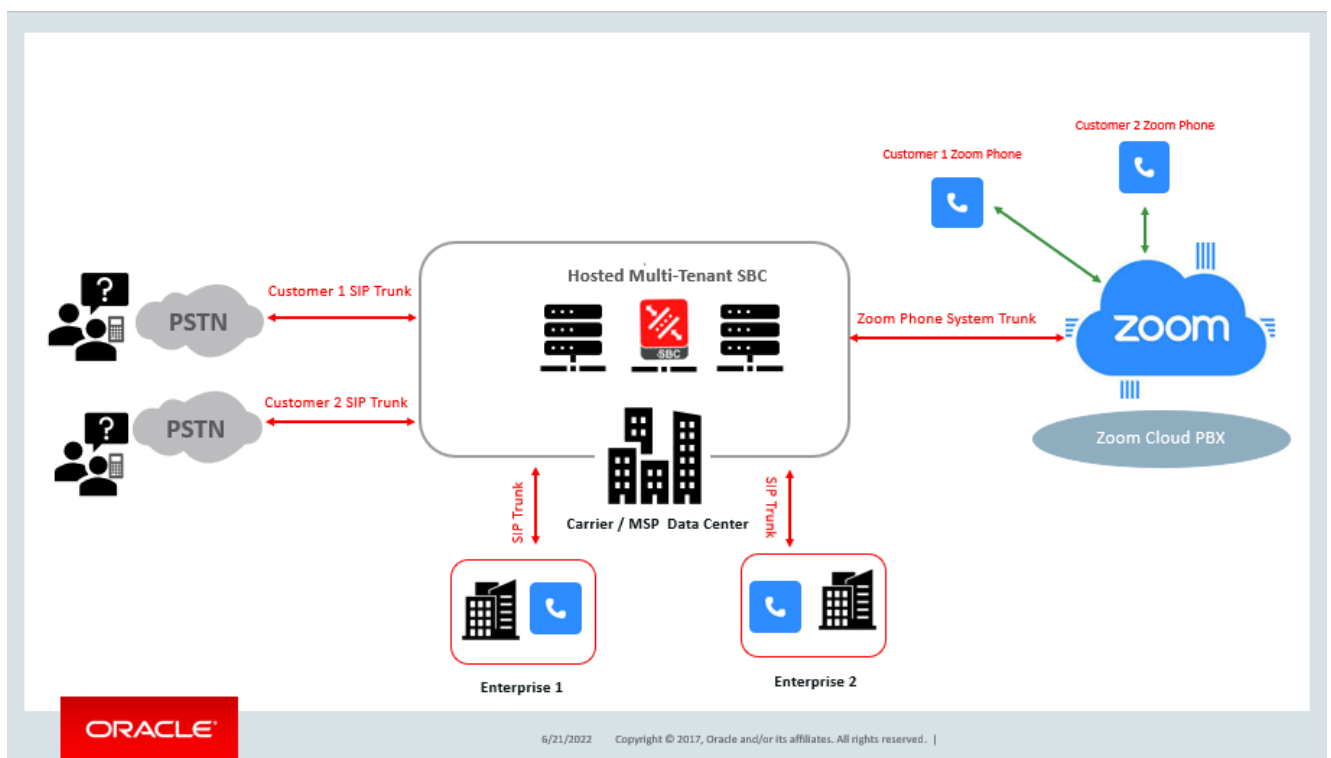
|   |  |
|---|--|
| Session Border Controller (SBC)                                   | <b>See <a href="#">Zoom Documentation</a> for More Details</b> |
| SIP Trunks connected to the SBC                                   |  |
| Zoom Phone System   |  |
| Public IP address for the SBC                                     |  |
| Public trusted certificate for the SBC (If TLS transport is used) |  |
| Firewall ports for Zoom Voice signaling                           |  |
| Firewall IP addresses and ports for Zoom Voice media              |  |
| Media Transport Profile   |  |
| Firewall ports for client media                                   |  |

## 6 Configuration

This chapter provides step-by-step guidance on how to configure Oracle SBC for interworking with Zoom Phone.

All testing were performed in Oracle Labs. Below is an outline of the network setup used to conduct all testing between the Oracle SBC and Zoom Phone platform.

*These instructions cover configuration steps between the Oracle SBC and Zoom Phone Cloud Peering. The complete interconnection of other entities, such as connection of the SIP trunk, 3rd Party PBX and/or analog devices are not fully covered in this instruction. The details of such connection are available in other instructions produced by the vendors of retrospective components.*



Above Figure illustrates how a provider can utilize Oracle SBC to provide service to two Enterprise Networks. Each Customer register their Zoom Phones directly onto Zoom Cloud. These clients can be inside the corporate Network or can register from outside office premises.

PSTN Calls originating from Zoom Phone System for each customer are segregated based on DID Numbers and are routed to respective customer's PSTN Trunk from Oracle SBC.

**Note :** Having more than one PSTN trunks terminated onto the SBC is optional as service providers can leverage same carrier trunk to support multiple Enterprises.

Zoom adds custom header **X-To-Carrier** which can be used to identify each customer for billing prospective.

Inbound calls from PSTN to Zoom are terminated to appropriate customer user based on the assigned DID as Zoom does not require any specific header to identify users for each Tenant.

For the purpose of this application note the connection to Zoom Cloud PBX and Oracle SBC is TLS/SRTP.

## 6.1 Prerequisites

Before you begin, make sure that you have the following per every SBC you want to pair:

- Public IP address
- Public certificate issued by one of the supported CAs
- Zoom Public CA certificates to add to trust store of SBC

There are two methods for configuring the Oracle SBC, CLI, or GUI. For the purposes of this note, we'll provide both CLI and WebGUI examples.

**Note :** Oracle SBC which is configured for Service provider model does not support WebGUI and configuration can only be performed through CLI.

This guide assumes the Oracle SBC has been installed, management interface has been configured, product selected and entitlements have been assigned. If you require more information on how to install your SBC platform, please refer to the [ACLI configuration guide](#).

Any configuration parameter not specifically listed below can remain at the ORACLE SBC default value and does not require a change for connection to Zoom Phone to function properly, however this should note should be treated as basic guidelines and there may be a need to implement additional Oracle SBC configuration parameters in your production setup.

Contact your Oracle Sales representative if you require assistance in configuring the Oracle SBC.

**Note:** All network parameters, ip addresses, hostnames etc..are specific to Oracle Labs, and cannot be used outside of the Oracle Lab environment. They are for example purposes only!!!

## 6.2 Global Configuration Elements

Before you can configuration more granular parameters on the SBC, there are four global configuration elements that must be enabled (nap optional) to proceed.

- System-Config
- Media-manager-Config
- SIP-Config
- Ntp-config

### 6.2.1 System-Config

To configure system level functionality for the ORACLE SBC, you must first enable the system-config

GUI Path: system/system-config

ACLI Path: config t→system→system-config

**Note:** The following parameters are optional but recommended for system config

- Hostname
- Description

- Location
- Default-gateway (*recommend using the management interface gateway for this global setting*)

- Click the OK at the bottom of the screen.

To configure system-config from ACLI –

ACLI Path: config t→system→system-config

```

system-config
hostname          oraclesbc.com
description      SBC for Zoom Cloud Voice
location         Burlington, MA
  
```



- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

### 6.2.2 Media Manager

To configure media functionality on the SBC, you must first enable the global media manager

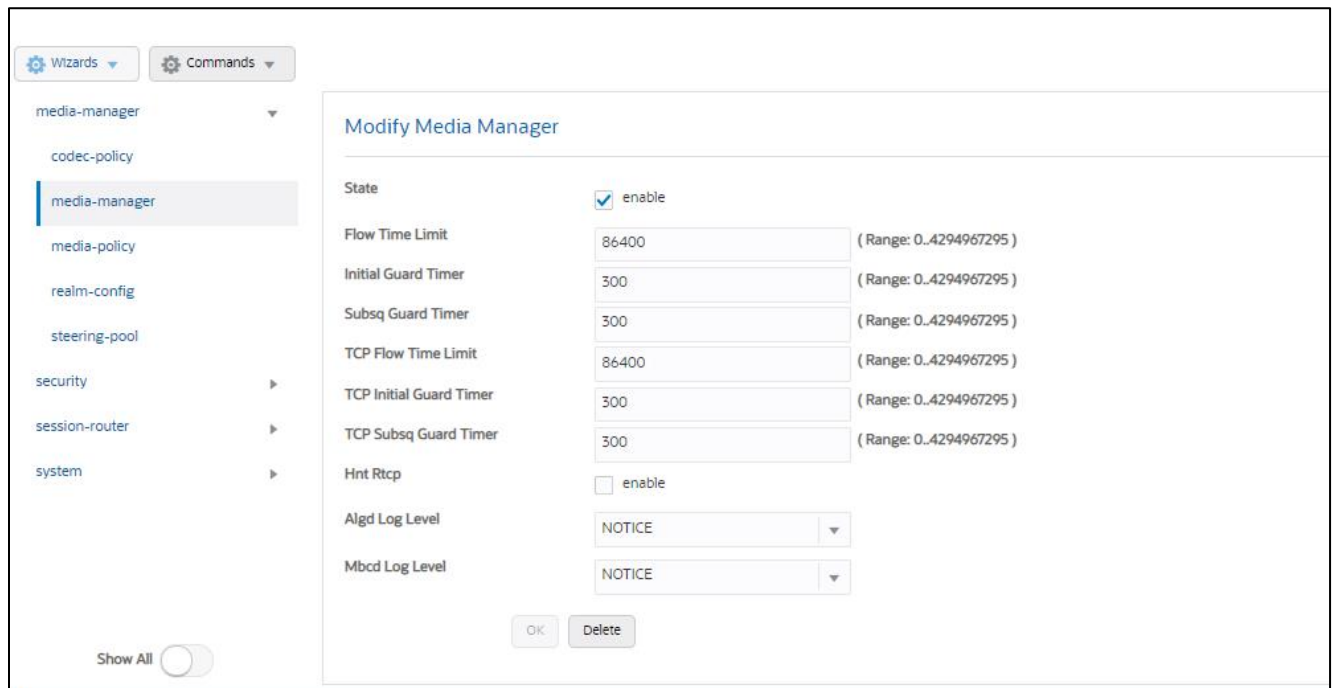
GUI Path: media-manager/media-manager

ACL Path: config t→media-manager→media-manager-config

The following options are recommended for global media manager to help secure the SBC.

- Max-untrusted-signalling
- Min-untrusted-signalling

The values in both these fields are related to the SBC's security configuration. For more detailed security configuration options, please refer to the [SBC's Security Guide](#).



- Click OK at the bottom.

