Tips for Polishing Your Intelligent Advisor Policy Model

Oracle Intelligent Advisor (formerly known as Oracle Policy Automation)

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Introduction

- Audience People who work with Intelligent Advisor policy models. It is assumed the reader has already had training and is familiar with using OPM.
- **Purpose** Provide ideas and suggestions for polishing your policy models, and direct you to relevant articles in the Intelligent Advisor Documentation.
- Software version Deck prepared for Oracle Policy Modeling (20B).
- Acronyms
 - -**OPM** Oracle Policy Modeling

Tip: Latest version of the Intelligent Advisor Documentation Library can be found online and via the question mark button in OPM



Example Projects

• OPM includes **Example Policy Models** that demonstrate features discussed in this deck





Tips for Polishing Your Policy Model

- Screen Configuration
 - Labels on Interview Screens
 - Interview Stages
 - Navigation Strip
 - Containers
 - Entity Collect Screen
 - Adding Images to Interview Screens
- Enhancing Interviews
 - Look and Feel of Interviews
 - Document Generation using BI Publisher
 - Capture the User's Location
 - Configuring Attribute Value Formats
 - Configuring Standard Message Strings

- User Input
 - Default Values
 - Value Lists
 - Hint Text
 - Validating User Input Event rules
 - Validating User Input Data tab
 - Input Masks

• Substitution and Sentence Generation

- Name Substitution
- Gender Pronoun Substitution
- Second Person Sentence Generation
- Substituting Names in Labels
- Language Support
- Adding a Verb to the Default Verb List
- Adding a Translation Layer
- Writing Rules in Other Languages

- Improving the Explanation
 - Intermediate Attributes
 - Rule Tags
 - Trimming Explanations Attributes
 - Trimming Explanations Relationships

		•	
myB	enefits		
Introduction Welcome Family Income Expenses Medical Outcome Apply	Welcome myBenefits is a quick and easy way to What is the household's location?	Continue pet answers to questions about your State's programs and otizen services.	
	If you would like more information aboo Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Women, Infants, Children (WIC) Child and Dependent Care Credit	ut our programs, including certain tax credits, please visit these websites: Transcruzy, Assistance, for Needy Earnilies Free and Reduced Cost School Meels Low Income Home Energy Assistance Ensum (LinEAP)	

Screen Configuration



Labels on Interview Screens

- Labels can:
 - be added to provide context and additional info
 - be used as additional headings and subheadings
 - include raw text, as well as HTML
 - have conditional visibility

Example labels

contain substitution



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- Add text to screens
 - Add a label control
 - <u>Specify the type of</u> <u>label</u>
- <u>Hide and show screen</u> <u>controls</u>
- <u>Show attribute values</u> <u>on screens</u>
 - <u>Show attribute</u> values in other <u>screen text</u>
- <u>Use embedded HTML in</u> <u>an interview</u>

Interview Stages

- Group related interview screens together in a folder
- Folder becomes a stage in the interview

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• <u>Organize an interview</u> into stages



Navigation Strip



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• <u>Configure the navigation</u> <u>strip</u>

- Navigation strip may be displayed at the top or left of the page
- Many configuration options available, e.g. text color, text size, background color

Containers

- Containers may be used to lay out screen controls side-by-side
- Containers allow for responsive design in interviews, e.g. two columns which collapse to a single column in a small browser



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- Change control layout for a screen
- Example project: *myBenefits*

Next

Screen controls automatically collapse to **one column** in a narrow browser window. More readable on a small screen.

Entity Collect Screen

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- Entity collection layout can be 'portrait' or 'tabular' style
- Tabular will usually make more efficient use of screen space
- Containers can also be used inside the entity collect space to control layout

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- Collect entity instances
- Example project: <u>myBenefits</u>

Other Peo	ple in You	ır Home			Back	Next
Tell us about the oth Name	ner people in your l Age	home. Click the 'A Gender	dd Person' button to add eac Relationship to you	ch member of your household. Blind or permanently disabled	Full-time student	
Jessica	36	malefemale	 child spouse other 	🔵 Yes 💿 No	🔵 Yes 💽 No	8
Sarah	10	malefemale	 child spouse other 	🔵 Yes 💿 No	• Yes • No	8
William	8	male female	 child spouse other 	🔵 Yes 💿 No	• Yes O No	⊗

