

Oracle Software Licensing Basics

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Agenda

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Oracle Software Licensing Basics

- General Licensing
- Oracle Technology Software Licensing
- Oracle Applications Software Licensing

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Oracle Software Licensing Basics Examples **3**.

Resources



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1.

Oracle Software Licensing Basics

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General Licensing

Oracle Technology Software Licensing

Oracle Applications Software Licensing



General Licensing Information

Concepts

Oracle's Software License gives you a non-exclusive and limited right to use the software and as such:

License Types outline the restrictions on customer's usage

Full Use license

Full Use license is without restrictions and allows usage that is full functionality

Application Specific Full Use

Application Specific Full Use is specific to run only with the defined application and may come with additional restrictions

Embedded License

Embedded License is limited to embed Oracle technology with defined application and has further restrictions on install, package, configure and access

License Metrics determine how software usage is measured

• e.g. Per Named User Plus, Application User, or Processor metric



General Licensing Information

Concepts continued

Oracle's Software License gives you a non-exclusive and limited right to use the software and as such:

License Terms provides the timeline for customer's usage

- Perpetual License is the right to use the license perpetually
- As of September 1, 2020, Oracle has ended the availability of **term licenses** for all on-premise software with the exception of specific Oracle Technology products for 1 year Term only available; contact your Oracle sales representative for more information. Existing customers paying support on their term licenses will remain supported through the end of their term.
 - List price for a term license is based on a specific percentage of the perpetual license price with 1 year at 20% of list price: Exadata Storage Server Software, Oracle Active Data Guard, Oracle Advanced Compression, Oracle Advanced Security, oracle Database Enterprise Edition, Oracle Database In-Memory, Oracle Database Standard Edition 2, Oracle Database Vault, Oracle Diagnostic Pack, Oracle Forms and Reports, Oracle GoldenGate, Oracle Internet Application Server Enterprise Edition, Oracle Multitenant, Oracle OLAP, Oracle Partitioning, Oracle Real Application Clusters, Oracle Real Application Clusters One Node, Oracle Real Application Testing, Oracle SOA Suite for Oracle Middleware, Oracle Tuning Pack, Oracle Weblogic Server Enterprise edition, Oracle Weblogic Standard Edition, Oracle Weblogic Suite.
 - Note that, the list support price for term licenses is 22% of the list perpetual license fee, as listed in the price list.

See further information on Oracle Global Pricing Site at Oracle.com



General Licensing Information

Environments

Use of Oracle Software requires Customers to license the respective Oracle programs in:

Production Environments



Non Production Environments

- Development
- Quality Assurance/Testing & Staging
- Disaster Recovery

- Customer can obtain development licenses that are limited to development activities per the <u>Oracle Developer Downloads</u> guidelines
- See the Oracle Technology Network <u>OTN</u> License Agreement for further details

1.

Oracle Software Licensing Basics

General Licensing

Oracle Technology Software Licensing

- Licensing Metrics
- Data Recovery Environments
- Server Partitioning Environments
- Shared Storage Environments
- Authorized Cloud Environments

Oracle Applications Software Licensing



Oracle Technology Software Programs

Licensing Information

Oracle Technology Licensing:

Featured Technology Programs include the following:



Oracle Database



Oracle Software Management Packs



Oracle Middleware



Oracle Developer Tools

Licensing Metrics include Named User Plus or Processor metric



Named User Plus



Processor

For further information, see the Price List and the Database Licensing Documents



Oracle Technology Software Programs

General Licensing Information

Oracle Technology Licensing:

- Add-on products such as the Enterprise Options and Management Packs must match the number of licenses of the associated product
- Functional dependencies may exists among products. Such dependencies must be licensed separately as prerequisite products
- **Minimums** are used in conjunction with license metrics and refer to the minimum number of licenses a customer is required when licensing Oracle software
 - License actual usage or minimum, whichever is greater

See the Product documentation at Oracle Help Center or ask your Oracle sales team for further information



Oracle Technology Programs

Licensing Metrics

Named User Plus (NUP) metric is defined as individuals authorized to use Oracle programs installed on single or multiple servers regardless if individual is actively using the programs at any given time.