To enable media-manager from ACLI –

ACL Path: config t→media-manager→media-manager-config

```
media-manager
state          enabled
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

### 6.2.3 SIP Config

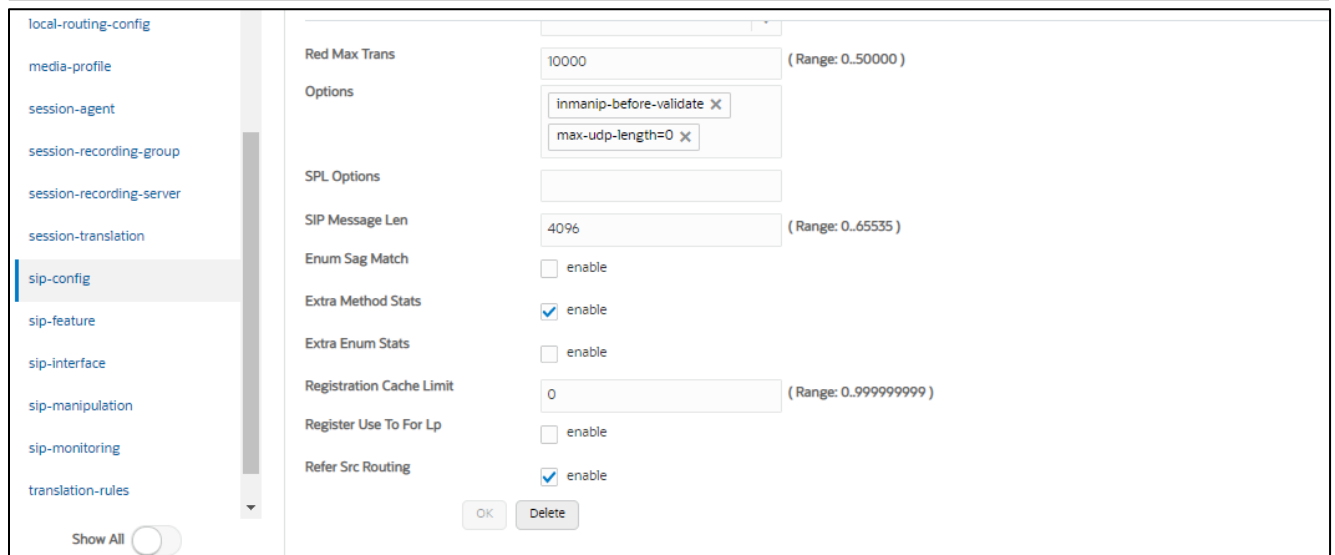
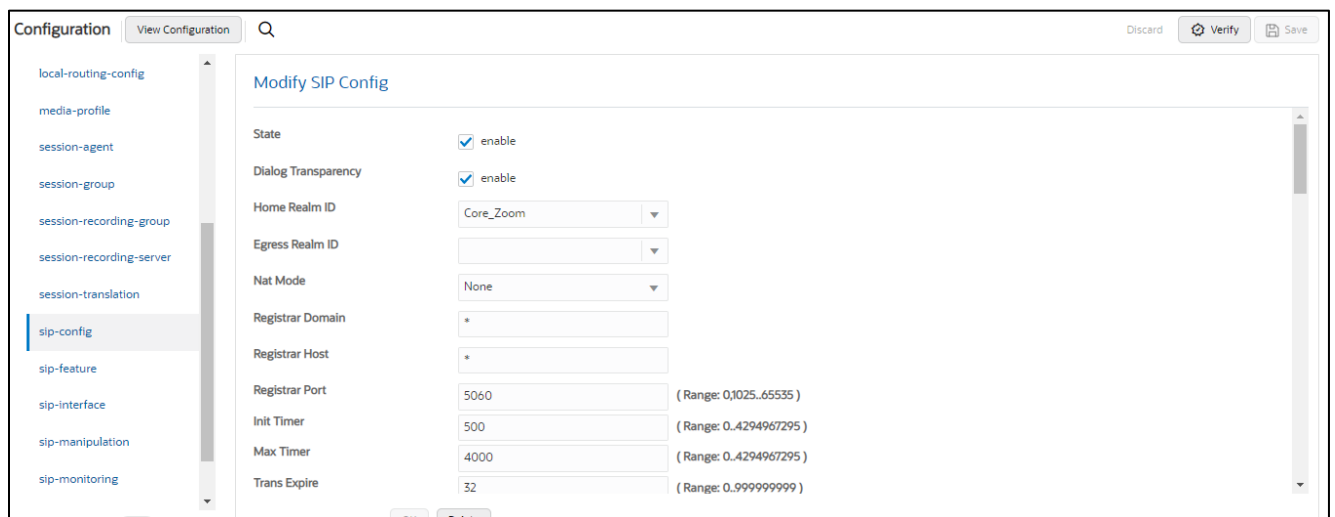
To enable SIP related objects on the Oracle SBC, you must first configure the global SIP Config element:

GUI Path: session-router/SIP-config

ACL Path: config t→session-router→SIP-config

The following are recommended parameters under the global SIP-config:

- Options: Click Add, in pop up box, enter the string: **inmanip-before-validate**
- Click Apply/Add another, then enter: **max-udp-length=0**
- Press OK in box
- Home Realm ID (Optional)



- Click OK at the bottom

To configure sip config from ACLI.

ACLI Path: config t→session-router→sip-config

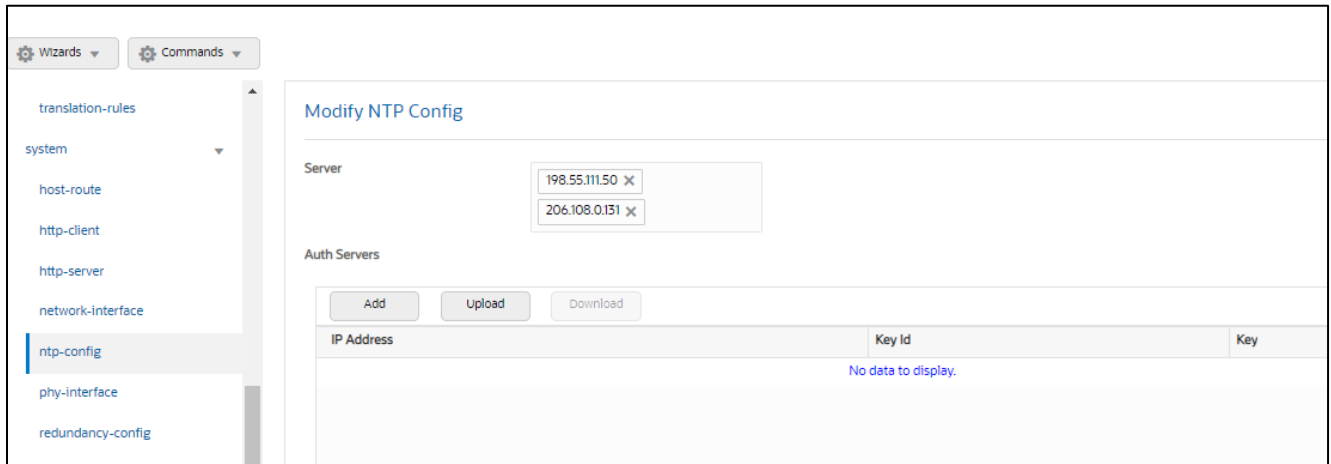
```
sip-config
  home-realm-id      Zoom
  options            max-udp-length=0
                   inmanip-before-validate
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

### 6.2.4 NTP Config

GUI Path: system/ntp-config

ACLI Path: config t→system→ntp-config



- Click OK at the bottom

To configure ntp-config from ACLI –

ACLI Path: config t→system→ntp-sync

```
ntp-config
  server            216.239.35.0
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.3 Network Configuration

To connect the SBC to network elements, we must configure both physical and network interfaces. For the purposes of this example, we will configure two physical interfaces, and two network interfaces. One to communicate with Zoom Cloud Voice, the other to connect to PSTN Network.

### 6.3.1 Physical Interfaces

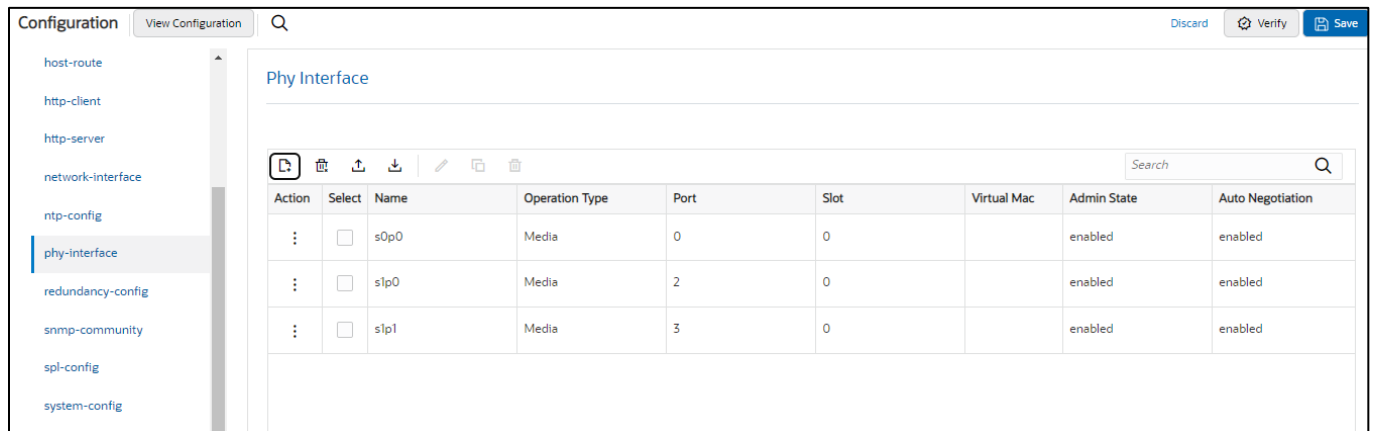
GUI Path: system/phy-interface

ACL Path: config t→system→phy-interface

- Click Add, use the following table as a configuration example:

| Config Parameter | Zoom  | PSTN1 | PSTN2 |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Name             | s0p0  | s1p0  | s1p1  |
| Operation Type   | Media | Media | Media |
| Slot             | 0     | 1     | 1     |
| Port             | 0     | 0     | 0     |

*Note: Physical interface names, slot and port may vary depending on environment*



- Click OK at the bottom of each after entering config information.

To configure phy-interface from ACLI –

ACL Path: config t→system→phy-interface

```

phy-interface
  name          s0p0
  operation-type Media
phy-interface
  name          s0p1
  operation-type Media
  port          1
phy-interface
  name          s1p0
  operation-type Media
  slot          1 slot
  
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

### 6.3.2 Network Interfaces

GUI Path: system/network-interface

ACL Path: config t→system→network-interface

- Click Add, use the following table as a configuration example:

| Configuration Parameter | Zoom                   | PSTN1        | PSTN2         |
|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Name                    | s0p0                   | s1p0         | s1p1          |
| Hostname                | Domain (if applicable) |              |               |
| IP Address              | 155.212.214.177        | 172.18.0.201 | 192.168.1.10  |
| Netmask                 | 255.255.255.0          | 255.255.0.0  | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway                 | 155.212.214.1          | 172.18.0.1   | 192.168.1.1   |
| DNS Primary IP          | 8.8.8.8                |              |               |
| DNS Domain              | Domain(if applicable)  |              |               |

The screenshot shows the 'Network Interface' configuration page in a GUI. On the left is a navigation menu with categories like 'media-manager', 'security', 'session-router', 'system', 'fraud-protection', 'host-route', 'http-client', 'http-server', 'network-interface', and 'ntp-config'. The main area displays a table with the following data:

| Action | Select                   | Name | Sub Port Id | Description | Hostname | IP Address      | Pri Utility Addr |
|--------|--------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | s0p0 | 0           |             |          | 155.212.214.177 |                  |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | s1p0 | 0           |             |          | 172.18.0.201    |                  |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | s1p1 | 0           |             |          | 192.168.1.10    |                  |

- Click OK at the bottom of each after entering config information

To configure network-interface from ACLI –

ACLI Path: config t→system→network-interface

```
network-interface
  name          s0p0
  ip-address    155.212.214.177
  netmask      255.255.255.192
  gateway      155.212.214.1
  dns-ip-primary 8.8.8.8
  dns-domain   solutionslab.cgbuburlington.com
network-interface
  name          s1p0
  ip-address    172.18.0.201
  netmask      255.255.0.0
  gateway      172.18.0.1
network-interface
  name          s1p1
  ip-address    192.168.1.10
  netmask      255.255.255.0
  gateway      192.168.1.1
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.4 Security Configuration

This section describes how to configure the SBC for both TLS and SRTP communication with Zoom Phone Platform

Zoom Phone allows UDP or TLS connections from SBC's for SIP traffic, and RTP or SRTP for media traffic. For our testing, the connection between the Oracle SBC and Zoom Phone platform was secured via TLS/SRTP. This setup requires a certificate signed by one of the trusted Certificate Authorities.

### 6.4.1 Certificate Records

“Certificate-records” are configuration elements on Oracle SBC which captures information for a TLS certificate such as common-name, key-size, key-usage etc.

This section walks you through how to configure certificate records, create a certificate signing request, and import the necessary certificates into the SBC's configuration.

GUI Path: security/certificate-record

ACLI Path: config t→security→certificate-record

For the purposes of this application note, we'll create Five certificate records.They are as follows:

- SBC Certificate (end-entity certificate)
- DigiCertGlobalRootCA- In our setup SBC certificate is signed from DigiCertGlobalRootCA
- DigiCert Intermediate Cert (this is optional – only required if your server certificate is signed by an intermediate).In our setup we have DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA as the Intermediate CA.

These Certificates can be downloaded at below links –

- <https://cacerts.digicert.com/DigiCertGlobalRootCA.crt.pem>
- <https://www.digicert.com/kb/digicert-root-certificates.htm#intermediates>

The follow certificates must be installed onto the SBC to trust the TLS Certificate provided by Zoom for TLS negotiation.DigiCert TLS Certificates can be downloaded at below Links.

- <https://cacerts.digicert.com/DigiCertGlobalRootCA.crt.pem>
- <https://cacerts.digicert.com/DigiCertGlobalRootG2.crt.pem>
- <https://cacerts.digicert.com/DigiCertGlobalRootG3.crt.pem>

#### 6.4.2 SBC End Entity Certificate

The SBC's end entity certificate is what is presented to Zoom Phone signed by your CA authority which is trusted by Zoom (Please see section 6.5.1 for detailed Zoom Supported CA Vendors), in this example we are using DigiCert as our signing authority. The certification must include a common name. For this, we are using an fqdn as the common name.

- Common name: (**telechat.o-test06161977.com**)

To Configure the certificate record:

- Click Add, and configure the SBC certificate as shown below:

- Click OK at the bottom
- Next, using this same procedure, configure certificate records for Root CA and Intermediate Certificates

To configure certificate-record from ACLI –

ACLI Path: config t→security→certificate-record

```

certificate-record
  name          SBCEnterpriseCert
  state         California
  locality      Redwood City
  organization  Oracle Corporation
  unit          Oracle CGBU
  common-name   telechat.o-test06161977.com
  extended-key-usage-list  serverAuth
                                     ClientAuth
  
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.



- Next, using this same procedure, configure certificate records for the Root CA certificates

### 6.4.3 Root CA and Intermediate Certificates

The following, DigiCertRootGlobalRootCA and DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA are the root and intermediate CA certificates used to sign the SBC's end entity certificate.

To trust Zoom certificates, your SBC must have below DigiCert Global Root CA, DigiCert Global Root G2 and DigiCert Global Root G3 installed.

**Note :** Since both Oracle SBC and Zoom use DigiCert Global Root CA only one certificate record should be created for the DigiCert Global Root CA certificate.

