# <u>Oracle VM templates for Oracle Database – Single Instance and Real</u> <u>Application Clusters 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.2.210420)</u> <u>Oracle Linux X86 64bit (OneCommand)</u>

#### **Table of Contents:**

| Overview:  | 2  |
|--|----|
| Shared Disks Implementation Choices:   | 2  |
| Naming Convention:   | 2  |
| Minimum Hardware Requirements:   | 3  |
| Certification & Support Information  | 3  |
| WHAT'S NEW:  | 4  |
| Previous What's New:   | 4  |
| Templates Description:   | 4  |
| Feedback:  | 5  |
| Deployment in an Oracle VM 3 environment   | 6  |
| Main steps for a Single Instance deployment, using Oracle VM Manager 2           | 6  |
| Main steps for an Oracle RAC deployment, using Oracle VM Manager 2               |    |
| 1) Load the template into the /OVS/seed_pool directory, on DOM-0:                | 6  |
| 2.1) Create 5 shared Physical disks to hold the Database                         | 7  |
| 2.2) Create 5 shared Virtual disks to hold the Database                          | 7  |
| 3) Import the template (from step 1) using Oracle VM manager 2                   | 9  |
| 4) Create Virtual Machines using the imported template                           | 12 |
| 5.1) Add the shared Physical disks to both VMs.                                  |    |
| 5.2) Add the shared Virtual disks to both VMs.                                   | 14 |
| 6.1) When complete, inspect the VM's vm.cfg configuration files – Physical disks | 17 |
| 6.2) Inspect the VM's vm.cfg configuration files (Optional) – Virtual disks      | 17 |
| 7) Power ON both virtual machines  | 18 |
| 8) Complete the First Boot interview:  | 19 |
| Preparing for a Single Instance build  | 19 |
| Preparing for an Oracle RAC build  |    |
| Install Single Instance or Grid Infrastructure with Oracle RAC                   | 22 |
| Standard Single Instance Build:  |    |
| Standard RAC Build:  | 22 |
| Monitoring the Build:  | 22 |
| APPENDIX A: Build Options  | 23 |
| APPENDIX B: Using More (or less) Disks   | 25 |
| Before the Build:  |    |
| After the build:   |    |
| APPENDIX C: Frequently Asked Questions / Troubleshooting                         | 26 |

## **Overview:**

This document introduces the <u>Oracle VM Templates for Oracle Database</u>. It explains the concepts of the templates and how to use the templates to deploy **Single Instance**, **Oracle Restart** (formerly known as: Single Instance/High Availability [SIHA]), or a fully functional N-node **Oracle Real Application Clusters** (RAC).

Templates are provided in 64-bit mode only:

• Oracle Linux 6 Update 10 64bit

For the latest version of this document and more information on the benefits of Oracle VM and Templates, see OTN at: <u>https://www.oracle.com/database/technologies/rac/vm-db-templates.html</u> and <u>Note# 1185244.1</u> on My Oracle Support.

## NOTE: Oracle VM 3 users should use the deploycluster tool and documentation on the above URL.

## **Shared Disks Implementation Choices:**

The shared disks holding the Oracle RAC database files may be configured as '**Physical**' or '**Virtual**' disks. Recently Oracle RAC Support policies allow Production deployments to use Virtual disks with some cautionary provisions (See Whitepaper below for details). Historically this document was split into two, however, going forward it is merged and users should read it based on if they use **Physical** or **Virtual** disks.

For more details carefully review the updated Oracle RAC on Oracle VM environments whitepaper at: <a href="https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/clustering/oracle-rac-in-oracle-vm-environment-131948.pdf">https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/clustering/oracle-rac-in-oracle-vm-environment-131948.pdf</a>

In Single Instance deployments above guidelines do not apply. Further details see Whitepaper above.

## Naming Convention:

This document describes the **x86-64** (64bit) DB/RAC OVM Templates (12.1.0.2) + PatchsetUpdate. Template file & directory names are as follows:

OVM\_OL6U10\_X86\_64\_12102DBRAC\_PVHVM: Oracle Linux 6 U10, Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition

Screenshots refer to templates as: OVM\_EL5U4\_X86\_**11GR2**RAC\_PVM, these are generic screenshots, substitute your version number, e.g. 12101, 12102 based on release used.

**NOTE:** The Oracle OneCommand DB/RAC build scripts inside the template (under /u01/racovm directory) are only supported inside the Oracle VM DB/RAC Templates. Do not modify or run them in other environments.

## Minimum Hardware Requirements:

The physical resources required for Single Instance and Oracle RAC <sup>1</sup>deployments are as follows:

#### Minimum Storage Requirements

Filesystem space consumption depends on SPARSE FILES<sup>2</sup> support for the repository (/OVS) as well as cloning method <sup>3</sup>in OVM3 and deployment mode<sup>4</sup>. Below are some approximations on space requirements:

|                                       | No Sparse file support | Sparse file support (approx) |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Under /OVS (repository):              | 64bit                  | 64bit                        |
| Template Storage                      | 60GB                   | 24GB                         |
| Each node of running VM               | 60GB                   | 24GB                         |
| Temporary unzip Template <sup>5</sup> | ~10GB + ~10GB          | ~10GB + ~10GB                |

Additional local/shared disk to hold database, minimum 5GB.

#### Minimum CPU Requirements

Each VM requires a minimum of 1 physical core, recommended to run with 2 or more physical cores for the hosting server.

#### **Minimum Memory Requirements**

Default template memory is set to 3GB. Please follow the Oracle Database documentation for minimum memory requirements. At the time of writing minimum: **Single Instance:** 1GB RAM, **RAC:** 2GB RAM RAC deployment in test configuration may run with ~2GB of RAM; Clusterware only ~1GB of RAM.

#### **Minimum Network Requirements**

#### **Network Adapters:**

• For RAC: Each guest VM requires 2 network devices, which are 'virtualized' from physical cards in the hosting server, therefore a minimum of 2 physical NICS are required for the hosting server. In test configuration it is possible to use the templates with only 1 NIC, by assigning all guests' NICs to the single bridge (e.g. xenbr0) OR creating a second bridge (e.g. xenbr1) on a fake Dom0 NIC (eth1), also known as 'Host-Only networking' which would disable the live-migration option.

• Single Instance: One NIC is needed for the public network. Second NIC is optional.

#### IP addresses:

- For RAC: 5 public and 2 private (for a 2 node cluster). If a DNS Server is used, 2 additional IP addresses should be used to provide additional IPs for the SCAN name.
- Single Instance: 1 public IP

#### **Certification & Support Information**

See <u>Note# 464754.1</u> on My Oracle Support for information on Certified Software on Oracle VM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When running Oracle RAC in a production environment, none of the Oracle RAC VM guest machines can run on the same Oracle VM Server.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Oracle VM Server 3 as well as Oracle VM Server 2.2 (with OCFS2 v1.4.4) have sparse file support. Ext3/ext4 filesystem have sparse file support. NFS depends if server filesystem supports sparse files or not. Space consumed by sparse files varries by filesystem's minimum allocation unit often referred to as *cluster size*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> If OVM3 "thin-clone" is used, space consumed will **greatly** reduce since VMs are "reflinked" (OCFS2 v1.8 feature) to the master template file and sections in the file are copied only when modified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Post deployment it is possible to remove unused Oracle homes in Single Instance or Clusterware only deployments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Template stored in a tar.gz file inside a ZIP file hence size is listed twice

## WHAT'S NEW:

- Applied all current recommended patches on top of 12.1.0.2 + Patchset Update (Oracle Linux 7 enabled)
- Template comes in Oracle Database Enterprise Edition format.
- Upgraded OS to Oracle Linux 6 Update 10 with OVMAPI support
- Default kernel boot upgraded to Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel (UEKR4) 4.1.12

## **Previous What's New:**

- Automation support for 12c features:
  - Oracle Flex Cluster and/or Flex ASM (including add/remove N-number of Hub/Leaf nodes)
  - o Creation/deletion of Container Database with optional N-number of Pluggable Databases
  - **DB Express** configuration for database
  - Dedicated **ASM Network Interface** (1<sup>st</sup> NIC: Public, 2<sup>nd</sup> NIC: Private, 3<sup>rd</sup> NIC: ASM)
  - Database can be created inside an ACFS Filesystem
- Automation support for **Single Instance & Oracle Restart** (Formerly known as Single Instance/HA)
- Automation support for databases on **local & shared filesystems**
- Automation support for Admin Managed or Policy Managed database creation
  - Including basic Server Pool creation (for Policy Managed)
- Allow multiple DNS IPs (see netconfig.txt)
- Add **OSRevert** utility: making switching rpm footprints easier 'basic' & 'db-minimum' predefined
- Deploycluster for OVM3 environments fully supports Single Instance mode
- Support for Yum@Deploy, add or update rpms at deploy time! (see netconfig.txt)
- Mutli diskgroup support for ASM (see FAQ & params.ini)
- Support for multiplexed Controlfile & Redo logfiles
- Templates are btrfs-ready (simple command to convert ext4 to btrfs filesystem, see FAQ)

# **Templates Description:**

The Oracle VM Templates for Oracle Database allow building a Single Instance, Oracle Restart (Single Instance/HA), or RAC clusters of any number of nodes. The Oracle RAC 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.2) software includes Oracle Clusterware and ASM (12.1.0.2), Oracle Database 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.2) and Oracle JVM (12.1.0.2) with latest Patchset Update. In a Single Instance deployment the RAC feature is not linked into the binary and the Grid Infrastructure home may be removed for space savings.

See FAQ section for steps on how to add or remove patches before and/or after template deployment.

**Note:** The Templates include the latest OS & Oracle/RDBMS patches at time of the release. It is strongly recommended to update to latest patches (at time of deployment or placement into production usage) using standard OS/Oracle patching practices. OS updates may be obtained from <u>Unbreakable Linux Network</u> (ULN) and RDBMS patches from <u>Critical Patch Updates</u> (CPU) page on OTN. Templates released since 2014 offer Yum@Deploy, see FAQ for details.

The entire install is automated, with the user only providing the required input parameters (node names, IP addresses, etc.) when guests are booted. Oracle VM2 users can perform fully automated builds directly from Dom0, including automated network setup to all VMs. Oracle VM3 users should use the more powerful **Deploycluster** tool (downloadable from OTN with separate documentation) for fully

# automated deployments of either Single Instance, Oracle Restart (Single Instance/HA) or Oracle RAC.

- The OS image contains a minimal install of Oracle Linux. Only basic RPM packages are installed with an option to reduce the footprint further using a tool called **OSRevert** (see FAQ).
- The default root password is 'ovsroot', oracle password is 'oracle' and sys/system password is 'oracle', all can be changed during the build. It is strongly advised to modify these passwords post-install. See section deploying the templates securely for further details.
- The install is performed using root access. With ssh passwordless login temporarily enabled for root user. At the completion of the install (on all nodes), ssh for root will be disabled.
- Optionally, the entire install could be done as the Oracle user, provided that 'sudo' access is configured on the current node only.
- During the installation process an Oracle Single Instance or RAC database is created. It is possible to skip this database creation and do a clusterware only install, see params.ini for various options.
- The OS and Oracle image disks inside the template are sparse files (non allocated space is not counted against filesystem), meaning the size displayed via 'ls -l' is not the actual space consumed on-disk. To see actual space consumed use 'ls -ls'. If /OVS filesystem has no sparse-file support then both sizes will be the same (all space is allocated upfront).
- Each template is delivered as 4 ZIP files (~10GB in size total), inside each ZIP is a **tar.gz** (tar gzip file), with very similar sizes, hence you will need ~20GB of temporary storage to fully expand each template. Oracle VM2: Once the template is imported into /OVS/seed\_pool, these zip/tar.gz files may be deleted.
- OVM2 users planning to use guests running ext4 as boot device (currently all the OL5/OL6 based templates) require <u>Oracle VM 2.2.2</u> or above.

# Feedback:

Feel free to post feedback at the Oracle VM or Oracle RAC Forums on the Oracle Technology Network:

Oracle VM:

https://community.oracle.com/tech/apps-infra/categories/oracle-vm

Oracle RAC:

https://community.oracle.com/tech/apps-infra/categories/rac\_asm\_%26\_clusterware\_installation

Or contact Oracle Support.

**Note:** When contacting Oracle Support, please supply the following log files: deploycluster\*.log, buildsingle\*.log, buildcluster\*.log and the netconfig.ini & params.init used.

**NOTE:** The Oracle OneCommand DB/RAC build scripts inside the template (under /u01/racovm directory) are only supported inside the Oracle VM DB/RAC Templates. Do not modify or run them in other environments.

#### **Deployment Overview**

As mentioned above, by default, for an Oracle RAC deployment, each VM requires 2 (or more) network adapters (NICs) as well as 5 (or more) common shared disks (using fewer disks is supported). The steps to create such VMs are different for OVM2 and OVM3. The rest of this document explains the OVM2 methods.

A VM for Single Instance deployment does not need any shared disks or second NIC, simply clone a VM from the base template and deploy using deploycluster. You may also follow normal Oracle VM documentation to create the VMs for Single Instance or RAC deployment.

#### **Deployment in an Oracle VM 3 environment**

**Oracle VM 3 users should use the** <u>deploycluster tool</u> along with its documentation available on OTN. The tool provides for fully automated Single Instance, Oracle Restart or Oracle RAC deployments without ever logging into any of the VMs. See the template's README or Deploycluster documentation on how to import this template.

#### Main steps for a Single Instance deployment, using Oracle VM Manager 2

A Single Instance deployment only needs a single VM, no shared disks or second interface. As such, follow only steps **1**, **3**, **4** (only create 1 VM), **7** and **8** in the RAC section below.

#### Main steps for an Oracle RAC deployment, using Oracle VM Manager 2

These steps are using Oracle VM Manager; however all of them could be done from the command line, using Oracle VM Command Line Interface (CLI).