Licensing considerations include:

- Human and non-human operated devices are counted towards NUP license
- Batch processing from computer to computer is permitted and does not require counting users at the front of the batch process
- · If multiplexing hardware or software is used, multiplexing is counted at the front end
 - For further information on batching and multiplexing refer to on the next slide

Named User Plus Metric Considerations

- User minimum for products may apply
- Licensed at the greater of either user minimum (if applicable) or actual users

See full metric definition in the <u>Oracle Technology Price List</u>



Oracle Technology Programs

Licensing Metrics

Named User Plus (NUP) definition includes Batching and Multiplexing:

Batching

Batching is an activity that allows a group of tasks occurring at different times to be processed at the same time with little interaction from the user and includes:

- Automated batching is copying data from computer to computer where the database is running, this is permitted and does not require licensing users in front of batch processing
- In manual batching or import/export of flat files, the individual users who are performing the transaction needs to be licensed

Multiplexing

Multiplexing is when a large number of end users and/or devices access a system via an interface, such as TP monitor or a web server product, so that the apparent number of users and/or devices accessing the system is much smaller than the actual number of users and/or devices

 If multiplexing hardware or software used, license at the multiplexing front end



Oracle Technology Programs

Licensing Metrics

The **Processor metric** is used to license all processors where Oracle programs are installed and/or running. This metric is commonly used for uncountable or hard to manage user/count populations

Processor Metric Calculations

- User Minimums per processors may apply
- Most Standard Edition products are licensed by Processor, which for Standard Edition programs is defined as a socket
 - For multi-chip module processors, each chip on the processor counts as one occupied socket
- Enterprise Edition and other technology products may be licensed by cores
 - (# of cores x core factor = # of Processor licenses)
 - please see <u>Oracle Processor Core Factor Table</u>

See full metric definition in the Oracle Technology Price List



Data Recovery Environments

Licensing Oracle programs that are installed and/or running in Data Recovery:

Licensing Requirement:

All Copying, synchronization, and mirroring of the data and/or program files requires licensing

 Data and optional Oracle binaries are copied to another storage device therefore all programs installed and/or running must be licensed

Testing:

A testing allowance (up to four times, not to exceed two days per testing in any given calendar year) is granted for physical copies of backups as follows:

- · For Oracle database program only, test on an unlicensed spare computer
- Does not allow for any other data recovery methods, such as remote mirroring or synchronization
- Not applicable in a virtualized environment

For further information, see the <u>Licensing Data Recovery Environments Document</u>



Data Recovery Environments

Licensing Failover Data Recovery:

Failover Data Recovery is an exception which allows for one unlicensed server/node in a clustered environment sharing single storage and requires the following:

- Allows an exception to run the Oracle programs on one unlicensed node up to ten separate 24-hour periods in any given calendar year
- If failover periods exceed ten separate 24- hour periods the failover node must be licensed
- When the primary node fails, the failover node acts as the primary node. Once the primary node is repaired the customer must switch back to the primary node or designate that repaired node as the failover node
- Same license metric must be used for production and failover nodes and options must match the number of licenses of the associated database

For further information, see the <u>Licensing Data Recovery Environments Document</u>



Server Partitioning Environments

Server Partitioning Environments:

Hard Partitioning

Oracle has determined that the following technologies are permitted as a means to limit the number of Oracle Processor licenses required for a given server:

- Hard Partitioning technologies as listed in the Partitioning Document
- Oracle Trusted Partitions for certain Oracle Engineered Systems
- Oracle Linux for KVM, Oracle OVM Server, Oracle Solaris Zones

Soft Partitioning

Segments the operating system using operating system resource managers and is not approved as a means to determine or limit number of Oracle Processor licenses required on a given server or cluster of servers

Capacity on Demand

Oracle recognizes and allows this practice to license only the number of cores activated when a server is shipped

For further information, see the **Partitioning Document**



Virtualized Environments

Virtualized Environments are considered a Soft Partitioning technology:

- · Oracle does not have a separate licensing policy for virtualization deployments of Oracle software for on premise licensing
 - Soft Partitioning technologies are not permitted as a means to determine or limit the number of software licenses required for any given server or cluster or servers
 - Virtualized environments are licensed within the parameters of the metric definition
- In general, Virtualization technologies are considered soft partitioning methods and some examples are noted in the Partitioning Document