Please use the following table as a configuration reference: Modify the table according to the certificates in your environment.

| Config Parameter        | Digicert Intermediate               | DigiCertGlobalRootCA                | DigiCertGlobalRootG2                | DigiCertGlobalRootG3                |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Common Name             | DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA      | DigiCert Global Root CA             | DigiCert Global Root G2             | DigiCert Global Root G3             |
| Key Size                | 2048                                | 2048                                | 2048                                | 2048                                |
| Key-Usage-List          | digitalSignature<br>keyEncipherment | digitalSignature<br>keyEncipherment | digitalSignature<br>keyEncipherment | digitalSignature<br>keyEncipherment |
| Extended Key Usage List | serverAuth                          | serverAuth                          | serverAuth                          | serverAuth                          |
| Key algor               | rsa                                 | rsa                                 | rsa                                 | rsa                                 |
| Digest-algor            | Sha256                              | Sha256                              | Sha256                              | Sha256                              |

### 6.4.4 Zoom Approved CA Vendors

Below is the list of Zoom approved CA Vendors. Oracle SBC Certificate can be signed by any of these Certificate Authorities.

| Certificate Issuer Organization | Common Name or Certificate Name |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Buypass AS-983163327            | Buypass Class 2 Root CA         |
| Buypass AS-983163327            | Buypass Class 3 Root CA         |
| Baltimore                       | Baltimore CyberTrust Root       |
| Cybertrust, Inc                 | Cybertrust Global Root          |
| DigiCert Inc                    | DigiCert Assured ID Root CA     |

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| DigiCert Inc         | DigiCert Assured ID Root G2                                  |
| DigiCert Inc         | DigiCert Assured ID Root G3                                  |
| DigiCert Inc         | DigiCert Global Root CA                                      |
| DigiCert Inc         | DigiCert Global Root G2                                      |
| DigiCert Inc         | DigiCert Global Root G3                                      |
| DigiCert Inc         | DigiCert High Assurance EV Root CA                           |
| DigiCert Inc         | DigiCert Trusted Root G4                                     |
| GeoTrust Inc.        | GeoTrust Global CA   |
| GeoTrust Inc.        | GeoTrust Primary Certification Authority                     |
| GeoTrust Inc.        | GeoTrust Primary Certification Authority - G2                |
| GeoTrust Inc.        | GeoTrust Primary Certification Authority - G3                |
| GeoTrust Inc.        | GeoTrust Universal CA  |
| GeoTrust Inc.        | GeoTrust Universal CA 2                                      |
| Symantec Corporation | Symantec Class 1 Public Primary Certification Authority - G4 |
| Symantec Corporation | Symantec Class 1 Public Primary Certification Authority - G6 |
| Symantec Corporation | Symantec Class 2 Public Primary Certification Authority - G4 |
| Symantec Corporation | Symantec Class 2 Public Primary Certification Authority - G6 |
| Thawte, Inc.         | Thawte Primary Root CA                                       |
| Thawte, Inc.         | Thawte Primary Root CA - G2                                  |
| Thawte, Inc.         | Thawte Primary Root CA - G3                                  |
| VeriSign, Inc.       | VeriSign Class 1 Public Primary Certification Authority - G3 |
| VeriSign, Inc.       | VeriSign Class 2 Public Primary Certification Authority - G3 |
| VeriSign, Inc.       | VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority - G3 |
| VeriSign, Inc.       | VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority - G4 |
| VeriSign, Inc.       | VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority - G5 |
| VeriSign, Inc.       | VeriSign Universal Root Certification Authority              |
| AffirmTrust          | AffirmTrust Commercial                                       |
| AffirmTrust          | AffirmTrust Networking                                       |
| AffirmTrust          | AffirmTrust Premium  |

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| AffirmTrust                  | AffirmTrust Premium ECC                    |
| Entrust, Inc.                | Entrust Root Certification Authority       |
| Entrust, Inc.                | Entrust Root Certification Authority - EC1 |
| Entrust, Inc.                | Entrust Root Certification Authority - G2  |
| Entrust, Inc.                | Entrust Root Certification Authority - G4  |
| Entrust.net                  | Entrust.net Certification Authority (2048) |
| GlobalSign                   | GlobalSign                                 |
| GlobalSign                   | GlobalSign                                 |
| GlobalSign                   | GlobalSign                                 |
| GlobalSign nv-sa             | GlobalSign Root CA                         |
| The GoDaddy Group, Inc.      | Go Daddy Class 2 CA                        |
| GoDaddy.com, Inc.            | Go Daddy Root Certificate Authority - G2   |
| Starfield Technologies, Inc. | Starfield Class 2 CA                       |
| Starfield Technologies, Inc. | Starfield Root Certificate Authority - G2  |
| QuoVadis Limited             | QuoVadis Root CA 1 G3                      |
| QuoVadis Limited             | QuoVadis Root CA 2                         |
| QuoVadis Limited             | QuoVadis Root CA 2 G3                      |
| QuoVadis Limited             | QuoVadis Root CA 3                         |
| QuoVadis Limited             | QuoVadis Root CA 3 G3                      |
| QuoVadis Limited             | QuoVadis Root Certification Authority      |
| Comodo CA Limited            | AAA Certificate Services                   |
| AddTrust AB                  | AddTrust Class 1 CA Root                   |
| AddTrust AB                  | AddTrust External CA Root                  |
| COMODO CA Limited            | COMODO Certification Authority             |
| COMODO CA Limited            | COMODO ECC Certification Authority         |
| COMODO CA Limited            | COMODO RSA Certification Authority         |
| The USERTRUST Network        | USERTrust ECC Certification Authority      |
| The USERTRUST Network        | USERTrust RSA Certification Authority      |

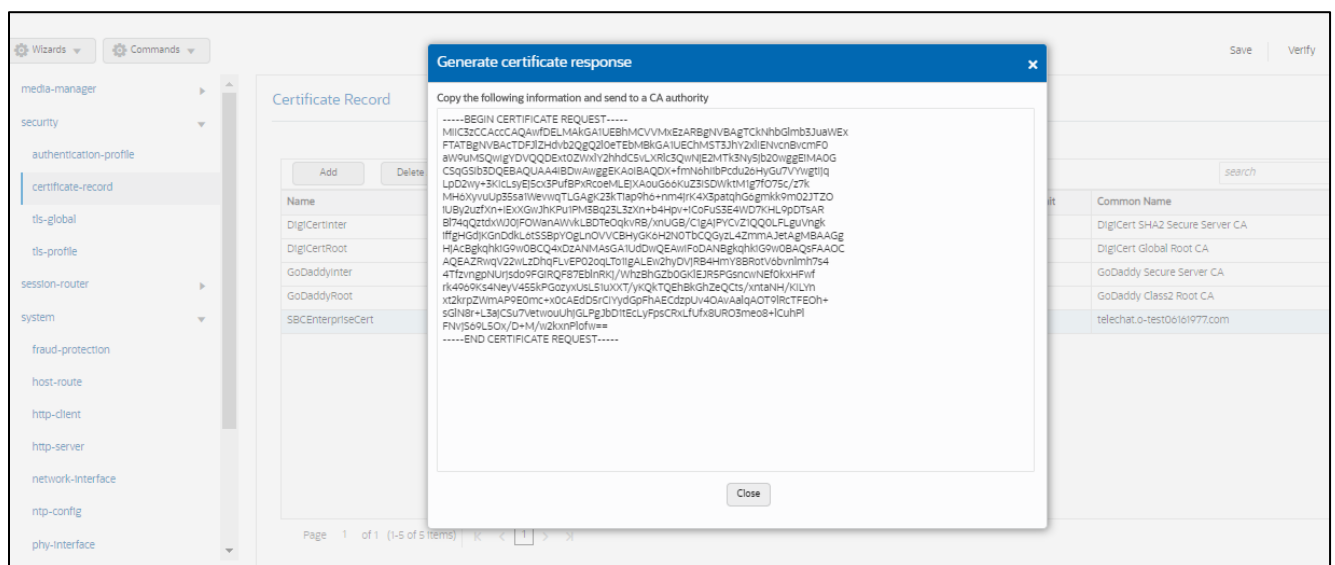
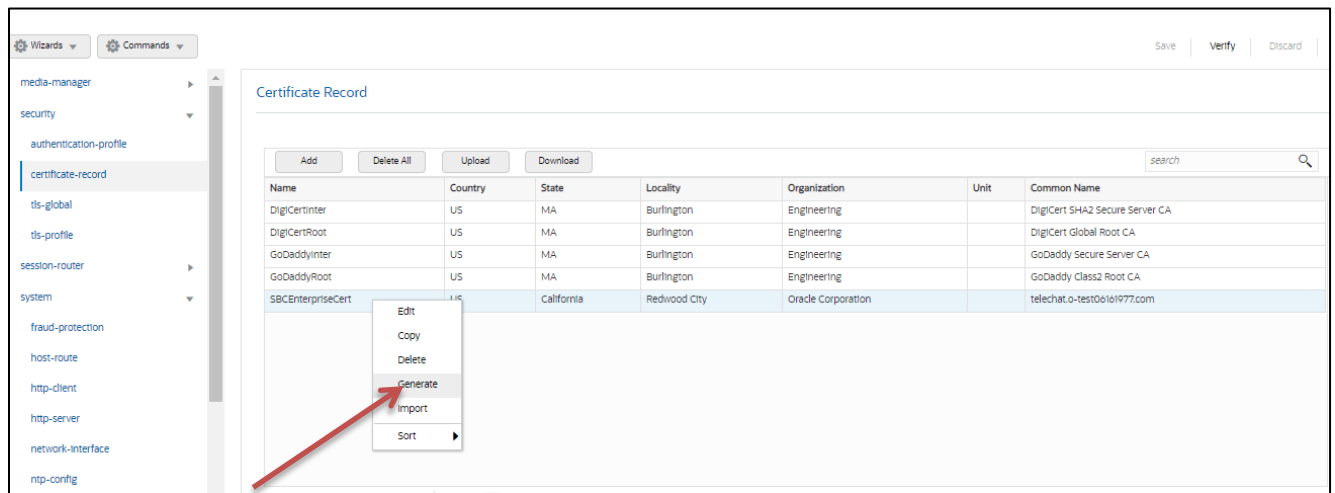
|                                    |                              |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| T-Systems Enterprise Services GmbH | T-TeleSec GlobalRoot Class 2 |
| T-Systems Enterprise Services GmbH | T-TeleSec GlobalRoot Class 3 |

### 6.4.5 Generate Certificate Signing Request

Now that the SBC's certificate has been configured, create a certificate signing request for the SBC's end entity only.

**This is not required for any of the Root CA or intermediate certificates that have been created.**

On the certificate record page in the Oracle SBC GUI, select the SBC's end entity certificate that was created above, and click the "generate" tab at the top:



- copy/paste the text that gets printed on the screen as shown above and upload to your CA server for signature.
- Also note, at this point, **a save and activate is required** before you can import the certificates to each certificate record created above.

To Perform the Steps From ACLI use the below command –

#### **generate-certificate-request SBCEnterpriseCert**

This Step generates a text on Screen as shown below –

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIC4zCCAcsCAQAwazELMAkGA1UEBhMCMVVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAK1BMRMwEQYDVQQQ
HEwpCdXJsaW5ndG9uMRQwEgYDVQQKEwtFbmdpbnVlcmVlZzEkMCIGA1UEAxMbdGVs
ZWN0eXQub3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5b3R5
MIIBCgKCAQEAR3AmjF15PclcWiB/kFExUGNHQHIbkiJi28MDbcprO/KLXIHQysSnw
UWz34XLBfLQ6rS4MLyEMR8Nt8GGNSIWkiR431LsX7L+yGWvRjcBFP6DIHtH0Vuqm
ixVaUJpg5luPY6SvT1shyu26iLIBsLfem43tbKq5jz/jrvaUzyhICvAQ23c1oS5a
D4UiF2mNOuSqxvmkx50a3/BNYbKecLNOxvKQyyTMgffNpASbZuW+eMEUKI5iB+AB
/AAoZRP4bn4qIE3wn8pJsNm8Pjxy4hbz24ySgmaN9iXpP1FdRw0TemfCsNazZRuK
DsviWJfunZYTzRfDe5pJToMH4u1zt2fK1QIDAQABoDMwMQYJKoZlHvcNAQkOMSQw
IjALBgNVHQ8EBAMCBaAwEwYDVR0IBAwCgYIKwYBBQUHAWAwDQYJKoZlHvcNAQEL
BQADggEBADD5Y+u08LxmTMIJ2Rjc8cgPZocTqBDXN0tp27S4FuB/01ikBBdG3YV
Ffp7/Q8ZeFHHgU/rMzeF8Gpo9Cc6JUGGux3/ws8ZkgRBxsNIG276i7pFN1vCljEP
89AGxtryioRMc4kcdPpLJNQ10Qx1zKobHMTftGLDI6jN2pvn3zYHH8qA9V/1/yKa
3n0j33EuTrvTIQ5P4lgyVJqSBkd129T1gXY6O8JVFLCQefTrF4TLc6teNzxXMdPw
PHoPu9hM3scGOWOHQnODXOFeq2AxBQzAa0/Cjf7Bw3l3POmMclOawgDecZ8UjHpJ
lznX9/Gxg5X+S2QkHjNmPK+JuePqX4l=
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