Adding Images to Interview Screens

- Add images to interview screens as useful visual aids
- Many configuration options available for images, e.g. horizontal alignment (left, center, right), image size, conditional visibility, clickable link
- Images may be placed in containers for further layout control
- Use text substitution to insert different images depending on the value of a substituted attribute



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- Add images to screens
- <u>Refer to images using</u> <u>HTML tags</u>
- Place other controls
 within a container
- Example project: <u>Energy Saver</u>

Enhancing Interviews



Look and Feel of Interviews

• Many aspects of the interview look and feel can be set in the Styles section of the Interview tab, e.g. color scheme, banner graphic, heading styles, button location, footer and header

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- <u>Configure the appearance</u> of the interview
- <u>Change the appearance of</u> <u>interview items</u>



Document Generation using BI Publisher

- Generate documents from interviews, e.g. letters, forms, etc. OPM supports creation of RTF, PDF, HTML, XML & Excel forms
- Forms may include text, images, charts, explanations, signatures
- Note: Requires installation of BI Publisher Desktop. This is a separate product. It is not part of Oracle Policy Modeling.



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- Forms
- Create or modify a form
- Overview of designing a form
- Design an <u>RTF template</u> or a <u>PDF template</u> for a form
- Add forms to screens
- <u>Insert a signature into a</u> <u>form</u>
- BI Publisher code for Policy
 Modeling
- Download BI Publisher
- <u>Troubleshooting guide for</u> <u>forms</u>
- Example: *Healthy Eating*

Capture the User's Location

- User's location (latitude and longitude) may be captured during the interview using standard browser location support
- Latitude and longitude may be used in rules, e.g.



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- <u>Capture the user's</u> <u>location</u>
- Example projects: <u>My</u> <u>Store App</u>, <u>Emergency</u> <u>Response</u>

Configuring Attribute Value Formats

- Default attribute value formats are based on the project region (for non-Boolean attributes) and the project language (for Boolean attributes)
- E.g. If project language = 'English (American)' and region = 'United States (English)' then:
 - Default currency symbol: \$
 - Default date out format: MM/dd/yyyy
 - Default Boolean values: Yes/No
- Default attribute value formats can be modified in: *Project > Language > Formatting*
- Generally will not need to edit default formats, but configuration options are there if needed

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• <u>Change the formatting</u> of attribute values in an <u>interview</u>

lumber			
nput formats:	`# . ##0.###############	Output format:	#,##0.#################################
Grouping separators:		Decimal separator:	
Currency			
input formats:	'#,##0.0#' ~	Output format:	#,##0.00
Currency symbol:	\$		
Date			
nput formats:	M/d/yy.M-d-yy.MM/dd/yyyy.MM-d	Output format	MM/dd/yyyy
Date Time			
nput formats:	M/d/yy HH:mm,M-d-yy HH:mm,MN ~	Output format	MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm
Time of Day			
nput formats:	HH:mm,HH:mm:ss V	Output format:	HH:mm:ss
Boolean and Temporal			
True value:	Yes	False value:	No
Unknown value:	Unknown	Uncertain value:	Uncertain
Temporal Value Separator	from		

Configuring Standard Message Strings

- Default message strings and labels (e.g. standard error text, alt-text, button labels, etc.) can be modified in *Interview > Styles > Strings*
- Generally will not need to edit default message strings, but configuration options are there if needed
- Note: Button labels (e.g. Next, Back, Submit, Add New Instance, Remove) can also be modified on a per-button basis
- To change all occurrences of a message string → modify the default string, e.g. to use 'Continue' instead of 'Next' as the standard label on a Next button
- To change one occurrence of a button label → make the change on the individual screen

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 <u>Change the text of</u> <u>buttons, messages and</u> <u>other built-in interview</u> <u>items</u>

User Input



Default Values

- Can set default values for inputs on interview screens
 - Defaults can be specific values, or can be dynamically determined based on previously collected data, or inferred from rules
- Reduces the typing/clicking required to complete an interview

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• <u>Specify a default for an</u> <u>input</u>



Value Lists

- A value list is a way of managing lists of values for attributes
- A single value list can be attached to multiple attributes, e.g. the person's home address, the person's work address
- Value lists can be created manually, imported from another OPM project, or loaded in from a Service Cloud connection or web service connection.
- Value lists can be displayed as lists, radio buttons, text buttons, images, sliders