Shared Storage (non-virtualized) Environments

Shared Storage Environments:

- Shared Storage is when a storage device is connected to and used by two or more systems
- · Oracle licenses all processors where Oracle programs are installed and/or running
 - When shared storage devices with Oracle programs are mounted by multiple servers, the respective Oracle programs are required to be licensed on all the servers
 - Not recognized in soft partition environments for purposes of limiting Oracle's licensing



Authorized Cloud Computing Environments

Authorized Cloud Providers:

- Customer can deploy their Oracle Technology programs licenses on two Authorized cloud providers:
 - Amazon EC2 and RDS
 - Microsoft Azure Platform
 - Google Cloud Platform
- For the purposes of licensing Oracle Technology programs in the Authorized Cloud, customer are required to count the maximum vCPUs of an instance type as follows:
 - Count 2 virtual CPU (vCPU) to 1 Oracle Processor license if multi-threading of a processor cores enabled, and 1 virtual CPU (vCPU) to 1 Oracle Processor license if multi-threading of processor cores is not enabled
 - Please refer to <u>Licensing Oracle Software in the Cloud Computing Environment Document</u> for further information
- Customer can deploy their Oracle programs on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure:
 - To determine the number of Processor licenses for Oracle Cloud Infrastructure, refer to the Oracle Core Factor Table



1.

Oracle Software Licensing Basics

General Licensing

Oracle Technology Software Licensing

Oracle Applications Software Licensing

- General Licensing Information
- Licensing Models and Metrics
- Additional Information



Oracle Applications Software Licensing

General Information

Oracle Applications Licensing:

Featured Application Product Lines include the following:

- Oracle E-Business Suite
- PeopleSoft

Siebel

JD Edwards

Licensing Models

Licensing Models offer flexibility for purchasing programs in different pricing models such as Component, Custom Application Bundle (CAS) or Enterprise

Licensing Metrics

Licensing Metrics allow customers to purchase based on user or usage based counts for Component pricing, bundle users across select programs for CAS pricing or company wide type of usage for Enterprise pricing

- For further information, see respective Price List
- For other Applications including Global Business Unit, contact Oracle Sales for further assistance



Oracle Applications Software Licensing

Models and Metrics

Oracle Applications Licensing Models are offered as follows:

Component Model

Component Model is an a la carte type of pricing for an individual product. Metrics available are:

- User-based metrics such as Application User, Employee, Subscriber, etc
- Usage-based metrics such as Electronic Order Lines, Expense Reports and \$M Costs Of Goods Sold, etc

Custom Application Suite Model

Custom Application Suite Model allows to create custom bundles across select product lines based on needs for specific user populations

 Custom Suite User is the only metric available and refers to the individual authorized to use any of the products included in the bundle and assembled across different application product lines

Enterprise Model

Enterprise Model is ideal for large companies to license an individual product for their entire organization without the need to keep track of specific users, servers or deployment locations

 Metrics refers to company wide values, e.g. Enterprise \$M in Revenue

Contact your Oracle sales team for further assistance



Oracle Applications Software Licensing

Additional Information

For Oracle Applications Licensing:

- In most cases, add-on products must match both the number of licenses and metric of the associated product (parent).
 These products are noted as **Options** in the Price List
- **Minimums** are used in conjunction with license metrics and refer to the minimum number of licenses a customer is required to purchase when licensing Oracle programs for the first time
- Oracle Applications product lines are supported to run on top of Oracle Technology products
 - For certain Oracle Application product lines, Oracle Technology products are included as restricted use or separately licensed
 - See the <u>Application Licensing Table</u> Document for further information
- See the Product documentation at Oracle Help Center or contact your Oracle sales team for further information

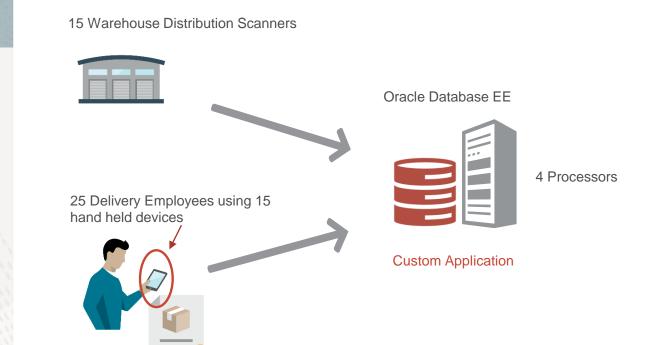
2.