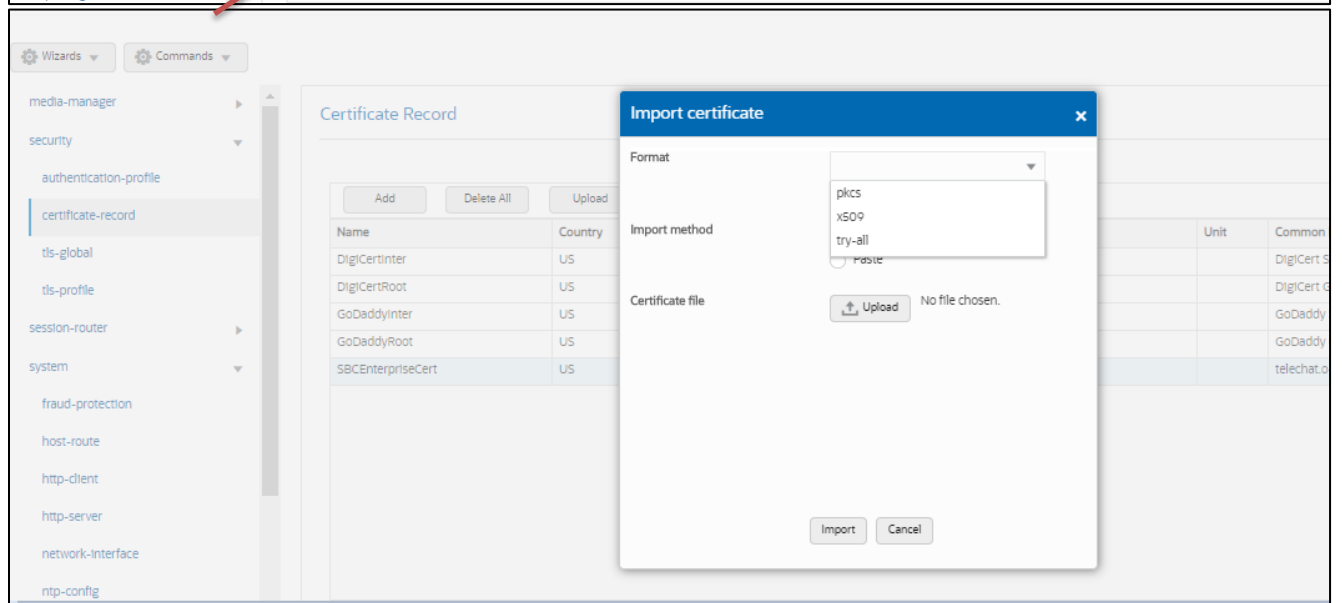
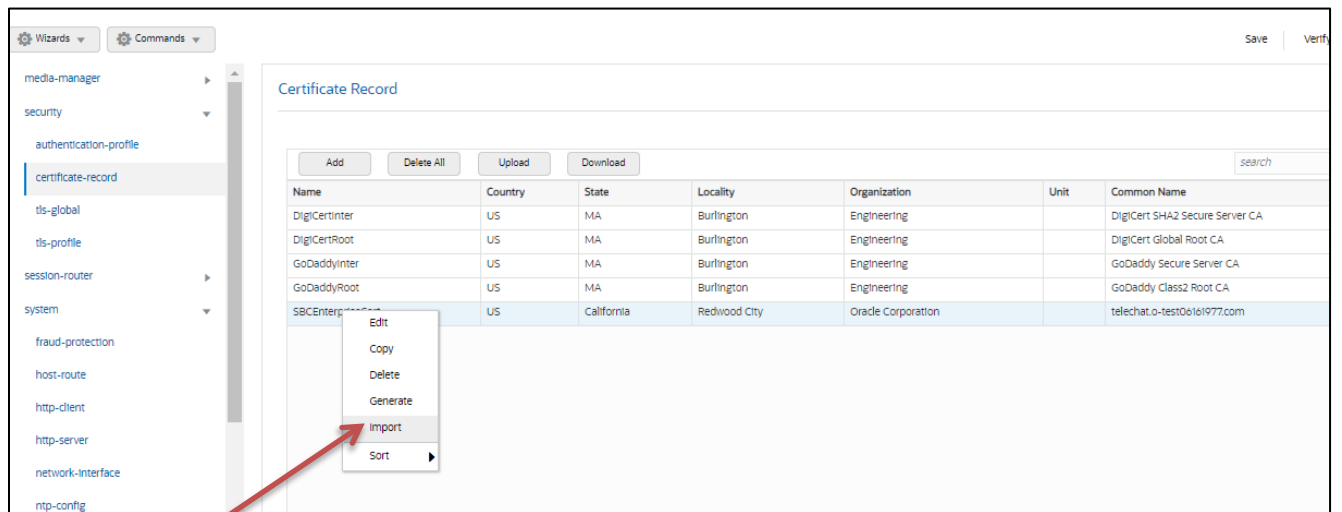
Copy/paste the text that gets printed on the screen as shown above and upload to your CA server for signature.

Also note, at this point, **another save and activate is required** before you can import the certificates to each certificate record created above.

Once you have received the signed certificate back from your signing authority, we can now import all certificates to the SBC configuration.

#### **6.4.6 Import Certificates to SBC**

Once certificate signing request has been completed – import the signed certificate to the SBC. Please note – all certificates including root and intermediate certificates are required to be imported to the SBC. Once all certificates have been imported, issue **save/activate** from the WebGUI



Repeat these steps to import all the root and intermediate CA certificates into the SBC:

- DigiCertIntermediate
- DigiCertGlobalRootCA
- DigiCertGlobalRootG2
- DigiCertGlobalRootG3

At this stage, all required certificates have been imported.

To import the certificate from ACLI follow below procedure -

import-certificate try-all SBCEnterpriseCert

The System will show a prompt as below -

IMPORTANT:

Please enter the certificate in the PEM format.

Terminate the certificate with ";" to exit.....

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

```
MIIC4zCCAcsCAQAwazELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxCzAJBgNVBAGTAK1BMRMwEQYDVQQH
EwpCdXJsaW5ndG9uMRQwEgYDVQQKEwtFbmdpbmVlcmcluZzEkMCIGA1UEAxMbdGVs
ZWN0eXQuby10ZXN0MDYxNjE5NzcuY29tMIIlBjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8A
MIIBKgKCAQEAR3AmjF15PclcWiB/kFExUGNHQHlBkji28MDbcprO/KLXIHQysSnw
UWz34XLBfLQ6rS4MLyEMR8Nt8GGNSIWkIR431LsX7L+yGWvRjcBFP6DIHtH0Vuqm
ixVaUJpg5luPY6SvT1shyu26iLIBsLfem43tbKq5jz/jrvaUzyhICvAQ23c1oS5a
D4UiF2mNOuSqxvmkx50a3/BNybKecLNOxvKQyyTMgffNpASbZuW+eMEUKI5iB+AB
/AAoZRP4bn4qlE3wn8pJsNm8Pjxy4hbz24ySgmaN9iXpP1FdRw0TemfCsNazZRuK
DsviWJfunZYTzRfDe5pJToMH4u1zt2fK1QIDAQABoDMwMQYJKoZlhcNAQkOMSQw
IjALBgNVHQ8EBAMCBaAwEwYDVR0IBAwWCgYIKwYBBQUHAWewDQYJKoZlhcNAQEL
BQADggEBADD5Y+u08LxmTMIJ2Rjc8cgPZocTqBDXN0tp27S4FuB/01ikBBdG3YV
Ffp7/Q8ZeFHHgU/rMzeF8Gpo9Cc6JUGGux3/ws8ZkgRBxsNIG276i7pFN1vCIjEP
89AGxtryioRmc4kcdPpLJNQ10Qx1zKobHMTftGLDI6jN2pvn3zYHH8qA9V/1/yKa
3n0j33EuTrvTIQ5P4lgyVJqSBkdI29T1gXY6O8JVFLCQefTrF4TLc6teNzxXMdPw
PHoPu9hM3scGOWOHQnODXOFeq2AxBQzAa0/Cjf7Bw3l3POmMclOawgDecZ8UjHpJ
IznX9/Gxg5X+S2QkHjNmPK+JuePqX4l=
```

-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----;

**save and activate** your configuration.

Repeat these steps to import all the root and intermediate CA certificates into the SBC.

#### 6.4.7 TLS Profile

TLS profile configuration on the SBC allows for specific certificates to be assigned.

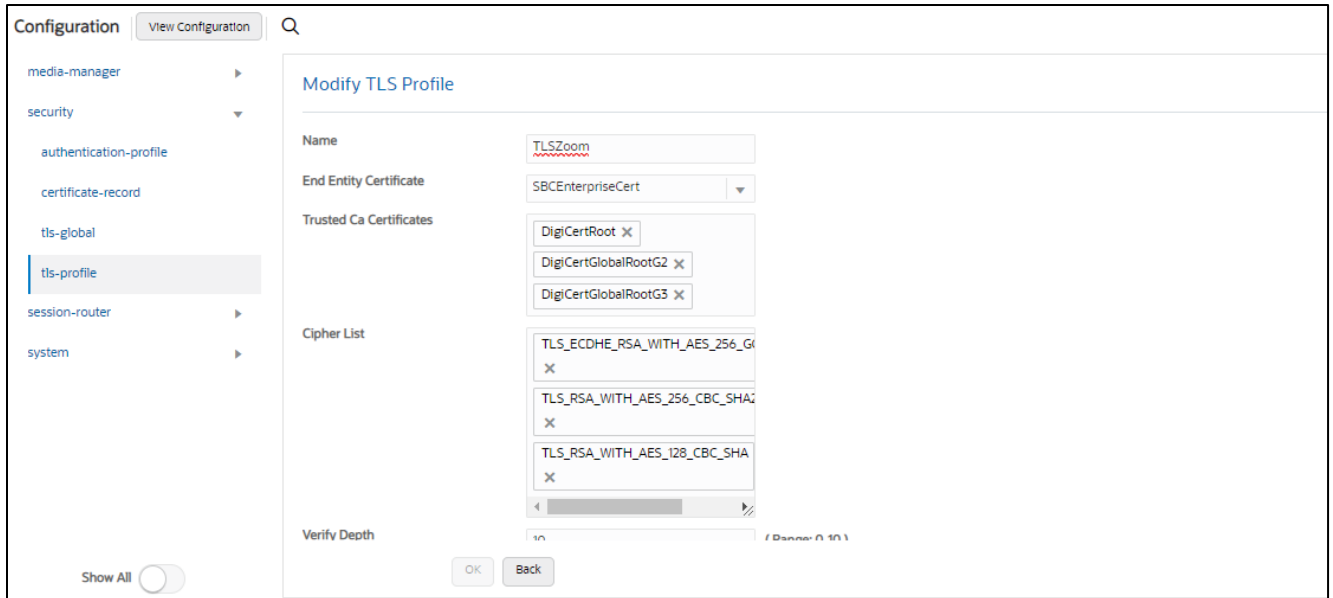
GUI Path: security/tls-profile

ACL Path: config t→security→tls-profile

- Click Add, use the example below to configure

Zoom Cloud Peering supports the following signalling ciphers that need to be added to the TLS profile:

**TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384**  
**TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256**  
**TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA**



- Click OK at the bottom

To configure tls-profile from ACLI –

ACLI Path: config t→security→tls-profile

```

tls-profile
  name TLSZoom
  end-entity-certificate SBCEnterpriseCert
  trusted-ca-certificates DigiCertRoot
                        DigiCertGlobalRootG2
                        DigiCertGlobalRootG3
  cipher-list TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
              TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
              TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
  mutual-authenticate enabled
  
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.
-



## 6.5 Media Security Configuration

This section outlines how to configure support for media security between the ORACLE SBC and Zoom Cloud Voice.

### 6.5.1 Sdes-profile

This is the first element to be configured for media security, where the algorithm and the crypto's to be used are configured.

GUI Path: security/media-security/sdes-profile

ACL Path: config t→security→media-security→sdes-profile

Oracle SBC and Zoom Cloud Voice Support the following media ciphers for SRTP:

AEAD\_AES\_256\_GCM  
AES\_CM\_256\_HMAC\_SHA1\_80  
AES\_CM\_128\_HMAC\_SHA1\_80  
AES\_CM\_128\_HMAC\_SHA1\_32

Click Add, and use the example below to configure.

The screenshot shows the 'Modify Sdes Profile' configuration page in the Oracle SBC GUI. The left sidebar lists various configuration categories, with 'media-security' expanded to show 'sdes-profile'. The main configuration area includes the following fields and options:

- Name:** SDES
- Crypto List:** AEAD\_AES\_256\_GCM X, AES\_CM\_128\_HMAC\_SHA1\_32 X, AES\_256\_CM\_HMAC\_SHA1\_80 X, AES\_CM\_128\_HMAC\_SHA1\_80 X
- Srtp Auth:**  enable
- Srtp Encrypt:**  enable
- SrTCP Encrypt:**  enable
- Mki:**  enable
- Egress Offer Format:** same-as-Ingress
- Use Ingress Session Params:**
- Options:**

At the bottom of the configuration area, there are 'OK' and 'Back' buttons.

- Click OK at the bottom

To configure sdes-profile from ACLI –

ACL Path: config t→security→media-security→sdes-profile

### sdes-profile

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| name        | SDES  |
| crypto-list | AEAD_AES_256_GCM<br>AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_32<br>AES_256_CM_HMAC_SHA1_80<br>AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 |

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.5.2 Media Security Policy

Media-sec-policy instructs the SBC how to handle the SDP received/sent under a realm (RTP, SRTP or any of them) and, if SRTP needs to be used, the sdes-profile that needs to be used

In this example, we are configuring two media security policies. One to secure and decrypt media toward Zoom, the other for non-secure media facing PSTN.

These are named as sdesPolicy and RTP.

GUI Path: security/media-security/media-sec-policy

ACL Path: config t→security→media-security→media-sec-policy

- Click Add, use the examples below to configure

The screenshot shows the 'Modify Media Sec Policy' configuration page in a web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with items like 'media-manager', 'security', 'admin-security', 'auth-params', 'authentication', 'authentication-profile', 'cert-status-profile', 'certificate-record', 'ike', 'ipsec', 'media-security', 'dtls-srtp-profile', 'media-sec-policy', 'sdes-profile', 'sipura-profile', and 'password-policy'. The 'media-sec-policy' item is selected. At the bottom of the menu is a 'Show All' toggle switch. The main content area is titled 'Modify Media Sec Policy' and contains the following fields:

- Name: sdesPolicy
- Pass Through:  enable
- Options: (empty text box)
- Inbound**
  - Profile: SDES
  - Mode: srtp
  - Protocol: sdes
  - Hide Egress Media Update:  enable
- Outbound**
  - Profile: SDES
  - Mode: srtp
  - Protocol: sdes

At the bottom of the configuration area are 'OK' and 'Back' buttons.

To configure media security from ACLI.

ACLI Path: config t→security→media-security→media-sec-policy