#### 1) Load the template into the /OVS/seed\_pool directory, on DOM-0:

# cd /tmp # unzip -q /tmp/p31000091\_10\_Linux-x86-64\_1of4.zip & # unzip -q /tmp/p31000091\_10\_Linux-x86-64\_2of4.zip & # unzip -q /tmp/p31000091\_10\_Linux-x86-64\_3of4.zip & # unzip -q /tmp/p31000091\_10\_Linux-x86-64\_4of4.zip & # wait # cd /OVS/seed\_pool # tar xzf /tmp/OVM\_OL6U10\_X86\_64\_12102DBRAC\_PVHVM-1of2.tar.gz & # Note below 'cat' command should be **all on one line** # cat /tmp/OVM\_OL6U10\_X86\_64\_12102DBRAC\_PVHVM-2of2-partA.tar.gz /tmp/OVM\_OL6U10\_X86\_64\_12102DBRAC\_PVHVM-2of2-partB.tar.gz /tmp/OVM\_OL6U10\_X86\_64\_12102DBRAC\_PVHVM-2of2-partC.tar.gz | tar xz & # wait

(When the above commands complete, the ZIP & TAR.GZ files may be deleted from /tmp) This will create the following: /OVS/seed\_pool/OVM\_OL6U10\_X86\_64\_12102DBRAC\_PVHVM

- System.img (OS image file)
- Oracle12102DBRAC\_x86\_64-xvdb.img (database software image file)
- vm.cfg (VM configuration file)
- README.txt
- These PDF documents

|- utils (files to help with automated network setup and build

#### 2.1) Create 5 shared Physical disks to hold the Database

Shared disks must be configured on DOM-0 of both OVM Servers, these should be persistently named physical devices (multi-pathed or not) accessible from both nodes, e.g.:

lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 4 Dec 28 01:28 /dev/racdevc1 -> sdc1 lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 4 Dec 28 01:28 /dev/racdevd2 -> sdd2 lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 4 Dec 28 01:28 /dev/racdeve2 -> sde2 lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 4 Dec 28 01:28 /dev/racdevf4 -> sdf4 lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root 4 Dec 28 01:28 /dev/racdevg1 -> sdg1

The following symlinked devices were created with udev rules similar to this one below, on Dom0, in /etc/udev/rules.d/55-oracle-devices.rules file:

KERNEL=="sd\*", BUS=="scsi", PROGRAM=="/sbin/scsi\_id -g -u -s %p", RESULT=="360a98000686f61506434386f65663577", SYMLINK+="racdevc%n", OWNER="root", GROUP="root", MODE="0640"

Using SYMLINK+= (instead of NAME= in udev rules) keeps the original kernel device names, e.g. /dev/sd\*. Using udev rules ensures persistent device naming across reboots. The OneCommand RAC install requires 5 such devices, minimum size of 1024MB each (See <u>APPENDIX C: Using More (or less) Disks</u>). These will hold your database, size them appropriately

#### 2.2) Create 5 shared Virtual disks to hold the Database

Using Oracle VM manager (or any other method) in our example they are named: ASM1, ASM2, ASM3, ASM4, ASM5, you may choose any name you wish. As this is a test environment you can use files visible in the Dom-0 environment to represent the shared disks.

- Select Resources->Shared Virtual Disks
- Click the **Create** button:

| <u>File Edit V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp                              | 0  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 🗢 🔹 🔹 🔞 🏠 💿 http://ovm:8888/OVS/Faces/app/resource/OVS_Seeds 🖓 🔽 🕼 Coogle   | l. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shared Virtual Disk Home 🗙  | •  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home Profile Logout Help  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virtual Machines Resources Servers Server Pools Administration  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virtual Machine Templates   Virtual Machine Images   ISO Files   Shared Virtual Disks                             |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Logged in as <b>admi</b>  | n  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shared Virtual Disks  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refresh Create Import   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Search  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | -  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Show Search   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shared Virtual Disk Information   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Size (MB)   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Select Virtual Disk Name Server Pool Name Group Name File Size(MB) Device Size(MB) Device Path Device UUID Status |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No rows yet.  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refresh Create Import   | 1  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virtual Machines Resources Servers Server Pools Administration  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copyright © 2007-2009. Oracle. All rights received. Oracle VM Manager 2.2   |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Complete the fields on the form Click **Next** and **Confirm** on the following page.
- Repeat this step to create a total of 5 shared disks (Minimum size for each disk is 1024 MB)

| jie <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp  |  |
|--|--|
| 🗢 🔿 🔻 🔞 👔 📓 http://ovm:8888/OVS/faces/app/OVS_SHD_Home.jsp: 🗇 🗖 🗔  | Google 🔍                                       |
| a Add Shared Virtual Disk 🗙  | •  |
| Virtual Machines         Resources         Servers         Server Pools         Administration           Virtual Machine Templates         Virtual Machine Images         ISO Files         Shared Virtual Disks | ofile Logout Help<br>Logged in as <b>admin</b> |
| Shared Virtual Disks   |  |
|  | Cancel Next                                    |
| Details  |  |
|  |  |
|  | Cancel Next                                    |
|  |  |

• When done creating all devices will have an **Active** status:

| Share                                 | ed Virtual Disk  | k Home     | x   |  |  |           |             |              |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------|---|--|--|-----------|-------------|--------------|--|
|                                       |  |            | The second  |  |  |           | Home        | Profile Logo | out Help                                   |
| tual Ma                               | achines Res  | sources    | Servers Serve                                       | er Pools Admi  | inistration  |           |             |              |  |
| tual Ma                               | achine Templat   | tes   Vii  | rtual Machine Image                                 | es 🕴 ISO Files   | Shared Virtu   | ual Disks |             |              |  |
| and h                                 | /irtual Disks  |            |   |  |  |           |             | Logged in    | as adm                                     |
| aleu v                                | Indai Disks  |            |   |  |  |           |             |              |  |
|                                       |  |            |   |  |  |           | Refresh     | Create       | Import                                     |
| Search                                | h  |            |   |  |  |           |             |              |  |
|                                       |  |            |   |  |  |           |             |              |  |
|                                       | 00 - 40  |            |   |  |  |           |             |              |  |
|                                       | w Search   |            |   |  |  |           |             |              |  |
| + Sho                                 | w Search   | nformati   | on  |  |  |           |             |              |  |
| + Sho                                 | 00 - 40  | Informatio | on  |  |  |           |             |              |  |
| + Sho                                 | w <u>Search</u><br>d Virtual Disk I  | Informatio | on  |  |  |           |             |              |  |
| ⊞ <u>Sho</u><br>Sharec                | w <u>Search</u><br>d Virtual Disk I  |            | on  |  | Siz  | e (MB)    |             |              |  |
| ⊞ <u>Sho</u><br>Sharec<br>Select      | w <u>Search</u><br>d Virtual Disk I  | Delete     | on<br>Server Pool Name                              | Group Name   | Siz<br>File Size(MB)                                       |           | Device Path | Device UUID  | Status                                     |
| ± <u>Sho</u><br>Shared<br>Select      | w Search<br>d Virtual Disk I<br>t and Edit   | Delete     |   | Group Name<br>My Workspace                                   |  |           | Device Path | Device UUID  | Status<br>Active                           |
| ± <u>Sho</u><br>Shared<br>Select<br>⊙ | w Search<br>d Virtual Disk I<br>t and Edit   | Delete     | Server Pool Name                                    |  | File Size(MB)  |           | Device Path | Device UUID  | Active                                     |
| ± <u>Sho</u><br>Shared<br>Select<br>⊙ | w Search<br>d Virtual Disk I<br>t and Edit<br>Virtual Disk N<br>ASM1                         | Delete     | Server Pool Name                                    | My Workspace   | File Size(MB)<br>2,048                                     |           | Device Path | Device UUID  |  |
| Shore                                 | w Search<br>d Virtual Disk I<br>t and Edit<br>Virtual Disk N<br>ASM1<br>ASM2                 | Delete     | Server Pool Name                                    | My Workspace<br>My Workspace                                 | File Size(MB)<br>2,048<br>2,048                            |           | Device Path | Device UUID  | Active<br>Creating<br>Creating             |
| Elect                                 | w Search<br>d Virtual Disk I<br>t and Edit<br>Virtual Disk N<br>ASM1<br>ASM2<br>ASM3         | Delete     | Server Pool Name<br>ovs<br>ovs<br>ovs               | My Workspace<br>My Workspace<br>My Workspace                 | File Size(MB)<br>2,048<br>2,048<br>2,048                   |           | Device Path | Device UUID  | Active<br>Creating                         |
| Elect                                 | w Search<br>d Virtual Disk I<br>t and Edit<br>Virtual Disk N<br>ASM1<br>ASM2<br>ASM3<br>ASM4 | Delete     | Server Pool Name<br>ovs<br>ovs<br>ovs<br>ovs<br>ovs | My Workspace<br>My Workspace<br>My Workspace<br>My Workspace | File Size(MB)<br>2,048<br>2,048<br>2,048<br>2,048<br>2,048 |           | Device Path | Device UUID  | Active<br>Creating<br>Creating<br>Creating |

3) Import the template (from step 1) using Oracle VM manager 2

Make sure all unzipping/untarring operations completed before proceeding with these steps.

| <ul> <li>Click Import button</li> </ul>  |              |                        |            |                          |
|--|--------------|------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e | elp          |                        |            | 2 <sup>1</sup> 2<br>212  |
| 🗢 🌳 🔻 🗞 🔕 🏠 💽 http://ovm:88  | 388/OVS/fac  | es/app/OVS_SHD_Hom     | e.jsp: 🏠   | G Google                 |
| 🗑 Virtual Machine Templates 🛛 🗙  |              |                        |            | •                        |
|  |              |                        |            |                          |
| Virtual Machines Resources Servers Server Po   | ols Adminis  | stration               |            | Home Profile Logout Help |
| Virtual Machine Templates   Virtual Machine Images   | ISO Files    | Shared Virtual Disks   |            |                          |
| Virtual Machine Templates  |              |                        | _          | Logged in as admin       |
| Search   |              | Refresh in:            | 30 sec     | onds Refresh Import      |
| <u>Bhow Search</u> Virtual Machine Templates   |              |                        |            |                          |
| Select and Approve Edit Delete Cancel  | Reimport     |                        |            |                          |
| Select Virtual Machine Template Name   | Size (MB)    | Server Pool Name       | Status     | Creation Time            |
| OVM_EL5U4_X86_11GRAC_PVM   | 16254        | OVS                    | Active     | Mar 20, 2010 6:11:09 PM  |
| OVM_EL5U4_X86_PVM_4GB  | 6252         | ovs                    | Active     | Jan 16, 2010 4:39:37 PM  |
|  |              | Refresh in:            | 30 sec     | Refresh Import           |
| Virtual Machines Re  | esources Ser | vers Server Pools Admi | nistration |                          |

This Oracle VM manager already knows about 2 existing templates. We are going to add a 3<sup>rd</sup> template.

Select "Select from Server Pool (Discover and register)", click Next

| <u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> | ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp  |   | 2 <sup>1</sup> 4<br>8 <sub>1</sub> 9     |
|--|--|---|--|
| 🗢 🔿 - 🖗 🔕 🕻  | http://ovm:8888/OVS  | /faces/app/resource/OVS_Seeds 🏠   | ▼ Google Q                               |
| Source   | ×  |   | •  |
| ORACLE   | Manager  |   | anina al anno                            |
|  |  |   | Home Profile Logout Help                 |
| Virtual Machines Resources                               | Servers Server Pools Ada   | ministration  |  |
| Virtual Machine Templates                                | /irtual Machine Images   ISO File  | es 🕴 Shared Virtual Disks   |  |
|  |  |   | Logged in as <b>admin</b>                |
| Source   | General Information  | Import  | Confirmation                             |
| Source   |  |   |  |
|  |  |   | Cancel Next                              |
|  |  | oad from External Source (HTTP and FTP)                                       |  |
|  | _  | from Server Pool (Discover and register)                                      |  |
|  | ⊖ Linux/\  | Windows P2V Import  |  |
| or your own HTTP/FTP server.                             | om outside of the Server Pool, such as C<br>late from the Server Pool, and register it | OTN: http://www.oracle.com/technology/software/pro<br>with Oracle VM Manager. | oducts/virtualization/vm_templates.html, |
| Linux/Windows P2V downloads and co                       | n vents yourphysical Linux to OnackeVM in  | mage.   | Cancel Next                              |
|  | Virtual Machines Resources   | Servers Server Pools Administration   |  |
|  |  | Copyright © 2007-2009. Onacle. All n  | ights reserved. Oracle VM Manager 2.2.0  |

- Pull-down the correct "Server Pool Name"
- Choose the newly untarred template from pull-down "Virtual Machine Template Name".
- Select "Oracle Enterprise Linux 5" or "Oracle Enterprise Linux 5 64-bit" for "Operating System".
- Optionally enter Description or change username/passwords
- Click **Next** and **Confirm** on the following page.

|                          | Bookmarks loois   | Helb  |                                      |        |                       |
|--------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| ڬ 🔅 - 🔅 🔇                | http://ovm  | :8888/OVS/face                                    | s/app/resource/OVS_Cre               | at☆▼   | <b>G</b> ▼ Google (   |
| General Information      | ×   |   |                                      |        | 0                     |
| ORACLE                   | 'M Manager  |   |                                      | Home   | e Profile Logout Help |
| irtual Machines Resource |   |   |                                      |        |                       |
| irtual Machine Templates | Virtual Machine Images  | s   ISO Files   S                                 | Shared Virtual Disks                 |        |                       |
|                          |   |   |                                      |        | Logged in as admin    |
| Source                   | General Info  | ormation  | Import                               |        | Confirmation          |
| eneral Information       |   |   |                                      |        |                       |
| * Virtual Mach           | * Server Pool Name:<br>chine Template Name:<br>* Operating System:<br>ine System Username:<br>nine System Password: | ovs<br>OVM_EL5U4_X8<br>Oracle Enterprise<br>admin | I▼<br>36_11GR2RAC_PVM ▼<br>9 Linux 5 | Cancel | Previous Next         |
|                          | Description:  | 11gR2 <u>RAC</u> Tem                              | plate for <u>OVM</u>                 | Cancel | Previous Next         |