Oracle Software Licensing Basics Examples



Licensing Human Operated and Non-Human Operated Devices

Example 1



- Current distribution company has 15 non human operated scanners to track shipments out of the warehouse. These scanners update the Oracle Database
- There are 25 delivery employees on rotating shifts
- The delivery employees use hand held devices (15) to update Oracle Database Enterprise Edition with delivery confirmation information
- Oracle Database Enterprise Edition is running on a 4 Processors server with 24 cores per processor, with core factor 0.5



Licensing Human Operated and Non-Human Operated Devices

Example 1

Products to be licensed

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition (ODBEE)

Number of licenses required

This product can be licensed by Processor or by Named User Plus metric

By Processor licenses with 0.5 factor:

All processors where the database is installed and/or running must be licensed Calculation is (4 Processor x 24 cores = 96 cores)

96 cores x 0.5 core factor = 48 Processor licenses required

By Named User Plus: the number of licenses required is:

The minimum number of Named User Plus user (25 Named User Plus per Processor) or the total number of actual users accessing the Database, whichever is greater

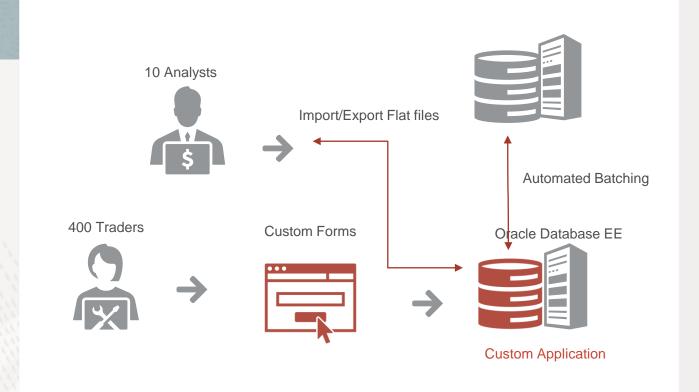
- 1) 48 Processor licenses x 25 user minimum = 1200 Named User Plus user minimum or
- 2) 15 non human operated distribution scanners + 25 delivery employees using hand held devices = 40 Named User Plus

The Number of Named User Plus licenses required: 1200 user min required



Licensing Batch Processing

Example 2



- Customer has Auto batch feeds that update the Oracle Database
- 400 traders access the Oracle Database Enterprise Edition through Custom Forms
- 10 Analysts access the Oracle Database for input via flat file
- Oracle Database Enterprise Edition is running on a quad-core processor with core factor 1.0

Licensing Batch Processing

Example 2

Products to be licensed

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition

Number of licenses required

This product can be licensed by Processor or by Named User Plus metric

- By Processor licenses with 1.0 core factor:
 - All Processors where the database is installed and/or running must be licensed 4 cores x 1.0 core factor = 4 Processor licenses required
- By Named User Plus: the number of licenses required is:

The Named User Plus user minimum (25 Named User Plus per Processor)

OR The total number of actual users accessing the Database (# of traders and analyst), whichever is greater

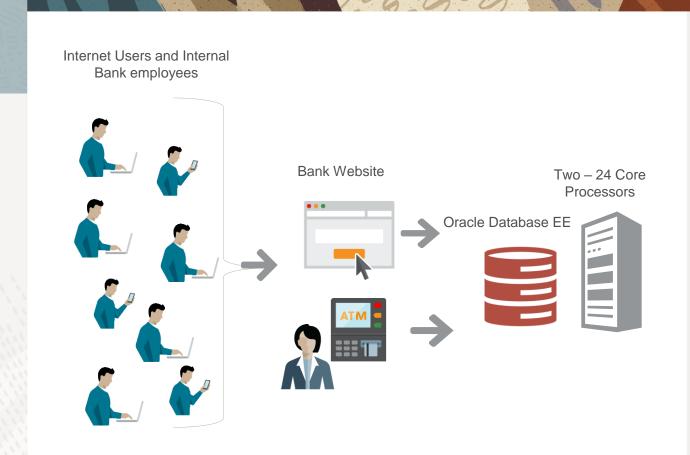
- 1) 4 Processor licenses x 25 user minimum = 100 Named User Plus user minimum
- 2) 400 Traders + 10 Analysts = 410 Named User Plus