```

media-sec-policy
  name RTP
media-sec-policy
  name sdesPolicy
  inbound
    profile SDES
    mode srtp
    protocol sdes
  outbound
    profile SDES
    mode srtp
    protocol sdes

```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.6 Media Configuration

This section will guide you through the configuration of realms and steering pools, both of which are required for the SBC to handle signaling and media flows toward Zoom and PSTN.

### 6.6.1 Realm Config

Realms are a logical distinction representing routes (or groups of routes) reachable by the Oracle Session Border Controller and what kinds of resources and special functions apply to those routes. Realms are used as a basis for determining ingress and egress associations to network interfaces.

#### Zoom Realm

This is a standalone realm facing Zoom Phone Platform

#### PSTN Realms

In the below example 1, Peer\_SIPTrunk1 represents the Sip realm for customer 1. Similarly another realm is created for Peer\_SIPTrunk2 which represents the Sip Trunk for customer 2. These realms are bound to different network interfaces (subnets) in this example.

GUI Path; media-manager/realm-config

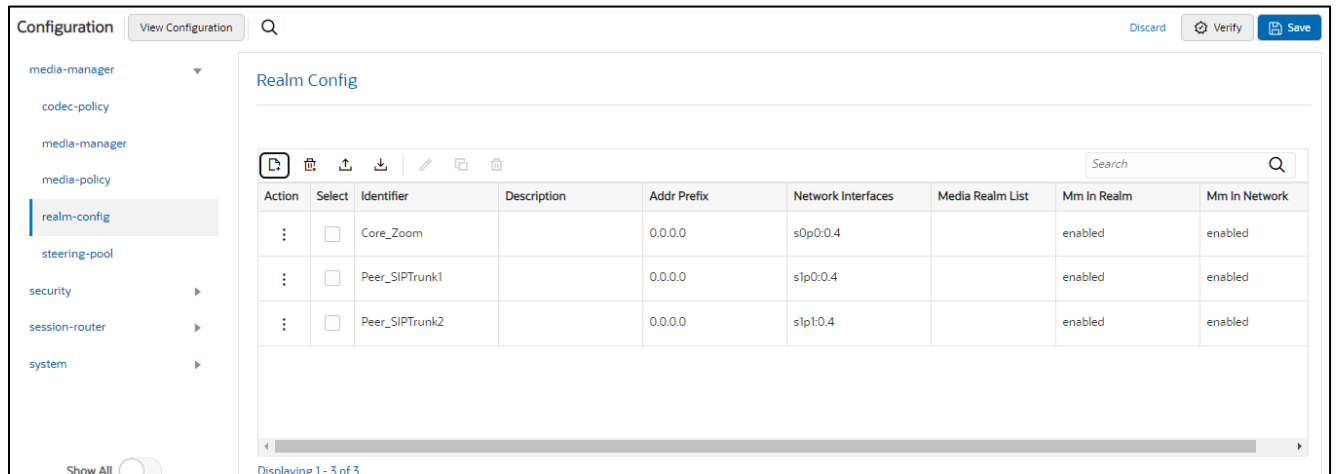
ACL Path: config t→media-manager→realm-config

- Click Add, and use the following table as a configuration example for the three realms used in this configuration example

| Config Parameter           | Zoom Phone                          | PSTN Realm1                         | PSTN Realm2                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Identifier                 | Core_Zoom                           | Peer_SIPTrunk1                      | Peer_SIPTrunk2                      |
| Network Interface          | s0p0:0                              | s1p0:0                              | s1p1:0                              |
| Mm in realm                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Access-control-trust-level | High                                | High                                | High                                |
| Media Sec policy           | sdespolicy                          | RTP                                 | RTP                                 |

Also notice, the realm configuration is where we assign some of the elements configured earlier in this document, i.e.

- Network interface
- Media security policy



To configure realm-config from ACLI –

ACLI Path - config t→media-manger→realm-config

```

realm-config
  identifier          Core_Zoom
  network-interfaces  s0p0:0.4
  mm-in-realm        enabled
  media-sec-policy    sdesPolicy
  out-manipulationid ZoomOutManip
  access-control-trust-level  high
realm-config
  identifier          Peer_SIPTrunk1
  network-interfaces  s1p0:0.4
  mm-in-realm        enabled
  media-sec-policy    RTP
  access-control-trust-level  high
realm-config
  identifier          Peer_SIPTrunk2
  network-interfaces  s1p1:0.4
  mm-in-realm        enabled
  media-sec-policy    sdesPolicy
  access-control-trust-level  high

```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.6.2 Steering Pools

Steering pools define sets of ports that are used for steering media flows through the Oracle SBC. These selected ports are used to modify the SDP to cause receiving session agents to direct their media toward this system.

We will configure one steering pool for both PSTN Trunks and one steering pool for Zoom Phone

GUI Path: media-manager/steering-pool

ACL Path: config t→media-manager→steering-pool

- Click Add, and use the below examples to configure

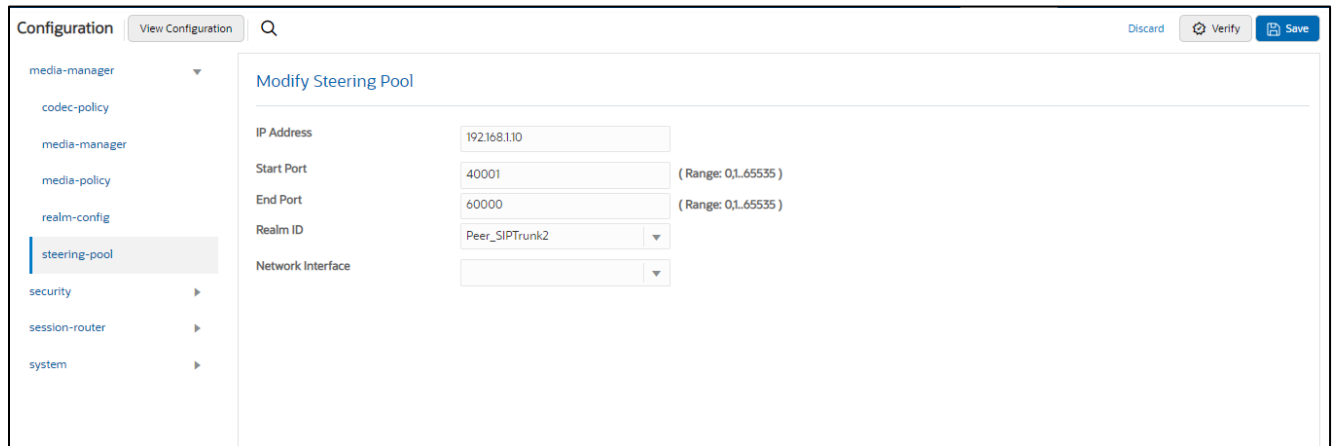
The screenshot shows the 'Modify Steering Pool' configuration page. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: 'Wizards', 'Commands', 'media-manager', 'codec-policy', 'media-manager', 'media-policy', 'realm-config', 'steering-pool' (highlighted), 'security', 'session-router', and 'system'. The main content area is titled 'Modify Steering Pool' and contains the following fields:

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| IP Address        | <input type="text" value="155.212.214.177"/>         |
| Start Port        | <input type="text" value="20000"/> (Range: 1..65535) |
| End Port          | <input type="text" value="40000"/> (Range: 1..65535) |
| Realm ID          | <input type="text" value="Core_Zoom"/>               |
| Network Interface | <input type="text"/>                                 |

The screenshot shows the 'Modify Steering Pool' configuration page. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: 'media-manager', 'codec-policy', 'media-manager', 'media-policy', 'realm-config', 'steering-pool' (highlighted), 'security', 'session-router', and 'system'. The main content area is titled 'Modify Steering Pool' and contains the following fields:

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| IP Address        | <input type="text" value="172.18.0.201"/>             |
| Start Port        | <input type="text" value="20001"/> (Range: 01..65535) |
| End Port          | <input type="text" value="40000"/> (Range: 01..65535) |
| Realm ID          | <input type="text" value="Peer_SIPTrunk1"/>           |
| Network Interface | <input type="text"/>                                  |

At the bottom of the page, there are buttons for 'OK' and 'Back', and a 'Show All' toggle switch.



To configure steering-pool from ACLI

ACLI Path: config t→media-manger→steering-pool