- Template name might be different in screenshot based on release used
- Wait for VM template to change from "Importing" to "Pending" then proceed
- Select Pending VM template from radio box, and Click **Approve** button

| e <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e | əlp           |                       |                  |  |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| 🖬 🔿 🔻 🤣 🔕 🏠 💽 http://ovm:88   | 88/OVS/face   | es/app/resource/OVS_0 | Creat 😭          | ▼ Google (   |
| Virtual Machine Templates 🗙   |               |                       |                  |  |
|   |               |                       |                  |  |
|   |               |                       |                  | Home Profile Logout Hel                            |
| rtual Machines Resources Servers Server Po  | ols Adminis   | tration               |                  |  |
| rtual Machine Templates   Virtual Machine Images  | ISO Files     | Shared Virtual Disks  |                  |  |
| irtual Machine Templates  |               |                       |                  | Logged in as adm                                   |
| Search  | Reimport      |                       |                  |  |
| Select Virtual Machine Template Name  | Size (MB)     | Server Pool Name      | Status           | Creation Time                                      |
|   | 22636         | ovs                   | Pending          | May 24, 2010 7:01:18 AM                            |
| OVM_EL5U4_X86_11GR2RAC_PVM  |               |                       |                  |  |
| OVM_EL5U4_X86_11GR2RAC_PVM           OVM_EL5U4_X86_11GRAC_PVM                           | 16254         | ovs                   | Active           | Mar 20, 2010 6:11:09 PM                            |
|   | 16254<br>6252 |                       | Active<br>Active | Mar 20, 2010 6:11:09 PM<br>Jan 16, 2010 4:39:37 PM |
| O OVM_EL5U4_X86_11GRAC_PVM  |               |                       |                  | Jan 16, 2010 4:39:37 PM                            |

• Template name might be different in screenshot based on release used

#### Click Approve

| <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools | <u>H</u> elp                 |                        | 4                        |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 🗘 🔿 🔻 🕺 🔇 🏠 💽 http://ovm  | :8888/OVS/faces/app/reso     | urce/OVS_Seeds 😭       | ▼ Google Q               |
| 🐻 Virtual Machine Template D 🗴  |                              |                        | •                        |
| Virtual Machines Resources Servers Server   | Pools Administration         |                        | Home Profile Logout Help |
| Virtual Machine Templates   Virtual Machine Image                                       | s   ISO Files   Shared Virtu | al Disks               |                          |
|   |                              |                        | Logged in as admin       |
| View Virtual Machine Template   |                              |                        |                          |
|   |                              |                        | Cancel Approve           |
| General Information   |                              |                        |                          |
| Virtual Machine Template Name:  | OVM EL5U4 X86 11GB2BA        | C PVM                  |                          |
|   | Oracle Enterprise Linux 5    |                        |                          |
| Size (MB):  | 22636                        |                        |                          |
| Status:   | Pending                      |                        |                          |
| Memory Size (MB):   | 2048                         |                        |                          |
| Virtual Machine System Username:  | admin                        |                        |                          |
| Description:  | 11gR2 RAC Template for OVI   | И                      |                          |
|   |                              |                        |                          |
|   |                              |                        |                          |
| Virtual Disk Name   |                              | Virtual Disk Size (MB) |                          |
|   |                              | (                      |                          |

• Template name might be different in screenshot based on release used

The VM Template is now imported and ready to be deployed as many times as needed.

#### 4) Create Virtual Machines using the imported template

In our example we name the VMs racnode1 & racnode2, you may choose any name you wish. For Single Instance or Oracle Restart (SIHA) deployment a single VM is needed.

# **IMPORTANT** – The only non-default item you will need is to change the second NIC to xenbr1 (the first NIIC on xenbr0 will automatically be configured, see following page)

- Select Virtual machines
- Click on the **Create Virtual Machine** button

| <u>File Edit V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ook | marks <u>T</u> ools | <u>H</u> elp            |                     |                |                       |                     | 14                     |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| ∰ 🔕 🧐 - 👙 🖨  | http://ovm          | :8888/OVS/fac           | es/app/OVS          | _VM_Home       | e.jspx' 🏠 🔻           | G ▼ Goog            | gle 🔍                  |
| Virtual Machines                                     | x                   |                         |                     |                |                       |                     | •                      |
|  | anager              |                         |                     |                |                       |                     |                        |
|  |                     |                         |                     |                |                       | Home Profile        | Logout Help            |
| Virtual Machines Resources S                         | ervers Server       | Pools Admini            | stration            |                |                       |                     |                        |
|  |                     |                         |                     | 1              | 1                     | Log                 | ged in as <b>admin</b> |
|  |                     | Re                      | efresh in: 30       | ) seconds 🔻    | Refresh               | Create Vir          | rtual Machine          |
| Virtual Machines                                     |                     |                         |                     |                |                       |                     |                        |
| + Show Search  |                     |                         |                     |                |                       |                     |                        |
| All Virtual Machines                                 | Virtual Machine     | s                       |                     |                |                       |                     |                        |
| ► <u>ovs</u>   | Select and          |                         |                     |                |                       |                     |                        |
|  | Power On            | Console Por             | wer Off Co          | nfigure        | Nore Actions:         | Select              | Go                     |
|  | Select Details      | Virtual<br>Machine Name | Memory Size<br>(MB) | Status         | Group<br>Owner Name   | Server<br>Name      | Server Pool<br>Name    |
|  | • ± Show            | ovm                     | 1,024               | Running        | admin My<br>Worksp    | ace                 | OVS                    |
|  |                     |                         |                     |                | 1                     |                     |                        |
|  |                     | Re                      | efresh in: 30       | ) seconds      | Refresh               | Create Vir          | rtual Machine          |
|  |                     |                         |                     |                |                       |                     |                        |
|  | Virtual Machines    | Resources Se            | rvers Server        | Pools Adm      | ninistration          |                     |                        |
|  |                     |                         | Copyrig             | 1ht © 2007-200 | 09. Onacle. All night | ts reserved. Oracle | VM Manager 2.2.0       |
| 3  |                     |                         |                     |                |                       |                     | [] + []                |

Select the "Create virtual machine based on... template" radio button
Click Next, and select the correct Server Pool on the following page.

| <u>File Edit View History</u> | <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp |                        |  |                                     |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| 🗢 🔿 🗸 🏟                       | 1 http://ovm:8888                            | /OVS/faces/app/se      | ervice/OVS_Create 😭 💌                  | G Google                            |
| Creation Method               | ×  |                        |  | •                                   |
| ORACLE                        | M Manager                                    |                        |  |                                     |
|                               |  |                        |  | Home Profile Logout Help            |
| Virtual Machines Resource     | es Servers Server Pools                      | Administration         |  |                                     |
|                               |  |                        |  | Logged in as <b>admin</b>           |
| Creation Method               | Server Pool                                  | Source                 | Virtual Machine Informatio             | n Confirm                           |
| Creation Method               |  |                        |  |                                     |
|                               |  |                        |  | Previous Next                       |
|                               | <ul> <li>Create virtual</li> </ul>           | machine based on vi    | tual machine template                  |                                     |
|                               | O Create from in                             | stallation media       |  |                                     |
|                               | O Create a netw                              | ork bootable virtual m | achine(pxeboot)                        |                                     |
|                               |  |                        |  | Previous Next                       |
|                               |  |                        |  |                                     |
|                               | Virtual Machines Resou                       | urces Servers Ser      | er Pools Administration                |                                     |
|                               |  | Coj                    | oynight © 2007-2009. Onacle. All night | s reserved. Oracle VM Manager 2.2.0 |

- Select the newly imported template (32bit or 64bit)
- Click Next

Note: Template name might be different in screenshot based on release used
 Elle Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

| -           |            | al Machine Ten  | n ×        | •              | ovs/races/app/s  | ervice/OVS_Creat    | - N        | Google Q                 |
|-------------|------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------------------|
|             | Machine    |                 | Servers    | Server Pools   | Administration   |                     |            | Home Profile Logout Help |
| (<br>Source | Creation N | lethod          | Server F   | 2001           | Source           | Virtual Machine     | Informatic | Logged in as admir       |
| Select      | Details    | Virtual Machine | Template N | ame            |                  | Size (MB)           | Status     | Creation Time            |
| $\odot$     | + Show     | OVM_EL5U4_X8    | 6_11GR2R   | AC_PVM         |                  | 22,636              | Active     | May 24, 2010             |
| 0           | + Show     | OVM_EL5U4_X8    | 6_PVM_4G   | в              |                  | 6,252               | Active     | Jan 16, 2010             |
| 0           | + Show     | OVM_EL5U4_X8    | 6_11GRAC   | _PVM           |                  | 16,254              | Active     | Mar 20, 2010             |
|             |            |                 |            |                |                  |                     |            | Previous Next            |
| 2           |            |                 |            | lachines Resou | rces Servers Ser | ver Pools Administr | ation      |                          |

- IMPORTANT: Assign the second network adapter to xenbr1
- Enter the Virtual Machine Name: racnode1 (or racnode2 for second node)
- Enter the password twice this will be the VNC password for the console
- Click **Next** and **Confirm** on the following page.

| <u>File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools He</u> | lp  | 2 <sup>1</sup> 2<br>2 <sub>1</sub> 3 |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| 🗢 🔿 🗸 🕺 🔕 🏠 💽 http://ovm:888                     | 88/OVS/faces/app/service/OVS_Create 💮 💌 🗔 | 🕶 Google 🔍                           |
| © Create X                                       |   | •                                    |
|  |   | -                                    |
|  | Home P                                    | rofile Logout Help                   |
| Virtual Machines Resources Servers Server Poo    |   |                                      |
|  |   | Logged in as <b>admin</b>            |
| Creation Method Server Pool                      | Source Virtual Machine Information        | Confirm                              |
| Virtual Machine Information                      |   |                                      |
|  | F   | Previous Next                        |
| * Virtual Machine Name: ra                       | cnode1                                    |                                      |
|  |   |                                      |
|  |   |                                      |
| * Contirm Console Password:                      |   |                                      |
| High Availability                                |   |                                      |
| Enable High Availability:                        |   |                                      |
|  |   |                                      |
| Network Interface Card                           |   |                                      |
| Select and Delete                                |   |                                      |
| Select Virtual Network Interface Name            | Virtual Network Interface MAC Address     | Bridge                               |
| ● VIF0   | 00:16:3E:03:67:D1                         | xenbr0 🔻                             |
| O VIF1   | 00:16:3E:49:9B:E9                         | xenbr1 🔻                             |
| Add Row  |   |                                      |

The VM will be built – This will take some time. Repeat this step for the second node.

#### \* Do not power up the VMs yet

#### 5.1) Add the shared Physical disks to both VMs.

Edit the vm.cfg for both VM's. These can be found on the Oracle VM Server in /OVS/running\_pool/\*racnode1/vm.cfg and /OVS/running\_pool/\*racnode2/vm.cfg, add:

'phy:/dev/racdevc1,xvdc,w!', 'phy:/dev/racdevd2,xvdd,w!', 'phy:/dev/racdeve2,xvde,w!', 'phy:/dev/racdevf4,xvdf,w!', 'phy:/dev/racdevg1,xvdg,w!',

to the 'disk' section, see below for sample vm.cfg.

The OneCommand for Oracle VM build engine, Clusterware, Oracle RAC or ASM do not require that disks have identical names or ordering on all nodes, however, it might be easier for humans to deal with identical names and ordering. Therefore it is recommended to add disks in same order with same disk names to all VMs.

#### 5.2) Add the shared Virtual disks to both VMs.

- Select the Virtual machines tab
- Select the radio button for the first guest & Click the **Configure** button

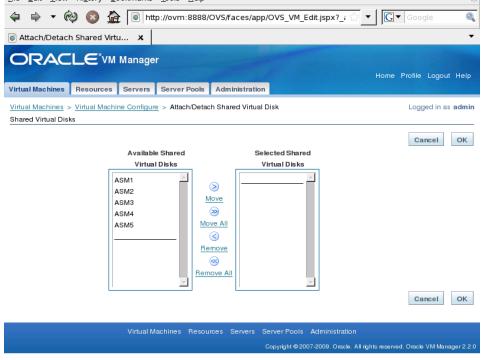
| ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> oo | okmarks           | Tools         | Неір                                  |                                    |                                |           |                                  |                       |                     |
|--|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 🔬 📀 🦃 - 🗢 🖨  | l http            | o://ovm       | :8888/OV                              | S/faces/app/OV                     | S_VM_Home                      | .jspx'    | ☆ <b>-</b> [                     | ▼ Goog                | gle                 |
| Virtual Machines   | x                 |               |                                       |                                    |                                |           |                                  |                       |                     |
|  | Ionoro            |               |                                       |                                    | and the second second          |           |                                  |                       |                     |
|  | lanagei           |               |                                       |                                    |                                |           | Home                             | Profile 1             | ogout Help          |
| irtual Machines Resources                                  | Servers           | Server        | Pools A                               | dministration                      |                                |           | nome                             | T TOTILE L            | sgout neip          |
|  |                   |               |                                       |                                    |                                |           |                                  | Log                   | ged in as <b>ac</b> |
|  |                   |               |                                       | Refresh in: 3                      | 30 seconds 🔻                   | Re        | fresh                            | Create Vi             | rtual Machin        |
| irtual Machines  |                   |               |                                       | -                                  |                                |           |                                  |                       |                     |
| Show Search  |                   |               |                                       |                                    |                                |           |                                  |                       |                     |
| <u>onow oodion</u>   |                   |               |                                       |                                    |                                |           |                                  |                       |                     |
|  |                   |               |                                       |                                    |                                |           |                                  |                       |                     |
|  | Virtual           | Machine       | IS                                    |                                    |                                |           |                                  |                       |                     |
| <u>All Virtual Machines</u> <u>ovs</u>                     | Virtual<br>Select |               | IS                                    |                                    |                                |           |                                  |                       | . 1—                |
| -  | Select            |               | Console                               | Power Off C                        | onfigure M                     | lore Acti | ons:Sel                          | ect                   | Go                  |
| -  | Select            | and           | Console<br>Virtual                    |                                    |                                | lore Acti |                                  |                       |                     |
|  | Select            | er On         | Console                               | Power Off C<br>Memory<br>Size (MB) | ,                              | ore Acti  | Group                            | ect<br>Server<br>Name |                     |
|  | Select            | er On         | Console<br>Virtual<br>Machine         | Memory                             | ) Status<br>Powered            |           | Group                            | Server                | Server Po           |
|  | Select            | Details       | Console<br>Virtual<br>Machine         | Memory                             | ) Status<br>Powered            |           | Group<br>Name<br>My              | Server                | Server Po           |
| -  | Select            | Details       | Console<br>Virtual<br>Machine<br>Name | Memory<br>Size (MB)                | ) Status<br>Powered            | Owner     | Group<br>Name                    | Server<br>Name        | Server Po<br>Name   |
|  | Select            | er On Details | Console<br>Virtual<br>Machine<br>Name | Memory<br>Size (MB)                | Status       Powered       Off | Owner     | Group<br>Name<br>My<br>Workspace | Server<br>Name        | Server Po           |