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- Value lists
- <u>Set up a value list in a</u> project
- <u>Associate a value list</u> with an attribute collected on a screen
- <u>Hide and show</u> <u>individual items in a</u> <u>value list</u>
- <u>Button types</u>
- <u>List types</u>
- Example projects: <u>Loan</u> <u>Advisor</u>, <u>myBenefits</u>

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Hint Text

- Can supply hint text for inputs on interview screens
 - Hint text appears until the user clicks into the input field
- **Tip:** Always add hint text when the format of the input is important, for example:
 - Date fields
 - Any sort of ID number like SSN, TFN, NINO, PHN



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• <u>Specify hint text</u>



Validating User Input – Event Rules

- Error event and Warning event rules may be used where there is conditional logic associated with the validation, e.g.
 - Display the message "Please check the dates of birth. You have indicated that your date of birth is after your child's date of birth." if the applicant's date of birth > the child's date of birth
- **Error event:** Error message is displayed and the user is prevented from continuing until the situation that triggered the event is no longer present.
- Warning event: Warning message is displayed, but the user is able to click past and continue the interview.

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- Validate user input
- <u>Write rules to validate</u> <u>user input</u>

Validating User Input – Data Tab

- Validation with regular expressions and min/max can be done on the attribute in the Data tab
 - Error text may be configured on a per attribute basis
- Use **min/max values** if there is no conditional logic for triggering the error, e.g.
 - 'the person's age' field could have a minimum allowable value of 0 and a maximum of 120
- Use **regular expressions** to validate the format of an input such as an email address, an SSN, a TFN, a NINO or a PHN, e.g.
 - ^[0-9]{3}-?[0-9]{2}-?[0-9]{4}\$ is a basic SSN validation allows for NNN-NN-NNNN and NNNNNNNN

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- Validate user input
- <u>Specify validations on</u> <u>individual inputs</u>

Other info

 <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/</u> wiki/Regular_expression

Input Masks

 Masked input text boxes may be used to auto-format data entered into text fields, e.g. phone numbers, social security numbers, product codes, etc.



- Input masks can effectively act as a type of validation since the input field won't allow the user to type offending characters, e.g. an input mask containing only numbers will not allow letters to be entered.
- Masked input text boxes can only be used with text attributes.

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• Masked input text boxes

Substitution and Sentence Generation



Name Substitution

- Personalizes the interview for a more user-friendly experience
- Collect the person's name early in the interview, then substitute the name in later questions, e.g. "Does the person have insurance?" becomes "Does John have insurance?"
- Particularly important when using entities, e.g. "Is the child a full-time student?" becomes "Is Emma a full-time student?", "Is Joshua a full-time student?", etc.
- Substituted name automatically appears in attribute text on interview screens and in explanations
- If first and last name collected separately, use concatenation to combine if full name needed for substitution in attributes

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- <u>Personalize attribute</u> <u>text</u>
 - Enable substitution in Policy Modeling
 - <u>Understand text</u> <u>substitution</u> <u>principles</u>
- <u>Combine multiple text</u> <u>strings into a single text</u> <u>attribute</u>

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Gender Pronoun Substitution

- May be used in combination, or in isolation, with name substitution to personalize the interview for a more userfriendly experience, and to provide more natural language text
- Gender pronoun substitution requires collecting gender

Original rule generically refers to "the applicant" In combination with name substitution, "Has the applicant submitted the applicant's tax return?" becomes "Has Christopher submitted his tax return?"

Tax Return

Yes () No

Has Christopher submitted his tax return?

the applicant has satisfied the documentation criteria if the applicant has submitted the applicant's tax return

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- <u>Personalize attribute</u> <u>text</u>
 - Enable substitution in Policy Modeling
 - <u>Substitute a</u> pronoun for a text <u>attribute</u>
 - <u>Understand text</u>
 <u>substitution</u>
 <u>principles</u>
- <u>Collect the gender of a</u> <u>person</u>

Second Person Sentence Generation

- Similar concept to name substitution, but sentences/questions generated in second person rather than third person
- Requires name substitution to be set up first
- Works with gender pronoun substitution if it has been set up



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- <u>Display interview text in</u> <u>second person form</u>
- Also see the articles for Name Substitution