```

steering-pool
  ip-address      155.212.214.177
  start-port     10000
  end-port       20000
  realm-id       Core_Zoom
steering-pool
  ip-address      172.18.0.201
  start-port     20001
  end-port       40000
  realm-id       Peer_SIPTrunk1
steering-pool
  ip-address      192.168.1.10
  start-port     40001
  end-port       60000
  realm-id       Peer_SIPTrunk2

```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.7 SIP Modifications

This section outlines the configuration parameters required for processing, modifying, and securing SIP signaling traffic.

### 6.7.1 SIP Manipulations

In order to comply with the signaling message requirements of Carrier and Zoom we have applied following sip-manipulations towards Zoom Side.

**Note:** You may have to build sip-manipulations to cover the signaling requirement from Carrier Trunk.

#### 6.7.1.1 Manipulation towards Zoom Side

For calls to be presented to Zoom Phone from the Oracle SBC Zoom expects providers to deliver E.164 formatting in all headers which contain a PSTN routable number.

Besides, Options ping from carrier peering SBC to Zoom must be formatted as follows. The same formatting is to be followed for calls.

- The “**From**” header must have the IP address/FQDN of the Oracle SBC  
From: <sip:IPaddress/FQDN>
- The “**To**” header must contain the Zoom Phone IP address/FQDN  
To: <sip:IPaddressofZoomSBC>
- The “**Request URI**” header must contain the Zoom Phone IP address/FQDN
- The “**Contact**” header must have the IP address/FQDN of the Oracle SBC  
Contact: [sip:IPaddress/FQDN:PortNumber](mailto:sip:IPaddress/FQDN:PortNumber)
- P-Preferred-Identity headers should be converted to P-Asserted-Identity by the provider before sending to Zoom
- Remote-Party-ID headers are considered deprecated, and providers should convert RPID headers to P-Asserted-Identity headers before sending messages to Zoom.
- SIP REFER is not currently supported by Zoom for transferring or forwarding calls. Zoom uses Re-Invite mechanism for call transfers/forwarding.

To achieve this we have created following Header manipulation rule on Oracle SBC.



## Sip-manipulation :

Configuration | View Configuration | Q | Discard | Verify | Show Configuration

Modify SIP Manipulation

Name:

Description:

Split Headers:

Join Headers:

CfgRules

| Action | Select                   | Name       | Element Type |
|--------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | addPlus    | header-rule  |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | ChangeTO   | header-rule  |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | ChangeFrom | header-rule  |

## Header-rule #1

Configuration | View Configuration | Q | Discard | Verify | Save

Modify Sip manipulation / header rule

Name:

Header Name:

Action:

Comparison Type:

Msg Type:

Methods:

Match Value:

New Value:

CfgRules

| Action | Select                   | Name         | Element Type |
|--------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | TenDigits    | element-rule |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | ElevenDigits | element-rule |

## Element-rule # 1.1

Configuration View Configuration Q

- local-routing
- ldap-config
- local-policy
- local-routing-config**
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- slp-config

Modify Sip manipulation / header rule / element rule

Name: TenDigits

Parameter Name:

Type: url-user

Action: replace

Match Val Type: any

Comparison Type: pattern-rule

Match Value:

New Value:

### Element-rule #1.2

Configuration View Configuration Q

- local-routing
- ldap-config
- local-policy
- local-routing-config**
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- slp-config

Modify Sip manipulation / header rule / element rule

Name: ElevenDigits

Parameter Name:

Type: url-user

Action: replace

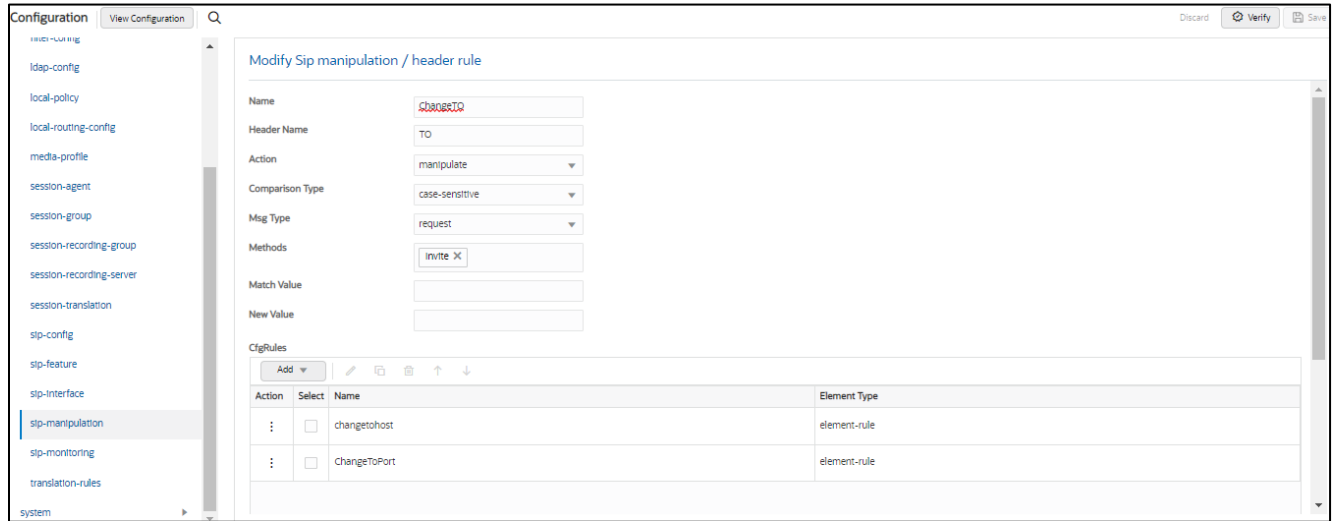
Match Val Type: any

Comparison Type: pattern-rule

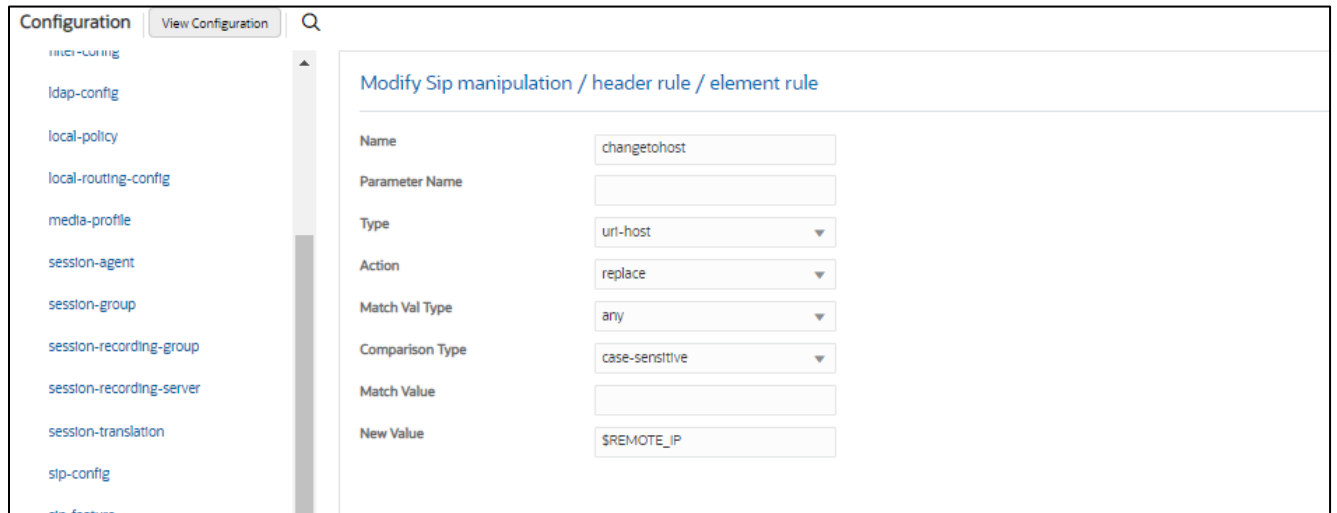
Match Value:

New Value:

### Header-rule #2



### Element-rule #2.1



### Element-rule #2.2

Configuration View Configuration Q

- local-routing
- ldap-config
- local-policy
- local-routing-config
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- slp-config
- slp-feature

### Modify Sip manipulation / header rule / element rule

Name:

Parameter Name:

Type:

Action:

Match Val Type:

Comparison Type:

Match Value:

New Value:

### Header-rule #3

Configuration View Configuration Q Discard Verify

- local-routing
- ldap-config
- local-policy
- local-routing-config
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- slp-config
- slp-feature
- slp-interface
- slp-manipulation
- slp-monitoring
- translation-rules

### Modify Sip manipulation / header rule

Name:

Header Name:

Action:

Comparison Type:

Msg Type:

Methods:

Match Value:

New Value:

CfgRules

| Action | Select                   | Name           | Element Type |
|--------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | ChangeFromHost | element-rule |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | ChangeFromPort | element-rule |

### Element-rule #3.1

Configuration View Configuration Q

multi-config

- ldap-config
- local-policy
- local-routing-config
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- stp-config
- stp-feature

### Modify Sip manipulation / header rule / element rule

Name:

Parameter Name:

Type:

Action:

Match Val Type:

Comparison Type:

Match Value:

New Value:

### Element-rule #3.2

Configuration View Configuration Q

multi-config

- ldap-config
- local-policy
- local-routing-config
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- stp-config

### Modify Sip manipulation / header rule / element rule

Name:

Parameter Name:

Type:

Action:

Match Val Type:

Comparison Type:

Match Value:

New Value:

To configure the sip-manipulation from ACLI,

Navigate to config t → session-router → sip-manipulation

```

sip-manipulation
  name          ZoomCP
  header-rule
    name        addPlus
    header-name Request-URI
    action      manipulate
    comparison-type pattern-rule
    msg-type    request
    methods     Invite
    element-rule
      name      TenDigits
      type      uri-user
      action    replace
      comparison-type pattern-rule
      match-value  ^[0-9]{10}$
      new-value  \+1+$ORIGINAL
    element-rule
      name      ElevenDigits
      type      uri-user
      action    replace
      comparison-type pattern-rule
      match-value  ^[0-9]{11}$
      new-value  \++$ORIGINAL
  header-rule
    name        ChangeTO
    header-name TO
    action      manipulate
    msg-type    request
    methods     Invite
    element-rule
      name      changetohost
      type      uri-host
      action    replace
      new-value $REMOTE_IP
    element-rule
      name      ChangeToPort
      type      uri-port
      action    replace
      new-value 5061
  header-rule
    name        ChangeFrom
    header-name From
    action      manipulate
    msg-type    request
    methods     Invite
  element-rule
    name        ChangeFromHost
    type        uri-host
    action      replace
    new-value   20.96.25.165
    element-rule
      name      ChangeFromPort
      type      uri-port
      action    replace
      new-value 5061

```

### 6.7.1.2 Responding to Options Ping

If running release SCZ830m1p7 or later, there is a new configuration parameters on the Session Agent Config element, called [ping-response](#). When enabled on each agent, it will take that place of the following SIP-Manipulation.

The screenshot shows the 'Modify Session Agent' configuration interface. The left sidebar contains a list of configuration categories, with 'session-agent' highlighted. The main area displays various configuration fields for the Session Agent. The 'Ping Response' field is checked and set to 'enable'. Other fields include 'SPL Options', 'Media Profiles', 'In Translationid', 'Out Translationid' (set to 'addPlus'), 'Trust Me' (unchecked), 'Local Response Map', 'In Manipulationid' (set to 'RespondOPTIONS'), 'Out Manipulationid' (set to 'ZoomManipulation'), 'Manipulation String', and 'Manipulation Pattern'. 'OK' and 'Back' buttons are located at the bottom right of the configuration area.

To enable ping-response from CLI-

```
SolutionsLab-vSBC-2(session-agent)# ping-response enabled
```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

### 6.7.2 Session-Translation

The following session-translation is created and applied as out-translationid on the Session-Agent towards Carriers. This session-translation is created to remove +1 when call is sent towards Carrier as Carrier in this case requires calls to be presented in 10 digit dial format.

GUI Path: session-router/session-translation

ACL Path: config t → session-router → session-translation

- local-policy
- local-routing-config
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- stp-config
- stp-feature
- stp-interface
- stp-manipulation
- stp-monitoring
- translation-rules
- system

Show All

### Modify Session Translation

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Id                | <input type="text" value="removeE164"/>   |
| Rules Calling     | <input type="text" value="removeplus1"/> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">✕</span> |
| Rules Called      | <input type="text" value="removeplus1"/> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">✕</span> |
| Rules Asserted Id | <input type="text" value="removeplus1"/> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">✕</span> |
| Rules Redirect    | <input type="text"/>  |
| Rules Isup Cdpn   | <input type="text"/>  |
| Rules Isup Cgpn   | <input type="text"/>  |
| Rules Isup Gn     | <input type="text"/>  |
| Rules Isup Rdn    | <input type="text"/>  |
| Rules Isup Ocn    | <input type="text"/>  |

- local-policy
- local-routing-config
- media-profile
- session-agent
- session-group
- session-recording-group
- session-recording-server
- session-translation
- stp-config
- stp-feature
- stp-interface
- stp-manipulation
- stp-monitoring
- translation-rules
- system

Show All

### Modify Translation Rules

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| Id            | <input type="text" value="removeplus1"/>   |
| Type          | <input type="text" value="delete"/> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">▼</span>                 |
| Add String    | <input type="text"/>   |
| Add Index     | <input type="text" value="0"/>   |
| Delete String | <input type="text" value="+1"/>  |
| Delete Index  | <input type="text" value="0"/> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">( Range: 0..99999999 )</span> |

To configure session-translation from ACLI



|                     |             |
|---------------------|-------------|
| session-translation |             |
| id                  | removeE164  |
| rules-calling       | removeplus1 |
| rules-called        | removeplus1 |
| rules-asserted-id   | removeplus1 |
| translation-rules   |             |
| id                  | removeplus1 |
| type                | delete      |
| delete-string       | +1          |

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.8 Session Timer Profile (Optional)

Zoom Phone does support RFC 4028 Session Timers In SIP. In many cases, RFC 4028 is not supported by carriers providing SIP trunking services to their customers. In order to accommodate this, the SBC will interwork between PSTN carrier and Zoom Phone in order to provide support for Session Timers in SIP.

For more information about the Oracle SBC's support for RFC4028, please see the [SCZ9.0 Configuration Guide, page 726](#)

GUI Path: session-router/session-timer-profile

ACLI Path: config t→session-router→session-timer-profile

Use the following as an example to configure session timer profile on your Oracle SBC. Some parameters may vary to fit your specific environment.

The screenshot shows the 'Modify Session Timer Profile' configuration page. The left sidebar lists various configuration categories, with 'session-timer-profile' highlighted. The main configuration area includes the following fields:

- Name: ZoomSessionTimer
- Session Expires: 900 (Range: 64.999999999)
- Min Se: 90 (Range: 64.999999999)
- Force Reinvite:  enable
- Request Refresher: uac
- Response Refresher: uac

At the bottom of the configuration area, there are 'OK' and 'Back' buttons. A 'Show All' toggle is located at the bottom left of the sidebar.

| session-timer-profile |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| name                  | ZoomSessionTimer |
| session-expires       | 900              |
| force-reinvite        | enabled          |
| response-refresher    | uac              |

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.9 SIP Interface

The SIP interface defines the transport addresses (IP address and port) upon which the Oracle SBC receives and sends SIP messages

Configure two SIP interfaces, one associated with PSTN Realm, and the other for Zoom Phone.

GUI Path: session-router/SIP-interface

ACLI Path: config t→session-router→sip-interface

Click Add, and use the table below as an example to Configure:

Please note, this is also where we will be assigned some of the configuration elements configured earlier in this document, i.e.

- TLS Profile
- Session-timer-profile
- SIP-Manipulations

Use the following as an example to configure SIP interfaces:

| Config Parameter         | Zoom             | SIPTrunk       | SIPTrunk       |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Realm ID                 | Core_Zoom        | Peer_SIPTrunk1 | Peer_SIPTrunk2 |
| Out manipulationid       | ZoomCP           |                |                |
| SIP Port Config Parmeter | Zoom             | SIP Trunk      | SIP Trunk      |
| Address                  | 155.212.214.177  | 172.18.0.201   | 192.168.1.10   |
| Port                     | 5061             | 5060           | 5060           |
| Transport protocol       | TLS              | UDP            | UDP            |
| TLS profile              | TLSZoom          |                |                |
| Allow anonymous          | agents-only      | agents-only    | agents-only    |
| Session Timer Profile    | ZoomSessionTimer |                |                |

The screenshot shows a configuration page for SIP interfaces. On the left, there is a navigation menu with options like 'session-group', 'sip-config', and 'sip-interface'. The main area is titled 'SIP Interface' and contains a table with the following data:

| Action | Select                   | State   | Realm ID       | Description | Carriers | Trans Expire | Initial Inv Trans Expire |
|--------|--------------------------|---------|----------------|-------------|----------|--------------|--------------------------|
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | enabled | Core_Zoom      |             |          |              | 0                        |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | enabled | Peer_SIPTrunk1 |             |          |              | 0                        |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | enabled | Peer_SIPTrunk2 |             |          |              | 0                        |

At the bottom of the table, it says 'Displaying 1 - 3 of 3'.