- Select the Storage tab
- Click the Attach/Detach Shared Virtual Disk button

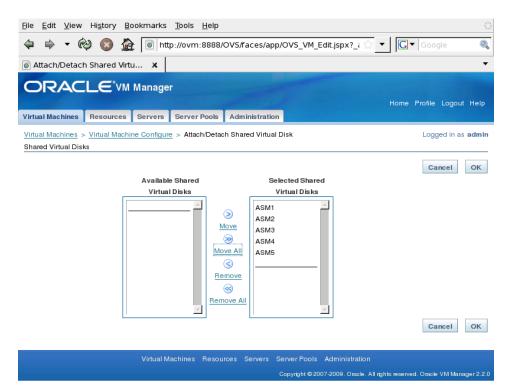
| e <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 📮 🔿 🔻 🤣 🚯 🝺 http://ovm:8888/OVS/faces/app/OVS_VM_Edit.jspx?_i 🖓 🔽 💽 Google 🛛 🍳  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Edit X  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |  |
| rtual Machines Resources Servers Server Pools Administration  |  |  |  |  |  |
| irtual Machines > Virtual Machine Configure Logged in as admin<br>irtual Machines : racnode1  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Network Storage Policies Profiles   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Available Slot Interface: Unlimited Available IDE Interface: Unlimited Available SCSI Interface: Unlimited Virtual Disks Boot Source/CDROM  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virtual Dieke   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virtual Disks Refresh   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Select and         Delete         Edit         I         Create New Virtual Disk         Attach/Detach Shared Virtual Disk  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refresh   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refresh         Select and       Delete       Edit       I       Create New Virtual Disk       Attach/Detach Shared Virtual Disk       Status         Size Front-end       Hard Disk       QoS       Priority       Disk       Disk   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refresh         Select and Delete       Edit       I       Create New Virtual Disk       Attach/Detach Shared Virtual Disk       Status         Select Virtual Disk Name       Size       Front-end<br>(MB)       Hard Disk<br>Driver       OoS       Priority<br>Enabled       Disk<br>Class       Disk<br>Attachment       Disk<br>Status   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refresh         Select and Delete       Edit       Create New Virtual Disk       Attach/Detach Shared Virtual Disk       Status         Select       Virtual Disk Name       Size       Front-end<br>(MB)       Hard Disk<br>Driver       Oos       Priority<br>Enabled       Disk<br>Class       Disk<br>Shared       Disk<br>Attachment       Disk<br>Status         System       6,252       xvda       Aulo       N       N/A       Non-Sharabie       Attached |  |  |  |  |  |

The OneCommand for Oracle VM build engine, Oracle RAC or ASM do not require that disks have identical names or ordering on all nodes, however, it might be easier for humans to deal with identical names and ordering. Therefore it is recommended to add disks in same order with same disk names to all VMs, e.g.; ASM1, ASM2, ASM3, ASM4, ASM5.

Move at least 5 shared disks to the guest VM by clicking the appropriate Move buttons
 Ele Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help



Click the **OK** button



 Notice disk names: xvdc, xvdd, xvde, xvdf, xvdg. The automated Oracle RAC install process inside the templates depends on these exact device names. It is possible to use any disk names, see <u>Appendix C: Using More Disks</u>.

| ile <u>E</u> c | lit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks | <u>T</u> ools | s <u>H</u> elp |                 |              |                |                |                 |                   |
|----------------|---|---------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|                | > • 🕺 🔕 🏠 💿 h                                       | ttp://ov      | m:8888/C       | )VS/faces/ap    | p/OVS_VI     | M_Edit.jsp     | x?_i☆ ▼        | <b>G</b> ▼ Goog | lle               |
| Edit           | ×   | 0             |                |                 |              |                |                | 20              |                   |
|                |   |               |                |                 |              | and the second |                |                 |                   |
|                |   | er            |                |                 |              |                | 11             | ne Profile Lo   |                   |
| tual N         | lachines Resources Servers                          | Serv          | er Pools       | Administratio   | n            |                | ноп            |                 | igout neip        |
|                | 1achines > Virtual Machine Configu                  |               |                |                 |              |                |                | Loggod          | in as <b>admi</b> |
|                | fachines : racnode1                                 | lic           |                |                 |              |                |                | Logged          | in as aunn        |
|                |   |               |                |                 |              |                |                |                 |                   |
| Gene           | ral <u>Network</u> Storage <u>Poli</u>              | <u>cies</u>   | Profiles       |                 |              |                |                |                 |                   |
|                | Available Slot Ir                                   | iterface:     | Unlimited      | I Available IDI | E Interface: | Unlimite       | d Available SC | CSI Interface:  | Unlimited         |
|                | Disks Boot Source/CDROM                             |               |                |                 |              |                |                |                 |                   |
| Virtual        | Disks   |               |                |                 |              |                |                | _               |                   |
|                |   |               |                |                 |              |                |                |                 | Refresh           |
| Selec          | tand Delete Edit   Create                           | New Vir       | tual Disk      | Attach/Deta     | ch Shared    | Virtual Dis    | k              |                 |                   |
|                |   |               |                |                 |              |                |                | Statu           | ıs                |
|                |   |               | Front-end      |                 |              | Priority       |                | Disk            | Disk              |
| _              | Virtual Disk Name                                   | <u> </u>      | Device         | Driver          | Enabled      | Class          | Shared         | Attachment      | Status            |
| •              | System  | 6,252         |                | Auto            | N            | N/A            | Non-Sharable   |                 |                   |
| 0              | Oracle11gR2RAC_x86_RAC-xvdb                         | 16,385        | xvdb           | Auto            | N            | N/A            | Non-Sharable   | Attached        |                   |
| 0              | ASM1  | 2,048         | xvdc           | Auto            | N            | N/A            | Sharable       | Attached        | Active            |
| 0              | ASM2  | 2,048         | xvdd           | Auto            | N            | N/A            | Sharable       | Attached        | Active            |
| 0              | ASM3  | 2,048         | xvde           | Auto            | N            | N/A            | Sharable       | Attached        | Active            |
| 0              | ASM4  | 2,048         | xvdf           | Auto            | N            | N/A            | Sharable       | Attached        | Active            |
| 0              | ASM5  | 2,048         | xvdg           | Auto            | N            | N/A            | Sharable       | Attached        | Active            |

• Repeat the attach steps for the second virtual machine in the cluster

#### 6.1) When complete, inspect the VM's vm.cfg configuration files – Physical disks

These can be found on the Oracle VM Server in /OVS/running\_pool/\*racnode1/vm.cfg and /OVS/running\_pool/\*racnode2/vm.cfg. You should see the 5 shared disks which will be presented to the guests as /dev/xvdc /dev/xvdd /dev/xvde /dev/xvdf /dev/xvdg. They can be in any order on both nodes as described in the previous section. You should also be able to spot the 2 NICs, xenbr0 and xenbr1. This is a **sample** vm.cfg file:

```
bootloader = '/usr/bin/pygrub'
disk = ['file:/OVS/running_pool/3_racnodel/System.img,xvda,w',
'file:/OVS/running_pool/3_racnode1/Oracle12102RAC_x86_64-xvdb.img,xvdb,w',
'phy:/dev/racdevc1,xvdc,w!',
'phy:/dev/racdevd2,xvdd,w!',
'phy:/dev/racdeve2,xvde,w!',
'phy:/dev/racdevf4,xvdf,w!',
'phy:/dev/racdevg1,xvdg,w!',
1
memory = '2048'
name = '3 racnode1'
on crash = 'restart'
on reboot = 'restart'
uuid = 'd98efba4-7445-8459-9326-adae28249200'
vcpus = 2
vfb = ['type=vnc,vncunused=1,vnclisten=0.0.0.0,vncpasswd=oracle']
vif = ['bridge=xenbr0,mac=00:16:3E:5C:AE:24,type=netfront',
'bridge=xenbr1,mac=00:16:3E:24:D3:34,type=netfront',
vif_other_config = []
```

If anything needs to change, use Oracle VM Manager to do so. Editing the file manually may put the repository out of sync.

#### 6.2) Inspect the VM's vm.cfg configuration files (Optional) – Virtual disks

These can be found on the Oracle VM Server in /OVS/running\_pool/\*racnode1/vm.cfg and /OVS/running\_pool/\*racnode2/vm.cfg. You should see the 5 shared disks which will be presented to the guests as /dev/xvdc /dev/xvdd /dev/xvde /dev/xvdf /dev/xvdg. They can be in any order on both nodes as described in the previous section. You should also be able to spot the 2 NICs, xenbr0 and xenbr1. This is a **sample** vm.cfg file:

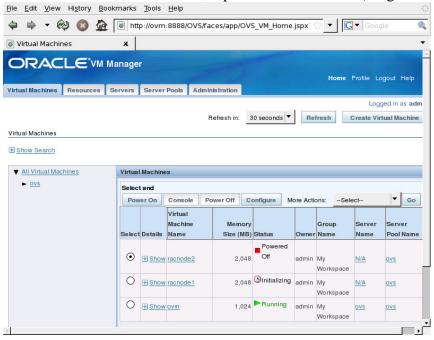
```
bootloader = '/usr/bin/pygrub'
disk = ['file:/OVS/running_pool/3_racnodel/System.img,xvda,w',
'file:/OVS/running_pool/3_racnode1/Oracle12102RAC_x86_64-xvdb.img,xvdb,w',
'file:/OVS/sharedDisk/ASM1.img,xvdc,w!',
'file:/OVS/sharedDisk/ASM2.img,xvdd,w!',
'file:/OVS/sharedDisk/ASM3.img,xvde,w!',
'file:/OVS/sharedDisk/ASM4.img,xvdf,w!',
'file:/OVS/sharedDisk/ASM5.img,xvdg,w!',
]
memory = '2048'
name = '3 racnode1'
on crash = 'restart'
on reboot = 'restart'
uuid = 'd98efba4-7445-8459-9326-adae28249200'
vcpus = 2
vfb = ['type=vnc,vncunused=1,vnclisten=0.0.0.0,vncpasswd=oracle']
vif = ['bridge=xenbr0,mac=00:16:3E:5C:AE:24,type=netfront',
```

'bridge=xenbr1,mac=00:16:3E:24:D3:34,type=netfront',
]
vif\_other\_config = []

If anything needs to change, use Oracle VM Manager to do so. Editing the file manually may put the repository out of sync

#### 7) Power ON both virtual machines

- Select the Virtual Machines tab
- Select the radio button for the first node
- Click the Power On button, repeat for second node (Single Instance just start the single VM)



• If the VNC plugin has been configured for Oracle VM manager you can connect to the console by selecting the radio button next to the node and clicking the **Console** button. Open both consoles.

|  | ,                       |  |  |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Virtual Machines                             | ×                       |  |  |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
| DRACLE                                       | M Manage                | r                                      |  |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
|  | in manage               |  |  |  |                             |                         | Home  | Profile L      | odout H        | elni        |
| tual Machines Resource:                      | s Servers               | Server                                 | Pools Ad   | ministration                             |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
|  |                         |  |  |  |                             |                         |   | Log            | ged in as      | ad          |
|  |                         |  |  | Refresh in: 3                            | 0 seconds                   |                         | efresh  | Create V       |                |             |
|  |                         |  |  |  | 0.00001103                  |                         |   | STOULD V       | . cour mat     |             |
| tual Machines                                |                         |  |  |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
|  |                         |  |  |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
| Show Search                                  |                         |  |  |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
|  |                         |  |  |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
| All Virtual Machines                         | Virtua                  | l Machine                              | 25   |  |                             |                         |   |                |                |             |
|  | Virtua                  |  | 25   |  |                             |                         |   |                | ŀ              |             |
| All Virtual Machines                         | Selec                   |  | Console  | Power Off Co                             | onfigure                    | vlore Ac                | tions:Se  | elect          | <b>•</b>       | Go          |
| Show Search<br>All Virtual Machines<br>▶ ovs | Selec                   | tand<br>ver On                         | Console  | Memory Size                              | e                           |                         | Group   | elect          | ▼<br>Server    |             |
| All Virtual Machines                         | Select<br>Pow           | tand<br>ver On                         | Console  | Memory Size                              | e<br>) Status               | Owner                   | Group<br>Name                                       |                |                |             |
| All Virtual Machines                         | Selec                   | t and<br>ver On<br>t Details           | Console  | Memory Size                              | e                           | Owner                   | Group<br>Name<br>My                                 | Server         | Server         |             |
| All Virtual Machines                         | Select<br>Pow           | t and<br>ver On<br>t Details<br>+ Show | Console<br>Virtual<br>Machine Na<br>racnode2             | me Memory Size<br>(MB<br>2,04            | e<br>) Status<br>3 PRunning | Owner                   | Group<br>Name<br>My<br>Workspace                    | Server<br>Name | Server<br>Name |             |
| All Virtual Machines                         | Select<br>Pow<br>Select | t and<br>ver On<br>t Details<br>+ Show | Console<br>Virtual<br>Machine Na                         | me Memory Size<br>(MB<br>2,04            | e<br>) Status               | Owner                   | Group<br>Name<br>My<br>Workspace                    | Server<br>Name | Server<br>Name | Go<br>· Poc |
| All Virtual Machines                         | Select<br>Pow<br>Select | t and<br>ver On<br>t Details<br>+ Show | Console<br>Virtual<br>Machine Na<br>racnode2<br>racnode1 | Memory Siz           (MB           2,041 | e<br>) Status<br>3 PRunning | Owner<br>admin<br>admin | Group<br>Name<br>My<br>Workspace<br>My<br>Workspace | Server<br>Name | Server<br>Name |             |

Alternatively, use vncviewer from any PC; First get the ports from Dom0: Dom0 **# xm list** Name ID VCPUs Time(s) Mem State 3 racnodel 1 2048 2 -b----72.4 2 r----4 racnode2 2048 2 68.1 Dom0 # xm list -l <VM-full name or ID> | grep location

Use the port that appears on line as "location 0.0.0.0:**5901**" e.g.: **\$ vncviewer <ovm\_server\_host>:5901** (substitute your OVM Server node name)

A third alternative, for advanced users is described in Error! Reference source not found.