held devices = 40 Named User Plus

The Number of Named User Plus licenses required: 410

Licensing Multiplexing Environments

Example 3



- Bank Employees access through Web Browsers to manage bank information and transactions of account holders
- Account holders accessing a Bank information through Bank's website via Web Browsers
- Account holders can also use Automated teller machines (ATM) for transaction and information on account
- Oracle Database Enterprise Edition storing banking transactions running on a server with two 24 core processors, with core factor 0.5



Licensing Multiplexing Environments

Example 3

Products to be licensed

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition

Number of licenses required

This product can be licensed by Processor or by Named User Plus metric

By Processor licenses with 0.5 factor:

All processors where the database is installed and/or running must be licensed Calculation is (2 processor x 24 cores = 48 cores)

48 cores x 0.5 core factor = 24 Processor licenses required

By Named User Plus: the number of licenses required is:

The minimum number of Named User Plus (25 Named User Plus per Processor)

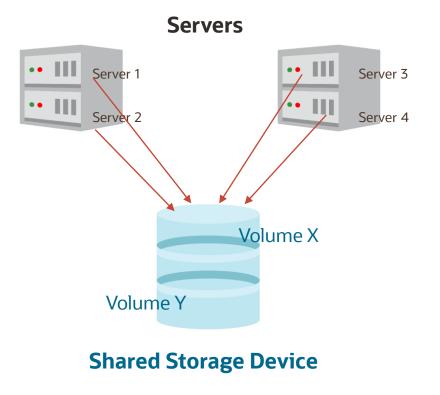
OR The total number of actual users accessing the Database, whichever is greater

- 1) 24 Processor licenses x 25 user minimum = 600 Named User Plus user minimum or
- 2) Uncountable population, default is Processor as economical choice held devices = 40 Named User Plus

The Number of Processor licenses required: 24 Processor

Licensing Shared Storage (non-virtualized)

Example 4



- Customer has 4 Server Nodes (nodes) that are arranged in a shared storage environment that is non virtualized.
- There are 4 Server Nodes, each with two 24core processors with core factor 0.5.
- Customer is running WebLogic Suite and Oracle Database Enterprise Edition.
- There are 2 licensing scenarios as examples:
 - Scenario A: Oracle Database Enterprise Edition & WebLogic Suite are installed on Volume X and all servers mount Volume X.
 - Scenario B: WebLogic Suite is installed on Volume X and Oracle Database Enterprise Edition is installed on Volume Y. Servers 1 & 2 mount Volume X & Servers 3 & 4 mount Volume Y.



Licensing Shared Storage (non-virtualized)

Example 4

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Scenario and Number of licenses required

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition & WebLogic Suite

Scenario A: Oracle Database Enterprise Edition & WebLogic Suite are installed on Volume X and all servers mount Volume X

By Processor licenses with 0.5 factor:

Calculation is four server nodes each with two 24 core processors = 192 Cores 192 cores x 0.5 core factor = 96 Processor licenses required

For WebLogic Suite and Oracle Database EE Processor

WebLogic Suite

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition

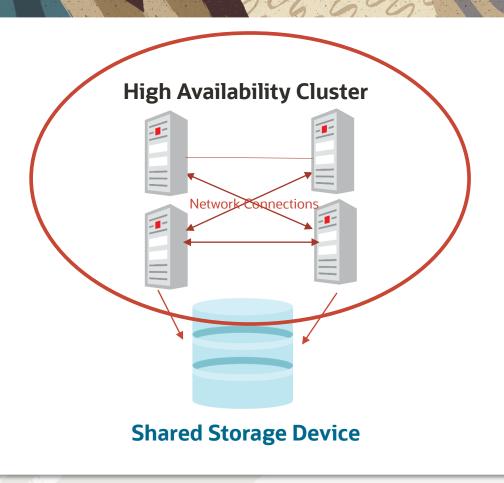
Scenario B: WebLogic Suite is installed on Volume X and Oracle Database Enterprise Edition is installed on Volume Y. Servers 1 & 2 mount Volume X & Servers 3 & 4 mount Volume Y