```

sip-interface
  realm-id          Core_Zoom
  description       Interface for Zoom Phone
  sip-port
    address         155.212.214.177
    port            5061
    transport-protocol TLS
    tls-profile      TLSZoom
    allow-anonymous agents-only
  out-manipulationid ACME_NAT_TO_FROM_IP
  sip-profile        fireplaces
  session-timer-profile ZoomSessionTimer
sip-interface
  realm-id          Peer_SIPTrunk1
  sip-port
    address         172.18.0.201
    allow-anonymous agents-only
sip-interface
  realm-id          Peer_SIPTrunk2
  sip-port
    address         192.168.1.10
    allow-anonymous agents-only

```

## 6.10 Session Agents

Session Agents are configuration elements which are trusted agents that can both send and receive traffic from the ORACLE SBC with direct access to the trusted data path.

GUI Path: session-router/session-agent

ACLI Path: config t→session-router→session-agent

You will need to configure session agents for Zoom Phone and both Carrier SIP Trunks.

**Note:** In this configuration example we have used Zoom Cloud Peering Session Agents for North America Region. You will be required to configure Zoom Cloud Peering Session Agents as per your specific region. Contact your Zoom representative for detailed list of Zoom IP Addresses.

- Click Add, and use the table below to configure:

| Config parameter | Zoom | SIPTrunk1 | SIPTrunk2 |
|------------------|------|-----------|-----------|
|------------------|------|-----------|-----------|

|                  |                |                |                |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Hostname         | 69.174.108.135 | 172.18.0.210   | 192.168.1.20   |
| IP Address       | 69.174.108.135 | 172.18.0.210   | 192.168.1.20   |
| Port             | 5061           | 5060           | 5060           |
| Transport method | StaticTLS      | UDP+TCP        | UDP+TCP        |
| Realm ID         | Core_Zoom      | Peer_SIPTrunk1 | Peer_SIPTrunk2 |
| Ping Method      | OPTIONS        | OPTIONS        | OPTIONS        |
| Ping Interval    | 30             | 30             | 30             |
| Ping Response    | Enabled        | Enabled        | Enabled        |

The screenshot shows a configuration management interface for 'Session Agent'. The left sidebar lists various configuration categories, with 'session-agent' selected. The main area displays a table of session agents with the following data:

| Action | Select                   | Hostname       | IP Address     | Port | State   | App Protocol | Realm ID       | Description |
|--------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|------|---------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | 172.18.0.210   | 172.18.0.210   | 5060 | enabled | SIP          | Peer_SIPTrunk1 |             |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | 192.168.1.20   | 192.168.1.10   | 5060 | enabled | SIP          | Peer_SIPTrunk2 |             |
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | 69.174.108.135 | 69.174.108.135 | 5061 | enabled | SIP          | Core_Zoom      |             |

- Hit the OK tab at the bottom of each when applicable

```

session-agent
  hostname          69.174.108.135
  ip-address        69.174.108.135
  port              5061
  transport-method  StaticTLS
  realm-id          Core_Zoom
  ping-method       OPTIONS
  ping-interval     30
  ping-response     enabled

```

```

session-agent
  hostname          172.18.0.210
  ip-address        172.18.0.210
  transport-method  UDP+TCP
  realm-id          Peer_SIPTrunk1
  ping-method       OPTIONS
  ping-interval     30
  ping-response     enabled
  rfc2833-mode      preferred
  rfc2833-payload   101

```

```

session-agent
  hostname          192.168.1.20
  ip-address        192.168.1.20
  transport-method  UDP+TCP
  realm-id          Peer_SIPTrunk2
  ping-method       OPTIONS
  ping-interval     30
  ping-response     enabled

```

- Perform a save and activate configuration for changes to take effect.

## 6.11 Routing Configuration

This section outlines how to configure the Oracle SBC to route SIP traffic to and from PSTN Trunks and Zoom Phone Platform.

The Oracle SBC has multiple routing options that can be configured based on environment. For the purpose of this example configuration, we are utilizing the Oracle SBC's Local Policy Routing for all traffic to and from Zoom.

### 6.11.1 Local Policy Configuration

Local Policy config allows for the SBC to route calls from one end of the network to the other based on routing criteria.

GUI Path: session-router/local-policy

ACL Path: config t→session-router→local-policy

**Note :** Having more than one PSTN Carrier terminated onto the SBC is optional as service providers can leverage same carrier trunk to support multiple Enterprises. It depends upon the requirement and Network Setup.

#### 6.12.1.1 Route Calls from Zoom To Customer 1:

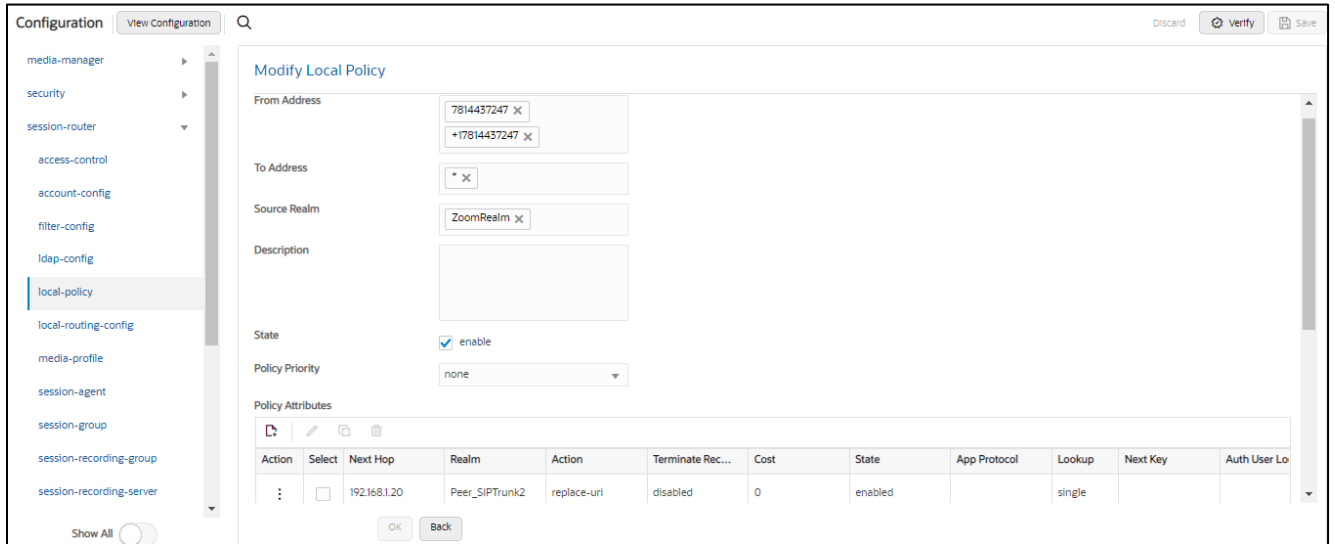
Calls originating from Zoom Phone System to Different customer's Carrier Trunk are segregated based on DID Range. Here in this example we DID 7692105055 belongs to Customer1 hence all calls originating from Zoom Phone System from DID 7692105055 are routed to Customer 1 Sip Trunk i.e. 172.18.0.210 through realm Peer\_SIPTrunk1

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Session Border Controller GUI. The main window is titled "Modify Local Policy". It contains several input fields: "From Address" with values "7692105055" and "+17692105055", "To Address" with a dropdown, "Source Realm" with "ZoomRealm", and "State" set to "enable". Below these is a "Policy Attributes" table.

| Action | Select                   | Next Hop     | Realm          | Action      | Terminate Re... | Cost | State   | App Protocol | Lookup | Next Key | Auth User Lo... |
|--------|--------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|------|---------|--------------|--------|----------|-----------------|
| :      | <input type="checkbox"/> | 172.18.0.210 | Peer_SIPTrunk1 | replace-uri | disabled        | 0    | enabled |              | single |          |                 |

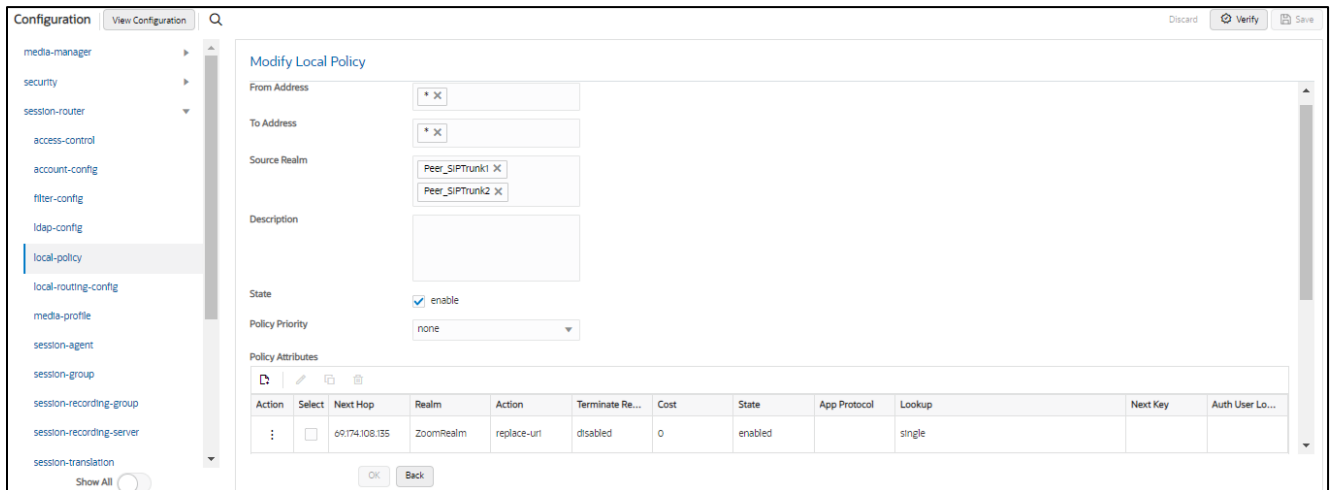
#### 6.12.1.2 Route Calls from Zoom To Customer 2:

Similarly, in below example DID 7814437247 belongs to Customer2 hence all calls originating from Zoom Phone System from DID 7814437247 are routed to Customer 2 Sip Trunk i.e. 192.168.1.20 through realm Peer\_SIPTrunk2



### 6.12.1.3 Route Calls from Sip Trunks to Zoom:

Below local policies route all the Calls from Peer\_SIPTrunk1 and Peer\_SIPTrunk2 to Zoom Phone System.



To configure local-policy from ACLI



```

local-policy
  from-address      7692105055
                   +17692105055
  to-address        *
  source-realm      Core_Zoom
  policy-attribute
    next-hop        172.18.0.210
    realm            Peer_SIPTrunk1
    action           replace-uri
local-policy
  from-address      7814437247
                   +17814437247
  to-address        *
  source-realm      Core_Zoom
  policy-attribute
    next-hop        192.168.1.20
    realm            Peer_SIPTrunk2
    action           replace-uri
local-policy
  from-address      *
  to-address        *
  source-realm      Peer_SIPTrunk1 Peer_SIPTrunk2

  policy-attribute
    next-hop        162.12.233.60
    realm            Core_Zoom
    action           replace-uri

```

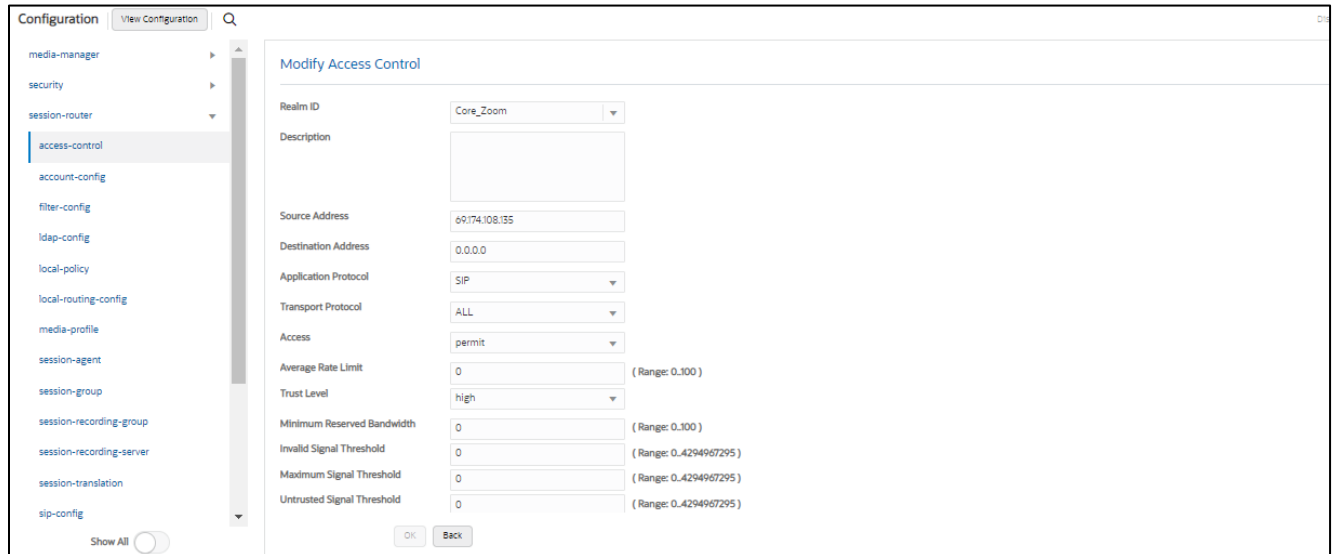
## 6.12 Access Controls

To enhance the security of your Oracle Session Border Controller, we recommend configuration access controls to limit traffic to only trusted IP addresses on all public facing interfaces.

GUI Path: session-router/access-control

ACL Path: config t→session-router→access-control

Please use the example below to configure access controls in your environment for rest of the Zoom IP's, as well as SIPTrunk IP's (if applicable).



- Click OK at the bottom

Save and activate your configuration.

To configure access-control from CLI, Navigate to -

config t→session-router→access-control