#### 8) Complete the First Boot interview:

First Boot is the time when a newly instantiated Guest VM is started for the first time. At this point in time the guest machines are identical – they have no personality e.g. no hostname, no IP address etc. First boot adds this personality.

The **deploycluster** tool available on OTN for Oracle VM 3 environments can easily send the complete network and build information to the VMs to quickly deploy a fully functional Single Instance or RAC environment. Oracle VM 2 users may use the traditional 2-node interview shown below, simply type **yes** at the only required key/question during first boot console interview:

'com.oracle.racovm.netconfig.interview-on-console' 'Do you want to access the 2-node RAC interview on console ? [YES|NO]

#### Preparing for a Single Instance build

Oracle VM 2 users deploying Single Instance, should type **OUT** (at the above question) and setup a simple file called **netconfig.ini** based on the sample/provided netconfig-sample-si.ini to include only Public Name/IP of one VM, Public Adapter/Mask and optionally DNSIP, DOMAINNAME and PUBGW (Public Gateway). Set either CLONE\_SINGLEINSTANCE=yes (for Single Instance) or CLONE\_SINGLEINSTANCE\_HA=yes (for Oracle Restart, aka SIHA), if both are omitted then a RAC deplyoment is assumed. Once that file is ready, simply type:

```
# /u01/racovm/netconfig.sh -n1
```

Then skip to next section for running **buildsingle.sh.** 

#### Preparing for an Oracle RAC build

The following is displayed on the console of both guests. You must identify which node is going to be the master; the interactive interview will run on that node.

Figure 1

#### On Node1 Enter: YES (On Node2 Enter: NO)

The configuration utility then waits until the **NO** response has been given on the second node.

#### Node1

```
== Oracle DB/RAC [Version] OneCommand for Oracle VM - template configuration (x86_64) ==
NODE SELECTION
=========
Is this the first node in the cluster (YES/NO): [YES]
IMPORTANT
=========
Please answer this question on the other node in the cluster
WAITING
......
```

Figure 2

Go to the Node2 console screen

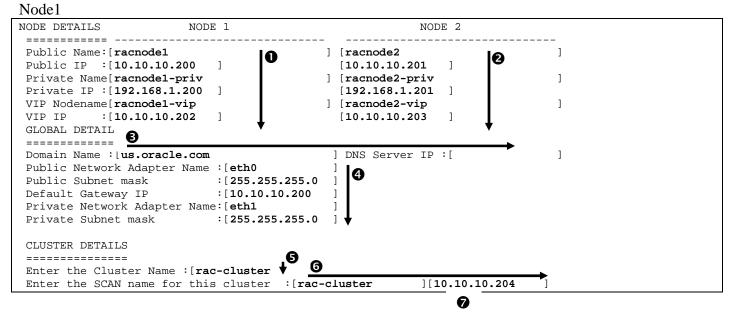
#### Node2

Figure 3

#### Enter: NO

You may enter the responses in any order. This is all the interaction required on the second node. All subsequent configuration steps now take place on the first node.

After completing the node identification steps you must now provide information for first boot to complete. A simple data entry screen is displayed on Node1:



| DO YOU WANT TO CONFIGURE THIS CLUSTER YES/NO : >YES < |
|---|

Figure 4

Enter the relevant values, basic user input validation is performed, if you make a mistake – at the reenter prompt enter 'NO' to cycle through the interview process.

- Step 1 & 2: Node1&2 details, use your own machines names / IP addresses Basic IP address and name validation is performed. Node names cannot contain dots (use domain name for that). All Public and VIP IPs must be on same subnet; similarly the Private IPs should be on the same subnet, no duplicate IPs or node names allowed.
- Step 3: Optionally enter Domain name and DNS Server IP. If no domain name is entered: "localdomain" is used. DNS Server IP is optional. If a DNS Server is specified you must configure the Grid Infrastructure SCAN name/IP Addresses within the DNS Server
- Step 4: NIC & general network details, use your own network detailsAdapter names must exist and be different from one another, typically they will be eth0 and eth1.Network masks must be in dot notation format, e.g. 255.255.252.0
- Step 5: Unique Clustername 1 to 15 alphanumeric or hyphens no spaces
- Step 6: The SCAN Name. If a DNS Server IP address was NOT entered previously then an IP Address for the SCAN will be requested this should be in the same subnet as the public/VIP network
- Step 7: Opportunity to reenter the configuration data and a final chance to exit without saving

When you select YES at the final confirmation prompt you will see this on both VMs as the network fully configures itself as per interview:

Node1 and Node2

|   | Node1 and Node2                                     |   |    |   |  |  |
|---|---|---|----|---|--|--|
| I | Generating Network Configuration files              |   |    |   |  |  |
|   | Modifying /etc/hosts                                |   |    |   |  |  |
|   | Modifying /etc/resolv.conf                          |   |    |   |  |  |
|   | Modifying /etc/sysconfig/network                    |   |    |   |  |  |
|   | Modifying /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth0 |   |    |   |  |  |
|   | Modifying /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth1 |   |    |   |  |  |
|   | Shutting down interface eth0:                       | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Shutting down interface eth1:                       | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Shutting down loopback interface:                   | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Bringing up loopback interface:                     | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Bringing up interface eth0:                         | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Bringing up interface eth1:                         | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Shutting down kernel logger:                        | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Shutting down system logger:                        | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Starting system logger:                             | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Starting kernel logger:                             | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Shutting down Avahi daemon:                         | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Starting Avahi daemon                               | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Starting nscd:                                      | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Reloading nscd:                                     | [ | OK | ] |  |  |
|   | Template configuration disabled.                    |   |    |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |    |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |    |   |  |  |

```
INFO (node:racnodel): Network configuration completed...
Oracle Linux Server release 5.6
Kernel 2.6.18-238.0.0.0.1.el5xen on an x86_64
racnodel login: root
Password:
Figure 5
```

If for some reason you entered incorrect data (no network between the two nodes) you may redo just this interview phase by logging in as root to both machines and invoking: /u01/racovm/netconfig.sh. Do not run this after the installation of RAC software is complete.

#### Install Single Instance or Grid Infrastructure with Oracle RAC

You have now completed the node preparation phase and the nodes are ready to configure the software.

#### **Standard Single Instance Build:**

If you followed the above Single Instance instructions there should be either CLONE\_SINGLEINSTANCE=yes (for Single Instance) or CLONE\_SINGLEINSTANCE\_HA=yes (for Oracle Restart, aka SIHA) in the netconfig.ini file. By default, a standard Single Instance install will create a Single Instance database called 'ORCL' (sid ORCL) all database passwords will be 'oracle'. To proceed with the default build (for custom build see APPENDIX A: Build Options), login as root (default root password is ovsroot), and run the commands:

[root@single ~]# cd /u01/racovm
[root@single racovm]# ./buildsingle.sh
Are you sure you want to install Single Instance?
Do not run if software is already installed and/or running.. [yes|no]? yes

If you answer anything other than "yes" the installation will not continue.

#### **Standard RAC Build:**

By default, a standard RAC install will create an Oracle RAC database called 'ORCL' (sid ORCL1 & ORCL2) all database passwords will be 'oracle'. To proceed with the default build (for custom build see APPENDIX A: Build Options), on node1 only, login as root (default root password is ovsroot), and run the commands:

```
[root@racnodel ~]# cd /u01/racovm
[root@racnodel racovm]# ./buildcluster.sh
Are you sure you want to install Oracle RAC?
Do not run if software is already installed and/or running.. [yes|no]? yes
```

If you answer anything other than "yes" the installation will not continue. <u>You do not need to run anything</u> on the second node.

#### Monitoring the Build:

There is an install log in the current directory named: buildcluster1.log or buildsingle1.log (each run will get the lowest free numbered file). By default the progress log is located at /tmp/progress-racovm.out.

Typically the full install will take ~30-45 minutes (~7-20min for Single Instance) although this is dependent on the hardware used to host the VMs and the build options. You can watch the progress of the install by viewing progress logfile on node1:

| [root@racnodel racovm]# cat /tmp/progress-racovm.out   |
|--|
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[buildcluster:Start:racnodel] Create 11gR2 RAC Cluster                           |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[setsshroot:Start:racnodel] SSH Setup for the root user                          |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[setsshroot:Done :racnodel] SSH Setup for the root user completed successfully   |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[setsshroot:Time :racnodel] Completed successfully in 0 seconds (0h:00m:00s)     |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[copykit:Start:racnodel] Copy kit files to remote nodes                          |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[copykit:Done :racnodel] Copy kit files to remote nodes                          |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[copykit:Time :racnodel] Completed successfully in 0 seconds (0h:00m:00s)        |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:52:[usrsgrpslocal:Start:racnode1] Verify Oracle users & groups (create/modify mode) |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:53:[usrsgrpslocal:Done :racnode1] Verify Oracle users & groups (create/modify mode) |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:53:[usrsgrpslocal:Time :racnode1] Completed successfully in 1 seconds (0h:00m:01s)  |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:54:[usrsgrps:Time :racnodel] Completed successfully in 2 seconds (0h:00m:02s)       |
| 2010-06-17 14:12:54:[printparams:Time :racnode1] Completed successfully in 0 seconds (0h:00m:00s)    |

The install log printed to the screen will have all commands executed in verbose mode, so you can see as the various tools, like clone.pl, netca, dbca, emca are executed along with their output.

Default Installation Specifications: SID: ORCL1 & ORCL2 DB name: ORCL Grid Infrastructure Home: /u01/app/VERSION/grid VERSION = { 11.2.0 | 12.1.0 | 12.2.0, etc, } Oracle RAC Home: /u01/app/oracle/product/ VERSION/dbhome\_1 ORACLE\_BASE: /u01/app/oracle Central Inventory: /u01/app/oraInventory Root OS Password: ovsroot

## **APPENDIX A: Build Options**

Before invoking /u01/racovm/buildcluster.sh (or buildsingle.sh for Single Instance) you may edit /u01/racovm/params.ini to modify some build options (bottom part of the file). The top part of params.ini should be modified by advanced users or if instructed to by Oracle Support. If using deploycluster tool (OVM3 only), a custom params.ini may be passed using the -P flag, it will be sent to all VMs and the buildcluster (or buildsingle) will then use that instead of the shipped params.ini inside the VM. Small samples of the options that may be modified taken directly from params.ini:

```
#
# Build Database? The BUILD_RAC_DATABASE will build a RAC database and
# BUILD_SI_DATABASE a single instance database (also in a RAC environment)
# Default: yes
BUILD_RAC_DATABASE=yes
# The Database Name
# Default: ORCL
DBNAME=ORCL
#
# The Instance name, may be different than database name. Limited in length of
```

# 1 to 8 for a RAC DB & 1 to 12 for Single Instance DB of alphanumeric characters. # Ignored for Policy Managed DB. # Default: ORCL **SIDNAME**=ORCL # Configures a Single Instance environment, including a database as # specified in BUILD\_SI\_DATABASE. In this mode, no Clusterware or ASM will be # configured, hence all related parameters (e.g. ALLDISKS) are not relevant. # The database must reside on a filesystem. # This parameter may be placed in netconfig.ini for simpler deployment. # Default: no **#CLONE SINGLEINSTANCE**=no # Configures a Single Instance/HA environment, aka Oracle Restart, including # a database as specified in BUILD\_SI\_DATABASE. The database may reside in # ASM (if RACASMGROUPNAME is defined), or on a filesystem. # This parameter may be placed in netconfig.ini for simpler deployment. # Default: no **#CLONE SINGLEINSTANCE HA**=no # Local Listener port number (default 1521) # Default: 1521 LISTENERPORT=1521 # Allows color coding of log messages, errors (red), warning (yellow), # info (green). By default no colors are used. # Default: NO CLONE\_LOGWITH\_COLORS=no

If you do not wish to store the passwords for the root or Oracle user in the configuration file, remove or comment them, and they will be prompted for at the start of the build.

# **APPENDIX B: Using More (or less) Disks**

Advanced users may want to use differently named, less than or more than 5 disks for database/ASM.

**NOTE:** Templates released in 2014 and after support ASMLib disk names in the ALLDISKS and all other disk variables (see params.ini), ALLDISKS\_ASMLIB retained for backwards compatibility.