- By Processor licenses calculation with 0.5 factor:
- For Volume X is two server nodes each with two 24 core processors = 96 Cores
 96 cores x 0.5 core factor = 48 WebLogic Suite Processor licenses required
- For Volume Y is two server nodes each with two 24 core processors = 96 Cores
 96 cores x 0.5 core factor = 48 Oracle Database Enterprise Edition Processor licenses required



Licensing Failover Environments

Example 5



- Customer has a data recovery environment in a Failover High Availability cluster configuration
- 4 Server Nodes in a cluster having one single Storage/Storage Area Network (SAN)
- Customer has two 24-core processors per node with core factor 0.5
- All Server Nodes are connected to the same shared storage running Oracle Database Enterprise Edition
- Customer is licensing by Processor metric



Licensing Failover Environments Example

Example 5

Products to be licensed

This product is licensed by Processor metric

Oracle Database Enterprise Edition

By Processor licenses with 0.5 factor:

All processors where the database is installed and/or running must be licensed. Calculation is for three server nodes each with two 24 core processor = 144 Cores 144 cores x 0.5 core factor = 72 Processor licenses required

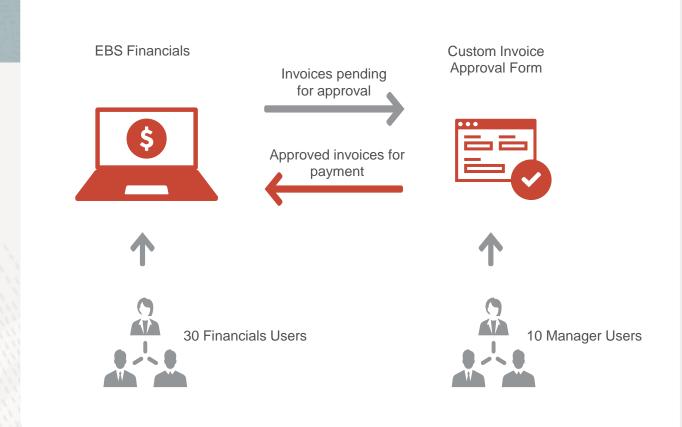
Number of licenses required

- Only 1 Failover node is granted free in this 4 server node cluster
- Customer needs to license 3 server nodes
- Number of Processor licenses required: 72 Processor



Applications Licensing Environments

Example 6



- Company A Finance team processes their Financial information in their E-Business Suite (EBS) system using the Financials application
- Company A licenses EBS Financials in the Component model by Application User metric
- Invoices approval form has been customized for Managers to review and approve
- 10 Manager Users validate and/or approve the invoices



Applications Licensing Environment

Example 6

Products to be licensed

Oracle E-Business Suite (EBS) Financials

Application User is defined as an individual authorized by you to use the applicable licensed programs which are installed on a single or multiple servers regardless of whether the individual is actively using the programs at any given time.

Number of licenses required

This product is licensed by Application User metric

Number of Application User licenses required: 40

- Users of EBS Financial application would need to be licensed and Manager Users who
 validate and/or approve the invoices in EBS would need to be counted for licensing in
 addition to the Finance Department Users
- Due to modifications made, Full Use licensing will be required for the underlying EBS restricted use technology set of products. See Application Licensing Table for further information on modifications



3.

Resources





Resource Links

- 1. Oracle Contracts
- 2. Oracle Global Pricing
 - <u>Technology Price List</u>
 - Applications Price List
- 3. Available on Oracle.com as Documents to download or view
 - Oracle Database Licensing
 - Partitioning Policy
 - Data Recovery Environments
 - <u>Licensing Oracle Software in Cloud Computing Environment</u>
 - Application Licensing Table
 - Oracle Processor Core Factor Table

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