```

access-control
  realm-id          Core_Zoom
  source-address    69.174.108.135
  application-protocol SIP
  trust-level       high
  
```

Similarly create access controls for Sip Trunks if required.

Notice the trust level on this ACL is set to high. When the trust level on an ACL is set to the same value of as the access control trust level of its associated realm, this create an implicit deny, so only traffic from IP addresses configured as ACL's with the same trust level will be allowed to send traffic to the SBC. For more information about trust level on ACL's and Realms, please see the [SBC Security Guide, Page 3-10](#).

### 6.13 SBC Behind NAT SPL configuration

This configuration is needed when your SBC is behind a NAT device. This is configured to avoid loss in voice path and SIP signaling.

The Support for SBC Behind NAT SPL plug-in changes information in SIP messages to hide the end point located inside the private network. The specific information that the Support for SBC Behind NAT SPL plug-in changes depends on the direction of the call.

For example, from the NAT device to the SBC or from the SBC to the NAT device.

Configure the Support for SBC Behind NAT SPL plug-in for each SIP interface that is connected to a NAT device. One public-private address pair is required for each SIP interface that uses the SPL plug-in, as follows.

- The private IP address must be the same as the SIP Interface IP address.
- The public IP address must be the public IP address of the NAT device

Here is an example configuration with SBC Behind NAT SPL config. The SPL is applied to the Zoom side SIP interface.

To configure SBC Behind NAT SPL Plug in, Go to session-router->SIP-interface->spl-options and input the following value, save, and activate.

HeaderNatPublicSIPIfIp=52.151.236.203,HeaderNatPrivateSIPIfIp=10.0.4.4,Here 52.151.236.203 is an example value and should be your public IP address.

Here HeaderNatPublicSIPIfIp is the public interface ip and HeaderNatPrivateSIPIfIp is the private ip.

The screenshot shows the 'Modify Realm Config' page in a management console. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: media-manager, codec-policy, media-manager, media-policy, realm-config (highlighted), steering-pool, security, session-router, and system. The main content area is titled 'Modify Realm Config' and contains the following configuration options:

- Early Media Allow: [Dropdown menu]
- Enforcement Profile: [Dropdown menu]
- Additional Prefixes: [Text input field]
- Restricted Latching: [Dropdown menu, value: none]
- Options: [Text input field]
- SPL Options: [Text input field, value: HeaderNatPublicSIPIfIp=52.151.236.20]
- Delay Media Update: [Checkbox 'enable', unchecked]
- Refer Call Transfer: [Dropdown menu, value: disabled]
- Hold Refer Reinvite: [Checkbox 'enable', unchecked]
- Refer Notify Provisional: [Dropdown menu, value: none]
- Dyn Refer Term: [Checkbox 'enable', unchecked]

At the bottom of the configuration area are 'OK' and 'Back' buttons. A 'Show All' toggle is visible in the bottom left corner of the sidebar.

This configuration would be applied to each SIP Interface in the ORACLE SBC configuration that was deployed behind a Nat Device.

## 7. ACLI Running Configuration

```
access-control
  realm-id          Core_Zoom
  source-address    162.12.0.0/16
  destination-address 155.212.214.177
  application-protocol SIP
  trust-level       high
access-control
  realm-id          Peer_SIPTrunk1
  source-address    172.18.0.210
  destination-address 172.18.0.201
  application-protocol SIP
  trust-level       high
access-control
  realm-id          Peer_SIPTrunk2
  source-address    192.168.1.20
  destination-address 192.168.1.10
  application-protocol SIP
  trust-level       high
capture-receiver
  address           192.168.1.158
  network-interface M10:0
certificate-record
  name              DigiCertGlobalRootCA
  common-name       DigiCertGlobalRootCA
certificate-record
  name              DigiCertGlobalRootG2
  common-name       DigiCertGlobalRootG2
certificate-record
  name              DigiCertGlobalRootG3
  common-name       DigiCertGlobalRootG3
certificate-record
  name              DigiCertInter
  common-name       DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CAcertificate-record
certificate-record
  name              SBCEnterpriseCert
  state             California
```

```

locality                Redwood City
organization            Oracle Corporation
unit                   Oracle CGBU
common-name             telechat.o-test06161977.com
extended-key-usage-list serverAuth
                        ClientAuth
codec-policy
  name                  OptimizeCodecs
  allow-codecs          * G722:no PCMA:no CN:no SIREN:no RED:no G729:no
  add-codecs-on-egress PCMU
filter-config
  name                  all
  user                  *
local-policy
  from-address          7692105055
                        +17692105055
  to-address            *
  source-realm          Core_Zoom
  policy-attribute
    next-hop            172.18.0.210
    realm               Peer_SIPTrunk1
    action               replace-uri
local-policy
  from-address          7814437247
                        +17814437247
  to-address            *
  source-realm          Core_Zoom
  policy-attribute
    next-hop            192.168.1.20
    realm               Peer_SIPTrunk2
    action               replace-uri
local-policy
  from-address          *
  to-address            *
  source-realm          Peer_SIPTrunk1
  policy-attribute
    next-hop            162.12.233.60

```

```

    realm                Core_Zoom
    action                replace-uri
local-policy
    from-address         *
    to-address           *
    source-realm         Peer_SIPTrunk2
    policy-attribute
        next-hop         162.12.233.60
        realm            Core_Zoom
        action            replace-uri
media-manager
    max-untrusted-signaling 1
    min-untrusted-signaling 1
media-profile
    name                 CN
    subname               wideband
    payload-type          118
media-sec-policy
    name                 RTP
media-sec-policy
    name                 sdesPolicy
    inbound
        profile           SDES
        mode               srtp
        protocol           sdes
    outbound
        profile           SDES
        mode               srtp
        protocol           sdes
network-interface
    name                 s0p0
    ip-address            155.212.214.177
    netmask               255.255.255.192
    gateway               155.212.214.1
    dns-ip-primary        8.8.8.8
    dns-domain            solutionslab.cgbuburlington.com
network-interface

```

```

name                s1p0
ip-address          172.18.0.201
netmask             255.255.0.0
gateway             172.18.0.1
network-interface
  name              s1p1
  ip-address        192.168.1.10
  netmask           255.255.255.0
  gateway           192.168.1.1
ntp-config
  server            198.55.111.50
                  206.108.0.131
phy-interface
  name              s0p0
  operation-type    Media
phy-interface
  name              s1p0
  operation-type    Media
  port              2
phy-interface
  name              s1p1
  operation-type    Media
  port              3
realm-config
  identifier         Core_Zoom
  network-interfaces s0p0:0.4
  mm-in-realm        enabled
  media-sec-policy   sdesPolicy
  out-manipulationid ZoomOutManip
  access-control-trust-level high
realm-config
  identifier         Peer_SIPTrunk1
  network-interfaces s1p0:0.4
  mm-in-realm        enabled
  media-sec-policy   RTP
  access-control-trust-level high
realm-config

```

|                            |                         |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| identifier                 | Peer_SIPTrunk2          |
| network-interfaces         | s1p1:0.4                |
| mm-in-realm                | enabled                 |
| media-sec-policy           | sdesPolicy              |
| access-control-trust-level | high                    |
| sdes-profile               |                         |
| name                       | SDES                    |
| crypto-list                | AEAD_AES_256_GCM        |
|                            | AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_32 |
|                            | AES_256_CM_HMAC_SHA1_80 |
|                            | AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 |
| session-agent              |                         |
| hostname                   | 69.174.108.135          |
| ip-address                 | 69.174.108.135          |
| port                       | 5061                    |
| transport-method           | StaticTLS               |
| realm-id                   | Core_Zoom               |
| ping-method                | OPTIONS                 |
| ping-interval              | 30                      |
| ping-response              | enabled                 |
| session-agent              |                         |
| hostname                   | 172.18.0.210            |
| ip-address                 | 172.18.0.210            |
| transport-method           | UDP+TCP                 |
| realm-id                   | Peer_SIPTrunk1          |
| ping-method                | OPTIONS                 |
| ping-interval              | 30                      |
| ping-response              | enabled                 |
| rfc2833-mode               | preferred               |
| rfc2833-payload            | 101                     |
| session-agent              |                         |
| hostname                   | 192.168.1.20            |
| ip-address                 | 192.168.1.20            |
| transport-method           | UDP+TCP                 |
| realm-id                   | Peer_SIPTrunk2          |
| ping-method                | OPTIONS                 |
| ping-interval              | 30                      |



|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| ping-response         | enabled                                     |
| session-timer-profile |   |
| name                  | ZoomSessionTimer                            |
| session-expires       | 900   |
| force-reinvite        | enabled                                     |
| response-refresher    | uac   |
| session-translation   |   |
| id                    | addPlus                                     |
| rules-calling         | addPlus                                     |
| rules-called          | addPlus                                     |
| session-translation   |   |
| id                    | removeE164                                  |
| rules-calling         | removeplus1                                 |
| rules-called          | removeplus1                                 |
| rules-asserted-id     | removeplus1                                 |
| SIP-config            |   |
| home-realm-id         | Core_Zoom                                   |
| registrar-domain      | *   |
| registrar-host        | *   |
| registrar-port        | 5060  |
| options               | inmanip-before-validate<br>max-udp-length=0 |
| extra-method-stats    | enabled                                     |
| sip-interface         |   |
| realm-id              | Core_Zoom                                   |
| description           | Interface for Zoom Phone                    |
| sip-port              |   |
| address               | 155.212.214.177                             |
| port                  | 5061  |
| transport-protocol    | TLS   |
| tls-profile           | TLSZoom                                     |
| allow-anonymous       | agents-only                                 |
| out-manipulationid    | ACME_NAT_TO_FROM_IP                         |
| sip-profile           | forreplaces                                 |
| session-timer-profile | ZoomSessionTimer                            |
| sip-interface         |   |
| realm-id              | Peer_SIPTrunk1                              |

```

sip-port
  address          172.18.0.201
  allow-anonymous  agents-only
sip-interface
  realm-id        Peer_SIPTrunk2
  sip-port
    address       192.168.1.10
    allow-anonymous agents-only
sip-manipulation
  name            RespondOPTIONS
  header-rule
    name          Respond2OPTIONS
    header-name   from
    action        reject
    methods       OPTIONS
    new-value     "200 OK"
sip-manipulation
  name            SIPTrunkManipulation
  description     Manipulations on SIP Trunk side
  header-rule
    name          XTraceID
    header-name   X-Trace-ID[^\s]
    action        delete
    msg-type      request
    methods       INVITE
  header-rule
    name          XInstanceID
    header-name   X-Instance-ID[^\s]
    action        delete
    msg-type      request
    methods       INVITE
  header-rule
    name          XDMInfo
    header-name   X-DM-Info[^\s]
    action        delete
    msg-type      request
    methods       INVITE

```

```

header-rule
  name          XCapability
  header-name   X-Capability[^\]
  action        delete
  msg-type      request
  methods       INVITE
header-rule
  name          xpublicip
  header-name   X-PUBLIC-IP[^\]
  action        delete
  msg-type      request
  methods       INVITE
header-rule
  name          xorigcontact
  header-name   X-ORIGINAL-CONTACT[^\]
  action        delete
  msg-type      request
  methods       INVITE
header-rule
  name          xorigcallid
  header-name   X-ORIGINAL-CALLID[^\]
  action        delete
  msg-type      request
  methods       INVITE
header-rule
  name          xtocarrier
  header-name   X-TO-CARRIER[^\]
  action        delete
  msg-type      request
  methods       INVITE
header-rule
  name          xFSSupport
  header-name   X-FS-Support[^\]
  action        delete
  msg-type      request
  methods       INVITE
header-rule

```

```

name                callAcme
header-name         From
action              sip-manip
msg-type            request
new-value           ACME_NAT_TO_FROM_IP
header-rule
name                changeAssertedIP
header-name         P-Asserted-Identity
action              manipulate
comparison-type     pattern-rule
msg-type            request
methods             INVITE
element-rule
  name              changelP
  type              uri-host
  action            replace
  comparison-type   pattern-rule
  new-value         $LOCAL_IP
SIP-monitoring
  match-any-filter  enabled
  monitoring-filters *
SIP-profile
  name              forreplaces
  replace-dialogs   enabled
steering-pool
  ip-address        155.212.214.177
  start-port        10000
  end-port          20000
  realm-id          Core_Zoom
steering-pool
  ip-address        172.18.0.201
  start-port        20001
  end-port          40000
  realm-id          Peer_SIPTrunk1
steering-pool
  ip-address        192.168.1.10
  start-port        40001

```

```

end-port          60000
realm-id         Peer_SIPTrunk2
system-config
  hostname       zoom.us
  description    SBC for Zoom Phone
  location       Burlington,MA
  system-log-level  NOTICE
  default-gateway 10.138.194.129
  source-routing enabled
  snmp-agent-mode v1v2
tls-global
  session-caching enabled
tls-profile
  name          TLSZoom
  end-entity-certificate SBCEnterpriseCert
  trusted-ca-certificates DigiCertRoot
                  DigiCertGlobalRootG2
                  DigiCertGlobalRootG3
  cipher-list   TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
                  TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
                  TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
  mutual-authenticate enabled
translation-rules
  id           addPlus
  type        add
  add-string   +1
translation-rules
  id           removeplus1
  type        delete
  delete-string +1
web-server-config
  http-interface-list GUI

```



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**Oracle Corporation, World Headquarters**      **Worldwide Inquiries**

500 Oracle Parkway

Phone: +1.650.506.7000

Redwood Shores, CA 94065, USA

Fax: +1.650.506.7200

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