#### **Before the Build:**

There is an option to use differently named or more than 5 disks before the build. If you attached more than 5 shared devices to the VMs, before you run **buildcluster.sh** or **buildsingle.sh**, edit /**u01/racovm/params.ini** and modify **ALLDISKS** to contain the list of all devices or partitions that should be used by the database/ASM. The **params.ini** file describes the rules for setting this parameter. Remember that whatever disks/partitions are specified should be discoverable by **RACASMDISKSTRING** in the **params.ini** file who's default is "/dev/xvd[c-g]1". Do not set the discovery string to a too wide value, e.g. /dev/\*, since the udev rule is written based on this string, and so might affect devices you did not intend on affecting, like the OS boot device!

As an example – if you add a  $6^{th}$  device: /dev/xvdh.

ALLDISKS="/dev/xvdc /dev/xvdd /dev/xvde /dev/xvdf /dev/xvdg /dev/xvdh"

The **RACASMDISKSTRING** should be:

**RACASMDISKSTRING**="/dev/xvd[c-h]1" (Discovers xvdc1, xvdd1, through xvdh1)

WRONG: RACASMDISKSTRING="/dev/xvd?1" (Since it also discovers xvda1, xvdd1 which are the /u01 and /boot mount points by default)

The discovery string may have multiple entries separated by space.

By default, the build procedure will automatically partition all the disks with 1 partition each. An already partitioned disk, e.g. /dev/xvdc3 will be used as-is. It will also write a new UDEV rule, default rule file is: /etc/udev/rules.d/99-oracle.rules.

**NOTE:** If you want to use less than the default and recommended 5 disks (for example 3), set ASM\_MIN\_DISKS=3 in params.ini.

## After the build:

After the build, simply add more disks to the VMs, partition them correctly and add them to ASM as you normally would. If you follow this route remember to modify the UDEV rules file on all nodes to give the new disk the correct permissions. Default rules file is: /etc/udev/rules.d/99-oracle.rules.

## **APPENDIX C: Frequently Asked Questions / Troubleshooting**

#### 1) Why is the 2-node interview unavailable due to disk or NIC mis-configuration?

During the 2-node console based interview:

You see this error:

ERROR – SHARED DISKS INCORRECTLY CONFIGURED For the Oracle RAC OneCommand on Oracle VM install to work, a minimum of 5 shared disks must be configured with the following names: /dev/xvdc /dev/xvdd /dev/xvdg.

Power OFF the VM & configure shared disks correctly using Oracle VM Manager, OVM CLI, or manually editing the vm.cfg configuration file. NOTE: It is also possible to edit params.ini and reduce the setting of ASM\_MIN\_DISKS

Refer to included PDF file for more details.

This means that the shared disks were not attached correctly to that VM. Make sure the vm.cfg has the shared disks listed on both VMs and the shared disks are presented to the VMs as /dev/xvdc,d,e,f,g. The automated install relies on these exact names in order to work correctly.

Or this error:

ERROR - NETWORK CARDS INCORRECTLY CONFIGURED For the Oracle RAC OneCommand on Oracle VM install to work, a minimum of 2 NICS must be configured as eth0 & eth1 (xenbr0 & xenbr1). This should appear in the vm.cfg config file

You may add the NICs dynamically now via Oracle VM Manager, OVM CLI, or Power OFF the VM and manually edit the vm.cfg configuration file.

Refer to included PDF file for more details.

Press ANY key to recheck (Last check: <date>)

This means that the network cards were incorrectly configured. The VM requires two NICs, named eth0 connected to xenbr0 and eth1 connected to xebbr1. You may hotplug a NIC and hit enter to recheck, or you may power off and add the NICs.

#### 2) Is it possible to clean the environment and start all over (with different settings)?

YES! If you experiment with the build process by editing /u01/racovm/params.ini and incorrectly entered data causes the build to fail or you stop the build before it finishes, you may clean the environment in preparation for another build. Since this operation also clears **the shared disks** (if

executed on first (Hub) node) extreme caution should be taken when running clean. If cleanup only on local node is needed, exchange "clean" with "cleanlocal":

#### #/u01/racovm/racovm.sh -S clean

Note that by default, as a safeguard to prevent accidental removal of the environment, the above command will **fail** if there are any running processes on a VM. To bypass that, change CLONE\_CLEAN\_CONFIRM\_WHEN\_RUNNING to **no** in params.ini, then issue "./racovm.sh -S copykit", (will copy kit files+params.ini to all nodes) now you can clean all VMs despite running processes. So a typical cleanup on a clustered system may look like this:

#### # /u01/racovm/racovm.sh -S setsshroot,copykit,clean

To further cleanup the OS from any network/hostname, **see FAQ#6 in the** <u>Deploycluster</u> <u>documentation</u>, which involves running, in summary:

```
    /u01/racovm/racovm.sh -S setsshroot,copykit,clean
    ovmd -s cleanup (on all VMs)

            OL5/6: service dbracovm-template.init enable-all (on all VMs)
            OL7: /usr/bin/dbracovm-template.init enable-all (on all VMs)

    Poweroff all VMs
    Dun deployation pu be modeploy & configure the VM(c)
```

 $\circ\,$  Run deploycluster.py to redeploy & configure the VM(s)

#### 3) Why is an error returned when a remove node operation is attempted?

Similar safeguards are built for other operations. For example, this removenodes request:

#### #./racovm.sh -S removenodes –N racnode2

Will fail if processes are still running on the node(s) to be removed with the following messages:

WARNING (node:racnode2): Above Oracle processes are currently running!!!!

ERROR (node:racnode1): It is not possible to remove nodes from the cluster with existing software running on them, shutdown the above processes and re-run 'removenodes'. If you are absolutely certain it is safe to clean the nodes before removing them from this cluster, set CLONE\_CLEAN\_ON\_REMNODES=yes and re-run the 'removenodes' operation.

Either shutdown these processes on racnode2, or change CLONE\_CLEAN\_ON\_REMNODES to yes in params.ini (or set in the environment of the shell), then re-issue the command.

#### 4) Why is an error returned when an attempt to stamp a disk using netconfig.sh -W?

If you try to stamp a disk with the network information, and the disk is busy or held by any process, an error similar to this one will be displayed:

#### [root@racnode1 racovm] # ./netconfig.sh -W

ERROR (node:racnodel): Device (/dev/xvdc) used to transfer network configuration to remote node(s) is incorrect or busy (blockdev) (see output below): BLKRRPART: Device or resource busy

This is a safeguard measure not to overwrite possible user data. The stamping of shared storage should be used only when there is no user data on the disks. To transfer the netconfig.ini to the new node, try one of these options:

- Copy/paste the netconfig.ini using console in text mode
- If there is an extra non-used disk shared by the added VMs and the current VM, you may stamp to that disk, simply add the '-c /dev/xvdx' assuming /dev/xvdx is that spare disk. Commands will be: ./netconfig.sh -c /dev/xvdx -W to write, and -R to read on the new node.

#### 5) Is it possible to control resolver order and the values in /etc/hosts file?

YES! If the hosts are registered in DNS, the /etc/hosts file may be skipped by setting resolver order in /etc/nsswitch.conf. Change this line "hosts: files dns" to "hosts: dns files" thus making DNS be the first option for resolving names, then if "nscd" (by default it may be installed but not turned ON in the Oracle DB/RAC OVM templates) is used issue:

#### # service nscd reload

In addition, it is possible to instruct netconfig.sh to **append** or completely **skip** writing into /etc/hosts, see netconfig.txt for details on NETCONFIG\_APPEND\_ETCHOSTS & NETCONFIG\_SKIP\_WRITING\_ETCHOSTS.

#### 6) Is it possible to relocate /tmp to a separate disk (or add an extra disk before deployment)?

YES! It is a best practice to relocate /tmp to a separate disk, so that an accidental fillup of /tmp doesn't also fillup the root (/) filesystem. This is not done in the templates to reduce footprint and allow easier /tmp setting at deployment time. It is extremely easy to do that using the *modifyjeos* tool (included in the *ovm-modify-jeos* rpm from <u>https://edelivery.oracle.com/linux</u>). When guest is shutdown issue:

#### # modifyjeos -f System.img -P tmp.img 5000 /tmp

Starting VM image reconfiguration...
Processing tmp.img product image...
Mounting VM image...
Mounting product image tmp.img...
Persisting mount point /tmp ...
Unmount VM image...
Successfully created JeOS image files...

The above command creates a 5GB tmp.img disk and will add the following line to /etc/fstab inside the guest, so that next time that guest boots it will use /tmp as a dedicated mount point on the newly created tmp.img disk.

LABEL=tmp /tmp ext3 defaults 1 2

#### 7) Is it possible to connect to a specific instance in RAC?

YES! Since 11.2 NETCA no longer writes individual instance's connect data. If for some reason you need to connect to a specific instance in RAC, use EZConnect as follows:

```
[oracle@racnodel ~]$ sqlplus system/oracle@racnodel:1521/ORCL/ORCL1
SQL*Plus: Release 11.2.0.3.0 Production on Thu Aug 26 01:34:35 2011
Copyright (c) 1982, 2011, Oracle. All rights reserved.
Connected to:
Oracle Database 11g Enterprise Edition Release 11.2.0.3.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, Real Application Clusters, Automatic Storage
```

Management, OLAP, Data Mining and Real Application Testing options

Note the node number followed by port, database and instance names.

#### 8) Is it possible to create/delete and operate on multiple Databases?

YES! By default, OneCommand (**racovm.sh**) operates on the database defined in DBNAME & SIDNAME in params.ini, if you want to create/operate on other databases, you may change DBNAME & SIDNAME in params.ini or comment them in the file, and specify on the command line, e.g.:

[root@racnode1 racovm] # DBNAME=MYORCL ./racovm.sh -sS createdb

The above command will create a new database called MYORCL (SIDNAME will default to MYORCL, e.g. MYORCL1, MYORCL2, etc.)

#### 9) Is it possible to create a Policy Managed Database?

By default the templates create an Aministrator Managed Database. Starting with the DB/RAC Template released in 2013, Policy Managed database automation is supported via DBCA\_DATABASE\_POLICY in params.ini.

For reference, it takes two commands to manually convert an Admin Managed to Policy Managed, as follows: [oracle@racnode1 bin]\$ /u01/app/11.2.0/grid/bin/srvctl config db -d orcl Database unique name: ORCL Database name: ORCL Oracle home: /u01/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/dbhome\_1 Oracle user: oracle <snip> Management policy: AUTOMATIC Server pools: ORCL Database instances: ORCL1,ORCL2 <snip> Type: RAC Database is administrator managed [oracle@racnode1 bin]\$ /u01/app/11.2.0/grid/bin/srvctl add srvpool -g prod01 -l 2 -u 2

[oracle@racnode1 bin]\$/u01/app/11.2.0/grid/bin/srvct1 add srvpool -g prod01 -1 2 -u 2 [oracle@racnode1 bin]\$/u01/app/11.2.0/grid/bin/srvct1 status srvpool Server pool name: Free Active servers count: 0 Server pool name: generic Active servers count: 2 Server pool name: prod01 Active servers count: 0 [oracle@racnode1 bin]\$/u01/app/11.2.0/grid/bin/srvct1 modify db -d orcl -g prod01 [oracle@racnode1 bin]\$/u01/app/11.2.0/grid/bin/srvct1 config db -d orcl -g prod01 [oracle@racnode1 bin]\$/u01/app/11.2.0/grid/bin/srvct1 config db -d orcl Database unique name: ORCL Database name: ORCL Oracle home: /u01/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/dbhome\_1 Oracle user: oracle <snip> Management policy: AUTOMATIC Server pools: prod01 Database instances: <snip> Type: RAC **Database is policy managed** 

#### 10) It it possible to "mix and match" the OS disk from one DB/RAC OVM template to another?

YES! For example, if we assume that:

Oracle 11.2.0.4.170418 was released with OS disk of Oracle Linux 6 Update 9 Oracle 12.1.0.2.170418 was released with OS disk of Oracle Linux 7 Update 3

If there is a need to have 11.2.0.4.170418 run with OL7U3 then in:

- Oracle VM 3: <u>Unzip</u> and <u>untar</u> then import each disk <u>individually</u> then create a VM from the imported disks. If this change is needed after the software is installed, then follow a 'removenodes' followed by 'addnodes' procedure to add the new node(s) with the modified OS version. It is not recommended to run with mixed OS versions on a cluster for prolonged periods of time; ensure that all cluster nodes are upgraded to the same OS level as described in My Oracle Support <u>Note# 220970.1</u>.
- Oracle VM2: Extract only the OS disk ("System.img") from the 12.1.0.2.170418 released template (the OS disk is inside the smaller zip file) and unzip it into the same folder as the Oracle disk of the 11.2.0.4.170418 release.

# 11) Can oneoff patches be added or removed before and/or after the template is fully built?

YES! Patches can be added or removed at any time as follows:

After the cluster is fully built: As any patch is applied or rolled back; follow the README supplied with the oneoff patch, e.g. shutdown any databases, services, etc. apply or rollback the patch using **opatch** and restart services, etc.

After the template's first boot, but before the cluster is built: The templates are delivered as 'software-only' installs, without any central inventory or configuration. In order to apply or rollback patches in this configuration follow these steps, only one node is needed:

- Make sure network is fully configured on a single node (to be patched) using the Deploycluster tool or by one of these manual methods. At the boot prompt 'Is this the first node in the cluster' type OUT, then edit /u01/racovm/netconfig.ini and run /u01/racovm/netconfig.sh –n1 as needed to configure the network (described in prior sections of this document). Alternatively, setup 2 VMs using normal screen interview and only use one of the VMs.
- Attach both the Grid home (skip this step for Single Instance) and the RAC home to the central inventory by running:

[root@racnode1 racovm] #/u01/racovm/racovm.sh -sS giattachlocal,racattachlocal

• Switch to the oracle user and apply or rollback the patches as they normally would be using **opatch**. Follow the README supplied with the oneoff patch skipping any instructions to shutdown databases or services, since none are yet defined.