Substituting Names in Labels

- Variable values (e.g. person's name, age, etc.) can be substituted into labels on interview screens
- Requires name substitution to be set up first



Example: The person's name and age were collected on a previous screen, and those values have been substituted into label text on the School screen

• **Tip:** For substitution in labels, make sure the substitution values will always be known in advance of the screen being displayed, otherwise "unknown" will appear in place of the substitution value

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- <u>Personalize attribute</u> <u>text</u>
 - Enable substitution in Policy Modeling
 - <u>Understand text</u>
 <u>substitution</u>
 <u>principles</u>
- <u>Show attribute values</u> on screens
 - <u>Show attribute</u> values in other <u>screen text</u>



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Adding a Verb to the Default Verb List

- Default verb list for the policy model is based on the Rule Language selected when creating the project
- Occasionally you may need a new verb
- If a Boolean won't parse properly, it's a sign the statement's operative verb may not be in the verb list
- Options are to re-word the attribute to use a different operative verb, or add the new verb to the list for the project

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This statement won't parse as intended as the operative verb (love) is not in the default verb list.

Edit Attribute - the person loves cats		×
the person loves cats		Entity Global (auto) -
Sentences		Change 🗾
What is the person loves cats? The person loves cats is %@%. The person loves cats is uncertain. The person loves cats is unknown.		What is the person loves cats? What are the person loves cats? Who is the person loves cats?
Value		Who are the person loves cats?
Text Mapping options are not available mapped to a Data Mapping set	0000	Is the person loves cats true

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• <u>Configure the list of</u> recognized verbs

Adding a Translation Layer

- Create one or more translation layers, e.g. policy model in English, interview in choice of English, Spanish or French
- Even a partial translation layer is sufficient to demo the concept. <u>Google Translate</u> can be used for basic demos. Use a (human) translation expert for real implementations
- Generated forms can also be created in different languages





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- <u>Translate policy models</u> into other languages
- <u>Create a form in a</u> <u>different language</u>
- Example project: <u>Travel Compensation</u>



Writing Rules in Other Languages

- Many languages available out-of-the-box for rule authoring
 - For additional languages, create a custom language parser
- Function Reference is available in out-of-the-box languages
- When creating a new project, select the desired Rule Language and Rule Region
- Rule Language:
 - Language in which rule documents are written
- Rule Region:
 - Affects currency, numeric and date formatting of data entered and displayed
 - Affects parsing of currency and number constants in rule docs

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- <u>Write rules in other</u> <u>languages</u>
- <u>Change the user interface</u> <u>language for Policy</u> <u>Modeling</u>
- <u>Change the language of</u> <u>the Intelligent Advisor</u> <u>Hub</u>
- Custom language support
- <u>Function references</u> in different languages

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Improving the Explanation



Intermediate Attributes

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- Intermediate attributes can be added to make the Explanation more meaningful
 - These two examples have identical core logic, but Example 2 has a more meaningful Explanation due to the inclusion of intermediate attributes



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- Design an explanation
- <u>Add more information</u> <u>to an explanation</u>
 - Add intermediate
 rules or text
 substitution
- <u>Replace grouping</u> <u>operators with new</u> <u>attributes</u>

* Explanations previously called Decision Reports

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Rule Tags

 Structural elements in legislation (e.g. section, paragraph, article) and policy (e.g. chapter, guideline) can be captured in rules and displayed in explanations in an interview



* Rule Tags previously called Structural Elements. Explanations previously called Decision Reports.

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Add reference tags to a

Add reference tags to an

Word rule

Trimming Explanations – Attributes

- Explanations automatically generated based on the logic, language and structure of the rules can be extremely verbose
- Can trim Explanations using **Silent** and **Invisible** settings on the attribute in the Data tab
 - Silent: Hide all logic nested below a particular attribute
 - Invisible: Hide the attribute only



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- <u>Hide information in an</u> <u>explanation</u>
 - <u>Hide attributes in an</u> <u>explanation</u>

* Explanations previously called Decision Reports

Trimming Explanations – Relationships

- Silent and Invisible can be applied to relationships
 - See examples below with a containment relationship (the household members) and an inferred relationship (the children)

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- <u>Hide information in an</u> <u>explanation</u>
 - <u>Hide a relationship</u> in the explanation



Documentation and Further Information



Further Information



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