• Once all the patches are applied or rolled back correctly, clean up the Oracle disk using:

[root@racnode1 racovm] # /u01/racovm/racovm.sh -sS cleanlocal

Shutdown the VM, and use only the Oracle disk, the OS disk was modified (network configured, etc.) and can therefor be discarded. Combine the Oracle disk with an unmodified OS disk, and that becomes the new template 'golden image', which is used to create as many VMs as needed.

Tip: To apply multiple fixes using opatch use the 'napply' option, to rollback multiple fixes use the 'nrollback' option.

**To remove ALL patches**: If for some reason you would like to remove ALL oneoff patches and revert back to base release of the template. Then apply your own selection of patches on top of the base release, run these commands which will remove ALL patches from the given Oracle Home (For example, will revert an 11.2.0.4.4 to 11.2.0.4.0). This is of course not recommended; unless you will apply newer patches that better fit your needs keeping in mind security, performance and other aspects.

```
$ opatch lsinventory > invlist
$ # Following will create a long comma separated list
$ patches="$(grep -P 'Patch\s+\d+' invlist |awk '{ printf $2"," }')"
$ patches="${patches%,*}" # Remove last comma
$ # remove the -local flag to remove the patches from ALL nodes
$ # add -silent to skip confirmation prompts
$ opatch nrollback -id $patches -local
```

If running this on a configured Grid Home, before this block of commands run the following as **root** user to unlock the home and allow the Oracle user to write there:

# <Grid\_HOME>/crs/install/rootcrs.pl –unlock

After the block of commands run the following to activate the stack, as the **root** user:

# <Grid\_HOME>/crs/install/rootcrs.pl -patch

## 12) Is it possible to change the user passwords on all nodes?

As long as passwordless-ssh is configured one can use **doall.sh** to run commands on all nodes, e.g:

# # /u01/racovm/doall.sh "echo 'hArDpasSWd' | passwd --stdin root" # history -c; clear

Will change root password on all nodes; run history command clears the command from history buffer. Note, above command will display the password for a brief time in "ps" output. You can run this command from any other user account; or as root to other users by changing 'root' to the desired user. If passwordless-ssh is not configured you may add "-sp" as first argument to **doall.sh** this will attempt to setup passwordless-ssh with the password stored in params.ini or if missing, will prompt for a password.

If that does not work, you can always ssh to each node, and run *passwd* to change the password manually.

#### 13) Do the templates support RAC One Node deployment?

YES! Simply follow the steps in Note# 1232802.1 on My Oracle Support paying attention to the troubleshooting section at the bottom of the article. Assuming a two node cluster with a database instance running on racnode1; following these commands will create a service ("SERV") and convert that database to be of RAC One Node type:

[oracle@ racnode1 bin]\$ srvctl add service -d ORCL -s SERV -r ORCL1 [oracle@ racnode1 bin]\$ srvctl convert database -d ORCL -c RACONENODE -i ORCL [oracle@ racnode1 bin]\$ srvctl config database -d ORCL Database unique name: ORCL Database name: ORCL Oracle home: /u01/app/oracle/product/11.2.0/dbhome\_1 Oracle user: oracle <snip> Services: SERV Type: RACOneNode Online relocation timeout: 30 Instance name prefix: ORCL Candidate servers: racnode1 Database is administrator managed

Status of instances:

[oracle@ racnode1 bin]\$ **srvctl status database -d orcl** Instance ORCL1 is running on node racnode1 Online relocation: INACTIVE

To manually initiate instance relocation:

[oracle@ racnode1 bin]\$ srvctl relocate database -d orcl -n racnode2

See Note# 1232802.1 and official documentation for additional details.

#### 14) Is it possible to automatically reduce the OS footprint?

YES! The DB/RAC OVM Templates released in 2013 include a utility called **OSRevert** which can easily help transition the OS from one saved rpm Target to another.

```
# DESCRIPTION:
# OSRevert allows Saving (-S flag) a certain set of RPMs (Target)
# so that at a future point in time, the system could be
# Reverted (-R flag) to that target.
# By default the Revert operation only removes RPMs that are present
# in the running system and not in the Target. However, if yum
# repository access is configured properly, then automated
# addition (-a flag) of RPMs can also be performed.
```

It it possible to include NETCONFIG\_OSREVERT\_TARGET=db-minimum, in netconfig.ini so that during network setup, before a buildcluster or buildsingle is initiated, the OS will revert to the 'db-minimum' saved target, thus making the OS footprint smaller and more secure. This operation requires no network access since rpms are being removed. At at later time, if network access is configured, it is possible to revert the OS back to the 'basic' saved target, using the following command:

## #/usr/bin/OSRevert.sh -T basic -R -a

Templates released in 2014 and beyong also include an OS Revert Target called 'os-minimum' which is bare-minimum OS. Reverting to it will not allow installing and running the Database or Clusterware software. Use 'db-minimum' or above to run the Database or Clusterware.

## 15) Are the DB/RAC Templates available as Standard Edition (SE)?

**12cR2 and higher**: The same template is used to deploy EE or SE, see CLONE\_DATABASE\_EDITION in params.ini all based on software license held.

**11g/12cR1:** In October 2015 a DB/RAC Template with Oracle Database 12.1.0.2.5 Standard Edition 2 (SE2) was released in addition to a separate 12.1.0.2.5 Enterprise Edition (EE) template.

In releases prior to 12cR2, regardless of the DB/RAC Templates, transitioning from one edition to another (SE to EE or vice versa) requires a re-install. In releases 12cR2 and onwards, the same template can be converted to any edition at runtime (CLONE\_DATABASE\_EDITION).

## 16) What deployment modes do the DB/RAC Templates support?

There are 3 main deployment models:

- **Single Instance** (CLONE\_SINGLEINSTANCE=yes in netconfig.ini or params.ini)
- Single Instance/HA (Oracle Restart) (CLONE\_SINGLEINSTANCE\_HA=yes in netconfig.ini or params.ini)
   Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC)
- Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC)

The SIHA (Oracle Restart) & Oracle RAC allow for a **Clusterware Only** deployment, where by no Database is created, only the Clusterware is setup using the Grid Home and configured on the selected nodes. Simply set CLONE\_CLUSTERWARE\_ONLY=yes in params.ini, no database will be created and in fact the DB Home will not be used at all (see following question).

## 17) Which Oracle Home may be removed, based on deployment mode?

The DB/RAC Templates include both Grid Home (/u01/app/12.1.0/grid) and DB Home (/u01/app/oracle/product/12.1.0/dbhome\_1) [ In 11gR2 "12.1" changes to "11.2" in the path].

In **Single Instance** deployment (CLONE\_SINGLEINSTANCE=yes) it is allowed to completely remove the Grid Home, before or after deployment.

In **Clusterware Only** deployment (CLONE\_CLUSTERWARE\_ONLY=yes), it is allowed to completely remove the DB Home, before or after deployment since a database is not created.

The **RAC & Single Instance/HA** (in non-Clusterware only) deployments require both Oracle homes to exist.

#### 18) Is it possible to switch from one mode to another, e.g. from Single Instance to RAC or vice versa?

YES! The exact same templates are used for all modes of operation. To switch from one to another, simply follow the cleanup steps (FAQ#2), be sure to run the cleanup on the already configured mode, and only after the cleanup completed modify to the new mode. Also, make sure the pre-requisites for the new mode are met, e.g. RAC needs a second NIC, and shared storage, then re-run the buildcluster.sh or buildsingle.sh.

It is also possible to switch from one mode to another without a cleanup, by following the standard documentation on such conversions, for example, DBCA is able to convert a Single Instance database to RAC, assuming the environment is setup right.

#### 19) Is it possible to place the Database on a (shared) filesystem?

YES! For **Single Instance** deployment, the database **must** reside on a filesystem since ASM is not configured. For **Single Instance/HA** or **RAC** deployments when ASM is configured (by default), it is required to set DATABASE\_ON\_FS=YES in order to create the database on a filesystem. The filesystem location is specified in FS\_DATAFILE\_LOCATION. Oracle RAC 12c supports placement of the database inside an ACFS filesystem and the template automation supports that as well. To clean this location, during a 'clean' operation, set CLONE\_CLEAN\_FS\_LOCATIONS=yes in params.ini, otherwise the database files will be left around even after a clean operation (this is a designed safeguard to prevent accidental database removal).

#### 20) Is it required to configure ASM?

**12cR2 and higher**: ASM is required for the initial diskgroups (OCR/VOTE and GIMR), and may reside directly on block devices or on NAS (as files) – see ASM\_ON\_NAS in params.ini and FAQ#31.

**11g/12cR1**: Although it is **highly** recommended to configure ASM and place the database files inside it, it is not required. In the DB/RAC Template automation, if the RACASMGROUPNAME is set to empty string, ASM will not be configured. It is then required to place the OCR & Voting disks on a supported shared filesystem in the case of RAC deployment. Manually setup NFS or OCFS2 then set CLONE\_OCR\_DISKS & CLONE\_VOTING\_DISKS to 3 files each as well as

CLONE\_OCRVOTE\_IN\_ASM =no (see params.ini for details).

Note that **Single Instance/HA** requires no OCR or Voting disks, and **Single Instance** deployment never configures an ASM instance.

Carefully review the mount options for the OCR/Voting filesystem as well as the filesystem that will hold the database files, as per current product documentation.

## 21) Is ASMLib supported in the DB/RAC OVM Templates?

**12cR2 and higher:** ASMLib is deprecated in favor of ASMFD, see CLONE\_AFD\_ENABLED=yes (default) in params.ini.

**11.2/12cR1:** YES! Since initial release of the templates ASMLib is a valid path to the ASM disks, however, the creation of the ASMLib disks is not automated. Follow normal ASMLib documentation to install the necessary two rpms (newer templates have the kernel driver under /u01/Extras), configure the ASMLib driver using "/etc/init.d/oracleasm configure". Create some disks, e.g.

# /etc/init.d/oracleasm createdisk xvdf /dev/xvdf1

# /etc/init.d/oracleasm listdisks
XVDF

Specify the newly created disk(s) in params.ini using:

ALLDISKS\_ASMLIB="ORCL:XVDF"

Both ORCL:name, or just "name" of disk are honored. Add to the discovery string, e.g.:

RACASMDISKSTRING="/dev/xvd[c-e]1 ORCL:XV\*"

Here a glob starting with "ORCL:" means ASMLib disks. Finally, make sure any reference to that disk (/dev/xvdf) in ALLDISKS is removed.

Now a standard buildcluster.sh or buildsingle.sh (In SIHA mode) will use these ASMLib disks

**NOTE:** Templates released in 2014 and after support ASMLib disk names in the ALLDISKS and all other disk variables (see params.ini and FAQ#24), ALLDISKS\_ASMLIB retained for backwards compatibility.

## 22) Can the DB/RAC OVM Templates be used in HVM mode?

YES! All UEK kernels support switching from HVM to PVM seamlessly, simply use Oracle VM Manager and change the virtualization mode (Domain type), then commands like 'lspci' and 'dmidecode' will function as they do in HVM mode. Refer to UEK release notes for details on HVM mode and refer to latest certification details (e.g. Note# 464754.1) on My Oracle Support for support information relating to RAC & HVM mode. OL7 is not supported in PVM mode, and also the OL6 users are strongly encouraged to run their VMs in PVHVM or HVM modes and not in PVM mode.

## 23) Can a Container Database be created?

YES! In the DB/RAC Templates released in 2013 and beyond, set DBCA\_CONTAINER\_DB =yes in params.ini and run 'createdb' step to create a database: racovm.sh -S createdb (see params.ini for additional details)

## 24) Can additional ASM Diskgroups be created?

YES! In templates released before 2014 that was a manual task, however, in templates released in 2014 and beyond, that task is fully automated and integrated with Deploycluster. The initial ASM diskgroup is still created using the ALLDISKS disk variable (it may also include ASMLib disks), all disks specified there will create the initial ASM diskgroup.

The name of a Recovery diskgroup may be specified in the variable RACASMGROUPNAME\_RECO. If this diskgroup is specified then database creation will automatically use it as the Recovery diskgroup for the database.

# The redundancy, attributes and disks are specified in RACASM\_RECO\_REDUNDANCY, RACASM\_RECO\_ATTRIBUTES and RACASM\_RECO\_DISKS respectively.

Valid values for redundancy are EXTERNAL, NORMAL (default) or HIGH.

Diskgroup **attribute** syntax must use single quotes around attribute names and values, separated by an equal sign, e.g. 'au\_size'='2M', separate each such pair by comma for additional attributes (entire string is enclosed in double quotes). For example:

RACASM\_RECO\_ATTRIBUTES="'compatible.asm'='12.1.0.0.0', 'compatible.rdbms'='12.1.0.0.0''

Disk names may be physical disks or ASM Lib disk names. In 12cR2 with ASM\_ON\_NAS, "disks" may also be specified as files on the NAS/NFS, see FAQ#31 for an example.

Additional extra ASM Diskgroups may be specified in **RACASMGROUPNAME\_EXTRA**, separate each name by a space.

The **redundancy**, **attributes** and **disks** are specified in **RACASM\_x\_REDUNDANCY**, **RACASM\_x\_ATTRIBUTES** and **RACASM\_x\_DISKS** respectively (**x** represents the number of the diskgroup starting with 1). For example: RACASMGROUPNAME\_EXTRA='TEST MYDEV' will attempt to create 2 extra diskgroups, provided that RACASM\_1\_\* and RACASM\_2\_\* are set correctly (at least RACASM\_\*\_DISKS must be specified, the rest have defaults).

The following variables allow various components to use the created diskgroups:

| ACFS_DISKGROUP=""   | # Diskgroup for ACFS filesystem          |
|---------------------|--|
| DBCA_DISKGROUP=""   | # Diskgroup for Database                 |
| MGMTDB_DISKGROUP="" | # Diskgroup for Management DB (12c only) |

It is possible to set CLONE\_DISKGROUP\_CREATE\_BG=yes and thus allow for these diskgroups to be created in the background while the rest of the installation continues onwards.

See params.ini for additional details.

## 25) Can the Database Controlfiles and REDO logs be multiplexed?

YES! Follow the generic Oracle documentation in the <u>Database Administrator's Guide on setting</u> <u>db\_create\_online\_log\_dest\_n</u> and set the following in params.ini:

DBCA\_INITORA\_PARAMETERS="db\_create\_online\_log\_dest\_1='+EXTRA',db\_create\_online\_log\_d est\_2='+DATA'''

Will create multiplexed Redo logs and Controlfiles into EXTRA & DATA diskgroups assuming these diskgroups are created properly (see FAQ#24 on Diskgroup creation)

## 26) Can REDO logs size be set?

YES! All templates released in 2014 and beyond allow setting a specific size for the REDO log via **REDOLOG\_FILESIZE\_MB** in params.ini.

## 27) What does Yum@Deploy mean? How to add / update RPMs during or after deploy time?

YES! In addition to the OSRevert functionality described in FAQ#14, templates released in 2014 and beyond offer a feature called Yum@Deploy. This option allows to automatically run YUM (Install and/or Update) during firstboot for initial deployment, as well as subsequent deployments and day to day usage. They are also immediately available to nodes being added using the 'addnodes' step.

| NETCONFIG_YUM_INSTALL | : List of rpms to install, can contain wildcards, e.g. x11*        |
|-----------------------|--|
| NETCONFIG_YUM_UPDATE  | : YES/NO, to enable yum update to bring up existing rpms to latest |
|                       | revision   |
| NETCONFIG_YUM_PROXY   | : Proxy used for all Yum operations, e.g. http://                  |
| NETCONFIG_YUM_OPTIONS | : Various options passed directly to Yum (no validation)           |
|                       | e.gnodepsskip-broken, etc  |

If NETCONFIG\_YUM\_INSTALL is set, all listed rpms will be installed, following that, if NETCONFIG\_YUM\_UPDATE is set to YES or TRUE, a full 'yum update' will run to bring up all installed rpms to latest version. These steps may be run directly at any time using the -S flag to run an individual step using the following step names:

yuminstall[local]\*- add extra RPMs before configuring the Oracle software (all or local node) yumupdate[local]\*- update all RPMs before configuring the Oracle software (all or local node)

#### 28) How are process and kernel limits set in the templates?

By default the templates come preintalled with **oracle-validated** (OL5) or **oracle-rdbms-server-\*preinstall** (OL6 & OL7). All the **kernel** and **user limits** are set by these rpms. If any changes are needed, edit these rpms respective configuration files (/etc/sysconfig/<rpm-name>/<rpm-name>.param). Then re-run their 'verify' script (see documentation with these rpms) to apply the changes.

If these rpms are removed or not installed for any reason, the templates have some default/fallback values, and also allow overriding these by setting in params.ini: CLONE\_<soft|hard>\_imitname> where limitname can be: nofile, nproc, stack, core, memlock.

If the **oracle-validated** / **preinstall** rpms are installed, then above CLONE\_\* settings are ignored, please use the rpm mechanism to adjust these limits.

**Oracle Clusterware limits** may be specified in: CRS\_LIMIT\_<LIMITNAME>, these are applied during installation to <Grid\_Home>/crs/install/s\_crsconfig\_<nodename>\_env.txt. Valid limit names (in upper case): NPROC, STACK, OPENFILE, MEMLOCK, CORE

See params.ini for additional details.

## 29) How to convert to BTRFS filesystem? Is it supported?

<u>BTRFS is supported for production usage since March 2012</u>. It has a very <u>rich set of features</u>! Converting to btrfs is a quick and easy process, requiring only a few minutes and one command actually converts the filesystem.

Here is the link to the <u>official documentation</u>: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E37670\_01/E37355/html/ol\_use\_case7\_btrfs.html

Below is a real-world example of converting the template's ext4 /u01 to btrfs as per above documentation, which is also captured in the templates in this file: /u01/Extras/README\_btrfs.txt:

[root@testc105 /]# **df -Th /u01** Filesystem Type Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/xvdb1 ext4 45G 14G 29G 32% /u01

Unmount and run fsck:

[root@testc105 /]# umount /u01 [root@testc105 /]# fsck.ext4 -f /dev/xvdb1 e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) Pass 1: Checking inodes, blocks, and sizes Pass 2: Checking directory structure Pass 3: Checking directory connectivity Pass 4: Checking reference counts Pass 5: Checking group summary information /u01: 48144/2949120 files (0.2% non-contiguous), 3718263/11796224 blocks

Convert /dev/xvdb1 to btrfs:

[root@testc105 /]# **btrfs-convert /dev/xvdb1** creating btrfs metadata. creating ext2fs image file. cleaning up system chunk. conversion complete.

Mount the newly converted filesystem:

[root@testc105 /]# mount /dev/xvdb1 /u01 [root@testc105 /]# df -Th /u01 Filesystem Type Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/xvdb1 btrfs 45G 15G 21G 41% /u01

It is also possible to mount the ORIGINAL filesystem in READONLY mode because the conversion process automatically saves it as a subvolume called 'ext2\_saved':

[root@testc105 /]# **btrfs subvolume list /u01** ID 256 gen 11 top level 5 path ext2\_saved

First mount the snapshot on a temporary mount point:

[root@testc105 /]# mkdir /u01\_tmp
[root@testc105 /]# mount -t btrfs -o subvol=ext2\_saved /dev/xvdb1 /u01\_tmp
[root@testc105 /]# df -Th /u01\_tmp
Filesystem Type Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
/dev/xvdb1 btrfs 45G 15G 21G 41% /u01\_tmp

This is the snapshot:

[root@testc105 /]# ls -lsh /u01\_tmp/ total 15G 15G -r-----. 1 root root 45G Dec 31 1969 image

Now mount the original filesystem in read-only mode:

[root@testc105 /]# mkdir /u01\_orig [root@testc105 /]# mount -t ext4 -o loop,ro /u01\_orig/image /u01\_orig [root@testc105 /]# df -Th /u01\_orig Filesystem Type Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /u01\_tmp/image ext4 45G 14G 29G 32% /u01\_orig

To reclaim the space that the snapshot holds in the subvolume, delete it as follows: [root@testc105 /]# **btrfs subvolume delete /u01/ext2\_saved** Delete subvolume '/u01/ext2\_saved'

See the **<u>BTRFS</u>** documentation for more details.

#### 30) Can the OCR/Voting disks be placed in a separate ASM Diskgroup?

YES. See FAQ#24 for additional information on creating multiple diskgroups during initial deployment.

Note that ALLDISKS should hold all disks only for the primary diskgroup (RACASMGROUPNAME) (defaults to 'DATA') only when CLONE\_CLUSTER\_STORAGE=ASM. So, one could set the default diskgroup to be called OCRVOTE or 'SYSTEM', then create as many additional diskgroups as needed, using RACASMGROUPNAME\_EXTRA, see FAQ#24 and params.ini for details and examples.

#### 31) How is ASM configured on NAS/NFS?

Starting with 12cR2 (12.2) and higher, ASM must be configured either on block devices or on NAS/NFS. This choice is done using: CLONE\_CLUSTER\_STORAGE=ASM\_ON\_NAS or CLONE\_CLUSTER\_STORAGE=ASM (the default).

Consider the following ASM\_ON\_NAS example:

CLONE\_CLUSTER\_STORAGE=ASM\_ON\_NAS CLONE\_OCRVOTE\_LOCATION=/nfs/200/ocr CLONE\_GIMR\_LOCATION=/nfs/200/gimr CLONE\_GIMR\_SEPARATE\_DISKGROUP=yes RACASM\_1\_DISKS="/nfs/200/disk1.dbf:1024,/nfs/200/disk2.dbf:1024,/nfs/200/disk3.dbf:1024,/nfs/200 0/disk4.dbf:1024,/nfs/200/disk5.dbf:1024,/nfs/200/disk6.dbf:1024" RACASM\_1\_REDUNDANCY="external" RACASMGROUPNAME\_EXTRA='MYDG'

This will configure ASM on NAS, with OCR/VOTING and GIMR in **separate** diskgroups, as per chosen locations. An additional diskgroup called MYDG will be created with 6 disks each 1GB in size in external redundancy. See params.ini for additional details.

File syntax is 'file\_path:size\_in\_MB', size may be omitted if the file is pre-created by other means. In most cases ASM Discovery string (RACASMDISKSTRING) need not be specified in such a configuration.

#### 32) How can one connect to a pluggable database?

Ensure that the PDB service is registered with the listener (e.g. lsnrctl service) look for:

Service "orclpdb" has 1 instance(s).

To connect using the "thin" client (EZConnect syntax) use:

sqlplus user/password@hostname/orclpdb

To connect using a service name configured in the the service, one has to add that service entry (template framework automates this part), then this works:

sqlplus user/password@orclpdb

#### 33) The bundled 'swingbench' demo is not working/connecting?

The swingbench kit (was slightly adjusted to fit the environment) resides in ~oracle/swingbench and is designed to work on unmodified templates, i.e. if username, passwords, paths are changed, then the connect strings need to be adjusted as per the swingbench documentation. Remember, the swingbench kit is not an official Oracle tool, however it should not be too hard to get support on public forums.

## 34) Is it possible to change the Oracle Home path(s) from the default ones defined in params.ini?

YES. Doing so entails two parts. First is to modify params.ini to the desired path, for example:

Change this: DBHOME="\${RACROOT}/oracle/product/**12.2.0**/dbhome\_1" To this: DBHOME="\${RACROOT}/oracle/product/**12c**/dbhome\_1"

However, that is **not** enough, because only doing this will result in a run-time error, as the framework cannot find the DB home path in the designated location. The params.ini file is used as a 'template' of how things should be, it will not "rename" or "move" the home to this path. This step must be done by the user.

Second part then is to rename the path inside the template to match the one in params.ini and resave it with first-boot enabled as explained in FAQ#2 in this document as well as FAQ#6 in the <u>Deploycluster</u> <u>documentation</u>.

# 35) Attempted to use ACFS or AFD on UEK5 (or other kernel) and got an error, why and what can be done?

The ACFS and AFD kernel modules are part of the Clusterware product and are released and updated per those release levels, .e.g. 12.2, 18c, 19c, etc. Not all versions are compatible with all UEK, RHEL or SLES (kernels); the official Grid Infrastructure documentation and Certify section on My Oracle Support website, state what is supported or not. In case of such incompatibility, such an error is printed during the automated deployment:

ERROR (node:testc160): ACFS filesystem requested via ACFS\_CREATE\_FILESYSTEM=y in params.ini, however ACFS is not supported on the running kernel (4.14.35-1844.0.7.el7uek.x86\_64 - x86\_64). Set ACFS\_CREATE\_FILESYSTEM to NO; or, to skip this check set CLONE\_SKIP\_ACFS\_COMPATIBLE\_CHECK=yes in params.ini (see output below): ACFS-9459: ADVM/ACFS is not supported on this OS version: '4.14.35-1844.0.7.el7uek.x86\_64' ACFS-9201: Not Supported If the latest template is used, then probably that kernel is not yet supported by this version of the Clusterware. It is important to understand that the support for a given kernel comes from the product itself, i.e. ACFS/AFD, or Clusterware (and not from the kernel). Otherwise, the options are one of the following:

- a) Find out if there's a newer template, or a released PSU/RU or one-off by Oracle that adds support for the needed kernel; update the base template then save it for future re-use.
- b) If the ACFS/AFD feature/option is a must-have, downgrade the booted kernel to prior supported kernel, e.g. from UEK5 to UEK4, using tools such as 'grubby --default-kernel' and 'grubby --set-default', possibly in single user mode, then shutdown the updated template for future re-use.

## 36) Can the templates be used in Production environments?

**YES!** However, take note of the followings:

- a) On systems with low amounts of memory (lower than documented minimum, e.g. 8GB for Grid Infrastructure), the automated deployment engine will assume a "low-memory configuration" and thus disable certain components such as (Workload Management, Cluster Health Monitor [CHH/CRF]). During deployment, a warning that the system is running with reduced functionality is printed and written to the log file. To avoid that (and have these components enabled) run with MORE than required minimum memory (e.g. more than 8GB), OR continue to run with less than required memory and set CLONE\_LOW\_MEMORY\_CONFIG=no in params.ini (however, this is not recommended since the system might run out of memory!).
- **b**) In addition set these in params.ini to enable these components:

CLONE\_TRACEFILE\_ANALYZER=yes CLONE\_ORACHK\_SCHEDULER=yes CLONE\_GRID\_MANAGEMENT\_DB=yes

- c) At the time of release, the templates have the latest software (OS and Oracle), hence, as explained in the deployment guide, it is important to always use the latest template and possibly update it to latest software. The OS can be updated **during** deployment using the **YUM@Deploy** feature (see FAQ#27), the Database/Grid Infrastructure should be updated using standard database tools, such as OPatch, see FAQ#11 for some ideas.
- **d**) Be sure to run any Oracle, 3<sup>rd</sup> party or home-grown verification/validation tools (e.g. orachk) to ensure the environment meets your org's security/performance/usability standards.

# **37**) Can these Database Templates be used in Oracle Linux Virtualization Manager (OLVM) environments?

**NO!** These templates are released specifically for Oracle VM (OVM) environments and are only supported there. Please use the Oracle Database Templates for OLVM instead, visit: <u>https://www.oracle.com/database/technologies/rac/vm-db-templates.html</u>

## 38) Can these Database Templates be used in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure?

**NO!** These templates are released specifically for Oracle VM (OVM) environments and are only supported there. Please use the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Marketplace instead, visit:

https://cloudmarketplace.oracle.com/marketplace/app/Database